"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair Thursday; Friday, unsettled; moderate, variable winds.
For full weather report see Page 19.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,745. * * * * NEW YORK, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1912.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. } Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

41 ARRESTED IN DYNAMITE CASES

Officials of Structural Iron Workers' National Organization and Their Advisers Made Prisoners.

TEN MORE ARE TO BE TAKEN

Two Men from New York and One from Brooklyn Included in Federal Round-up.

TO BE ARRAIGNED MARCH 12

Bail Fixed in Each Instance at a Prohibitive Figure and All Sleep in Cells.

In all parts of the country yesterday men connected with the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers were arrested on Federal warrants. They are charged with complicity in a vast dynamite conspiracy with such men as the McNamaras and Ortie McManigal to wreck millions of dollars worth of property and endanger hundreds of lives of men of their own trade.

As the warrants are issued by the United States authorities the prisoners can be held of course only on the comparatively unimportant charge of conspiring to transport dynamite in passenger trains from one State to another, but behind the technical accusation lies the infinitely more serious implication of turning the widespread organization of the union into an engine for wholesale destruction and murder.

The standing of the men indicted makes their arrest more important. They are not from the rank and file of the union, but its leaders. Frank M. Ryan, the President; John T. Butler, the first Vice President, and Herbert S. Hockin, the Second Vice President and the successor of J. J. McNamara as Secretary-Treasurer, are the best known, but nearly every man whom the Indianapolis Federal Grand Jury has accused after a prolonged investigation is either at present or has been, within a few years, an official of some local Iron Workers' Union.

Altogether fifty-four men are named in the indictment, but of these two, McNamara and McManigal, are now in custody and two or three others, such as Eugene A. Clancey, J. E. Munsey, and Olaf A. Tveitmoe, have been already indicted in California on other dynamiting charges.

Most of the indicted men submitted willingly enough to arrest, and in some cases, as in that of Philip A. Cooley, who was notified in Savannah that he was wanted in New Orleans, the defendants have surrendered themselves on notification from the local Federal authorities.

In this city Patrick F. Farrell and Frank C. Webb were arrested in Manhattan and Daniel J. Brophy in Brooklyn. Webb and Brophy at one time were members of the Executive Board of the international organization. They were held in $10,000 bail each, and were locked up last night through failure to obtain it.

The full list of those indicted and arrested in all parts of the country contains these names:

FRANK H. RYAN, President International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers; lives in Chicago; headquarters in Indianapolis.

JOHN T. BUTLER, Buffalo, N. Y., First Vice President.

HERBERT S. HOCKIN, Detroit, Mich., Second Vice President and Acting Secretary-Treasurer.

RICHARD H. HOULIHAN, Chicago, Financial Secretary Iron Workers' Local Union No. 1.

C. E. DOWD, Rochester, N. Y., former National organizer International Machinists' Union.

FRANK C. WEBB, New York, former member National Iron Workers' Executive Board.

HENRY W. LEGLEITNER, Denver, former member Executive Board; formerly of Pittsburgh, now President Denver Iron Workers' Union No. 24.

JOHN H. BARRY, St. Louis, former member Executive Board.

DANIEL J. BROPHY, New York, former member Executive Board.

MICHAEL J. CUNNANE, Philadelphia, business agent local union.

JAMES COONEY, Chicago, business agent local union.

WILLIAM E. REDIN, Milwaukee, Wis., business agent local union.

PAUL J. MORRIN, St. Louis, business agent local union.

PETER J. SMITH, Cleveland, business agent local union.

WILLIAM J. McCAIN, Kansas City, Mo., business agent local union.

MICHAEL J. HANNON, Scranton, Penn., former business agent local union, now agent Scranton Central Labor Union.

JOHN R. CARROLL, iron worker, arrested at Syracuse, N. Y.

EDWARD E. PHILLIPS, Syracuse, N. Y., Secretary Treasurer local union.

FRED SHERMAN, Indianapolis, business agent local union.

ERNEST G. W. BASEY, Cincinnati, former business agent Indianapolis local union.

JAMES E. RAY, Peoria, Ill., President local union.

PATRICK F. FARRELL, New York, iron worker.

EDWARD CLARK, Cincinnati, former delegate.

DANIEL BUCKLEY, Davenport, Iowa, business agent.

ALBERT BROWN, Kansas City, Mo.; business agent.

EDWARD SMYTHE, Peoria, Ill., business agent.

ANDREW J. KAVANAUGH, arrested at Springfield, Ill.

MURRAY L. PENNELL, Springfield, Ill., Financial Secretary local union.

HERMAN G. SEIFFERT, arrested at Milwaukee.

GEORGE ANDERSON, Cleveland; iron worker known as "Nipper."

WILLIAM SHUPE, or SCHOUPE, Chicago; ironworker.

JAMES COUGHLIN, Chicago; iron worker.

CHARLES WACHTMEISTER, Detroit; business agent.

FRED MOONEY, iron worker, arrested at Duluth, Minn.

FRANK J. MURPHY, Detroit: former business agent.

SPURGEON P. MEADOWS, Indianapolis; business agent district council, International Brotherhood Carpenters and Joiners.

WILLIAM BERNHARDT, Cincinnati; financial secretary local union, arrested in Dayton, Ohio.

CHARLES N. BEUM, Minneapolis; business agent, secretary Minneapolis Building Trades Council, and former member of Iron Workers' Executive Board.

PHILIP A. COOLEY, New Orleans; member of Executive Board.

FRANK J. HIGGINS, Hartford, Conn.; former business agent Boston local.

HIRAM CLINE, Muncie, Ind.; organizer Inter-

Continued on Page 3.

MUTINY ON THE VERMONT.

Two Hundred Sailors Arrested Before Submitting to Vaccination.

Special to The New York Times.

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 14.—It became known here to-day through private channels that 200 men on the battleship Vermont at Guantanamo, declining to submit to typhoid vaccination, mutinied last week, and that the crew of the Minnesota had to be called to assist in quelling the trouble. All of the mutineers were put in irons and forced to submit to the needles of the surgeons.

When the order requiring all men to submit to the typhoid vaccination was posted, there was strong objection from every vessel of the fleet. On the Vermont the opposition was so strong that when a few of the bolder men declined to submit, scores joined them. Orders from the Commander failed to get them in line. Although threatened with irons, the men still declined to permit the vaccinations to proceed, fully 200 joining the protest.

The feeling that their shipmates were more or less in sympathy with them, although they had submitted, is the reason given for the request for Minnesota men to arrest the mutineers. It is also said that a number of men resisted to the last and had to be put in irons before order was restored.

GARDEN TO STAY FOR A YEAR.

New Owners Will Run It on the Old Lines for a Time.

Madison Square Garden passed yesterday out of the hands of the company which has controlled it ever since it was opened in 1890 as New York's great amusement headquarters. The present owners are the F. & D. Company, a syndicate of which G. Louis Boissevain is President. Coincident with the transfer of the property yesterday, it was definitely announced by Leslie R. Palmer, Secretary of the owning company, that the structure will be retained intact for at least a year.

The prospective leasing of the Garden to the Ringling Circus for five years has fallen through, but the new owners will conduct the Garden during the current year on the same lines that have been followed for twenty-two years. This insures the old arena for the National Horse Show next Fall, and it is not likely that any further efforts will be made for the present to erect a new building equipped with a large amphitheatre for that purpose.

Ringling's Circus has already leased the Garden for the greater part of March, and promoters of other exhibits such as have formerly been held there have made arrangements to hold their regular shows there during the coming months.

The new owners paid about $3,500,000 for the property, which takes in the entire block between Fourth and Madison Avenues and Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh Streets. They have placed two mortgages aggregating $2,850,000, the first being for $2,300,000, taken out in the name of the Title Insurance and Trust Company, but which is to be transferred to the New York Life Insurance Company, and the second for $650,000, taken by Thomas W. Joyce of Brooklyn.

TACOMA RECALL MOVE FAILS.

Mayor Seymour's Opponents Could Not Get Sufficient Supporters.

Special to The New York Times.

TACOMA, Wash., Feb. 14.—The movement to recall Mayor Seymour failed to-day when its organizers admitted their defeat and quit. They had not obtained a sufficient number of names.

Mayor Seymour and one Commissioner have two years still to serve. Public sentiment has been strongly against the proposed recall, which was started by supporters of Former Mayor Fawcett, who was recalled last April.

Buyers of $2,000,000 Nisqually Power Plant bonds, for a municipal project nearing completion, and other bond buyers contend that recall elections will only injure the city's credit. At the April election Tacoma will probably amend the City Charter by providing that recall petitions can be signed only at the City Clerk's office. Heretofore unemployed men and women peddled recall petitions from house to house, being paid 5 cents for each signature of a registered voter.

The chief criticism of Mayor Seymour is that he permitted similar recall methods on his own behalf last Spring.

OUSTED FOR HIS SOCIALISM.

Prof. Shedd's Activities Disapproved by Rochester University.

Special to The New York Times.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Feb. 14.—Prof. Kendrick P. Shedd, teacher of German and French at the University of Rochester for twenty-one years, has tendered his resignation at the request of the Trustees, due, it is understood, to Prof. Shedd's activity among local Socialists, which gave the university undesirable advertising.

Some time ago Prof. Shedd delivered an address in one of the social centres, when he declared that the red flag of the brotherhood of man was greater and stronger than the flag of this or any other country. For this he was refused permission to speak before the Labor Lyceum in City Hall by Mayor Edgerton. Later on he delivered a speech at Auburn, which he punctuated with songs and dancing.

Prof. Shedd's inflammatory speech is believed to be the cause of the closing of the social centre in Rochester. He is a noted teacher and numbers many prominent citizens among his pupils. He is a graduate of the University of Rochester and of the Berlin University.

ADRIFT ON AN ICE FLOE.

Man Seen in the River Disappears Before Help Can Reach Him.

Supt. Weil of the New York Central power station at Glenwood, Yonkers, heard the cries of a man in distress last night, and ran out of the building, which is on the banks of the Hudson, and found that the cries were coming from the river. Through the darkness he got a glimpse of a man on a cake of ice, who was waving his hands and shouting:

"Save me! Save me!"

The man was too far from shore to be reached with a rope, so Weil ran back to the telephone, called up Capt. Rollinson of the volunteer life saving crew, and told him of the man's plight.

When Weil got back to the river the man had disappeared. Weil believes he was drowned, as the ice was moving slowly, and it would have been impossible for the man to have floated out of hearing in his short absence.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.
FLORIDA-AUGUSTA-CUBA-SOUTH
All Steel Electric Lighted Pullmans. 4 Trains Daily via Standard Ry. of South. 1218 B'way. —Adv.

POLICE MAIM BOYS SEEKING A CULPRIT

Refuse to Tell Why They Broke Billiard Cues Over Youths in Poolroom.

TRACED TO CHINATOWN FEUD

Evidently Strong-Arm Men Were Looking for "Big Jack" Sirocco in Little Rock's Place.

Into Little Rock's poolroom at 396 Broome Street, the headquarters of Chick Tricker and Big Jack Sirocco, since political changes drove them out of Chinatown, three men walked at 2:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The dozen-odd boys and young men who were playing pool or billiards in the place said later that they recognized the three as members of Lieut. Becker's Strong Arm Squad, the Lieutenant himself being one of the three.

"Put on your coats," the men exclaimed, and the pool players hastened to obey. They had hung their coats on hooks about the wall while they played.

When the last man had donned his garment there remained a coat hanging on a hook. There was none to claim it.

"Whose coat is that?" demanded one of the detectives. No one answered and he repeated his question, this time addressing Michael Cassella, a youth of 18, who lives at 31 Crosby Street. Cassella shook his head.

"I don't know whose coat it is," he replied.

The detective grabbed up a heavy cue from one of the tables.

"Whose coat is that?" he demanded again, and as Cassella once more shook his head the detective struck him across the back with the cue with such force that the weapon was broken in half. Cassella fell to the floor groaning with pain and begging the detective not to hit him again. The man turned from him, the butt of the cue still clutched in his hand, and, addressing Joseph Menella of 33 Crosby Street, another boy, he repeated his question.

"Honest, I don't know," replied Menella, backing away from the detective. The man followed him up, however, and once more asked the question. As Menella again professed his ignorance, the detective struck him on the left arm with the butt of the cue. Menella uttered a cry and clutched at his arm with his right hand. It was broken at the elbow.

The detectives struck other men in the place, though they injured none of them so seriously as they had Menella and Cassella. Then they walked out of the poolroom, having made no arrest and without explaining why they had entered the place.

When they were sure that the detectives had gone, the friends of Menella and Cassella assisted them to the office of Dr. A. Saladino, across the street, at 383 Broome Street. Cassella could not walk. The blow in the back seemed to have paralyzed his legs. Menella was in great pain. Dr. Saladino dressed their injuries and Cassella was carried to his home where he was put to bed. Menella, his arm in splints and in a sling, returned to the poolroom.

Lieut. Becker could not be found last night. It was learned, however, that no report of his visit to the poolroom had been made at Police Headquarters where the Lieutenant in charge declared that he knew nothing of it nor why it had been made.

To those who have followed the recent fortunes of Tricker and Sirocco and of Jimmy Kelly, proprietor of a dance hall over the Arcade in Doyers Street, it seemed clear that Becker's visit must have had to do with the feud which exists between Tricker and Sirocco on one side and Kelly on the other. The feud has existed for years. Within the last few days it has burst into open hostility.

The trouble started when Tricker and Sirocco ran a place in Park Row, close by Chatham Square, known to those who frequented it as "The Flea Bag." Tricker and Sirocco had many other interests in the neighborhood and were credited with getting all the graft which Chinatown had to offer. Jimmy Kelly, James de Silva as he is rightly known, operated a saloon in East Fourteenth Street. Tricker and Sirocco were big men. Kelly was a little man in gangdom and the Czars of Chinatown paid no heed to him as he set quietly about gathering together the fragments of the old Monk Eastman gang into a machine of his own.

But presently Kelly had been a power, too, in Tammany Hall, and word went forth that Tricker and Sirocco must surrender Chinatown to Kelly. They resisted. They wouldn't believe it, but one day the police raided the Flea Bag, and then Tricker and Sirocco quit.

Since then there have been rumors that Kelly is too friendly with the police, and when Big Jack Sirocco gave his annual ball at Tammany Hall last Friday night Lieut. Becker heard that before the night was over the Sirocco gang would descend on Jimmy Kelly's place and shoot it up. Lieut. Becker and his men waited all Friday night for something to happen, but nothing did, and early Saturday morning they went to Little Rock's place to investigate. They found a rusty old rifle and two revolvers, the latter of heavy calibre and in perfect order. These they confiscated.

They kept up their vigil at Jimmy Kelly's on Saturday night and on Sunday night, but no one appeared except the customers who fill the dance hall at all hours of the early morning on Sunday as well as on week days.

But Tuesday morning, when Kelly was walking through the Bowery with Louis Poggi, slayer of Kid Twist at Coney Island a year or so ago, and a famous gun fighter, some one fired two shots from a hallway. Neither Kelly nor Poggi was hit. Later the same pair passed through Mulberry Bend Park and were in Baxter Street, near Franklin, when some one fired two shots at them. Poggi fired three in return, but the only man hurt was a laborer whom a chance bullet struck. Poggi was arrested, as was another man, who the police think had something to do with the shooting. Kelly ran in panic into the Elizabeth Street Police Station and begged for protection.

News of the second attack on Kelly was followed quickly by the arrest of Sirocco on the charge of having sold tickets to his ball without a license. He was bailed out. Poggi and the other man were held to await the result of the laborer's injury.

Whether Becker and his men expected to find Sirocco yesterday in Little Rock's poolroom is not known, though what they could have done to him had they found him is a question about which his friends speculated last night.

Meanwhile Poggi is once more in the hands of the police, and it is certain that they will make a strong effort to keep him there this time. He has been arrested many times, and in this connection Police Commissioner Waldo made public yesterday a letter from Deputy Commissioner Dougherty, remarking that the letter was meant as no reflection on the District Attorney.

The letter gave briefly the facts concerning seven men arrested and brought to trial, not once but usually several times each, and without other comment merely recorded the fact that sentences frequently had been suspended and when prison terms were ordered they were usually short. Louis Poggi, known as "Louis the Lump," occupied a prominent place in the letter. He killed Kid Twist and another man and injured a woman at Coney Island on May 4, 1908. He was sent to Elmira Reformatory, being released after "having served less than fourteen months for this double murder.

$50 NEW YORK TO PACIFIC COAST.
Lehigh Valley Railroad. March 1 to April 14. —Adv.

MR. DOOLEY
will contribute one of his characteristic articles on "The Orange Revolution" that will be read with interest in
NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES

AMERICAN WIVES BAR TO COURT POSTS

One Reason Perhaps Why Sandhurst, Not Granard, Becomes Lord Chamberlain.

KING APPOINTS THE FORMER

Fear of Undue Pressure for Invitations to Americans Influences Important Changes.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Lord Sandhurst has been appointed the new Lord Chamberlain.

Some remarkable reports have been current regarding this matter, two noblemen with American wives being specially mentioned as possible successors of Earl Spencer—Lord Granard and Lord Craven. It is said that the claims of both were considered and decided against simply because they have American-born wives, who might exercise undue pressure upon their respective husbands in the matter of invitations to royal functions.

Persons conversant with Court affairs say that, while it is possible that Lord Granard may have been thought of as the successor of Lord Spencer, Lord Craven possessed no claim whatever to the post.

Both Lord Granard and Lord Craven took part in to-day's royal procession in connection with the opening of Parliament, Lord Craven appearing in the magnificent uniform of the Captain of the Yeomen of the Guard, while Lord Granard, as Master of the Horse, figured in the only incident not down on the programme. One of the horses of his carriage stumbled and got one of its legs over the traces.

This occurred near Westminster and did not delay the procession. Lord Granard, another peer, and two Countesses who were in the carriage, walked the rest of the way to the houses of Parliament.

The appointment of Lord Sandhurst as Lord Chamberlain disposes of persistent rumors that the Earl of Granard would obtain the post. Lord Granard in 1909 married Miss Beatrice Mills, daughter of Ogden Mills of New York, and it was said in London that there was considerable opposition in court and society circles to the idea of a Lord Chamberlain with an American wife.

The reason for this is not any dislike toward Americans, but the fact that, practically, the Lord Chamberlain is the arbiter of English society. It is he who decides who and who shall not be presented at court, and to whom the entrée to court functions shall be granted. His influence is supreme even in such matters as the costumes to be worn on various occasions. He decides matters of precedence, and to be in his black books means virtual ostracism. It was felt that a Lord Chamberlain with an American wife would be an anachronism, as, presumably, she would have a good deal of influence in directing her husband's decisions.

Lord Sandhurst, however, is not without close American connections, which can now be said of a large majority of the English peerage. He is a man 56 years old, of not particularly exalted lineage, as he is only the second Baron, succeeding his father, a well-known soldier, in 1876. The first Baron was a grandson of Sir James Mansfield, the famous Judge

Lord Sandhurst was formerly Governor of Bombay, and served both Queen Victoria and King Edward as a Lord-in-waiting. He acted as civil attaché to John Hays Hammond, President Taft's special representative at the coronation of King George. His first wife was Lady Victoria Spencer, sister of Earl Spencer, who died five years ago. In 1909 he married Eleanor, daughter of the late Matthew Arnold and widow of Armine Wodehouse. Lady Sandhurst is a sister of Mrs. Frederick W. Whitridge of New York and a cousin of Mrs. Humphry Ward, the novelist.

The resignation on Feb. 9 of Lord Spencer of the office of Lord Chamberlain was attributed to the widespread criticism of the conduct of the censorship of plays, which is under the jurisdiction of the Lord Chamberlain's department. Ill health was given as the primary reason for his retirement.

NO FUN TO BE A TEST CASE.

Innocent, Yet He Must Suffer, Complains Court Attendant.

Joseph E. McLaughlin, a Supreme Court attendant, whose transfer from the Sheriff's office, where he held a less lucrative position as prison guard, has been declared illegal and void by Justice Bijur, is in a quandry. Although regularly rated in the civil service, he will be without any position at all after he is removed from the Supreme Court upon the injunction forbidding Controller Prendergast to pay him.

When he resigned from his former position last year it was with the permission of the Sheriff, and at the suggestion of Justice Goff. Now he has lost his old place, and will have no place on the city payroll, just as if he had never passed a civil service examination.

"They've taken me as a test case," said McLaughlin yesterday, "and I, who am absolutely innocent, must suffer the consequences. Yes, I am going to appeal this case, if my attorney, Alfred J. Tally, will do it without receiving any more money, for I am cleaned out. The boys whose positions are jeopardized by this ruling do not seem to see that they'd be helping their cause if they helped me.

"Well, if they push that injunction against my receiving my pay, why, I'll just have to start life all over again, and get another job."

ANTEDILUVIAN WHISKEY.
The good, old-fashioned kind. Pure, rich, mellow, and "right." Luyties Bros., New York. —Adv.

HOT WORDS FOR TAFT FROM PROGRESSIVES

President's Policy 'Murder and Suicide' and Attacks on Roosevelt 'Political Paranoia.'

TAFT CALLED REACTIONARY

Progressives Bitter Because President Termed Them Neurotics — Produce Figures to Show He Can't Win.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—With the opening here to-day of the offices of the Roosevelt National Committee in the Munsey Building, Medill McCormick, who is in charge, gave out a signed statement which makes it more plain than heretofore that the Colonel's friends have decided to concentrate their political fire on President Taft in their efforts to put his predecessor again in the White House. The statement follows:

> The Administration has embarked upon a policy of political "suicide and murder"—murder if possible and suicide if necessary. In its effort to discredit the friends of Mr. Roosevelt it has sought to destroy the Republicans who favor his candidacy, and has cast its lot with the moribund reactionary leaders of the Republican Party, at the risk of losing the support of the great mass of progressive voters throughout the country.
>
> Not content with viciously attacking the progressives in one speech, in another it has sought to divide the Republican opposition to the President by confusion of facts with reference to Senator Cummins, Senator La Follette, and Col. Roosevelt. It is not credible that the Secretary of the Treasury could have made his Lansing speech if he had not been misinformed as to facts.
>
> The country will not be confused by the President's characterization of Col. Roosevelt's supporters as political neurotics. It has noticed that the elements which opposed President Taft's nomination in 1908 are back of the movement for his renomination, under the leadership of the extreme reactionaries in the House and Senate.
>
> Those Republicans who really secured his nomination and election are now opposed to his renomination. At first they were merely disappointed by the Administration's vacillation, and hoped that the Administration eventually would adopt a consistent and progressive course. But what at first they took for temporary weakness they have now discovered to be a political paranoia.
>
> MEDILL McCORMICK.

Taft Headquarters Open.

Mr. McCormick's attack is in reply to President Taft's New York speech, in which he referred to the opponents in his own party as "political neurotics," and to Secretary MacVeagh's speech at Lansing, Mich., last night, in which he declared that Col. Roosevelt would not and could not be a candidate for the Presidency.

Taft headquarters, to be known officially as the National Taft Bureau, with offices in the Raleigh Hotel, were also opened to-day. Representative William B. McKinley of Illinois is the Administration manager. He also gave out a statement to-night, but contented himself with the mere announcement of the opening of the new bureau, giving the personnel of the office force, and following that with the statement that during the pre-convention campaign he would not act as Chairman of the Republican Congressional Committee

He added that he had called a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Congress Committee for Friday night, and that Representative Burke of South Dakota, the Vice Chairman of the committee, would assume charge of the entire work of the committee until after the National Convention. The Republican National Congressional Committee had not in the past, he added, nor will it now take part in any primary contest. The statement concludes as follows:

> We welcome all Republicans to these headquarters. We want their co-operation. President Taft has proved himself the real progressive leader of the party. He has written an unparalleled record of achievement and practical reforms. Because of this the sober, thoughtful support of the country is assured him. The business men, anxious for the continuance of prosperity, placing their confidence and reliance in President Taft, are upholding his hands.
>
> Upon the record established during the last three years the Republican Party will go before the American electorate. That record is the record of William Howard Taft, and it demands the renomination of the President. The Republican Party will not repudiate him. He is the only man who can carry New York and the doubtful States. That he will be renominated is a foregone conclusion—renominated on the first ballot, with plenty of votes to spare. That he will be re-elected we have not the slightest doubt.

La Follette Says He'll Stick.

While these statements were fulminating in the Taft and Roosevelt offices the La Follette headquarters was also busy with a statement, which was given out this evening in the form of a telegram from Senator La Follette to The Courier-News of Fargo, N. D., which had asked him if he intended to withdraw from the race.

> Washington, D. C., Feb. 13, 1912.
>
> In response to your telegram I will say to the progressive Republicans of North Dakota that the report that I have withdrawn as a candidate is false, and the statements regarding my health are gross misrepresentations. They are a part of the pressure brought to bear to force me from the contest, which I willingly undertook at a time when no one else could be induced to make the fight. I have overtaxed my strength and require a few weeks' rest, which I shall take, and then return with renewed vigor to the struggle for thoroughgoing progressive principles.
>
> I want the support of delegates who are ready to win, or lose if need be, in the interest of a great cause, without compromise and without entering into any deals or combinations.
>
> Let me through you assure the voters of North Dakota that I shall as always keep faith with them and with supporters in other States, and shall remain a candidate steadfast to the end.
>
> ROBERT M. LA FOLLETTE.

Show How Taft Can't Win.

Later in the evening a second statement was given out at the Roosevelt headquarters analyzing the political situation as favorable to the nomination of Col. Roosevelt. Here is the statement:

"The real purpose of the campaign of next Fall is the election of a Republican to the Presidency of the United States in November. To accomplish that ought to be the first object of the National Convention at Chicago in June. Some consideration of apparent political facts with regard to the electoral vote of the country is therefore pertinent at this time.

"In only 23 of the 48 States is the Administration now in the hands of Republicans. The States which have Republican Governors, with their vote in the electoral college are:

"California, 13; Delaware, 3; Illinois, 29; Iowa, 13; Kansas, 10; Maryland, 8; Michigan, 15; Minnesota, 12; Missouri, 14; Nebraska, 8; New Hampshire, 4; New Mexico, 3; Nevada, 3; Pennsylvania, 38; Rhode Island, 5; South Dakota, 5; Tennessee, 12; Utah, 4; Vermont, 4; Washington, 7; West Virginia, 8; Wisconsin, 13, and Wyoming, 3. Total, 230.

"There will be 531 votes in the electoral college, making 266 necessary to elect. If the Republicans can hold the States

Continued on Page 7.

MAILLARD'S BREAKFAST COCOA.
Easy to make, delicious and economical. Best preventive against cold weather ills.—Adv.

MME. TOSCANINI LOSES GEM.

Wife of Metropolitan Opera Conductor Mourns Earring Worth $400.

Mme. Toscanini, wife of Arturo Toscanini, one of the conductors of the Metropolitan Opera forces, lost a diamond earring worth between $400 and $500 yesterday. Mme. Toscanini and her husband were walking in Fifth Avenue between Brentano's and Tiffany's when Mme. Toscanini noticed the earring was gone.

The gem was a gift of the conductor at the time of their wedding a few years ago.

GAYNOR OUT IN A DAY OR TWO

May Take a Rest in the Country and Be at City Hall Next Week.

The condition of Mayor Gaynor, who has been ill with the grip at his home, 20 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn, since last Thursday night, was said last evening to be rapidly improving. His physician, Dr. J. W. Parrish, said that the Mayor would be able to leave his room to-day, and that he would probably be out again in a day or two.

The Mayor may go down to his country place at St. James for a few days of rest. It is expected that he will be at the City Hall again early next week.

FINES TICKET SPECULATOR.

But Magistrate Foresees Trouble for Judges Who Don't Get Legal Proof.

Adolph Stern, 23 years old, of 100 East 110th Street, was arraigned before Magistrate Freschi in the men's Night Court last night on a charge of ticket speculating outside Carnegie Hall. He pleaded not guilty and said he was ignorant of the law.

"There's a lot of trouble coming to Judges who don't get legal proof nowadays," commented the Magistrate, who put Stern through an examination, in which he admitted asking Detective O'Brien to buy two tickets. He was fined $10, which he paid.

NO DAMAGES FOR AUSTIN FOLK

Pulp Company Reorganizes, Leaving Dam Victims No One to Sue.

Special to The New York Times.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Feb. 14.—It was announced to-day that the contract for reconstructing the Austin dam has been let to the Owego Bridge Company, and that the property of the Bayless Pulp and Paper Company of Pennsylvania will be sold under foreclosure proceedings at Coudersport, Pa., on Saturday.

As the foreclosure sale will wipe out the Pennsylvania corporation which owned the paper mill and dam at Austin, there would appear to be little probability that any one of the many persons who have sued the company will be able to recover damages, even though verdicts should be returned against the company.

MEMORIAL TO HAWLEY.

Brothers and Sisters Will Erect a Hospital in Chatham.

CHATHAM, N. Y., Feb. 14.—Edwin Hawley's two brothers and two sisters, Charles Hawley, Samuel Hawley, Miss Anna Hawley, and Mrs. Harvey Seymour, have decided to erect in Chatham a memorial to him. The nature of the same has not been decided upon, but a hospital has been suggested. The village was previously presented with memorials to Mr. and Mrs. George Morris in the form of a Y. M. C. A. building, and to Albert E. Tracy in the form of a village hall, each costing $30,000. Chatham was the birthplace of Edwin Hawley and his immediate relatives have always lived here.

FIRE ON A FERRYBOAT.

Tugboats Soon Put It Out When the Goshen Calls for Help.

Fire was discovered in the hold of the Erie Railroad's ferryboat Goshen on an early morning trip from Chambers Street to Jersey City yesterday. An alarm brought the crew to their stations and a stream of water was poured on the flames.

In a few minutes three tugboats with fire pumps on board came alongside the Goshen and played on the blaze, which was soon under control. The fire was out when the fire engines in Jersey City reached Pavonia Avenue, where the ferryboat tied up. It was confined to the hold and did not damage any part of the upper works of the Goshen. A defective electric switch was believed to be the cause of the fire, which caused $400 damage. There were few passengers on the boat.

DIX SIGNS PRIMARY BILL.

Rushed Through Senate—Primary Reformers Complain of Being Tricked.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 14.—By an agreement between the Republicans and Democrats the Shortt Direct Primary bill, embodying technical changes in the primary law so far as the Spring primaries are concerned, was rushed through the Senate to-day. The bill was signed to-night by Gov. Dix.

Friends of primary reform declare that they were tricked by the failure of the Senate to pass the bill embodying constructive amendments at the same time. Senator Franklin D. Roosevelt said the Democratic Senators in conference agreed that both bills should be passed at the same time.

'I suspected there was a nigger in the woodpile when that agreement was made, and this action proves that it is true," Senator Roosevelt said.

MAY HAVE RICE SLAYER.

Convict in Ohio Prison Said to Have Confessed Shooting Lawyer.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Feb. 14.—Through a confession obtained from Vincenzo Pellato, a convict in the Ohio Penitentiary, Detective Di Maio, Superintendent of the Pinkerton Agency in Pittsburgh, believes he has solved the murder of William L. Rice. Mr. Rice, who was prominent as a lawyer here and in New York, where he was associated with William N. Cromwell, was found dead in Euclid Avenue, Cleveland, a short distance from his home on the night of Aug. 5, 1910. Near him were two bags, which had evidently been used by chicken thieves.

According to Di Maio, Pellato, who, with Michael Tomasello, was arrested for holding up and robbing a woman six days after the murder of Rice in Bluestone, a suburb, had been caught by Rice as they were leaving the yard of R. L. Palmer, a neighbor. The two were carrying a bag of chickens.

According to the confession, Rice attempted to hold one of the men, and in the struggle which followed Pellato shot him. The two then escaped. Di Maio says that the two robbed a woman in Bluestone six days later and got $60, with which they left town. Tomasello was arrested in Brooklyn, N. Y., and Pellato was captured in Black Diamond, Cal.

Optical shops have no efficient oculists. Ask Optician DACHTERA about it. 312 Mad. Av.—Adv.

HAND TO HOLD BRANDT INQUIRY

Lawyer Who Heard Jerome Charges Named by Dix in Gerard's Place.

EXPECT PRISONER TO GO FREE

That View Held by Those Taking Part in the Case—Alleged Criminal Record False.

WOOLDRIDGE NOW ADMITS IT

Tells Grand Jury He Signed Record at McLaughlin's Order—Rosalsky Drops the Case.

Supreme Court Justice Gerard declined yesterday to serve as a Special Commissioner to take testimony in the remarkable case of Foulke E. Brandt, sentenced to thirty years imprisonment for robbing Mortimer L. Schiff and Gov. Dix appointed in his place Richard L. Hand of Elizabethtown, who investigated the charges against William Travers Jerome in 1908.

Mr. Hand accepted the appointment and declared that the hearings would be public and that he would give every one a chance to be heard. The hearings, he hoped, would begin as early as next Monday morning, unless the Governor specifies a particular time.

This change in plans leaves Justice Gerard with only the habeas corpus writ, on which Brandt was brought from prison before him, for decision.

The investigation by the Grand Jury into the circumstances attending the arrest, indictment, and conviction of Brandt, and more recent phases of the matter, began with the examination of Police Lieut. Wooldridge, whose name is attached to a paper showing that Brandt was a man of bad character before he entered Mr. Schiff's employ.

Wooldridge immediately confessed that he made no investigation into Brandt's record, and that, so far as he knows, Brandt had no criminal record at the time this report was signed by him.

His signature was attached to that report upon the order of his superior, Inspector William W. McLaughlin, then head of the Central office.

A letter written by Howard S. Gans, personal counsel for Mr. Schiff, to Inspector McLaughlin, was unearthed. It bears date of March 30, 1907, and asks McLaughlin to look up Brandt's record so that Brandt might be sentenced to a long term of imprisonment. This letter carried assurance that the passing of sentence could be delayed if necessary.

District Attorney Whitman received from Mr. Gans yesterday a letter asking permission to appear before the Grand Jury and testify. Permission was refused on the ground that a person so appearing would be exempt from prosecution concerning the matter about which he testified.

Immunity has been promised to several witnesses if they will come forward and testify before the Grand Jury. District Attorney Whitman hopes thus to get at all the facts and to punish the leading spirits in any wrongdoing.

All of the lawyers interested in the case were as much in the dark as ever yesterday concerning the tribunal that has final jurisdiction in the matter.

It is the opinion of those engaged in the case that Brandt is to be freed within a short time, and that he will not be prosecuted on the pending indictment charging him with assault.

Commissioner Hand will have a reasonable time in which to complete his investigation and to make a recommendation to Gov. Dix. But if this work is long delayed Justice Gerard will set Brandt free on the writ of habeas corpus, which will remain in force until he submits an opinion.

There were no court proceedings yesterday. Judge Rosalsky announced early in the morning that Brandt would not be arraigned until after Justice Gerard had disposed of the writ on which the prisoner was brought to this city. In every other way Judge Rosalsky dropped the case entirely and would not even talk about it.

Justice Gerard was asked what effect Judge Rosalsky's granting of a new trial would have, and answered that Brandt was in the control of the Supreme Court until after the habeas corpus proceedings had been decided, and that no application had been made to him to transfer the custody to any other court.

WOOLDRIDGE REPORT BASELESS.

He Tells Grand Jury McLaughlin Bade Him Sign It.

The earliest development yesterday in the legal tangle wound about the Brandt case was the presence of Lieut. Wooldridge before the Grand Jury. The witness appeared in full uniform, and was at once escorted into the lighted room where the jurors set in a half circle awaiting him.

District Attorney Whitman was afraid that Wooldridge would try to dodge the question and so had prepared himself with a letter written by Howard S. Gans to Inspector McLaughlin, who was head of the Central Office in 1907, and Wooldridge's superior.

This letter is dated March 30, 1907, and the report Wooldridge signed, under orders, bears the date of April 3, 1907, or four days later. It begins, "My Dear Inspector." Here are three paragraphs from it:

> I write you in confirmation of the request that I made to you over the 'phone.

Further along this was written:

> He (Brandt) is to be sentenced next Thursday, but I can, of course, have the date of sentence adjourned, if necessary.

The letter closes as follows:

> My idea is, of course, to be able to present to Judge Rosalsky his record, which, taken in connection with the character of the defendant's crime, will require the imposition of a long sentence. Faithfully yours,
>
> HOWARD S. GANS.

This letter also asks McLaughlin to cable to Stockholm, Sweden, "at our expense," and get Brandt's record from that city. It reviews many of the facts set forth in the report signed by Wooldridge.

Wooldridge was only too anxious to tell

all he knew. Assistant District Attorney Johnstone questioned him. Each one of the six places mentioned in the report where it was alleged Brandt had worked and from which he had been dismissed under disgraceful conditions were gone over one after the other.

In each case Wooldridge declared that he had made no investigation; that he knew nothing about the report, except that he had signed a report when told to do so by his superior officer.

As the questioning went on Wooldridge grew more nervous, until he had difficulty in standing and clutched at a chair to save himself from falling.

After a time Wooldridge said that the "facts" in the report were given to him at an employment agency. Then he said that he had no actual information as to any criminal act by Brandt. Just before the examination closed Wooldridge was asked:

"You have been connected with the Police Department a good many years?"

"Yes, Sir," he replied.

"You are competent to investigate the record of an accused man?"

"I am."

"You know what a criminal record is?"

"I do."

"Had Brandt a criminal record?"

"He had not."

Leaves Grand Jury Room in Tears.

Then several members of the Grand Jury began questioning Wooldridge with the view of discovering under what influence he had been led into assailing the character of an accused man. Wooldridge was bitterly assailed and left the jury room badly broken and in tears.

Later the keeper of the employment agency mentioned by Wooldridge was questioned. He denied that anybody had asked him about Brandt, or that he had given any information concerning him.

District Attorney Whitman was asked if Wooldridge would be prosecuted, and he replied that no action against him would be taken. The report was not in the form of an affidavit, and, besides, the statute of limitations runs in this case.

Six persons have been subpoenaed to appear before the Grand Jury to-day. Mr. Whitman refused to tell who they are. But it is known that these persons are to be examined:

JOHN TAYLOR, a detective, who went with Wooldridge to Brandt's room after the latter had been arrested, and carried away some of the property found there. Among the things taken was a package of letters.

JOHN ROGERS, a Pinkerton detective, who joined in arresting Brandt in Mr. Schiff's office.

All of the lawyers in any way mixed up in the case.

Mrs. A. E. JOHNSON, keeper of an employment agency, who found work for Brandt, and is supposed to know of the reasons for his leaving various places.

Immunity Promised to McLaughlin.

There will be other witnesses. Subpoenas are in the hands of process servers and will be served with all expedition. Mr. Whitman was asked:

"Will Mr. Schiff be subpoenaed?"

"He will not," was the reply.

In the matter of Former Inspector McLaughlin, a most important witness, every effort is being made to get him to permit service. He has been communicated with and immunity has been promised to him if he will come forward and tell what he knows.

It was said yesterday that McLaughlin had consented to appear.

Mr. Whitman has been searching for the property taken from Brandt's room in West Forty-sixth Street, where he lived at the time of his arrest. Wooldridge and Taylor carried away from this room some of the property found there.

Judge Rosalsky practically admitted that Supreme Court Justice Gerard had sole jurisdiction in the case, by declaring that Brandt would not be arraigned before him to plead until the writ of habeas corpus had been disposed of.

On Tuesday the Judge was sure that he had the power of placing the prisoner back in the same position occupied by him before his sentence in March, 1907. He wanted Brandt arraigned on Tuesday, but by the advice of Judge Parker decided to wait until yesterday.

But some time between Tuesday evening and yesterday morning Judge Rosalsky learned that he had no power over Brandt and that he will have none until Justice Gerard disposes of the writ. So Mr. Rosalsky quickly disappeared from the scene.

It now seems certain that Brandt will not again be arraigned in any court to plead to either one of the old indictments.

If the writ is sustained by Justice Gerard, Brandt will be set at liberty at once. If it is dismissed, Brandt will be carried back to prison by the State authorities unless Justice Gerard issues a writ of prohibition holding him here.

May Move to Dismiss Indictments.

Robert Moore, whom Brandt insisted should represent him, visited the prisoner in the Tombs during the morning, and later had a long talk with Mr. Whitman. Mr. Moore said that he had secured an order from Justice Gerard for permission to inspect the minutes of the Grand Jury which returned the indictments against Brandt in 1907.

"I told Justice Gerard," said Mr. Moore, "that there might be further questions for him to consider, and then I intimated that there were grounds to believe that insufficient evidence had been presented upon which to base an indictment for burglary in the first degree, and that I contemplated assailing the indictment if it became necessary.

"In my opinion Judge Rosalsky had no more jurisdiction for his action yesterday in setting aside the commitment of Brandt and ordering a new trial than I have. But if it is decided that the case is to remain in Judge Rosalsky's court, District Attorney Whitman is game enough, I believe, to move to have the indictments dismissed on the contention that the boy has been punished enough."

Brandt rested all day in the Tombs. He ate the regular prison meals and took no exercise. He read every paper that carried accounts of his case, and that kept him busy during the day.

Howard Gans, attorney for Mr. Schiff, when seen in his offices at 27 William Street yesterday, said that he had absolutely nothing to say.

"Have you been subpoenaed by the District Attorney?" he was asked.

"No," he replied, "nor has my client."

He stated that he was Mr. Schiff's attorney as much as he ever had been.

Mr. Whitman is certain that he will soon be in a position to take up the matter of indicting some of the persons who have been prominently mixed up in the case. There are two persons that he believes are sure of being indicted.

HAND'S HEARING LIKELY TO BE PUBLIC

Although Gov. Dix Has the Right to Order That It Shall Be Secret.

BRANDT IN STATE'S CUSTODY

Attorney General Carmody Says He Will Not Be Surrendered for Trial on Rosalsky's Order.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 14.—Richard L. Hand of Elizabethtown, Essex County, was designated by Gov. Dix, late this afternoon, as a special Commissioner in the place of Supreme Court Justice James W. Gerard to conduct hearings in the reopened proceedings on the application for executive clemency made by Foulke E. Brandt, now under a thirty-year sentence for burglarizing the home of his former employer, Mortimer L. Schiff.

The designation of Mr. Hand followed a message from Justice Gerard to the Governor in which the Justice asked that he be relieved from serving as a special Commissioner in the case. In making the request Justice Gerard pointed to a provision in the State Constitution, to which reference was made in the Albany dispatches of THE TIMES, under which a Judge of the Court of Appeals or a Justice of the Supreme Court is barred from holding any other office or public trust while serving on the bench.

Gov. Dix announced that Mr. Hand, who received his appointment in New York City, had accepted and would be at the Capitol to-morrow, ready to take up the duty entrusted to him. His visit here to-morrow will be for the purpose of conferring with the Governor and receiving from his hands the sealed package containing the documents which were before the Governor when he refused Brandt's application for mercy.

This package contains the petition sent to the Governor by Brandt, a report on the case by District Attorney Whitman, a report of Judge Otto A. Rosalsky, who imposed the thirty years' sentence; a report by State Superintendent of Prisons Scott, giving Brandt's prison record, and a report on his physical condition submitted by the physician of Dannemora Prison.

The investigation of Commissioner Hand, however, will not be limited to the documentary evidence already in the Governor's possession. He will be directed by the Governor to go fully into the merits of the case and all the circumstances surrounding the plea of guilty, and all and any circumstances leading up to the passing of such a heavy sentence on the youthful offender.

Mr. Hand will have full power to subpoena witnesses, examine them under oath, and to sift all rumors of official wrongdoing or neglect in connection with the case.

In one respect Mr. Hand's powers will be restricted. Under Section 262 of the prison law, from which the Governor's authority in appointing Commissioner Hand is derived, he cannot report any conclusions growing out of the testimony or make any recommendations to the Governor. He must merely report the testimony adduced before him. This is on the theory that all the power and responsibility in connection with a grant or refusal of executive clemency must rest with the Chief Executive of the State alone.

The Governor said to-night that it would be for Commissioner Hand to decide whether the hearings in the case should be held at the capital or in New York, where a majority of the prospective witnesses reside. It will also be for Commissioner Hand to decide whether the hearings are to be public or behind closed doors.

A dominant desire of the Governor through all the various stages of the Brandt case has been that the name of a member of the Schiff household which has been dragged into the proceedings should not be exposed through any official act that he may take personally or be in a position to control.

On the other hand, Gov. Dix made it very clear that he is determined that the forthcoming investigation shall be as thorough as it possibly can be made in order that he may have a complete record to guide him and so that any intentional or inadvertent act of injustice in the past may be undone. Until the investigation has been completed, Gov. Dix does not intend to make any statement regarding the case.

"I do not expect to have any further announcement to make regarding the Brandt case," said the Governor, "until the investigation is closed and the report is in my hands. The investigation will be thorough, and if it is found that any injustice has been done by the court or by any one else it will be corrected. If there is any new evidence in the case—any evidence other than that heretofore submitted to me—it will come to me through this new investigation."

It was not until late this afternoon that Gov. Dix heard definitely from Justice Gerard that he would prefer not to serve as the Governor's Commissioner in the Brandt case. The refusal of the Judge came to the Governor in this telegram:

> Hon. John A. Dix:
>
> I thank you for the honor of appointing me to inquire for you into the question of Brandt's appeal for clemency, but on examining Section 262 of the prison law I am afraid that, as that section gives a compensation, that an office is created within the meaning of Section 10 of Article 6 of the Constitution, which prohibits a Supreme Court Judge from holding any other office.
>
> JAMES W. GERARD.

To this telegram Gov. Dix replied:

> Hon. James W. Gerard:
>
> I have received your telegram of to-day advising me of your doubt that under Section 10 of Article 6 of the Constitution you are qualified to accept the appointment to conduct a hearing in the Brandt case. I, of course, wish to avoid any possible question of jurisdiction, and therefore deem it advisable to accept your conclusion, and I have accordingly revoked your appointment.
>
> JOHN A. DIX.

Attorney General Carmody had several conferences with Gov. Dix to-day regarding the Brandt case. He told the Governor that in his opinion Judge Rosalsky in setting aside Brandt's plea of guilty and the subsequent sentence, had overstepped his authority and acted contrary to all precedent.

It is the opinion of the Attorney General still that the only channel through which the convicted valet can be relieved from suffering the full weight of his penalty is through the exercise of the Governor's pardoning power.

But the Attorney General is equally insistent that the fullest investigation of all the circumstances surrounding Brandt's imprisonment should be had. Mr. Carmody regards the penalty as unusual in its cruelty and severity. He intimated clearly that Judge Rosalsky might find obstancles in the way were he to order Brandt brought into his court.

"Brandt is in the custody of the State," said Mr. Carmody, "and can go only where the State is willing that he should go. He is in the physical custody of the Warden of the State prison where he was confined. He will deliver him only where he is directed to deliver him by the State Superintendent of Prisons, who, in his turn, must be guided by the advice of the Attorney General."

There was a rumor here that Justice Gerard had announced he would sustain the writ of habeas corpus in the Brandt case unless the Governor pardoned him before to-morrow afternoon. When Gov. Dix had his attention called to this he said he had heard nothing of that, although he had been in communication with Justice Gerard on and off during the day.

HAND HEARD JEROME CHARGES.

Gov. Dix's decision to accept some one other than Justice Gerard as Commissioner to review the evidence in the Brandt case was not made known until late yesterday afternoon. It followed several statements from Justice Gerard, who, in doubt as to his right to accept the office under the Constitution, was holding back in view of an expected opinion from the Attorney General that such action on his part would not be in violation of the Constitution.

Richard Lockart Hand, the lawyer, received a telephone message from Gov. Dix at his home, 20 Fifth Avenue, at 5 o'clock. He was taken entirely by surprise, he said, when the Governor asked him to accept the proffered appointment as Special Commissioner to investigate the Brandt case.

Mr. Hand has acted as Referee in many litigated cases, and in 1908 was appointed Commissioner by Gov. Hughes to investigate the charges against William Travers Jerome, then the District Attorney of New York County.

The Jerome charges had been brought by a minority stockholders' committee of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company. There were twenty-six charges, ten of which were withdrawn before the investigation was completed. Mr. Hand called 40 witnesses during the proceedings.

He found that not one of the series of charges was proved, and that all were disproved on evidence. He recommended a dismissal of the charges and a complete exoneration of District Attorney Jerome. The Governor accepted Mr. Hand's report in that case.

Mr. Hand is a Democrat and was twice defeated for Judge of Essex County and also twice for Justice of the Supreme Court. He has been at different times Chancellor of Union University, President of the New York Bar Association, and Commissioner of the State Board of Charities. He lives in this city only in the Winter, his home being at Elizabethtown, Essex County, N. Y.

"This takes me quite by surprise," he said last night at his city home. "I didn't want to be a Special Commissioner in this case, and merely accepted it as a matter of duty. I have the time and Gov. Dix said that he wanted me, hence I saw no excuse for not taking it.

"As I understand it, I am to take evidence from any one who has a reasonable right to be heard, with the idea of furnishing the Governor information on which he may pardon or refuse to exercise Executive clemency.

"I want it distinctly understood that this is to be a public hearing. I hope I can begin it as early as Monday morning. My official commission, I suppose, will arrive in the morning, and perhaps the Governor will have stated in it a time and place for the commission's hearings. If not I will look about for a place myself and announce it as soon as possible.

"I know no one connected with this case. So far as I know I have never seen Mortimer L. Schiff. I want to give every one who has a right to be heard a chance. The evidence, of course, along with my recommendations, will be sent to Gov. Dix.

"I expect that the Attorney General of the State will be represented, and undoubtedly Mr. Schiff's counsel will appear. I hope Brandt also will be represented. I will not have counsel myself, for I have as my duty only the taking of all the evidence that bears on the case."

When asked if he understood that this hearing on the case would supersede the action in habeas corpus now before Justice Gerard, Mr. Hand replied that he had not been informed and would not be able to give any answer to the puzzling legal complication until he had taken further steps.

Justice Gerard, at his home, 725 Fifth Avenue, last night said that at no time did he make any statement of any kind until 7 P. M. He intimated that he had been greatly relieved by it, for whereas he formerly had pending both the decision in the habeas corpus proceedings and his right to accept the proffered commissionship, it will leave him free now to devote his attention exclusively to the habeas corpus case.

"I telegraphed the Governor about my doubts in regard to accepting the commission, this morning, after I had thought the matter over during the night," he said, "and the Governor, in his telegram to-night, said that he wished to relieve me of all doubt by appointing Mr. Hand, if that were agreeable. I really could not accept it. It was too grave a question to have any doubts about."

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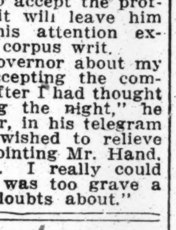

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EVIDENCE WHICH INDICTED BRANDT

Grand Jury Heard Mr. Schiff and the Pinkerton Detective to Whom Valet Confessed.

SCHIFF GUIDED BY COUNSEL

Wh Said His Former Employe Was a Danger to Community — Thefts Discovered After Promise of Aid.

The stenographer's minutes of the Grand Jury proceeding which resulted in the indictment of Foulke E. Brandt for burglary in the first degree were made public yesterday. They showed that only two witnesses—Mortimer L. Schiff and John W. Rogers, a Pinkerton Detective Agency man—were examined in the case. This is the evidence upon which the indictment was based:

Grand Jury of the County of New York,
Court of General Sessions of the Peace.
The People of the State of New York against Lawrence De Foulke.
March 22, 1907.

Mortimer L. Schiff being duly sworn by the foreman testified as follows:

By the foreman: Q.—Mr. Schiff, will you tell us what you know about the assault?

A.—Well, Friday evening, March 8, I returned with Mrs. Schiff shortly before 10 o'clock. Mrs. Schiff retired to her room to bed and I sat in the front sitting room for half or three-quarters of an hour reading. At about half past 10 or twenty minutes until 11 I walked back to my dressing room, which is in the extreme rear of the house on the second floor, and put out the lights as is my custom.

When I got there, by the time I got to the door of my dressing room, which was closed, the hall was in darkness. As I opened the door of my dressing room I felt a very violent blow on my head.

I did not know at first what struck me and I jumped to the switch, which is right at the door, the room being in darkness, and lighted the light and saw a man standing over me brandishing a club of some kind.

I at first did not recognize who it was, but then recognized it was a former discharged servant of mine, by name Lawrence De Foulke, who said to me that I should lay everything—I forgot one point.

Before I recognized him, thinking it was just a burglar, I said: "Now, don't hit me again; I will give you whatever money I have got in my pocket." Then I recognized him.

He said: "Put all the money that you have got on the dressing room table here."

I was unarmed and he had this club, which he was brandishing over me all the time. I felt discretion was the better part of valor. I tried to temporize with him again, telling him how foolish it was for a young man to start in on a career of crime, and that he could not gain anything by it.

He said he wanted to do me up and he knew, even if he were caught, he would only get two or three years.

Brandt Said He Had a "Gun."

I kept on talking to him. I said: "Now, if you trust me, I will trust you and if you will go quietly I will let you go and give you everything."

He told me a long story about being out of work, being discharged and all that sort of business. I said: "I will help you." Finally, after quite a lengthy conversation that must have lasted a quarter of an hour—in the meantime he had dropped his club next to me and put his hand this way in his hip pocket, [indicating.] He had his coat and shoes off. I said: "Why do you keep your hand in your pocket?" He said: "I have got a gun with which I will shoot you in case of need."

He agreed to go peaceably finally. I said, "I will trust you, but you must tell me how you got in." He said he had been in the house since 8 o'clock and had been in my dressing room for a couple of hours waiting for me to come; that he had gotten in through an ash chute, through a place where they take out the ashes in the cellar.

I said, "Where are your shoes and coat?" He said, "Down in the cellar." I said, "Go down stairs and get your things and I will meet you at the front door, and if you go quietly I will give you some money, and then you can get your things out of pawn and can get a night's lodging."

My head was hurting me pretty badly. It had swollen up pretty large. He did come to the front door and I gave him, somewhat foolishly, $50. I think if he had not hit me on the head I would have given only $10. I let him go.

As he went I said, "If you come down to my office Monday morning—I cannot be down to-morrow, Saturday—I will see what I can do for you, and possibly I will arrange to send you out to Chicago or some other place where you are away from here."

As soon as he had gone I alarmed the house and saw everything was tightly locked up, went back to my dressing room, locked the door to my dressing room so no one could come in and so I could make a careful search. I spent the rest of the night nursing my head, making cold applications.

Two Diamond Pins Missed.

In the morning I went to my dressing room and called the butler, who has been with me for some time. He knew my butler is never home Friday nights. We made a careful search of the dressing room.

We found, in addition to the club—which was a heavy pin, one from an old bowling alley that had been in my house—we found a carving knife—we found a heavy metal box, which stood in the parlor, weighing several pounds; we found two diamond scarf pins; two diamond horseshoe pins were gone and we found a silver shoehorn gone. I then did not know exactly what to do.

I put the things in the hands of the Pinkertons, to see if the man could be retraced between that Saturday morning and Monday, not knowing whether he would turn up or not. I have an address where he had left word with the servants that he had gone after he left my house, and on Monday morning, somewhat to my surprise, he turned up at the office.

In the meantime I had retained Mr. Gans as my attorney and when he had come I had the Pinkerton man, and I turned him over to Mr. Gans. "I am going to be advised absolutely by Mr. Gans."

I was not present at the interview during the day, but in the afternoon Mr. Gans came to me and said it was clear to him—I thought it was a good notion to ship the man off to Sweden—Mr. Gans said to me it was clear to him that the man was a dangerous character, and that I should for the protection of myself and the protection of the community.

He said he came down to the office because he had nothing to lose. He could not get away, and he thought possibly if he came down to the office he could talk me around to letting him off.

Q.—In the larceny case did you recover the pins?

Pins Not Returned.

A.—No. I have not recovered the pins. And he admitted to the Pinkerton men that he had taken the things. He admitted breaking in. He admitted the assault and he returned the silver shoe horn. He has not returned the pins.

By a juror: Q.—Why did you employ him, and why did you discharge him?

A.—I employed him like one employs a second man in his house. He came through an employment agency. Mrs. Schiff got references of the man, which are as good as they usually are. He was employed on that account.

He was then discharged around November, some time in November while we were still out in the country, for having remained away over night. Mrs. Schiff had some trouble in getting a competent second man, and when he came back—we were in town, a week or so afterward—to the butler and said he was very sorry, he should have begged to be forgiven; and as he was a good second man and waited well at the table and served silver well—

Q.—Is he right in the upper story—a sane man?

A.—I don't know; I don't know.

John W. Rogers, being duly sworn by the foreman, testified as folows:

By the foreman: Q.—What is your occupation, full name?

A.—Assistant Superintendent of Pinkerton's Detective Agency.

Q.—You arrested this man?

A.—No, Sir, I did not.

Q.—Did you hear him? Did he confess to you or admit to you that he had stolen the pins?

A.—Yes, Sir.

Q.—And that he had broken into the house?

A.—Yes, Sir.

TOWNS MAY BE IN CONTEMPT.

His Advice to Justice Gerard Likely to Get Him Into Trouble.

Mirabeau L. Towns, who appeared for Brandt in the habeas corpus proceedings before Justice Gerard on Tuesday, denounced Gov. Dix's attempt to reopen and examine the facts and circumstances surrounding the sentencing of Brandt through a hearing before a Commissioner as "another effort to bedevil the situation and confuse the issue." For his sharp arraignment of Justice Gerard he may possibly be in contempt and liable to arrest. This, it is admitted, would be another interesting turn in the legal complexity of the case. He said:

"I have encountered these efforts from the time I took up the question of freeing Brandt, and when I met and defeated the last effort made at the very beginning of the habeas corpus hearing I thought the interlopers would cease to hamper my orderly, legal, and perfectly adequate course of procedure, and to throttle the voice of justice. I am able to state that they will be no more successful with the open aid of the Chief Executive than they have heretofore been able to succeed by his secret assistance.

"I earnestly recommend to Mr. Justice Gerard at this stage of the proceedings to pause for one moment in the contemplation of legal sublimities and turn to the homely fables of Aesop and read what befell the unfortunate who in grasping a shadow lost the substance and got a ducking besides.

"The decision of this question will link his name with the immortal memories of Lord Mansfield, Fortescue, and our own Marshall, because the doctrine of law applied to the decision of this writ will largely be a decision of principles of law, at first instance, in this State at least—principles of law which will for generations fix the status of human liberty in this State and country and enable all citizens to know just where they stand at present under the law.

"His decision and name will be quoted by teachers and students of the law in every university and law school of the land, and his fame will become the nursling of the voice Nymph-Echo, whose reverberant repetitions in households, halls, valleys, dells, hillsides, and on mountain tops will refresh the ears of millions and millions of thankful freemen.

"His duty to himself, to his country, and to his profession is to decide first the habeas corpus one way or the other before he takes up the task of acting as wheel horse to pull out of the mire the tumbrill of the Governor and take it to the head basket of the political guillotine.

"One task is the decision of a public question by a fearless Judge; the other is the washing of the dirty linen of a Governor, some lawyers, and a Judge.

"It makes me sick to see such efforts in behalf of chicane and interested dissimulation. I care not personally how Justice Gerard may decide this question, but I do say that it is important for him to decide it.

"In passing, I will say that Brandt can never be tried again for burglary for the simple reason that the Constitution says that 'No person shall be subject to be twice put in jeopardy for the same offense.'"

When asked what, in his opinion, was the present status of Brandt, he replied:

"Brandt is the white elephant on the hands of every one. Judge Rosalsky passed him up by canceling the judgment. Gov. Dix swallowed him in an edict order of protocol and delivered him into the arms of Justice Gerard. How long it is going to take the Justice to get rid of him is impossible to say."

ASSAILS BAR ASSOCIATION.

Charles Weil Says It Has Ignored His Suggestion in the Brandt Case.

Assistant Corporation Counsel Arnold Charles Weil, in a letter made public yesterday in The Globe, assails the New York Bar Association for not having taken part in the preliminary investigation of the Brandt case. Mr. Weil stated in his letter that he himself had called the attention of the Grievance Committee of the Bar Association to the case on Feb. 7 and that his demand for an inquiry had been practically ignored.

"So far as I know," Assistant Corporation Counsel Weil said in his letter, "it has been impossible to induce the association to take action against members of the bar of so-called high standing, however their actions have been criticised in public print."

GIRL OF 15 IS MISSING.

Disappears with a Young Woman Who Was Recently Divorced.

A general police alarm has been sent out for fifteen-year-old Helen Smith, daughter of Frederick H. Smith of 1,241 Dean Street, Brooklyn. The little girl left her home on Thursday afternoon and has not yet returned.

The girl was accompanied by a young woman, recently divorced, whom she met some little time ago when the elder girl was soliciting for the Press Artists' Association of this city. Last week they met again, and the young woman told the girl that she was penniless. Miss Smith invited her to her home.

On Thursday afternoon the girls went out together to visit a friend of Miss Smith's, Miss Madeline Slocum of 152 Westminster Road, Flatbush. The girls went there, it has been learned, stayed a short time, and departed, presumably for Miss Smith's home. They never reached there.

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The Insurance companies by reducing their rates will ultimately pay for a "Grinnell" equipment. The System once paid for continues to net you a handsome return in reduced premium.

41 ARRESTED IN DYNAMITE CASES

Continued from Page 1.

national Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners.

The following are indicted, but have not been arrested yet:

M. J. YOUNG, Boston, member Executive Board.

WILLIAM K. BENSON, Detroit, President Detroit Federation of Labor.

EUGENE A. CLANCEY, San Francisco, former member Executive Board, (already indicted in California.)

JOHN J. McCRAY, former member Executive Board, formerly of Wheeling, West Va.

FRANK K. PAINTER, Omaha, Neb., business agent local union.

J. W. IRWIN, Peoria, Ill., former official local union.

PATRICK RYAN, Chicago, iron worker.

MILTON H. DAVIS, said to be of Philadelphia, former member of Executive Board.

J. E. MUNSEY, Salt Lake City, business agent local Ironworkers' Union, (already indicted in California,) true name given in indictment as "Jack Bright."

JOHN J. McNAMARA, Indianapolis, Secretary-Treasurer Ironworkers' International Union, convicted of dynamiting at Los Angeles and now in San Quention, Cal., prison.

JAMES B. McNAMARA, brother of J. J., convicted of dynamiting Los Angeles Times Building, and now in San Quention, Cal., prison.

ORTIE E. McMANIGAL, Chicago, confessed dynamiter and accomplice of McNamara brothers, now in custody of Los Angeles County.

OLAF A. TVEITMOE, San Francisco, Secretary-Treasurer State and local Building Trades Council, (already indicted in California.)

Up to a late hour last night forty-one arrests had been made, and three others of those indicted in Indianapolis were already in Federal custody. This leaves another ten to be apprehended.

MADE PRISONERS IN BED.

Federal Officers Descend Upon Webb and Farrell Before Daybreak.

Patrick F. Farrell and Frank C. Webb, two former members of the Executive Board of the International Association of Building and Structural Ironworkers, were arrested in this city yesterday charged with having entered into a nation-wide dynamiting conspiracy with fifty-four other members of the association in different parts of the country.

Both men were taken into custody at their homes early in the morning by United States Marshal Henkel on a Federal warrant issued by United States Commissioner Alexander. Attached to the warrant was an affidavit from United States District Attorney Wise to the effect that a copy of a bench warrant issued in Indianapolis for the two men and their fifty-four associates, had been forwarded to him by the authorities in Indianapolis, with a request for the men's arrests.

According to the copy of the bench warrant forwarded from Indianapolis the conspiracy was entered into in that city on or about Dec. 7, 1906. As a result of the plot, it is charged, forty-five pounds of dynamite were secretly transported by the conspirators on a Big Four passenger train on Jan. 2, 1911, between Bellefontaine, Ohio, and Indianapolis, an act which violates the Congressional statute.

Both the alleged dynamiters were routed out of their beds before daylight by Marshal Henkel and his men. Webb lives at 1,901 Lexington Avenue and Farrell at 214 East Thirty-sixth Street. So anxious was Marshal Henkel to get them down to the Federal Building without delay that he wouldn't even let them stop to have breakfast. He took them to breakfast himself in a Park Row beanery while waiting for Commissioner Alexander to reach his office.

Denials from Both Men.

When arraigned before Commissioner Alexander, both men denied that they had entered into any conspiracy or knew anything about the alleged transportation of dynamiting. Webb is still a member of Structural Iron Workers, Local 40, at 346 East Thirty-fourth Street. Farrell, however, insists that he resigned from the union in 1908. Farrell was an assistant deputy in Sheriff Shea's office here from 1908 to the first of last month, when Shea left office.

Commissioner Alexander held them in $10,000 bail each. Neither of the pair was able to obtain bail, and after waiting in Marshal Henkel's office until 3 o'clock in the afternoon they were taken to the Tombs and locked up for the night. According to District Attorney Wise, both Farrell and Webb, if they do not find bail to-morrow morning, will be taken to Indianapolis by Deputy Marshals and turned over the Federal authorities of the Indiana district.

Mr. Wise said yesterday that he did not know anything about the charges on which the Indiana Federal Grand Jury had indicted Webb and Farrell and their associates.

"All I know is that I got a certified copy of the indictment and bench warrant from Indianapolis and turned it over to Marshal Henkel to be served," said Mr. Wise. "Whether Webb and Farrell are suspected of having had anything to do with the Bridgeport dynamiting or with other Eastern dynamiting cases, I don't know."

The affidavit of Mr. Wise on the strength of which the two men were arrested names fifty-six men, including John J. McNamara and Ortie McManigal, all of whom are presumably members of the International Association of Building and Structural Iron Workers.

"The deponent is informed and believes that on Jan. 22, 1911, Ortie McManigal alias J. W. McGraw, alias Charles Miller did transport 45 pounds of dynamite between Bellefontaine, Ohio, and Indianapolis, Ind., on a railroad passenger train employed in carrying passengers on the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railroad, No. 43 of the St. Louis Division," the document sets forth. "The deponent believes that P. F. Farrell and Frank C. Webb conspired in the performance of this unlawful act."

While waiting for bail in Marshal Henkel's office, both Webb and Farrell talked freely with a TIMES reporter. Both admitted that they had met at Western labor conventions the other fifty-four labor men mentioned in the indictment as their fellow conspirators. They denied vigorously, however, that they knew anything about any conspiracy to carry dynamite. Both men, though without much education, showed unusual intelligence and shrewdness in discussing the situation. They are middle aged and were dressed in the dark, somewhat threadbare clothes of the mechanic class.

Prominent in Labor Circles.

Farrell, according to his own story, has lived in this city all his life. He was originally a structural iron worker and rose sufficiently high in Local 52 of the union in this city to be sent out to the annual meeting of the Executive Board of the National body in 1906 in Detroit, and again in 1907 in Indianapolis. He was not re-elected and came back here in 1908 to act as Secretary of Local 52 here. Before the year was out he resigned from the organization, leaving the structural iron trade and turning in his union card.

His friends obtained the place of Assistant Deputy Sheriff for him in 1910, and he occupied it until last January. Since he went out of office, he said yesterday, he has been out of work.

Webb, according to his story, is also a native of New York and a structural ironworker. In 1908 he succeeded Farrell as a member of the Executive Board. He kept the position one year, and visited Indianapolis in September, 1907, and again in September, 1908, to attend the board meetings. He has been in this city ever since, he says.

Both men insisted emphatically that they were in this city on the two dates mentioned in the indictment.

Secretary Jones of Local 40 of the Structural Ironworkers yesterday said he did not know anything about the new charges against his union, and referred all inquirers to the union's headquarters in Indianapolis.

Samuel Gompers, President of the American Federation of Labor, is in Washington. C. E. Cheney of the National Erectors' League, the organization which recently employed Detective Burns to run down the dynamiters, refused yesterday to discuss the wholesale arrests, saying that his organization had turned all its evidence over to the Government, which now had complete charge of the prosecution. Burns himself is on his way to Indianapolis.

Federal officers early yesterday morning also arrested Daniel J. Brophy, a Brooklyn man, at his home, 5,920 Fourth Avenue, as an alleged accomplice in the so-called dynamite plot. He was arrested on the complaint of Assistant United States District Attorney William P. Allen of Brooklyn. Acting for the Government, Mr. Allen bases his complaint on the indictment found against Brophy along with others in the alleged dynamiting conspiracy, and filed in the United States District Court of Indiana, in Indianapolis, on Feb. 6.

Mr. Brophy was also in bed when the officers arrived at his house. When he was informed that he was under arrest he dressed himself, ate breakfast, and, after bidding his family good-bye, accompanied the officers. He was taken before United States Commissioner Benedict in the Federal Building, in Washington Street, Brooklyn, and held in $10,000 bail pending a hearing before the same court on Feb. 21. In default of bail he was remanded to Raymond Street Jail.

Brophy is 45 years old. He is married and has six children. He is employed by J. P. Larkin of 321 Fifty-seventh Street, Brooklyn, and until his arrest was working for him as a diver at the Brooklyn Navy Yard. He is a powerfully built man, of medium height.

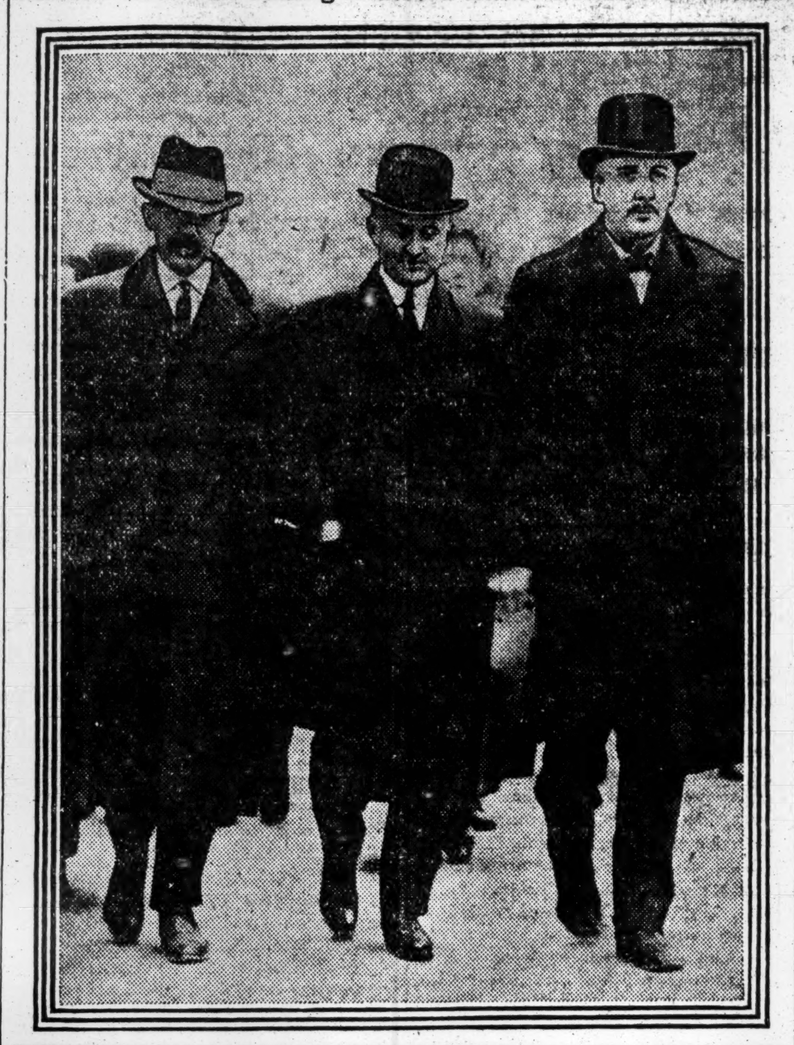
Speaking of his arrest he said he was innocent of the charge against him. Before Commissioner Benedict he pleaded not guilty.

"My hands are clean," he said. "When I left Indianapolis I did not own a corner saloon or a string of race horses. After I reached Brooklyn I went into the harness of an honest laborer. The Judges in California are responsible for putting the McNamaras where they are to-day."

John S. Bennett, who is counsel for Brophy, said yesterday that he had not examined the extradition papers, but he intimated that his client would go to Indianapolis willingly.

It was said last night that Frank C. Webb figures prominently in Ortie McManigal's confession. Webb is charged with meeting McManigal and showing him where to do "jobs" in Hoboken and Jersey City.

Marshal Henkel Taking Indicted Labor Leaders to Tombs.



ALL OFFICIALS ARRESTED.

List of Prisoners Reveals Only Men of High Union Standing.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Feb. 14.—The United States Government to-day arrested almost all of the 54 men indicted in the dynamite conspiracy cases. It took into custody within a few hours practically the entire official staff of the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers, including the chief officers, members of the Executive Board, and about twenty business agents and former business agents. These included Frank M. Ryan, the President; John T. Butler of Buffalo, N. Y., the First Vice President, and Herbert S. Hockin, the Second Vice President and successor of J. J. McNamara as Secretary Treasurer, and each of these men was required to give $10,000 bond for his appearance for arraignment here with all the other defendants on March 12.

More than forty of the men, chiefly labor union officials, who are charged with conspiring to destroy by dynamite or nitro-glycerine the property of employers of non-union labor, were under arrest by to-night and it was declared the apprehension of all the others would follow within 48 hours.

By its action the Government revealed the identities of the men whom it charges with being the accomplices of the McNamaras and Ortie E. McManigal in the dynamite plots, embracing almost one hundred explosions which were begun in Massachusetts in 1905, which were scattered over the country for six years, finally resulting in the wrecking of the Los Angeles Times Building and an attempt to blow up President Taft's special train at Santa Barbara, Cal., last October.

Fourteen of those indicted are required to furnish $10,000 bond each, and forty are required to furnish $5,000 bond each, making an aggregate bond required of $340,000. Some of those whom the Government was unable to find to-day were reported to have disappeared through fear of inability to get bond. It was intimated that the Ironworkers' Association would be unable to furnish security for its indicted members.

Union Bail Is Lacking.

Ernest G. W. Basey, former business agent of the Indianapolis Ironworkers' Union, and Edward Clark, former business agent of the Cincinnati union, who were brought here following their arrest at Cincinnati, were unable to obtain bail and were taken to jail. When Clark appealed to Secretary Hockin of the Ironworkers' Association for aid, Hockin advised the United States Marshal to inform Clark that the International Association could do nothing for him, and referred him to his local union. Hockin said it would be impossible for the International Association to take on the burden of supplying bail for many of the men arrested.

Immediately upon his arrest President Ryan addressed a statement to union labor men throughout the country calling upon them to believe in his innocence and in the innocence of his co-defendants.

United States District Attorney Charles W. Miller intimated to-night that the Federal Grand Jury, which returned the indictments, might be recalled to resume investigation of the conspiracy.

"After the defendants are arraigned on March 12 and the trials proceed," said Mr. Miller, "we have reason to look for new aspects. Information is expected to develop at the trials indicating the complicity of many more than those indicted now. We do not assert that we have already all those implicated. This is only a beginning."

The indictment on which all the men were arrested was made public to-night. It charges all the 54 men with conspiracy to violate the statutes forbidding the carrying of explosives on passenger trains, and details 47 transportations charged as overt acts, and names Ortie E. McManigal, the McNamaras, or Herbert S. Hockin each act, but does not specify the part taken by the other defendants.

All the defendants are named in each of the thirty-two indictments, and according to District Attorney Miller sentences may be imposed for each of the offenses. It is the contention of the Government that each of the defendants was guilty in each of the conspiracy charges, although his active participation may have been in one transportation only.

There are fourteen indictments charging overt acts, and fourteen charging unconsummated acts of conspiracy. Another indictment of thirty-four counts charges all the defendants as being principals in the transportation of nitro-glycerine.

A further indictment on thirty-four counts charges McManigal and J. B. McNamara with physical transportation of nitro-glycerine and all the other defendants with abetting. Two other remaining indictments, with sixteen counts each, charge all the defendants with being principals in the transportation of dynamite and with having aided McManigal and J. B. McNamara.

Altogether the indictments contain 128 counts against each of the defendants, and the penalty for any one of the offenses varies from eighteen months to two years.

Sixty-five of the explosions considered in the indictments were on work of members of the National Erectors' Association, an organization of "open-shop" employers, and thirty-one explosions or attempts were on work of contractors who were not members of the Erectors' Association.

Only two of the indicted members of the National Executive Board of the Iron Workers' Association had not been arrested to-night. They are P. A. Cooley of New Orleans, who was reported to be returning to New Orleans, and Michael J. Young of Boston.

Young is alleged to have assisted McManigal in explosions at Springfield, Mass. Previous to the blowing up of a section of the Boston Opera House on March 27, 1909, McManigal said it was arranged for him to go to Boston and see Young. Arriving in Boston, he said, Young took him about the opera house, then in course of construction, and showed him where to make the explosion.

Young also was associated with McManigal in an explosion in Springfield, Mass., on April 4, 1911, according to McManigal's confession.

Hiram Cline, National organizer for the International Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, was arrested at his home in Muncie, Ind., late to-day, and brought here to-night. Cline is the third agent of any union except the ironworkers to be involved in the conspiracy. The others are Clarence E. Dowd of Rochester, N. Y., formerly an agent of the International Machinists' Union, and Spurgeon P. Meadows of Indianapolis, an agent of the Carpenters' Union. All, it was alleged, were concerned in dynamiting depredations against contractors who employed non-union carpenters and machinists as well as iron workers.

Meadows, Ernest G. W. Basey, former business agent of the local Ironworker's Union, and Fred Sherman, Basey's successor, are alleged to have been concerned in four explosions which occurred at midnight on Oct. 25, 1909, in this city. They caused a loss of $15,000 to Albert Von Spreckelsen, a contractor, who had been employing non-union men of all the building crafts. A branch telephone exchange and a branch public library being constructed by Von Spreckelsen were damaged and his planing mill and garage destroyed.

The explosions in four parts of the city were so executed that they occurred simultaneously.

Edward Smythe, of the local union in Peoria, Ill., is alleged to have been implicated in explosions in that city in 1910. McManigal related how he was instructed to go from Kansas City to Peoria and meet Smythe. He said Smythe took him to piles of iron in railroad yards which McManigal afterwards blew up. He said Smythe at that time also showed him the Lucas Company job in East Peoria and pointed out different points where "work" was to be done.

GOMPERS HEARS THE NEWS.

Waiting to Testify in Court When Told of Arrests.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The contempt of court proceedings against Samuel Gompers, John Mitchell, and Frank Morrison of the American Federation of Labor were resumed before Justice Wright here to-day, with Morrison on the stand in defense of himself and his colleagues. Gompers was waiting to be called for redirect examination when news of the wholesale arrests of labor men throughout the country, in connection with the dynamiting cases, was brought to him. There was no intimation that the President of the federation would make a statement. He already had declared that he knew absolutely nothing of any dynamiting.

No evidence, it was declared here today, had been obtained against officials of the American Federation of Labor.

"I knew," said Mr. Gompers to-night, "that the more thorough the investigation would be into the affairs of the American Federation of Labor the more complete would be the exoneration and vindication against any act or even suspicion of unlawful conduct."

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Enough for two, ten cents.

MEDIUM SIZE
WELSH
INTERNATIONAL
RABBIT
READY FOR USE

KAHN WON'T TELL WHEN HE'LL LEAVE US

The Expectant World Must Wait, He Says, for an Announcement of His Plans.

SEES CHARM IN RETIREMENT

But He Wouldn't Leave Metropolitan Directorate—Prefers to Talk About Foreign Financial Affairs.

Otto H. Kahn, who returned yesterday on the White Star liner Olympic from a five weeks' trip to London and Paris, refused to talk of the plans he has made to give up his residence in this city and live permanently in England, as announced in a wireless dispatch from London in yesterday's TIMES.

"I am very sorry," said Mr. Kahn, "that I cannot tell you anything at present regarding this subject, and, therefore, the expectant world will have to wait. If I have decided to remove my family to London I shall not make public my intention now."

"Don't you like New York?" he was asked.

"Yes, I do. I think New York is the greatest city on earth."

"Then why are you leaving it?"

"I have not stated that I was leaving it."

"Who will take your place on the Directorate of the Metropolitan Opera House when you go?"

"If I were to answer that question," Mr. Kahn replied with a smile, "it would be admitting that I intended to go. The Metropolitan Opera Company is one of my chief pleasures, and under no circumstances would I think of severing my connection with its affairs."

The financier was more communicative on business topics generally at home and abroad.

"In spite of the political unrest in England," he went on to say, "trade conditions are good. Radical legislation, however, has affected England as a financial centre by causing millions of dollars to be taken out of the country for investment in Belgium, France, and the United States, owing to Lloyd-George's excessive system of taxation. From what I was told by friends in London, another general election is not far off, and the Conservatives will be returned to power."

"What do you think of the scare about a war between England and Germany this year?"

"There are no serious differences between the two countries," said Mr. Kahn. "There have been misunderstandings, ill-feeling and a little hurting of National pride, but nothing real has happened that would precipitate a war between the two nations. If Germany and England went to war it would benefit the United States at first, but war always tends to the withdrawal of capital, and we should feel it in this country in the long run."

With regard to American securities, Mr. Kahn said that foreigners never seemed to understand our political situation, but, nevertheless, they realize that American securities are really the safest kind. Europeans believe this to be so, he said, because they have a great deal of confidence in the financial methods, the laws, and the conservatism of the people of the United States.

With regard to France Mr. Kahn said that she needed our field for investment more than we need France's money. "The French people," said he, "have not been able in the past to understand violent fluctuations in prices of securities on this side, but their confidence has gradually been restored by the way we always recover from any depression, however serious." He believed that the total amount of American loans as yet unpaid by European borrowers would aggregate $100,000,000.

He said that he had visited Oscar Hammerstein's new opera house in London, and believed that with the reduced prices and some more support from the well-to-do people in the British metropolis the impressario would pull out all right.

Mr. Kahn added that if he ever retired from business in this country and went to reside abroad it would be only to seek his pleasure. He believed that every man looked forward to the day when he could leave off the strenuous business life and live in the quiet enjoyment of his family.

"The Morgan art collection alone," said Mr. Kahn, "should prove a sufficient attraction to keep a man on this side. It is the greatest private collection in the world and there is no doubt about its coming to New York."

Two hours after his arrival on the Olympic Mr. Kahn was again at his desk in Kuhn, Loeb & Co.'s. His friends credit the story that Mr. Kahn will close up his business interests in this country within a year in order to return to England to live, and are looking for an announcement to that effect from him.

MR. AND MRS. MORSE SAIL.

Booked for a Cruise as Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Campbell on Kaiserin Auguste.

Charles W. Morse, the former banker, who was recently released from prison on account of ill-health, sailed for Europe yesterday on the Hamburg-American liner Kaiserin Auguste Victoria, accompanied by his wife. They were booked as Mr. and Mrs. N. H. Campbell. Shortly before the ship sailed at 10 o'clock Mrs. Morse came out of the stateroom reserved in the name of Campbell and said to the reporters:

"I am sorry that my husband is too ill to see you. The doctors have ordered him to go for a long sea voyage, and that is all we have decided upon at present. We have no definite plans and everything depends upon Mr. Morse's health."

Mrs. Morse added that her husband was improving more rapidly than she expected. It is probable that Mr. and Mrs. Morse will leave the ship at Villefranche and go to the Riviera until the warm weather starts in April or May in Germany, when they are going to Bad Nauheim.

The plans for their departure were kept secret, Mrs. Morse said, because she was afraid that any undue excitement would cause her husband to have a relapse.

While Mrs. Morse was talking to the reporters at the door of her cabin Mr. Morse could be seen inside, busy unpacking a suitcase. He was dressed in a black cutaway coat and striped trousers and appeared to be quite strong and active.

It was said on the liner that Mr. Morse would take most of his meals in the private dining room of his suite.

WIRELESS TREATY SOON.

Senate Committee on Foreign Relations Likely to Act in a Few Weeks.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—After a long sleep in the hands of the Committee on Foreign Relations of the Senate, the international wireless treaty resulting from the Berlin Convention of 1906, is likely to be approved within a few weeks. At the Berlin Convention the American delegates took full part in the proceedings, but because of their construction of their authority under the instructions, they did not sign the agreement made, and further delay has resulted from the Senate leaders.

The next convention will be held in London in June, and the United States will be represented. Four or five months ago an invitation was extended to the United States to send delegates who should attend without a vote if that seemed the better plan to this Government. A few weeks ago it was intimated through the British Ambassador, Mr. Bryce, that the United States was not expected to be represented at the convention.

The opposition to the treaty has come from interests engaged in the business of selling apparatus for wireless systems, mainly to private concerns and amateurs, all of which has militated against the best development of the system for the broader and more humanitarian uses of such means of communication.

The American delegates to Berlin materially assisted in carrying to a successful issue the following principles, founded upon common sense, international comity, and broad humanity:

First, the principle that calls of ships in distress should have priority of transmission over all other wireless messages.

Second, that coast stations and seagoing ships installed with wireless apparatus should be compelled to accept and practice the principle of intercommunication with shore stations and seagoing ships provided with apparatus of a different system.

Third, that it was well within the province of the international agreement to regulate the toll or fare of exchange of radio-telegrams.

Fourth, that Government business should have priority of call under certain contingencies. It was along humanitarian lines that our delegates contended that at certain periods of each day the commercial exchange of radio-telegrams should cease for brief intervals in order that shipping on the high seas might be furnished with information regarding approaching storms, position of floating derelicts, impairments to important coast lights, and the exact noon time at Washington.

William Hallock Park, M. D.
Director of the Research Laboratory of the New York Department of Health, says:

"***The commonest mode of infection is by way of the mouth, chiefly by means of *water* used for drinking purposes***" *Moral:* Drink

Still Rock Water

A Natural, Mildly Alkaline Water from the famous White Rock Springs, Waukesha, Wis.
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We have a piano for every purpose and every purse—new Pease Pianos from $325 up, and used pianos of our own and other good makes from $100 up. Terms of payment almost as low as to rent.

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Feb. 17 to 24 (inclusive)

presents a life-time opportunity to see the most unique and imposing spectacle ever housed in the historic Garden. Scenic artists have transformed its mammoth interior into a Hudson River scene. Gigantic reproductions of the Olympic and Mauretania line either side, the balconies serving as promenade decks, the exhibitors' spaces as cabins.

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All the various makes and the latest models of power craft.

And think—this may be your last chance to visit old Madison Square Garden.

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The introduction of Laurens Cigarettes to America has been most appreciated by those who having enjoyed this notably superior blend while abroad, have found them difficult to obtain on this Side

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THE CIGARETTE OF ROYALTY

15 cents package of ten
35 highest Awards at International Expositions

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Broadway at 34th Street

continuing today & tomorrow
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¶ The assortments embrace regulation coats, accommodating slip-ons, rangy-looking Raglans, and single and double breasted tourist coats, in a variety of fabrics and colors, and in a range of sizes which, though much depleted in the past few days, is still comprehensive enough to include yours. Many youths' sizes also included. The tailoring is Saks tailoring, and the styles are the creations of an organization which is individual in all it produces.

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Men's Fine Shirts at 1.95
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¶ Your shirt opportunity is on the run. Of the 2100 shirts with which this offering started, considerably more than half of them have gone the way of all good values. Not surprising in the circumstances, either.

¶ Made of silk and wool, silk striped flannel and French flannel, with double cuffs; and of all-linen pique with pleated bosoms. All sizes and sleeve lengths, and patterns exclusive and galore. Beautifully made.

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The Crowning Glory of Woman Can Be Had by Using

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Relieve Sore Throat, Hoarseness, Coughs, Bronchial and Asthmatic Complaints. Unexcelled for clearing the voice. Sixty years' reputation. Free from opiates or anything harmful. Sold only in boxes. Sample mailed free.
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THE TIMES'S DAILY TRANSATLANTIC WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES

PEACE MISSION DUE TO KAISER'S MOVE

Announcement by Asquith as to Haldane's Trip Causes Enthusiasm in the Commons.

SAYS OUTLOOK IS BRIGHTER

Interest in King's Speech Overshadowed by Premier's Good News—Woman Suffrage Is Ignored.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Feb. 15.—Premier Asquith's statement in the House of Commons yesterday regarding Lord Haldane's visit to Germany, by which the outline given in a dispatch to THE NEW YORK TIMES the previous night was fully confirmed, was received with universal cheering in the House, though Mr. Bonar Law later sought to draw a red herring across the track by criticising it as a matter of diplomacy.

The Opposition leader at a still later stage of the proceedings delivered himself in the hands of the enemy by replying in the affirmative to the Premier's question:

"Is the Right Honorable gentleman going to repeal the Insurance act when he comes into power!"

In principle the Insurance act has always been ostensibly accepted by the Unionists, and the Ministerialists became wildly exultant over this admission of hostility, while Mr. Asquith exclaimed:

"Now we know that the first plank of the platform of the Tory Party under its new leader is the repeal of the Insurance act. We are getting on."

Mr. Bonar Law, realizing that he had overstepped the mark when he remarked that if he were returned to power he would repeal the Insurance act, has hastened to correct himself by means of a letter sent to the press, in which he asserts that his intentions were misunderstood. He rather lamely explains that what he meant to convey was that the Unionists, if they came into power, would amend the act.

The Daily Mail understands that the suggestion of Lord Haldane's visit to Berlin was made by the Kaiser through Herr Ballin, head of the Hamburg-American Line, who communicated with Sir Ernest Cassel. The latter traveled with Lord Haldane to Berlin.

LONDON, Thursday, Feb. 15.—The opening yesterday of the Parliamentary session which is to deal with home rule, Welsh disestablishment, and electoral reform was marked by a statement by Premier Asquith to the effect that the recent visit of Lord Haldane to Berlin was made at the invitation of Germany, and that the conversations between the British War Secretary and the German authorities had reference to a desire on the part of both Governments that the existing tension should be relieved.

Interest in this statement completely overshadowed that in the Government's huge legislative programme. Since Lord Haldane's visit to Berlin the English people had been prepared for the announcement that it had to do with Anglo-German relations, but they hardly hoped that the conversations had proceeded as far as the Prime Minister's guarded speech shows. His hopeful words that he believed that the conversations might have more than negative results have caused the greatest satisfaction.

It is evident that Andrew Bonar Law and the Marquis of Lansdowne, leaders of the Opposition, respectively, in the House of Commons and the House of Lords, had been informed of the course of the discussion, for although they spoke before the Premier, Lord Lansdowne assured the Government of Unionist support in any move to obtain a better understanding with Germany.

The speeches on domestic affairs dealt only generally with the Government's legislative programme. Mr. Bonar Law, in a fighting speech, promised to offer stubborn resistance to the home rule and other measures. Lord Lansdowne intimated that home rule would meet its fate in the House of Lords. It will, therefore, have to be repassed by the House of Commons, as provided by the Parliament bill.

Only passing reference was made to electoral reform, and the possibility of woman suffrage. These measures will come in for discussion in the longer debates on the amendments to the address, which are to be proposed by the Opposition and Laborites.

The King's Speech.

The second session of the second Parliament of King George's reign was opened by the King in person with all the time-honored, picturesque ceremony which marks such occasions. No speech fro mthe throne had for many years been awaited with such absorbing public interest, and the King himself showed that he realized the momentousness of the occasion by the emphasis he laid on the more salient clauses of his address while he was delivering it.

Blank disappointment, however, was easily read in the faces of his hearers over the colorlessness of the King's references to the historic legislation mapped out by the Government.

The speech was a short one. In referring to the measures to be brought before Parliament the King said:

> A measure for the better government of Ireland will be submitted to you.
>
> A bill will be laid before you to terminate the establishment of the Church in Wales and make provision for its temporalities.
>
> Proposals will be brought forward for the amendment of the law with respect to the franchise and the registration of electors.

This was all the King had to say about three measures which, if they become law, will radically alter the Constitution and history of the United Kingdom.

The King made no mention of British relations with Germany and did not allude in any way to Lord Haldane's recent trip to Berlin. The most interesting reference to foreign affairs was the clause in his speech relating to China. He said:

> I trust that the crisis in China may soon be terminated satisfactorily by the establishment of a stable form of Government conforming with the views of the Chinese people. My Government will continue to observe an attitude of strict nonintervention, while taking all the necessary steps to protect British life and property. I fully recognize that the leaders on both sides in China have shown every desire to safeguard the lives and interests of foreigners resident in that empire.

The King remarked that the British Government was ready to associate itself with the other powers in mediation to bring to an end the war between Italy and Turkey, and was also striving in conjunction with Russia to enable Persia to re-establish order.

His Majesty congratulated the international conference recently held at The Hague on the result of its labors, with a view to regulating the trade in opium. He also briefly referred to the widespread labor unrest, saying:

> I firmly trust that a reasonable spirit will prevail on both sides in order to avoid a development which will seriously affect the trade of the country and the welfare of the people.

No intimation was given as to the magnitude of the coming naval estimates, and the suffragettes were not even mentioned.

The King and Queen traveled in State to the Houses of Parliament, the procession consisting of the old State coach with eight cream ponies, in which King George and Queen Mary were seated, preceded by five State carriages conveying the officers of the household. An escort of cavalry brought up the rear.

Popular interest in the occasion was shown by the crowds that gathered along the route from the palace to Westminster, which was lined by regiments of Foot Guards. The crowds cheered lustily as King George and Queen Mary passed.

There was a brilliant assemblage in the House of Lords, which presented a handsome picture, the black dresses of the women necessitated by the Court mourning for the Duke of Fife, only serving to throw into greater relief the bright-colored robes and uniforms of the peers, State dignitaries, members of the House of Commons, and naval and military officers who crowded every foot of the historic chamber.

Premier Asquith's Statement.

The House of Commons began business at 4 P. M. with the debate on the address in reply to the Speech from the Throne. The first official glimpse at the progress of the Anglo-German negotiations was given by Premier Asquith in the course of the debate.

The Prime Minister said that the British Government had received last month an intimation that the visit of a British Minister to Berlin would not be unwelcome, and might facilitate the attainment of the common object of the two nations. Lord Haldane was consequently sent to Berlin. There was, Mr. Asquith said, perfect freedom of statement and frankness of explanation between Lord Haldane and the German authorities over a wide area of discussion. He continued:

"I genuinely believe that these conversations may have more than a merely negative result. There is unmistakable evidence of a sincere desire on both sides for the establishment of a better footing between us. It is in that spirit that both nations are now engaged on a careful survey of the practical possibilities."

Mr. Asquith, who referred to the overclouding of Anglo-German relations as "a most lamentable fact," took occasion to deny the story that the British fleet last Autumn was preparing for an aggressive attack on Germany.

"It was a pure invention without a shadow of foundation, he said, and then went on:

"Both the German Government and our own are animated by a sincere desire to bring about a better state of understanding. The visit of Viscount Haldane to Berlin in this connection involved both sides in a departure from conventional methods, but it was felt by both nations that frankness of statement and communication would be easier in the first instance if there were an informal noncommital conversation rather than regular diplomatic negotiations. Such an exchange of views under such conditions ought to dispel the suspicion that either Government contemplates aggressive designs against the other. That by itself would be a great gain."

Mr. Asquith concluded:

"I cannot of course at this stage enter into matters of detail, but I may say that in the course of Lord Haldane's visit to Berlin there was unmistakable evidence of the sincere and resolute desire of both sides for the establishment of a better footing between us without either side in any way sacrificing or impairing the special relationship in which each of us stands to other powers."

Mr. Asquith, turning to domestic affairs, with particular reference to home rule, said that the Government had now what it had not in 1893—a majority for home rule in Great Britain.

Mr. Bonar Law, the Unionist leader, interposed with the remark: "You haven't a majority of the independent Irish vote."

The Premier retorted: "Eliminating the Irish vote in this House, we have a majority. It is a matter of political arithmetic."

The opposition leader, who preceded the Prime Minister, criticised generally the home and foreign policies of the Government, and the changes in the Government of India. As to home rule, he insisted that the Premier had adopted an unusual course in leaving the explanation of the measure to his colleague, Mr. Churchill, instead of making the explanation himself. He said he hoped soon to be in possession of information as to the future position of the Irish members of Parliament and as to whether the customs would be intrusted to an Irish Parliament.

The debate was carried on in the House of Lords by the Marquis of Lansdowne and the Marquis of Crewe. The former said that it was impossible to look at the general situation of international politics without feeling considerable uneasiness. In the effort to improve relations with Germany, however, the Government would have the support of the opposition. The Government's legislative programme Lord Lansdowne described as "preposterous." He was wholly unaware of any weakening in any section of the Unionist Party with regard to home rule.

Both houses adjourned. The debate on the address in the House of Commons will probably last till the end of next week. It is still doubtful if it will be possible to introduce either the Home Rule bill or the Welsh Disestablishment bill before Easter. The latter measure is likely to be first presented for discussion.

$3,500 FOR THREE SPOONS.

Other Big Prices for Old Silver — A James I. Cup Brings $4,700.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—At a sale at Christie's to-day of old English silver a James I. silver-gilt steeple cup and cover, 16¾ inches in height, failed to reach the reserve price of £1,000, ($5,000,) and was subsequently purchased for £940.

Three Edward VI. "Apostle" spoons with figures of the Master, St. James the Great, and St. Paul, dated 1552, realized £700.

A Commonwealth silver-gilt seal top spoon dated 1658 brought £150.

A Commonwealth porringer dated 1655 weighing 6 ounces 17 dwt. brought £209 8s.

REVERSIBLE STEAM TURBINE INVENTED

Wainwright Brown Shows Model That Changes Direction at Full Speed in Few Seconds.

INTERESTS STEAMSHIP LINES

Invention of Great Importance in Fast Vessels — 2,000 H. P. Machine About to be Constructed.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Feb. 15.—According to The Standard another step has been taken in the perfection of the turbine.

This is a new reversible steam turbine. Experiments and demonstrations have already been made with the new machine by Wainwright Brown, who used a model about 30 feet in length and about 18 in breadth, and reversed from full speed in one direction to full speed in another in a few seconds.

A full description of the machine would be highly technical, but it is sufficient to say that the reversing is effected by synchronized disks rotated by screw spindles extending outside the turbine casing that are made to open or close by nozzles which give the steam a left or right direction upon the blades.

Designs are now being prepared for the construction of a 2,000 horse power machine on the new principle. It is proposed to adapt all sizes for the use of gas in place of steam.

The importance of the new invention as affecting fast liners has brought it under the notice of several large steamship companies.

The invention of turbines that can be reversed as are reciprocating engines will be of great advantage for warships and the big ocean liners of the merchant marine.

At present the high-pressure turbines cannot be used either for going astern or for manoeuvring in entering or leaving port. On the Lusitania and Mauretania there are six turbines on the four propellers. The two wing propellers are driven by high-pressure turbines, and the two centre propellers are driven by low-pressure turbines, which are also equipped with go-astern turbines, so that they can be used in manoeuvring.

The total horse power of each of these liners is 70,000 going full speed ahead, but in manoeuvring the liner loses one-third of her power through the shutting off of the high-pressure turbines. With the new invention of reversing they would have the use of the entire 70,000 horse power.

MOTOR SHIP A GREAT SUCCESS.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

COPENHAGEN, Feb. 14.—The Diesel motorship Selandia, a twin-screw vessel of 7,400 tons dead weight, to-day had her official trial run. She did thirteen knots through ice, and in every way was found to be a fine seagoing vessel.

Representatives of the shipping of the world from many countries were on board and all agreed that the ship will effect a complete revolution in navigation.

One of the most remarkable things noticed was that the Selandia created no vibration whatsoever, her running being very steady throughout, although she had to force herself part of the way through loose ice.

LINER HELD UP THREE DAYS.

Mr. Shuster, One of the Passengers, Delayed by Fog at Bremen.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Owing to the fog which prevented the North German Lloyd liner George Washington from leaving Bremen, a considerable number of passengers who should have joined the vessel at Southampton on Sunday morning were unable to do so until to-day, when she sailed at 9 A. M.

Apart from the irritation caused to the passengers who had to spend three days in waiting at Southampton, the delay seriously inconvenienced more than one, notably W. Morgan Shuster, who is hastening to the United States to keep an appointment to lecture on his Persian experiences. Mr. Shuster is accompanied by his wife and two daughters.

Others on board include Mr. and Mrs. W. Scott Pyle, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Robb, and Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Untermeyer.

DIDN'T SALUTE OUR FLAG.

Embassy in London Annoyed by Report About King George.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Some little annoyance has been caused in American Embassy circles here by the publication in the United States of a report that King George, on his return to London on Feb. 5, stood up in his carriage as he passed the embassy in Victria Street, turned round and impressively saluted the Stars and Stripes.

Such an action would have been, to say the least, unusual, and unlikely to have escaped the notice of all but the single reporter who cabled the alleged incident.

Members of the embassy staff declare the report to be utterly without foundation, and suggest that publication of such statements is harmful, as creating an impression which might give rise to the belief that the omission of a similar act under other circumstances would be discourteous. Moreover, other friendly powers would have reason to take umbrage were such a tribute paid to the Stars and Stripes and not paid to their own flags.

FRAU KEMPNER A PROFESSOR

Former Mme. Rabinowitsch of University of Pennsylvania Honored.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Feb. 14.—The Emperor has conferred the title of Professor on Frau Lydia Kempner, who, as Mme. Rabinowitsch, once occupied the chair of Bacteriology at the University of Pennsylvania. She is a native of Russia and now the wife of a Berlin physician.

Frau Kempner is the second German woman to earn professor's rank. The first was Countess Linden, who was connected with the University of Bonn.

Mme. Rabinowitsch was a botanist living in Switzerland and served as assistant to the celebrated Prof. Robert Koch in Berlin when the University of Pennsylvania asked her to found a department of bacteriology. She spent the Winters in the United States and returned to Germany for the Summer to work with Dr. Koch.

She is not only an active scientist, but also an ardent suffragette. She found time to become the mother of three children while doing research work in the Pathological Institute of Berlin.

Count Von Aehrenthal Dying.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

VIENNA, Feb. 14.—The latest reports in regard to the condition of Count von Aehrenthal, the Foreign Minister of Austria-Hungary, are that he is dying. He is suffering from leucocythemia.

LOUIS XVI. STYLES DECREED BY PARIS

Foreign Dressmakers Admitted to the Great Salons to View the Coming Fashions.

TIGHT FITS DISAPPEARING

Being Replaced by Greek and Spiral Lines—New Materials and New Modes in the "Tailor-Mades."

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

PARIS, Feb. 14. — The dressmakers who have flocked to Paris as the Mecca of fashion from New York, London, Berlin, Vienna, St. Petersburg, and South America, had their first view of the coming Spring fashions this afternoon, when they were admitted to the great dressmaking salons in the Rue de la Paix, the Boulevard Balesherbes, and the Boulevard Haussmann.

Owing to the ruthless manner in which new ideas have been stolen in the past, a most rigorous supervision was exercised over the private views to-day, only those furnished with credentials being admitted.

The Louis XVI. panier dress was in evidence everywhere. The new model, however, is not the historical costume generally known by that name. The panier consists of a kind of gauzy mass of tulle, and is but slightly defined. The skirts cling about the figure, but are very wide round the feet.

Other models reflect the direct influence of the Greek. The straight line is discernible in all the recent tight-fitting fashions disappearing in favor of a spiral effect.

A third style in robes is a deep slash running from the ankle well up the gown, the slash being filled in with lace, mousseline de soie, or tulle. No underskirts are worn with these frocks.

Shot taffeta is rarely seen in the new evening robes, its employment being practically confined to afternoon and tailor-made dresses.

The early Louis XVI. dress worn by Mlle. Cecile Sorel, the actress of the Comédie Française, last year at her first appearance in "La Dame aux Camelias," has evoked yet another style, which may triumph. This model is carried out in rich brocade made of the softest material, such as mousseline de soie trimmed with Malines lace.

The "tailor-made" is entirely changed, being made in three tiers. No two jackets are alike. The material is mostly black and white striped taffeta, a new material known as silk crêpe, and another new material resembling Irish poplin. Other "tailor-mades" are in three colors trimmed with very elaborate embroideries in spiral lines.

FINDS DEADLY FEVER GERM.

Capt. Patton Discovers Parasite of Disease That Scourges Tropics.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Feb. 15.—The Times announces that Capt. W. S. Patton, Assistant Director of the King Institute for Preventive Medicine in Madras, has discovered complete developments of the parasite of kalaazar or black fever in Indian-European bedbugs.

The disease, which is known in India as dum-dum fever, is a peculiarly deadly form of chronic malaria, causing the death of perhaps 99 out of every 100 cases. The disease is very deadly in Southern Europe, the Soudan, and tropical Asia. It was epidemic in Assam some years ago and killed off practically the whole population of village after village. There have been many efforts during the last five years to find the mode of its transmission.

Evidence of Capt. Patton's discovery, says The Times, will be awaited with the greatest interest by medical men and all interested in the welfare of tropical populations.

Capt. Patton, after experiments with various animals, found that the parasite reached a certain degree of development in the stomach of the bug, which suggested that it might be the transmitter of the disease, but he also proved that the parasite could be developed to a similar stage in a test tube. All that had been certain hitherto was that the disease was probably transmitted by a bloodsucker or dirt eater, such as the bug, mosquito, tick, flea, louse, or fly.

The American investigator, Dr. Wright, made the curious discovery that the same parasite, or one almost exactly like it, was responsible for the disease known in various parts as the Sind sore, Delhi boil, Bagdad boil, or Bouton d'Orient—an ulcer which sometimes reaches a diameter of three or four inches, lasts five or ten months, but then gradually heals and leaves the patient proof against future attacks.

COLDS CAUSE HEADACHE.
LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine, the world wide Cold and Grip remedy removes cause. Call for full name. Look for signature. E. W. GROVE. 25c —Adv.

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"Two Straight Lines Cannot Enclose a Space"

The consistent volume of our business for several years past, and the unparalleled volume of our business to-day, furnish the best possible reason why every Owner of a prospective building should first consult with us.

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An Old Time Clean-up Sale With Most Unusual Values

Overcoats and Suits
Formerly Sold for $30, $28 and $25 $16.50

Overcoats—Browns and grays of English and domestic fabrics, also blacks and Oxfords, lined and unlined. Suits—Brown, gray and blue mixtures in large variety.

Overcoats and Suits
Formerly Sold for $25, $22, $20 and $18 $13.50

Overcoats—Raglans, Ulsters and Chesterfields in fancy brown and gray mixtures, also in blacks and Oxfords. Suits—This season's best styles and finest values.

This is merely a statement of what they are; that they are all this, remains for you to see. Inspection, of course, implies no obligation to buy.

Motor Apparel for Owners and Chauffeurs
Broadway at 49th Street.

Brill Brothers
BROADWAY, at 49th ST. 279 BROADWAY, nr. Chambers St.
47 CORTLANDT ST., near Greenwich. 125th St., at 3d Ave.
UNION SQUARE, 14th Street, West of Broadway.
Harlem Store Open Every Evening

"The Big Store"
TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS
GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER CO.
BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. 18TH AND 19TH STS.

"Better Goods for the Same Money or the Same Goods for Less Money Than Elsewhere"
AND BY COLLECTING
the Only Old and Reliable S.H. Trading Stamps
you are PROFIT-SHARING with us to the extent of 5 per cent. on your purchases.

This feature of our business is ABSOLUTELY FREE TO EVERYBODY.

Incidentally, if you are not already a charge customer, we will make it easy for you to become one.

Unlike some stores, we do NOT ask you to open a deposit account in order to secure any profit-sharing advantages. However, should you desire to avail yourself of the splendid banking facilities and the safety of Greenhut, Siegel, Cooper & Co., Bankers, you will be allowed 4 per cent. per annum on your money.

Bargain Time!
February's Biggest Sales Are Now in Full Swing

All of our attractions could not be comprehensively enumerated even in a full page of advertising. Here we dwell only briefly on a few of

Today's Biggest Events

MAIN BUILDING—Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Wearing Apparel, Groceries, etc.

A Shoe Sale of Tremendous Proportions
More than 5,000 Sample Pairs:
FOR MEN— Values to $6, at $1.95 | FOR WOMEN— Values to $4, at 98c

WOMEN'S $19.50 PLUSH AND BROADCLOTH COATS AT $12.75.
WOMEN'S SMART TAILORED AND SEMI-TAILORED DRESSES of French and Men's Wear Serge, Plain Striped and Polka-Dot Messaline; all advance Spring styles, at $6.95 and $10.75.
ALSO A FIRST SHOWING OF WOMEN'S SPRING SUITS AT $17.50, $19.50, $22.50, $25 and upward.
ADVANCE SPRING STYLES IN MILLINERY—a remarkably interesting and fascinating exhibit of trimmed hats in our salons, prices beginning at $5.
A SENSATIONAL CLEARANCE OF FUR COATS, NECKWEAR AND MUFFS.
A CLEARANCE OF ROBES AND TUNICS.
A MOST EXTRAORDINARY SALE OF DRESS SHIELDS.
MORE THAN 100,000 YARDS OF LACES AND EMBROIDERIES.
A FINE LIST OF SPECIALS FROM THE WORLD'S GREATEST GROCERY.
A SALE OF "SAMPLE" BABY-CARRIAGES.
CONTINUANCE OF OUR ANNUAL SALE OF USED PIANOS AND PLAYER-PIANOS.

GREENHUT BUILDING—"Everything for the Home"
SALE OF REVERSIBLE RUGS AT SENSATIONALLY LOW PRICES; ALSO LINOLEUMS AND OILCLOTHS.
KITCHEN AND BATHROOM FURNISHINGS.
PAINTS AND VARNISHES.
$30,000 WORTH OF CUT GLASS AT REDUCED PRICES.
"OPEN-STOCK" DINNER SETS.
THOUSANDS OF PIECES OF PORCELAIN TABLE WARE.
INNUMERABLE SPECIALS IN FANCY CHINA.

$30,000 to Charity
WE give this amount, and we ask OUR CUSTOMERS to tell us by their VOTES which charitable and benevolent institutions, societies and churches shall receive this money. IT COSTS YOU NOTHING TO VOTE.

Double S.H. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

There is double incentive to purchase Smith Gray & Co. clothes now because both the values and service are doubled.

At original figures, Smith Gray & Co. prices are conceded standard values—at the prices obtaining now, every value is practically doubled, and since all are cut on advanced models that will be good style next Fall and Winter, double service is likewise ensured.

The fabrics represent the choicest selections and originations from the world's better mills, and practically all the designs are exclusive.

The tailoring is of a standard unapproached in any other ready-for-service clothes, and the assortment embraces every correct pattern, weave and model which answers to the dictates of good taste.

Come in today.

These suits are made from the surplus yardage of our made-to-measure fabrics in our special tailoring departments at the season's close—cut on advanced models, which insure their being good style next Fall and Winter. If made to measure in our special tailoring department they would cost from 32.50 to 45.00—regular ready-for-service prices would be 25.00, 27.50, 30.00, 32.50 and 35.00 17.00

18.00 to 30.00
Broken sizes—all are light and medium grays, suitable for hard service the year through.
Suits and Overcoats,
$12.50
20.00 to 35.00
Suits and Overcoats,
$15.00
27.50 to 40.00
Suits and Overcoats,
$20.00
40.00 and 45.00 Suits,
40.00 to 50.00 Overcoats,
$25.00
Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs
Your Charge Account Is Solicited

Smith Gray & Co.
Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.
Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across From City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

B. Altman & Co.

WOMEN'S GLOVES

THE SPRING LINE OF WOMEN'S GLOVES FOR RIDING, DRIVING, MOTORING, DRESS AND GENERAL WEAR IS NOW SHOWN IN COMPLETE ASSORTMENTS OF FABRICS AND SKINS.

SPECIAL FOR THIS DAY (THURSDAY)

GLACÉ GLOVES WITH CENTER SEAM; BLACK, TAN OR WHITE PER PAIR, 85c.

WHITE DOUBLE CHAMOIS LISLE GLOVES, TWO CLASP PER PAIR, 65c.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York

California Colonist Excursions

EXCURSION TO GOLDEN CALIFORNIA
LOW FARES

THE START

ON THE SANTA FE

ROSE COTTAGE FARM
JOHN - PICK THE RIPE ORANGES, MOW THE ALFALFA, SHIP THE STRAWBERRIES, SELL THE OIL, BOX THE TOMATOES AND MILK THE COWS WE'RE OFF FOR A RIDE TO THE BEACHES.

IN CALIFORNIA A YEAR LATER

$33 from Chicago

March 1 to April 15

A farm is waiting for you in Arizona and California.

Go this Spring. Go on the Santa Fe. Ride in a tourist sleeper; berth rate low.

Eat Fred Harvey meals.

A fast run on the Fast Mail; two other trains to choose from.

Geo. C. Dillard, Gen. Eastern Pass. Agt.,
377 and 1236 Broadway, New York City.
Phone, Franklin 3310 and 3801.

Santa Fe All the Way

Write, C. L. Seagraves,
Gen. Colonization Agent,
2301 Railway Exchange,
Chicago,

for San Joaquin Valley book and six months' free subscription to "The Earth."

New York success means "a run in the provinces."

And all over the country

Carstairs Rye

is the favorite beverage at social gatherings or the favorite stimulant where health requires such.

Some five thousand traveling theatrical men in times of good fellowship or when tired nature needs a restorative, invariably call for Carstairs Rye because it has been the favorite in the profession—where quality is always appreciated at its true worth.

CARSTAIRS WHISKEY
STEWART DISTILLING CO
PHILADELPHIA

In the serially numbered label bottles.

"The Bottle All New York Is Talking About."

The Whiskey Best since 1788

The Numbered Label Shows Our Bottling

Stewart Distilling Co.

A consolidation of Carstairs, McCall & Co. and Carstairs Bros.

Phila. New York Balto.

Telephone Shopping

is convenient and satisfactory. Why not order your supplies by telephone?

Best Results.

The following advertisement appeared in The New York Times Feb. 8th:

A LADY of experience, education, and refinement and competent to take charge of a household in both city and country; administrative ability and one of sufficient capacity to do secretarial work; good salary. Reply with references, stating age, &c., B 120 Times.

On that day there were one hundred and fifty-six high-class replies in Box 120 for the advertiser.

A frank, explicit, carefully worded advertisement means many answers.

An advertisement in The New York Times means desirable answers.

Go to any advertising agent or telephone The New York Times, Bryant 1000.

YUAN TO BE MADE PRESIDENT TO-DAY

Sun Yat-Sen Resigns in His Favor, but Wanted Him to Go to Nanking.

INSURGENTS DEFY JAPAN

Tokio Telegram Says Chinese Are Violating Neutrality in Kwang Tung—Japan Is Sending Troops.

LONDON, Thursday, Feb. 15.—According to a Shanghai dispatch to a news agency here, Dr. Sun Yat-Sen has resigned the Presidency of the Chinese Republic in favor of Yuan Shi-Kai.

Tang Shao-Yi has declined the proffered Premiership, according to a Shanghai dispatch to The Daily Telegraph. All the parties in China, however, are insistent, and it is believed that he will eventually accept the office.

NANKING, Feb. 14.—The National Assembly caucus has decided to elect Yuan Shi-Kai President of the Chinese Republic to-morrow.

TOKIO, Feb. 14.—The Chinese revolutionaries have ignored the protest made by Japan against any violation of neutrality in Sang-Tung Peninsula.

A regiment of infantry has been sent from Port Arthur to enforce the order.

PEKING, Feb. 14.—President Sun Yat-Sen to-day telegraphed to Yuan Shi-Kai: "I have read the edict announcing abdication and also your letter declaring your adherence to the united Republic. Both have caused great rejoicing here, but the united Republic is unable to recognize the appointment of an organizer by the Ching Emperor. If the point is insisted on it may result seriously.

"Please come to Nanking immediately and fulfill the hopes of the people. If your presence is necessary in the North in order to maintain order and administer the government, you should appoint a fully empowered representative and then await the decision of the National Assembly."

On the receipt of this dispatch Yuan Shi-Kai sent instructions to Tang Shao-Yi, who acted as his representative at the peace conference in Shanghai, to make other arrangements.

It is most improbable that Yuan Shi-Kai will comply with Sun Yat-Sen's request.

EVERGLADES UNRECLAIMED.

Major Wright, Whose Report Was Changed, So Testifies.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The Congressional investigation of the Florida Everglades controversy in the Department of Agriculture was opened to-day by the House Committee on Expenditures in the Agricultural Department. The immediate quests of the committee are the exact circumstances connected with the alteration of the report of Major J. O. Wright, former drainage engineer in the Agricultural Department, and the suppression of the circular of C. G. Elliott, chief of drainage investigations, who was recently dismissed by Secretary Wilson.

Major Wright, who is now Chief Engineer for the State of Florida in its attempt to reclaim the Everglades, charged that the Elliott circular contained "false and inaccurate statements." This is the circular which Mr. Clark and Representative Bathrick of Ohio say was suppressed so as to aid land speculators. It spoke unfavorably of the Everglades.

"The everglades are still unreclaimed," said Mr. Wright. "A very small portion is under cultivation. Most of that part of the Florida peninsula is incapable of cultivation because it has not been drained. When I first went to Florida in 1906 I traveled through the everglades with Gov. Broward by the primitive means of the Seminole Indians — glade boats. To-day a system of canals float steamboats over the same routes. There are many more settlers in the everglades now than there were when I first saw the country."

FUTURE EMPEROR'S VISIT.

VIENNA, Feb. 14. — Archduke Charles Francis Joseph, who one day may become Emperor-King of Austria-Hungary, will start next month on an extended journey through Asia.

He will probably complete the circle of the globe, and return by way of the United States.

The Archduke is the elder son of the late Archduke Otto, and a grandnephew of Emperor Francis Joseph.

GLOWWORMS MADE A DEVIL.

How Thomas Hardy's Grandfather Started a Dorset Legend.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Thomas Hardy was an interested listener to-day to a story related by Alfred Pope at a meeting of the Natural History Society at Dorchester.

The story, which Mr. Hardy himself communicated to the speaker, told how Mr. Hardy's grandfather one night outwitted two men who were bent on robbing him.

He sat down on a furze faggot, placed his hat, on which he had previously put a number of glowworms, on his knees, stuck two fern fronds on his head to represent horns, pulled from his pocket a letter he chanced to have with him, and began reading it by the light of the glowworms.

In a few days there were rumors in the neighborhood that the devil had been seen at midnight reading a list of his victims by glowworm light.

DADY GETS CONCESSION.

Brooklyn Contractor Holds Rights to Build Railroad Tunnel in Cuba.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Feb. 14.—Michael J. Dady, the Brooklyn contractor, holds the contract for the construction of a tunnel under the bay for use of the proposed railway from Havana to Cojimar. The award of the concession was made to-day.

It was announced to-day that the commission having in charge the raising of the wreck of the Maine will be forced to seek another Federal appropriation for the work. After the historic hulk is floated, the cofferdam will have to be demolished, and this in its way is quite as much of a task as its construction. The engineers expect to have the work of demolition completed by next October, thus leaving Havana Harbor free of any reminder of the international tragedy.

To-morrow is the anniversary of the destruction of the Maine. As is customary, the day will be observed, but the programme this year is rather tame in comparison with those of past occaas an instructor for the rurales, has reached such a stage that it is understood the Government will ask Washington to make a change in the assions.

Opposition to Lieut. Parker, the United States Army officer lent to Cuba signment and send another instructor. Just what has caused Lieut. Parker to become persona non grata to the administration is a question which has never been made public.

The imposition of a 50 per cent. duty on all goods of French manufacture brought into this port has been withdrawn.

22 CAMORRISTS TO BE FREED

Have Already Been in Jail as Long as If They Had Been Convicted.

VITERBO, Feb. 14.—The court which is engaged in the trial of members of the Camorra to-day ordered the release of Francesco Desiderio and Antonio Percuoco, two of the men accused of having been present in the Aida Tavern in Bagnoli on May 26, 1906, when, it is asserted, Gennaro Cuocolo was condemned to death for treachery by a court of the Camorra.

Intense excitement was created among the public when the order for the men's liberation became known. The Judge gave as his reason for the step that both prisoners had already served in jail what would be the maximum penalty if they were found guilty of being accomplices.

Seven more Camorrists are to be released to-morrow, and thirteen others on Friday for a similar reason.

TO PLAN WORKMEN'S LAW.

National Civic Federation Committee to Frame Model Act.

The first New York State Council of the National Civic Federation, which has now councils in thirty-two states, was organized yesterday at a meeting in this city with V. Everit Macy as Chairman. The principal object of the State Councils is to work for uniformity of State laws and for the co-ordination of State and Federal laws. The work of the councils is done through sub-committees, and a committee on workmen's compensation and prevention of accidents was appointed by Mr. Macy yesterday.

BACK FROM WINNING WAR ON MENINGITIS

Dr. Sophian Reports Epidemic in Dallas and Other Texas Cities Practically Stamped Out.

TREATED OVER 300 CASES

Brings Back Many Presents from Grateful Citizens and Loving Cup Presented by City.

Dr. Abraham Sophian of the Research Laboratory of the Health Department has returned from Dallas, Texas, where he went to assist in stamping out the epidemic of spinal meningitis in that city. He brought with him many gifts from the grateful Texans for his work. Dr. Sophian said last night that he considered Dallas was now out of danger.

Dr. Sophian went to Dallas on Jan. 2, and during the past month he visited a number of cities, where he gave instruction and information which will be of use in fighting future epidemics of the disease.

"One great question, of course," he said, "is the reason for the appearance of spinal meningitis, and why some may carry the germs of the disease for months in nose and throat and give them to others, or finally be stricken themselves. It is necessary for something to predispose to the development of the disease, and in the case of meningitis it is most likely climatic changes.

"It is not necessary for the weather or climate to be bad, for I consider Texas weather superior to our weather in Winter, at least. But there are sudden and unexpected changes, and in Texas there have been many of these recently. In all, there have been about 300 cases of meningitis in Dallas since October. During the month I was there we had in the special hospital about 185 cases, of which only about 45 per cent. were children. This is unusual, for usually 85 per cent. are children. Later in the epidemic the relative porportion of children was larger. The rich and poor were sent to the hospital, and that was probably one of the reasons we had such good results not only in the treatment, but in the control of the epidemic.

"The disease spread all over the Southwest, but was more centralized in Texas. The recoveries obtained resulted usually for three reasons: First, the co-operation of the physicians, by which we were able to get cases early, and, second, to the fact that we were able to control the cases, and watch them carefully in the hospital. The third reason was the serum treatment, in the use of which I employed a new method of controlling the doses and administering it.

"The results exceeded our expectations. Excluding the cases which were hopeless when brought in, our mortality was 10 per cent., which is extremely good, considering the many cases past middle life, some over 60, and others where the disease was unusually severe. Our mortality among children was only from 5 to 6 per cent. Relatively the mortality was greater among the negroes.

"The serum used was prepared in the Research Laboratory of the Health Department under the direction of Dr. William H. Park. I took down 110 litres, making approximately 3,500 doses. The City of Dallas paid for this serum. I used that city as a centre of distribution for the rest of the State.

"I established a special meningitis hospital and appointed a staff of four volunteer physicians. This staff of dagnosticians was kept busy going to cases reported by the family doctors. As soon as a case of meningitis was discovered it was taken to the hospital and the home fumigated and those within quarantined. The average period was ten days. Circulars were sent out giving directions for preventing the disease, instructions in the special treatment of nose and throat. This precaution was very successful and helped to prevent the spread of the disease.

"Good results have been accomplished. The physicians know now how to cope with the disease, the use of the serum and the method of administration. Meningitis appears periodically. That cannot be prevented, but when it does appear, it can be checked and reduced to a minimum.

"I cannot say too much in praise of the Mayor, the Commissioners, and the physicians of Dallas for the hard work and good work done by them in meeting the situation and the co-operation of all."

Among other gifts, Dr. Sophian brought home a big silver loving cup, which was presented to him by the city of Dallas.

TAKE UP BROOKLYN SUBWAYS

Routes All Laid Out and Plans Ready—Interboro Still Figuring.

The plan for the new South Brooklyn rapid transit lines will be laid before the Board of Estimate this morning. For some days the Public Service Commissioners and the Traction Committee of the Board of Estimate have been in conference over the routes, and the opinion has been sought of Col. Timothy S. Williams, President of the B. R. T., which will in all probability have the operation of most of the new lines.

Chairman Willcox and Borough President McAneny put the finishing touches to the plan yesterday afternoon, but refused to announce their decision. No alterations are, however, expected in the plan as laid down yesterday. These routes were left indefinite last Summer in the McAneny report.

One of the points involved is the length of the extension of the Fourth Avenue subway toward Fort Hamilton and the possibility of a tunnel under the bay to Staten Island. A number of Fort Hamilton residents called on Chairman Willcox and Commissioner McCarroll yesterday to get the line pushed right through to their district. It is not, however, likely that at present a proposal will be made for the extension of the Fourth Avenue line beyond Eighty-sixth Street.

The Interborough officials, it is understood, have been informed by A. J. County, assistant to Vice President Rea of the Pennsylvania Railroad, of the modifications which the city thinks should be made in the terms that the company signified a fortnight ago it was ready to offer. These contain nothing that cannot be accepted by the company.

The fact that the new offer has not yet been sent in may facilitate the action of the city in the taxpayer's suit begun by John R. Ryon, which will come up this morning before Justice Blackmar in Brooklyn. This aims particularly at any bargain between the city and either the Interborough or the B. R. T., in which any sort of guarantee is contained. As long as the 8.76 per cent. preferential payment to the Interborough is merely a matter of informal discussion, in which so far the company has not taken part, it is believed that the Kings County Supreme Court will take the same view as did the Appellate Division of this county in the Admiral Realty Company's suit. It was then ruled that it was impossible for the courts to take cognizance of the agreement with the B. R. T. until it was actually executed and its terms had been defined.

MT. SINAI NURSES GRADUATE.

Fifty Receive Diplomas and Fifteen Others Get Prizes for Efficiency.

Graduating exercises for the Mount Sinai Training School for Nurses, held last night in Mount Sinai Hospital, Madison Avenue and 101st Street, were attended by several hundred relatives and friends who saw the fifty members of the senior class presented with their diplomas and fifteen of the nurses, including several in the intermediate and junior class, awarded prizes.

Awards of scholarships and prizes given by Murry Guggenheim and Solomon Loeb were announced by Dr. Nathan E. Brill, Chairman of the Medical Board of the Training School.

Three Seniors, Sadie I. Naughton, Blanche Binks, and Mary McNichol, received scholarships of $100 each, with gold medals in addition. Among the intermediates Edith I. King, Eula H. Mallory, and Victoria A. Morrison, also received awards of $100 each. Six juniors, Dora K. Fulsker, Isabel G. Willett, Annie Huntington, Esther M. Lund, Ruth E. Lyeth, and Minnie L. Roberts, were awarded scholarships of the same value. The Loeb prizes for proficiency in executive management were given to Lilian Emes and Anna Honold.

The scholarship which enables one of the students to take a one year course in hospital economics in Columbia University, which was founded by Alfred W. Scholle, was given to Miss Amy H. Trench.

CONSUL G. F. DAVIS DROWNED

Our Representative at Ceiba Loses His Life While Bathing.

TEGUCIGALPA, Feb. 14.—George F. Davis, the United States Consul at Ceiba, was drowned last night while bathing He was making an attempt to swim to bar in the mouth of the river, but was overcome.

The body was recovered.

George F. Davis was a native of Missouri and was nominated to be Consul at Ceiba last August.

Miss Knox's School to Reopen.

BRIARCLIFF MANOR, Feb. 14.—Announcement was made to-day that the Miss Knox school, which was damaged by fire on the night of Feb. 11, will be reopened soon.

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

Herald Square. Broadway, 34th to 35th St.

NEW 'GABY' MALINE HATS, $2.49

The Value Speaks for Itself

Exceptionally smart. Made of black satin, or maline, or combinations of satin, velvet and maline. The original of these hats was created for Mlle. Gaby Deslys, the French musical comedy actress. Our copies include the exact Deslys hat, and several variations that will prove becoming to those types of women who cannot wear so small a hat.

Second Floor.

MALINE-TRIMMED SAILORS $3.96

The Value Speaks for Itself

Another smart hat in present fashion. It is of black satin faced with ramie straw, wit.. huge loopings, wing or rosette, in black or black over white maline. Similar models of the same quality are $5.00 to $7.00 elsewhere.

FRANKO'S ORCHESTRA AND MLLE. CANTARELLI, RESTAURANT, DAILY

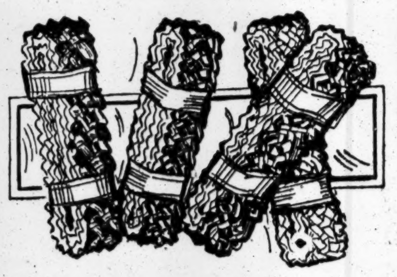
33 Years Leaders of Fashion

Simpson Crawford Co.

SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET, NEW YORK.

Important Special Sale for the Millinery Trade

Imported Ramie and Straw Braids



RIGHT at the beginning of the season, when every up-to-date Millinery Buyer is making Spring purchases, we offer a tremendous shipment of high-class braids at less than New York wholesale prices.

Every Braid Was Purchased and Dyed Abroad to Our Special Order in the Very Latest 1912 Effect and Colors.

Milliners who do not care to buy large quantities should take advantage of this sale, as they can buy exactly according to their requirements and pay the lowest prices. We show you hats trimmed or made with goods offered in this sale.

The latest Paris news predicts a tremendous vogue in flowers.

Here are a few of 50 different items which you may buy at even less than wholesale prices:

Paris-Made Wistaria
6 sprays to a paquet, wonderful showing of beautiful shadings; dozen paquets, $9.50; single bunch, 98c.

Imported Sweet Peas
12 flowers to paquet and 6 buds; dozen bunches, $4.95; bunch, 48c.

Paris-Made Cluster Roses
3 roses to paquet, 32 exquisite shadings to choose from; dozen paquets, $4.00; paquet, 39c.

Paris-Made Crush Roses
3 in paquet, many excellent shades to choose from; dozen paquets, $1.75; paquet, 19c.

Imported Large Rosebud Clusters
in beautifully shaded colorings, 10 buds with foliage comprise paquet, about a dozen different shadings to choose from; dozen paquets, $1.75; paquet, 19c.

Fancy Chip Braids
in all the new shadings, also black and white, 10 to 11-yard pieces; per dozen pieces, $2.80; piece, 29c.

Beautiful Two-Toned Ramie Braids
in handsome combination of colorings; per dozen pieces, $8.40; piece, 89c.

Handsome Nacre Jap Braids
Impossible to get the color combinations in this country; per dozen pieces, $7.50; piece, 79c.

Three-Tone Ramie Braids
Very handsome, exquisite shadings, 10 to 11-yard pieces; per dozen pieces, $12.00; piece, $1.25.

Miscellaneous Lot of Silk Braids
bought at an enormous price concession. Your choice, 29c and 79c.

Model Hats for the Trade
will be shown upon request.
Showroom, Second Floor.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO., 6TH AVE., 19TH TO 20TH ST., NEW YORK CITY

GIMBELS

Luncheon at GIMBELS
Is becoming a fixed incident in many a woman's shopping day. Dainty food, served as you would have it at home, in the pleasant surroundings of the Tea Room. Music.

Beer---Drecoll---Doucet---All Approve Of TAFFETAS

$18.50 $22.50

Our Paris Bureau has cabled these endorsements to us as soon as these famous dressmakers presented their new modes—to be exact—on Monday and yesterday in Paris. But it is impossible for us to display at this time the exact modes interpreted in taffeta, as we shall have to wait until the steamers bring them to us. However, we are now presenting the new and early Spring models in taffeta, which are so charming that we are sure their beauty will appeal to women who appreciate smart clothes.

As the demi-tailored dress is such an important factor in the wardrobe of the well-dressed woman of today, we have had it fashioned of taffeta in several new and unique styles. The model at $22.50, illustrated, is trimmed with those delightfully quaint crystal buttons. And the Swiss-embroidered collars give a dainty contrast to the rich colors of the changeable taffetas. Other models at $17.50, $25, $32.50, to $70—some of those at the higher prices are in afternoon modes.

New Trotteur or Demi-Tailored Serge Dresses, $15, $16.50, $18.50, $20, $25 and Upward

A small apron peplum gives distinction to the $18.50 model, illustrated. As the white pearl buttons are not sewed on merely in the regular way, but with large cross stitches, they fill the role of a trimming. The chemisette is of fine Brussels net and the rever of white shadow lace.

Lingerie Dresses, $10, $15, $25, $35, up to $135.

Evening Gowns, $22.50, $35, $42.50, $47.50, $60, and numerous prices up to $150.

Russian, Cutaway and Many Other Smart Styles in New Tailored Suits at $19.75, $25, $35, $45, $50, up to $95 Third Floor

Pure LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS

33,250 of Them in an Important Sale

For Men and Women

You are only interested in this rather impressive total for its effect in bringing prices down to a very low notch. But in these economies you ARE interested, especially since the handkerchiefs are so desirable in themselves.

Some of the Handkerchiefs come from good makers in Belfast; others from makers on this side of the water. All are pure linen:

Men's Handkerchiefs

Men's Initial Handkerchiefs, 12½ Each
From Belfast, colored border with initial to match. Little defects, otherwise 25c quality.

Men's 25c Initial Handkerchiefs, 12½c Each
All styles of letters, neat and small, or large and elaborate. A maker's surplus of odd dozens.

Men's Plain Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, 12½c Each
From Belfast; slight imperfections. Also some with colored borders, perfect. Usually 15c to 50c.

Women's Handkerchiefs

Women's Initial Handkerchiefs, Six for 65c
Usually six for 90c. Narrow hems, small block initial, all laundered. In neat box.

Women's Initial Handkerchiefs, Six for 95c
Hand embroidered wreath and initial, all laundered. Regularly six for $1.50.

Women's Handkerchiefs, 12½c Each
One-corner embroidered, or plain white hemstitched and colored. Slightly imperfect, otherwise 15c to 50c qualities.

Women's 25c and 35c Embroidered Handkerchiefs, at 15c
From Switzerland. Pretty one-corner effects, embroidered on sheer linen.

Women's 50c Lace-trimmed Handkerchiefs at 25c
Lace edge attached by hand, with hand block work, and embroidered designs in corner.

Women's Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 25c
Slightly imperfect "seconds" of 50c to 75c qualities; hand and machine-embroidered, in many charming patterns. Main Floor

GIMBEL BROTHERS
BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST

ROCKEFELLER MADE THE PASTEUR OFFER

Unasked He Proffered Money to Buy Scientist's Birthplace as Gift to France.

FLEXNER WROTE JUSSERAND

French Committee Was Trying to Raise the $15,000 Needed When Rockefeller Stepped In.

The details of the negotiations that led recently to the purchase for presentation to the French Nation of the birthplace of Louis Pasteur, at Dôle, France, through a gift of John D. Rockefeller, have just become public.

A committee had been formed in France under M. Pieyre, Mayor of Dôle, to raise a sum of money to buy the house and to fix an endowment for its maintenance, in order to preserve it as a public memorial to the great French physician. Many leading scientists and men in public life were enlisted as sponsors, and circulars inviting subscriptions were distributed throughout Europe and America. It was announced that $11,000 would be needed to buy and repair the property and $4,200 for its maintenance endowment.

This plan came to the notice of Mr. Rockefeller, who caused an inquiry to be sent to the French Ambassador at Washington through Dr. Simon Flexner, Director of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, asking whether it would be acceptable to the committee in charge if he should purchase the house, put it in repair, and present it to the French Nation as his contribution toward the undertaking, leaving the public subscription open to provide the sum needed for maintenance.

Dr. Flexner wrote to M. Jusserand, the French Ambassador, the following letter:

> Dear Sir: You may perhaps recall the recent correspondence with Jerome D. Greene with reference to the enterprise now on foot for the acquisition of the house where Pasteur was born as a public monument. This enterprise has interested John D. Rockefeller, who has felt the greatest admiration for Pasteur, and has also testified, as you know, to his faith in the importance of the work to which Pasteur gave his life by establishing and permanently endowing the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research.
>
> The debt to Pasteur is, of course, universal, not local or national, and in no part of the world has his life been more of an inspiration than in America. I am of the opinion that, if agreeable in France to those actively interested in this matter, Mr. Rockefeller would have the utmost pleasure in bearing the cost of the purchase, repair, and equipment of Pasteur's birthplace, amounting to 55,000 francs, as part of the American contribution to this admirable undertaking. I take the liberty, therefore, of asking your Excellency whether such a gift, were it offered, would be acceptable.
>
> Mr. Rockefeller quite understands that the memorial to Pasteur will have a greater significance if it expresses the gratitude and devotion of many persons in different countries than if it represents the act of an individual. The general character of the subscription would, however, be maintained under the conditions suggested, and Mr. Rockefeller would be glad if his own share in the gift could be regarded as representing the good will of his countrymen.
>
> I shall greatly appreciate your counsel in this matter, so close to the hearts of all humanitarians. Very respectfully,
>
> SIMON FLEXNER.

The contents of this letter were cabled to France and referred to the President of the Pasteur Committee, M. Pieyre. The offer was at once accepted, and Mr. Rockefeller received this letter from Dôle:

> To Mr. Rockefeller:
>
> I have the honor of being directed by the members of the Pasteur Committee and by my colleagues of the Departmental Assembly to express to you on their behalf and on that of all the people of Dole our deep gratitude for the noble and generous thought which has animated your decision to assume the cost of purchasing, furnishing, and repairing the birthplace of Louis Pasteur.
>
> I shall duly send you an official copy of the vote accepting your offer, a vote passed unanimously by the members of the Pasteur Committee. Allow me, dear Sir, to assure you that the town of Dole, moved to enthusiastic recognition of your act, will not fail to honor and perpetuate your name and your act.
>
> I shall promptly communicate to you such action as the Municipal Council takes with this end in view at the special session which I am calling.
>
> Accept, dear Sir, with the expression of my gratitude, the assurance of my most distinguished consideration.
>
> M. PIEYRE.
>
> Mayor and President of the Pasteur Committee.

Pasteur was born at Dôle in 1822, and died in 1895. The town is situated in the Department of Jura, thirty miles southeast of Dijon, and has now about 12,000 inhabitants.

NIP BOY AND GIRL ROMANCE.

Youth of 15 Refused to Give Her Up—Both Arrested.

Russell Suvaroff, a good-looking boy of 15 years, stepson of William C. Suvaroff, Eastern agent for a large picture frame manufactory, was brought before Justice Hoyt in the Children's Court yesterday. Standing near him, watching the proceedings with no more interest than she watched the boy, was Johanna Jaeger, who is dark-haired and also 15 years old. Both were arrested on Saturday night at the home of the girl, 314 East Ninety-fourth Street.

The arrest was made on the complaint of the boy's stepfather after he had tried in vain to persuade the youngster to stay away from the girl, because he feared that they would run away and marry. Justice Hoyt took the boy into his chambers and talked with him for a long time. He offered to parole him in the custody of his father if he would give up the girl. The boy repeated that he loved his companion, and refused to give the promise which would have brought him liberty.

The Suvaroffs live at 27 West 125th Street. Mr. Suvaroff said that the boy, who works for him at his place in West Thirty-third Street, had been neglecting his work and spending most of his time at the home of the Jaegers. He had reasoned with the boy, but he continued to call on the girl. A few nights ago, he said, he went to the Jaeger house, and upon demanding that his son come home, the latter ran into another room and he followed in time to prevent the lad jumping from the window. This exhausted his patience, and he wrote to Supt. Walsh that the boy was incorrigible, asking him to take action.

Justice Hoyt placed both in the custody of the Children's Society for a hearing on Saturday.

WEATHERBEE WILL FILED.

Estate Said to be Worth More Than a Million—All to Family.

The will of Edwin H. Weatherbee, who died at his home, 240 Madison Avenue, February 2, of apoplexy, was filed yesterday for probate. Mr. Weatherbee was the head of Arnold, Constable & Co.

The petition which accompanies the will merely states that the personal and real property are valued at more than $10,000 each, but it is understood the total value of the estate is over a million dollars.

The estate is to be divided among Mrs. Amy H. Weatherbee, the wife, and the three children, Henrietta Constable Read, Mary Angell Weatherbee and Hicks Arnold Weatherbee.

RYAN'S MEMORY OFF ON BRIDGE DETAILS

Professes Ignorance, in Court, of the Transactions of His Own Company.

HIS LAWYER VOCIFEROUS

"Officer, Take This Man in Charge," Says Justice Goff, but Fails to Silence Mr. Wait.

Patrick Ryan, former policeman and contractor, who is supposed to have cleared more than $2,000,000 in building the Manhattan Bridge, showed up in court yesterday. He is being sued before Supreme Court Justice Goff by Cornelius Sullivan, cousin of Senator Timothy D. Sullivan, who says that his share of the profits was to be one-half, owing to his aid in landing the contract for the Ryan-Parker Company.

Henry F. Cochran, attorney for Mr. Sullivan, immediately put Mr. Ryan on the stand, and there he remained all day. But Mr. Cochran found it impossible to make him admit anything about the books and ledgers and expense accounts of the Manhattan Bridge contract. Mr. Ryan refused to admit that the books, which had been produced in court, were the authentic ones. He refused to tell where the stubs of his checkbooks could be found, and declared that he had no intention of looking for them. He professed absolute ignorance as to the financial transactions of the company of which he is President and in which he owns a controlling number of shares.

Meantime his counsel, James C. Wait, was so vociferous in his objections to the questions asked and to the rulings of Justice Goff that it looked at one time as if he, and not his client, would be held in contempt of court.

"Officer, take this man in charge," exclaimed the irritated Justice, after he had failed to silence Mr. Wait's objections to the fact that court was being held long after 5 o'clock, although 4 is the usual hour for adjournment. But the Justice did not actually put his order into execution, and Mr. Wait was not to be silenced.

Mr. Ryan explained that his absence from court, when his case was called last Friday, was due to a train delay near Hamilton, Ontario. Justice Goff, however, insisted that the railroad officials should be subpoenaed in order to ascertain whether Mr. Ryan had been telling the truth. If there is evidence to show that he was not, contempt proceedings will be instituted.

In the course of the examination Mr. Ryan had to admit that he had frequently signed blank checks to contracting companies, which were filled in for sums as high as $150,000. He said that he was not in the habit of holding vouchers or bills before he paid large sums of money to the companies to which he sublet the entire bridge contract. Mr. Ryan's salary, in the years that the bridge was under construction, was $50,000. He was led to admit that he had charged large portions of salaries not only of himself but of employes to the bridge contract, although the Ryan-Parker Company had many contracts in addition to the building of the Manhattan Bridge.

When asked to account for the $58,000 that Mr. Cochran said was paid him in the month of December, 1909, for "general expenses," Mr. Ryan's memory failed him, nor could he suggest the possible nature of the expenses. He also denied that at the same meeting of the Board of Directors of his company $43,000 had been paid over to him for the services of one of the engineers of the company.

Frequently in the course of the inquisition, the contractor appealed to the Justice and refused to answer. But he was invariably directed to do so, even though his one reply was that he didn't remember. The entire evidence contained in the ledgers of the company which counsel for the plaintiff produced in court after the usual round of objections, was brushed aside by Ryan's statement that books had been copied before, and that he was not expert enough to know whether the records in court were really the records of his company.

According to his own statement, his disbursements in building the bridge amounted to $6,522,105, while he received from the city only $6,493,223 in return. The case will be continued to-morrow afternoon.

TANGLE OF MAYER WILLS.

Trying to Reconcile One in French and One in English.

The settlement of the estate of Constant Mayer, now in the Surrogates' Court, is complicated by two wills, one in English and one in French, and both made in Paris. The French will makes reference to the English will, which would constitute it a codicil, although it is not in codicil form. From the papers on file in the Surrogates' office, it appears that the French will has been admitted to probate in France and the English will has been admitted to probate here.

The present proceedings are brought to establish the French will as a codicil. How far it will operate to set aside the provisions of the English will, with which it conflicts by altering bequests to New York charitable institutions, is still open to question. This is a subject on which M. S. Isaacs, attorney for the estate, said yesterday he could throw little light.

Surrogate Cohalan handed down a memorandum in the matter yesterday. The Surrogate holds that the first thing to be done is to serve citations on all the beneficiaries under both documents. Even the amount of the estate could not be learned yesterday. Mr. Mayer, who was a wealthy man, and a painter of considerable talent, had an account with Morgan, Harjes & Co., bankers, in Paris, where he spent most of his time.

In the first will, dated Paris, July 15, 1908, and written in English by Mr. Mayer in his own hand, $4,000 is left to Mrs. Emma Brunner, wife of Arnold W. Brunner, the architect of 1,748 Broadway, New York, and $6,000 to Mrs. Gertrude Levy, wife of Dr. Henry Levy of Richmond, Va. The residue of the estate is divided in this will equally among the Young Women's Hebrew Association, the Hebrew Orphan Asylum, the Home for Aged and Infirm Hebrews, and Mount Sinai Hospital, all of this city.

In the French will, made Feb. 1, 1911, Mr. Mayer left 2,000 francs to Mrs. Milet of 32 Rue de Neuville, Fontainebleau; 500 francs to her brother, Eugene Cuisenier, who is made executor; three sketches to Mrs. S. Israel of 3 Rue de Chevaux, Paris; to the Museum of Besançon, his native city, a portrait of himself by himself, and to the Museum of Gray, Haute-Saône, his painting of an old woman, entitled "Far Off Thoughts." He left his painting, "The Song of the Forest," to Mrs. Emma Brunner, and his painting, "The Orphan," to Mrs. Florence Gotthold of 165 West Fifty-eighth Street. Another of his paintings, "Convalescence," he left to Victor Koelke of 47 Montgomery Place, Brooklyn. He left two scarf pins to his cousin, Constance Mayer.

The French will also made bequests to Parisian philanthropies. It gave 1,000 francs to the Société des Artistes Français for the purpose of its home. It gave clothing and various household effects to the Benevolent Israelite Committee of Paris, and the rest of his household effects to the Chief Rabbi of Paris, to be sold for the benefit of the poor, especially, the will said, "for old people and widows."

In the French will, also, Mr. Mayer asked that his watch and chain be sent to the Hebrew Orphan Asylum in this city to be given to the "most deserving scholar." He gave 200 francs in this will to his old servant, Lydie Bille.

This will requested that all photographs and paintings he left not disposed of in the document be destroyed, and that so far as possible the bequests made in his English will should stand.

WILL UPHELD THOUGH HE DIED INCOMPETENT

Surrogate Cohalan Decides That Edward K. Somborn Knew What He Was Doing.

WIFE CUT OFF WITH LITTLE

And the Testator Reproached Her for Her Conduct—Several Decisions to the Same Effect Recently.

Surrogate Cohalan handed down a decision yesterday upholding the contested will of Edward K. Somborn, the sight-seeing-auto owner, who died in Rivercrest Sanitarium on March 8 last year, leaving a large estate. The decision is one of several recently given by the Surrogate in which wills made by persons later declared incompetent have been upheld.

In upholding Somborn's will, Surrogate Cohalan said that all the legal formalities of its execution had been correct, that Somborn had not been unduly influenced, and that he had sufficient knowledge of what he was about when he made the will on Dec. 2, 1908, in his lawyer's office, where he had gone for that purpose. One of Somborn's brothers, Meyer Somborn, is in the State Homeopathic Hospital at Middletown, as an incompetent. This brother was cut off in the will, and was represented in the contest hearings by a guardian.

The will was contested by Somborn's widow, Mrs. Kathryn H. Somborn, to whom her husband left only his life insurance. The beneficiaries of the will were a sister, Sarah A. Somborn, and a brother, Henry W. G. Somborn. To Miss Somborn was bequeathed $5,000 and a life interest in 60 per cent. of the estate, with the right to will all of the residuary estate to whom she pleased, including a life interest in 40 per cent. of the estate willed to her brother, Henry.

In the will Somborn made a bitter reference to his wife in these words:

"I have not overlooked the fact that my wife, Kathryn H. Somborn, is now living, but it is my will, and I hereby declare, that my wife shall not share in my estate, except as hereinbefore stated—the bequest of life insurance only. I have made no further provision for her, inasmuch as her conduct has been such that through no fault of mine it has been necessary for me to live separate and apart from her."

Somborn was 56 years old when he made the will. It was testified by several witnesses before the Surrogate, including his own employes, that he had acted queerly during the last few years of his life. Some of this behavior was attributed indirectly to his unhappiness in his domestic relations, although nothing was brought out to substantiate the charge in the will that it was Mrs. Somborn's conduct that was responsible for the separation.

One of the megaphone men employed on Somborn's sight-seeing automobiles testified that his employer conversed with imaginary persons, and that he was very free with his money. Similar testimony as to his disregard of the value of currency was given by other witnesses.

Among these witnesses was a Mrs. Caroline Stern, the wife of a physician, who formerly ran a millinery and lingerie store in the Times Square district. She said Somborn was a frequent caller at her store and bought feminine finery. He told her, she said, that the finery was not intended for his wife. On one occasion Mrs. Stern said that Somborn tried to get her to accept $500 in bills which he pressed into her hand. She said she felt insulted by the proffer of this gift and refused it.

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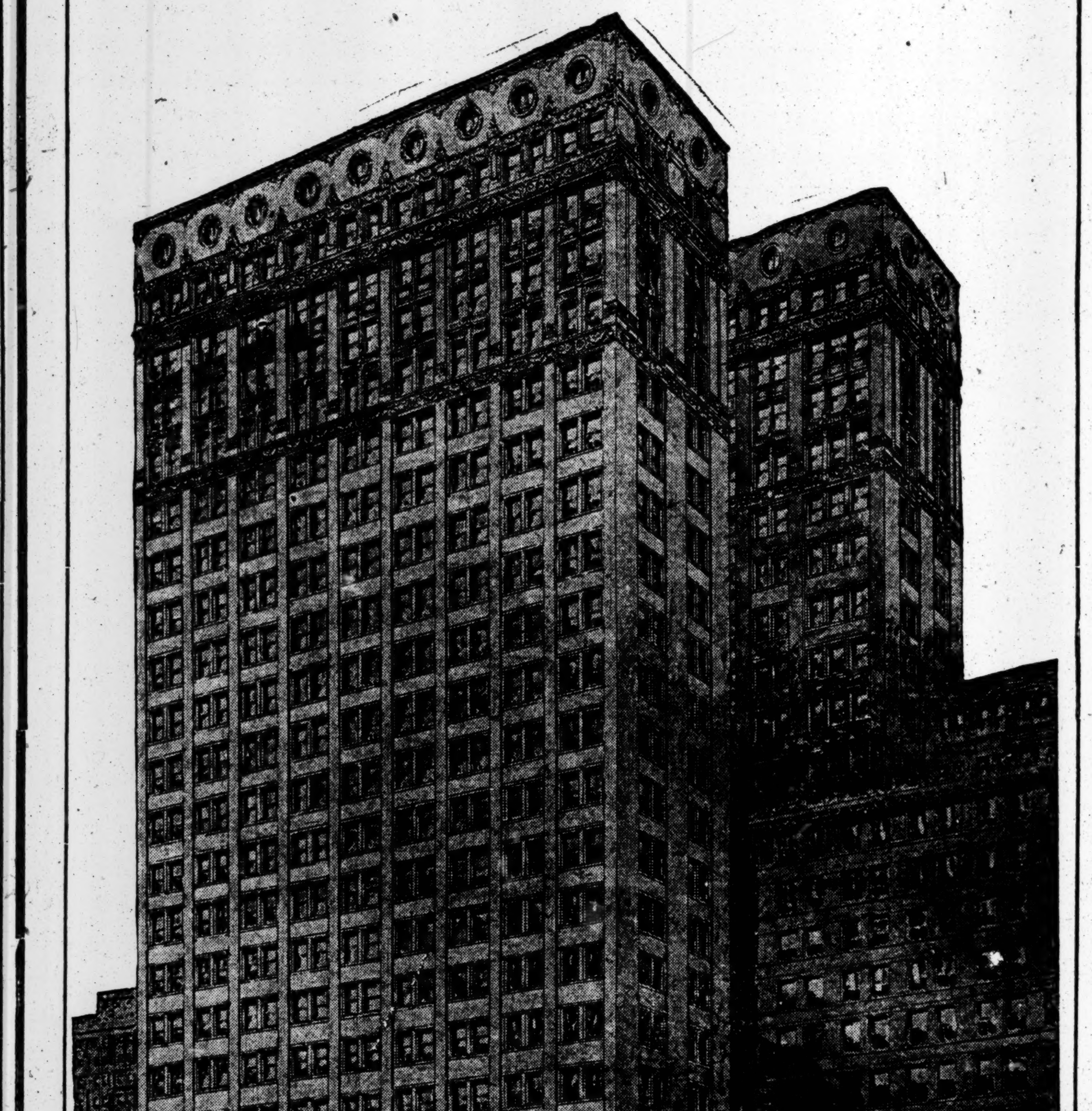

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ROOSEVELT ROUND-UP OF PROGRESSIVES ON

Colonel Gets His Boomers Together and Is About Ready to Rope the Nomination.

MAY SWING FOR IT ANY TIME

Political "Rough Riders" Come Away from Big Conference Happy and Certain He'll Tie to It.

Supporters of Col. Roosevelt, who were in conference with him until late yesterday afternoon at The Outlook offices, where the text of the address he will deliver at the constitutional convention at Columbus, Ohio, on Wednesday next, was under consideration, all agreed upon leaving the meeting that Col. Roosevelt will accept if nominated for the Presidency.

Among these conferrees were Gov. Johnson of California, former State Senator William Flinn of Pittsburgh, who is a part owner of The Pittsburgh Leader; Col. William Nelson, editor of The Kansas City Star; E. A. Van Valkenberg of The Philadelphia North American, and a representative of The Chicago Tribune.

Earlier in the day Col. Roosevelt had a conference with Amos and Gifford Pinchot, Oscar S. Straus, Secretary of Commerce and Labor under the Roosevelt Administration, and Col. D. C. Collier. Unusual activity about the offices seemed to indicate that important developments might be expected, but Col. Roosevelt simply smiled when asked about it, and said he had no statement to make.

The conference at which Gov. Johnson was present began late in the forenoon, and at 1:30 o'clock the conferrees, headed by Col. Roosevelt, walked to the National Arts Club in Gramercy Square, where they had luncheon. Upon their return to The Outlook office the conference was at once resumed. Gov. Johnson would make no statement, but Mr. Van Valkenberg, on leaving the conference, said:

"Nothing has happened that would cause Gov. Johnson to go back to California and attempt to check the Roosevelt boom."

When Mr. Van Valkenberg was asked if Col. Roosevelt's forthcoming address at Columbus had been discussed he replied "Yes." He added that it will be an enunciation of the Colonel's principles and beliefs, and he seemed to think it would be satisfactory to most of the Progressives.

"Have all the La Follette backers come into line?" he was asked. He replied that he thought there were a few of them "still up in the air."

Can't Hold Out Much Longer.

Mr. Van Valkenberg also said that he expected Col. Roosevelt would make an answer to the letter sent to them by the conference of Progressives held in Chicago asking him to define his position.

"It will not be in his Columbus speech," he said, "but I do not see how Col. Roosevelt can hold off much longer. I think the answer will come, anyway, within two weeks."

The situation in Pennsylvania has been the source of much concern to the supporters of the Colonel, and in this regard Mr. Van Valkenberg said he "felt sure the Colonel would get some delegates there." "You know," he added, "the Roosevelt sentiment is pretty strong, and we've got a good ballot law there."

"Do you think Roosevelt would accept the nomination?" he was asked.

"His attitude is the same as it has been right along," replied Mr. Van Valkenberg.

"But if nominated, do you think he would accept."

"Yes," he replied.

Senator Flinn at first refused to talk at all about the conference, but when a number of questions were put to him by the reporters he smiled and said that he was going to work for Col. Roosevelt harder than ever before.

"Do I think he will be a candidate?" he repeated. "Can't you tell what I think from my attitude? I feel it in my bones that this man is going to be nominated, and I wouldn't be working for him if I didn't think he was going to accept.

"I came over a few days ago to find where the Colonel stood, and I have opened Roosevelt headquarters in Pittsburgh, and they will stay open."

A Straight Tip from Senator Flinn.

"But can you say positively whether the Colonel is a candidate?" he was asked.

"I have no right to speak for Col. Roosevelt," the Senator replied. "You are at liberty to judge, however, from the way I am acting. We can elect Col. Roosevelt and we cannot elect Mr. Taft. Why, all the straw ballots that have been taken indicate that."

Col. Nelson said that any announcement about the conference would have to come from Col. Roosevelt.

"I hope you have succeeded in persuading him to come out in the open," one of the newspapermen suggested.

"I hope we did," was Col. Nelson's only reply.

Col. Roosevelt would make no comment on the conference, simply telling the newspapermen that he had not a word to say.

Further details as to the Ohio trip to be made by Col. Roosevelt could not be obtained. He has received a number of requests to speak in other cities since it became known that he is to invade Ohio, and one report had it that he may stop at Cincinnati on Washington's Birthday and make known his position in an address there. This could not be verified.

The conferences yesterday were pointed to by Col. Roosevelt's friends as the most important that have yet been held since his boom was started, and it was prophesied that the next few days will be very busy ones at The Outlook offices. The presence of Senator Flinn and Mr. Van Valkenberg was cited as an indication that the struggle is now on in earnest in Pennsylvania and other Eastern States, and that the strongest kind of pressure is being brought to bear to induce Col. Roosevelt to declare himself.

Gifford and Amos Pnchot would not discuss their visit with the Colonel except to say that it had no political significance.

"I have been in the habit of seeing Col. Roosevelt from time to time," said Gifford Pinchot, "and expect to continue to see him regardless of politics."

Many of Col. Roosevelt's friends were of the opinion, however, that the visits of the Pinchots and Gov. Johnson could be taken as a sure indication that the remains of the La Follette boom had been delivered to the Colonel.

Mr. Straus was with Col. Roosevelt for about an hour and then hurried away, refusing to comment on what they had discussed.

ROOSEVELT BOOM IN BERGEN.

Taft Attacked at One Hackensack Meeting; Praised at Another.

Special to The New York Times.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Feb. 14.—The Bergen County Progressive Republican League gave its second annual dinner at the Hotel Susquehanna here this evening. President Herbert M. Bailey presided and William T. Knight of Bogota was toastmaster. On the programme appeared the following sentence, credited to Col. Theodore Roosevelt: "Those who oppose all reform will do well to remember that ruin in its worst form is inevitable." The dinner was the initial local boom for Roosevelt for President. George L. Record, State Assessor, spoke.

"The progressive movement in New Jersey," he said, "will get behind Col. Roosevelt and will stand for a platform of progressive principles which we will endeavor to have written into the National Republican platform. The fight between President Taft on the one hand, and the progressives on the other, now pretty generally united behind Col. Roosevelt, is a fight not between men but between opposing theories and ideas of government. Taft was elected as a pronounced adherent of Roosevelt policies, but he ignored Roosevelt's friends in making up his Cabinet and is wobbling between the two wings of the party."

Edmund B. Osborne, President of the New Jersey Progressive Republican League, said:

"We are opposed to President Taft because he is going in the wrong direction. He has learned nothing from his disastrous alliance with Cannon and Aldrich. We favor the nomination of Roosevelt because it would mean a party rededicated to the service of the people, and believe he can do more to restore popular government in this country than has been done by all the Administrations of the last generation."

Senator Clapp of Minnesota assailed President Taft vigorously. He criticized his Administration, and referred to President Taft's recent reference to progressives as "Neurotics." Evidently, he said, according to President Taft, Washington and Lincoln were neurotics and progressives. Senator Clapp said Col. Roosevelt was the man the Republicans must nominate to restore confidence in the American people.

ROOSEVELT MEN BOLT.

Disgruntled Nebraskans Will Hold Separate Convention on Feb. 22.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 14.—Declaring that the delegates to the progressive Republican meeting in Lincoln Monday night, which chose candidates for electors to go on the primary ballot, had not dealt fairly with the Roosevelt faction of the Republican Party, John O. Yeiser of this city, who headed the petition to put Col. Roosevelt's name on the primary ballot, and who has been regarded as the leader of the movement in Nebraska, to-day issued a call for a State Convention of Roosevelt supporters, to be held in Omaha Feb. 22.

It is proposed to select a complete ticket of Presidential electors and alternates to the Chicago Convention, to be voted for at the Republican primary.

TAFT WINS IN GEORGIA.

Roosevelt Supporters Outwitted at State Convention.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Feb. 14.—Col. Theodore Roosevelt got nothing—not even a cheer—from the Republican State Convention, which met here to-day to select delegates to the National Convention, which meets in Chicago. By contrast, President Taft got everything—a solid delegation, a strong indorsement of his Administration, and plenty of cheers.

The Taft forces were in control of the machinery and they used the steam roller so effectively that whatever sentiment there was for Roosevelt was not allowed to find its way into the convention hall. There were contesting Roosevelt delegations from several Congressional districts, but the contestants were not allowed to enter the hall and the contests were never heard from. The Taft delegations were seated without protest. The Taft leaders decreed that admission to the hall should be by ticket only, and the leaders saw that only good Taft men got the tickets. It was probably the most "harmonious" Republican convention ever held in Georgia.

Henry S. Jackson, Collector of Internal Revenue in Atlanta; Walter H. Johnson, United States Marshal for the Northern District of Georgia, and Henry Lincoln Johnson, (colored,) Register of Deeds at Washington, dominated the convention, which is said to have been attended by more representative white men than ever before.

Henry Lincoln Johnson was permanent Chairman. Henry Lincoln Johnson, C. P. Goree, Henry S. Jackson, and B. J. Davis were named delegates at large to Chicago. Twenty-two delegates were also chosen from the eleven Congressional districts. The convention then adopted a resolution instructing the delegates to vote for Taft, first, last, and all the time.

The platform denounces the "unspeakable crime," declares against lynch law, appeals for peace and harmony between the two races, felicitates President Taft upon his desire for peace and patriotism, approves the amendment of the Inter-State Commerce act, denounces the recall as absurd and pernicious, indorses protection, and attacks the Democratic position on the tariff.

The convention also indorsed Henry S. Jackson for National Committeeman, to succeed Henry Blum, Postmaster of Savannah, who was suspected of Roosevelt tendencies. It is said that President Taft personally ordered that Blum be defeated.

There were about 500 delegates present, about 300 being negroes. Equal representation was given the two races in the Chicago delegation. The Roosevelt supporters are extremely bitter to-night, and are talking of holding a convention of their own. They were completely outwitted by the Taft steam roller.

Dodging Auto Run Down by Car.

While running out of the path of a northbound automobile at Eighth Avenue and Fifty-sixth Street last night 14-year-old John Harlan of 163 West End Avenue darted in front of a northbound surface car operated by Motorman Matthew Regan of 2,701 Eighth Avenue. He was knocked down and dragged several feet. He was taken to Flower Hospital suffering from a fracture of the skull and internal injuries. His recovery is said to be doubtful.

DEMOCRATS FOR WAR ON MURPHY'S RULE

League Indorses Osborne's Arraignment of Tammany Boss—Blame Him for Defeats.

AT PARTING OF THE WAYS

Agree That an Up-State Democrat of Broad and Independent Repute Must Head State Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Feb. 14.—At the annual meeting of the Democratic League, held here to-day, Howard T. Mosher recalled that a little less than a year ago Gov. Dix appointed Daniel F. Cohalan, Tammany's legal adviser, to be Judge of the Supreme Court, and said his confirmation was made possible by the votes of Senators Ormrod and Argetsinger, Republicans, of Monroe County. Mr. Mosher told in detail how the Democratic machine of Monroe and Rochester permitted the local election last Fall to go by default. Resentment on the part of the Democratic voters, Mr. Mosher said, was responsible for the overwhelming vote for the Republican candidates.

"We don't want deals made in New York with the Republican machine of Rochester," Mr. Mosher said. "If they continue the Democratic Party in our county will be wiped out."

"It will be recalled," President Thomas Mott Osborne of the league added, "that a Democrat by a decisive vote defeated George W. Aldridge, the Republican boss, for Congress from that county about a year and a half ago."

After bitterly assailing Charles F. Murphy, leader of Tammany Hall, who was characterized as "the arbiter of our destinies," and adopting resolutions seeking to curtail his influence in both the State and National Conventions this year, the meeting adjourned late this afternoon to reassemble for a conference on the day preceding the State Convention for the election of National delegates.

The address of Chairman Osborne was adopted "as expressing the sentiments of the committee." In the course of his speech Mr. Osborne said:

"What I wish to point out is the cold material fact that if the Democratic organization of this State continues under its present leadership we must not expect to win victories. Our success in 1910 was due to the belief that our own political ideas were in the ascendant; that it was the Democratic League and not the Murphy ring which was to dominate the situation. What I wish to emphasize is the fact that to-day the Democratic Party stands at the parting of the ways; it must choose one way or the other—to hesitate and try a path midway between is to fail to choose the right path.

"The right path is perfectly plain and clear. It is to follow where the League has blazed the way: progressive policies, promises rigidly kept, no attempt to fool the people by a mere substitution of one set of officeholders by another set, party responsibilities laid upon men of character and true democracy, party policies and candidates determined not by a small, selfish clique, but by conference of the real party leaders throughout the State. In other words, Democratic Party government carried out in good faith.

"The first requisite for right conduct is to face the truth; but that is exactly what the selfish politician hates most to do. If this league can do nothing more than to tear away the curtain of sham, hypocrisy, and false pretenses, behind which goes on a constant trafficking in the honor of our party, that alone is worth while."

A resolution that the league "reaffirm its position on the subject of direct nominations and call upon the present Democratic legislators to do all in their power to secure the carrying out of the party pledges contained in the Rochester platform" was adopted, as was also a resolution "that it is the sense of the Democratic League that the Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, about to be chosen by the said committee, should be an up-State Democrat of broad and independent reputation, whose choice will be an assurance to all Democrats that no selfish faction controls the State machinery of the party."

The meeting also adopted a memorial offered by Edward M. Bassett of Kings eulogizing the late Edward M. Shepard, who was called "the soul of our movement."

MICHIGAN PLEA FOR TAFT.

Senator Townsend Tells Voters "One Good Term Deserves Another."

ADRIAN, Mich., Feb. 14.—"Theodore Roosevelt pointed the way; William H. Taft has traveled the road," declared Senator Townsend at a Republican rally here to-night, in the course of an indorsement of President Taft, his policies, and his Administration. Col. Roosevelt was mentioned frequently in the Senator's speech, but not in criticism. In President Taft's Administration the Senator declared he found so much to commend and so little to condemn that he wondered why any Republican should be in doubt as to his duty.

Two classes of men, Senator Townsend said, were opposing the renomination and re-election of Mr. Taft. "First, the great malefactors of wealth," he declared, "who insist that the President is unsafe and that legitimate business is threatened. The other class of men opposing the President's every act are the men who make a profession of reform and insist nothing is genuine that does not have their name blown in the bottle."

Senator Townsend referred to the "fancied grievance" of the farmers against President Taft because of his stand on Canadian reciprocity and the tariff. "I have hopes and I still have faith that the American farmer will realize soon that the President is his real friend," he said.

A second term for its Presidents had always been the rule for the Republican Party except in two cases—President Hayes and President Roosevelt. Neither desired a renomination, he said.

"I submit, however, that as a party principle the precedent of renominating a man who has given a good Administration is a wise one. Four years is too short a time for a President to accomplish the things he ought to do. The failure to renominate a man who is willing to stand for re-election means a repudiation of his Administration and is equivalent to a condemnation of the party responsible for that Administration. One good term deserves another."

HOT WORDS FOR TAFT FROM PROGRESSIVES

Continued from Page 1.

in which they now have the Governorship they will need only 28 additional votes to carry the next Presidential election. Normally the Republicans can be expected to carry all these States except Maryland and Tennessee. Deducting the twenty votes of these two states leaves 218 electoral votes, which under normal conditions, the Republicans would be reasonably sure of carrying.

"But the conditions this year are very far from normal. The Governors of eight States—Kansas, Michigan, Missouri, Nebraska, New Hampshire, South Dakota, West Virginia, and Wyoming—have openly joined in the movement for the nomination of Col. Roosevelt. These States have an aggregate of 71 electoral votes. In all of them there is a strong opposition among Republican voters to President Taft, and it is in recognition of this anti-Taft feeling that the Governors have declared for Col. Roosevelt.

Say Voters Want Roosevelt.

"The Republican voters in those States are overwhelmingly in favor of the nomination of Mr. Roosevelt, and if the President is renominated at the Chicago Convention the great probability is that the normal Republican vote can not be brought out at the polls. Notably is this true in Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, South Dakota, and West Virginia, which are very likely to be lost to the Republicans in the event of the renomination of the President.

"In seven other States which now have Republican Governors—California, Illinois, Iowa, Minnesota, New Mexico, Washington, Wisconsin—there is also decided opposition to President Taft, such that it is more than doubtful whether any kind of campaign that can be conducted in case the President should be renominated would be able to bring anything like the normal Republican vote. These States have an aggregate of ninety electoral votes.

"This puts 161 electoral votes, from fifteen normally Republican States, into the doubtful column, the moment President Taft is declared the nominee of the Chicago Convention, and with at least 75 of them it gives strong probability of Democratic success. That is the situation in the States which now have Republican administrations, considered from the viewpoint of the renomination of President Taft.

"In case the nominee at Chicago is Col. Roosevelt, there is no reason to suppose that he would fail to carry any of these twenty-three Republican States with the exception of Maryland and Tennessee. He would be assured of at least 218 electoral votes to start with. It would be necessary for him then in order to carry the election to win in other States an aggregate of only forty-eight electoral votes.

"The Roosevelt fight, therefore, would have to be made in Northern States which now have Democratic administrations. There are twelve of these States: Colorado, with 6 electoral votes; Connecticut, 7; Idaho, 4; Indiana, 15; Maine, 6; Massachusetts, 18; Montana, 4; New Jersey, 14; New York, 45; North Dakota, 5; Ohio, 24, and Oregon, 5. Total, 153.

"On the showing made in the last three national campaigns everyone of these states ought to easily be Republican. Mr. Taft lost Colorado and Nebraska in 1908 but Col. Roosevelt carried both easily in 1904.

"On any figuring which can be made in regard to these 12 states now administered by Democratic governors it would be easy for Col. Roosevelt to win the 48 votes necessary in addition to the 218 from states at present Republican to carry him to victory. He could win without Indiana, Ohio, New York, New Jersey and Connecticut combined. To do so he would only have to hold the sttes now Republican—except Maryland and Tennessee—and carry in addition to the New England States of Maine and Massachusetts which have never failed the Republican party in a presidential campaign, and the Western states of Colorado, Idaho, Montana, North Dakota and Oregon, in all of which he is exceptionalllyl lstrong.

"On the other hand, in case Mr. Taft is renominated, he will start with an aggregate of sure electoral votes considerably under 100, and it will be necessary for him to win about 175 electoral votes from states that will properly be classed in the doubtful or probably Democratic column. The renomination of rM. Taft makes doubtful with a strong Democratic probability practically all the Western States which now have Democratic administrations, as well as Kansas, Missouri, Nebraska, South Dakota, Nevada, New Mexico, New Mexico, Illinois, Indiana, West Virginia and Wisconsin. It puts Mr. Taft's own state of Ohio very decidedly into the 'doubtful column.'

"Thus two things are practically certain. One is that the President may be disastrously defeated if he is renominated. The other is that Col. Roosevelt would easily carry an overwhelming majority of the electoral college."

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CALLS FOR REPOSE IN CITY SCHOOL SYSTEM

Supt. Maxwell Declares in Annual Report That Progress Has Been Obstructed.

ASKS FOR MORE SCHOOLS

Appointments and Transfers Announced—Veit Succeeds Hunt as District Superintendent.

The thirteenth annual report of City Supt. William H. Maxwell for the year ended July 31, 1911, was submitted to the Board of Education at its meeting yesterday. It is a pamphlet of 232 pages. Included in it are nineteen recommendations, the chief of which are:

The obtaining of a sufficient number of new sites and buildings for elementary schools.

Three new high school buildings in the Bronx—commercial, manual training and academic—and additions to the Bryant and Curtis High Schools.

Establishment of Summer sessions in several central high schools.

Extension of the national school system.

Additional assistance to the department of ungraded classes for mental defectives.

Examination of school children for physical defects to be transferred from the Department of Health to the Board of Education.

Establishment, in Training Schools for Teachers, of departments for preparing teachers in service for the work of ungraded classes and to cure speech defects.

Changing elementary schools into "combination" schools in the early morning or late afternoon.

Charge of a small admission fee to evening schools, returnable to the student in case of regular attendance.

Establishment of a central evening art school.

Large increase in the Summer vacation elementary schools and the evening recreation centres.

Opening of all school playgrounds in congested neighborhoods every afternoon, Sundays included, throughout the year.

Transfer of the enforcement of the compulsory education law from the City Superintendent's office to the Permanent Census Board.

Augmenting and increasing the pay of the City Superintendent's clerks.

Change of the method of compiling the eligible list of principals of elementary schools.

Establishment of day probationary schools and a children's savings bank.

In concluding his report, Supt. Maxwell says:

"The most immediate need of our city school system is a period of repose during which progress along the lines already sketched out may be made with the requisite care and consideration. Never, in an experience of thirty years as a Superintendent, have I known a year during which so many events happened to retard advancement and to dissipate the attention of school teachers and school officers from their legitimate work as during the year of 1910-1911.

"The preparation for three important exhibitions of school work; an investigation of every phase and part of the system by a committee of experts, acting under the direction of a committee of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment which had required the preparation of the reports and statistics in an enormous volume; the agitation over teachers' salaries which withdrew a good part of the energies of good teachers from their vocation and disturbed the minds of all teachers; and, finally, the tremendous controversy over the powerful but unsuccessful attempt to change the educational chapter of the charter by substituting paid for voluntary service in the Board of Education, by reducing your board from the rank of an independent State corporation to that of a city department, and by removing the safeguards of efficiency that now exist in the educational initiative of the Board of Superintendents and in the independence of the Board of Examiners; all of these events constituted in their accumulative effects obstructions to progress to a degree never before experienced in any one year."

Benjamin Veit, Principal of School 114, was appointed District Superintendent to succeed John L. N. Hunt, who was recently retired under the seventy-year limit rule. The appointment was by ballot, thirty-five members being present. The result was 32 votes favorable and 3 against. The salary is $5,000 a year, and the term of office six years.

The board, on the recommendation of the Board of Superintendents, made the following appointments and transfers of teachers:

Appointments.

DE WITT CLINTON HIGH SCHOOL.

Lawrence McTiernan, Charles Ham,
A. G. Panaroni, Alfred Loebenberg,
J. G. Cramer, E. B. Callahan,
L. W. Johnson.

WADLEIGH HIGH SCHOOL.

Eleanor S. Doty.

HIGH SCHOOL OF COMMERCE.

Fred W. Hartwell, Edwin T. Whiffen,
Harvey B. Clough, Kelsy C. Atticks.

WASHINGTON IRVING HIGH SCHOOL.

M. B. Greenstein, Elsie Stiebritz,
Alfred Sommerfirle, Julia M. Levins,
Laura C. Ferris, M. Louise Walter,
Flora R. Amos, Jacob M. Loring.
Ida Knopfmacher,

MORRIS HIGH SCHOOL.

P. A. Schwarzenbach, Amalie L. Althaus.

BOYS' HIGH SCHOOL.

Louis Brand.

MANUAL TRAINING HIGH SCHOOL.

John W. Harpshire, Charles Solomon.

EASTERN DISTRICT HIGH SCHOOL.

Dorothea Eltzner, Florence C. Davenport.
Sidney F. Katz,

COMMERCIAL HIGH SCHOOL.

Lloyd A. Rider, Michael Levine.

BAY RIDGE HIGH SCHOOL.

Eugene C. Morris.

BUSHWICK HIGH SCHOOL.

Ethel H. Averell, Henry J. Foley,
Thomas A. Humason, Isadore Finkler.
Arthur M. Taylor,

JAMAICA HIGH SCHOOL.

Warren J. Kibby.

NEWTOWN HIGH SCHOOL.

William A. Scholfield.

FLUSHING HIGH SCHOOL.

Charles W. Pickells, H. Louise Livermore.

FAR ROCKAWAY HIGH SCHOOL.

H. Louise McCutcheon.

TRANSFERS IN HIGH SCHOOL.

Sadie Harris, Girls' to Wadleigh.
Isabelle D. White, Far Rockaway to Washington Irving.
Louise C. Hazen, Washington Irving to Morris.
Helen Topping French, Erasmus Hall to Manual Training.
Walter Royal Jones, Wadleigh to Manual Training.
Martha Baggs, Girls' to Bay Ridge.
John P. Cahill, Jamaica to Bay Ridge.
Alice M. Gilliland, Jamaica to Bay Ridge.
Paul Handrich, Boys' to Bushwick.
Philip Nanes, Commercial to Bushwick.
Edward Fleischer, Commercial to Bushwick.
Roscoe A. Grant, De Witt Clinton to Jamaica.
Carl G. Schmidt, Flushing to Newtown.
Jennie L. Chapin, Flushing to Richmond Hill.
John C. Atwater, Commercial to Richmond Hill.

Elementary Schools—Promotions.

From Schedule B1 to Schedule B2.

MANHATTAN AND BROOKLYN.

Name.	From School.	To School.
Julia W. Fairchild	63	8
Amy Claxton	71	9
Lizzie A. Kinsey	26	16
Grace Wentworth	16	16
Louisa L. Dimes	19	19
Kate C. Cosgrove	23	23
Marian Jardine	35	35
Annie P. Fourot	35	35
Fanny Spear	36	36
Emma L. Taylor	37	37
Annette L. S. Fleischer	167	45
Caroline E. A. Baldwin	129	64
Stella L. Baker	12	64
Valerie E. Pogue	26	64
Mary L. Travers	70	70
Jennie M. Fairbanks	33	72
Caroline P. Trappan	74	74
Antoinette L. Duane	74	74
Lotte Hagelstein	74	75
Antoinie Hagelstein	75	75
Annie Craig	75	75
Agnes Finnegan	76	76
Nellie L. Arthur	78	78
Lillie L. S. Mayer	53	89
Alida C. Banta	32	89
Christine Deknatel	19	92
Myrtie E. Brice	35	92
Adelaide B. Dineen	69	100
Florence A. Crawford	133	100
Laura G. Brown	106	100
Mary E. Butler	67	*109
Anna T. O'Brien	6	*109
Helen Abendroth	152	†109
Victoria A. North	44	123
Maud A. Reed	141	125
Julia M. McNulty	39	127
Margaret Pfeiffer	10	134
Florence M. Wright	139	139
Elizabeth T. Regan	138	139
Meta A. Weihl	139	139
Ida K. Hinds	16	144
E. Addie Austin	21	145
Henrietta W. H. Luhrs	31	145
Lillian A. Blackmar	71	146
Emma V. McCleary	16	†147
Matilda E. Thorn	†147	†147
Grace E. Pritchett	56	149
Jennie E. Holmes	15	*156
Minnie E. Hughes	*156	*156
Mary Foley	26	157
Henrietta Wood	157	157
Esther E. Meister	136	158
Johanna Lyons	103	160
Adele Bookstaver	122	164
Helen M. O'Sullivan	4	4
Pauline B. Boyden	114	7
Loretta H. Burns	92	7
Edith H. Gluck	42	13
Anna L. Hoppock		13
Annie S. Core	159	14
Emily F. Rogers	†188	15
Helen Tompkins	15	15
Jennie Holde	18	19
Mary B. Dillon	21	21
Margaret E. Hyde	14	23
Cora M. Hill	23	23
Ethelyn Hartley	28	28
Alice M. Garsden	92	36
Janet E. McRae	32	36
Cornelia Hasbrouck	41	41
Agnes McRae	84	50
Ethel M. Sheerin	†101	53
Jean W. Hall	54	54
Bertha M. Spafford	72	59
Mary M. Dooling	17	‡62
Theresa H. Haskins	130	‡62
Alice Chambers	77	‡62
Emma L. Meffle	†156	‡62
Jennie B. Bryan	55	‡62
Katharine Duffy	6	‡62
Grace Halsey	37	72
Frances B. Thomas	76	76
Minnie B. Lente	141	84
M. Elizabeth Berkan	1	91
Sarah Crystal	144	91
Zaida L. Weeks	§10	†96
Frances A. Valentine	119	119
Georgia W. Hobson	98	132
Florence M. Coligon	159	159
Alice Tropp	159	159
Jane Ramsey	†170	†170
Kathleen M. Reilly	36	186
Annie Sutherland	*188	*188
THE BRONX.		
Rachel W. Huisizer	15	15
J. Gertrude Baxter	14	20
Christina L. Roe	10	20
Margaret C. Wood	19	28
Catherine E. Walters	13	28
Mabel R. Mendelson	29	29
Julia W. Fairchild	63	34
Mary J. Ward	35	35
Luella Bolenbaker	14	36
Jessie L. Hollohan	16	36
Catherine I. Boyle	27	39
Eleanor Connor	17	39
Emma F. Carney	27	39
Flora A. Molwitz	37	42
Netta M. Burton	28	42
Grace P. Ford	§39	42
Margaret M. Hughes	44	44
Jennie L. Hale	158	44
QUEENS.		
Ellen I. Santry	7	7
Eliza A. Tuthill	23	20
Catherine V. Willis	27	27
E. Josephine Rice	†147	34
Catherine V. Evers	*156	78
Harriet A. Sall	44	77
Mabel L. Moulthrop	162	77
Cecilia Meehan	26	77
Grace A. Wheat	106	77
Lucinda D. Merrill	81	81
Emma Helpman	17	85
RICHMOND.		
Sally G. Shanks	1	1

*B. †G. ‡Gr. §P.

Principal George O. Tappen of School 98 was transferred to School 100, and Principal Amelia Schaller of School 165 was transferred to School 29. Antonio Calitri was appointed teacher of Italian, and Hedwig Klein, Bessie L. Skinner, and Emily E. Bodetty were appointed teachers of sewing. Gertrude M. Croker was appointed a teacher in school for the deaf. Florence I. Rosen, a teacher in School 5, was transferred to School 42.

Five of the teachers whose names were submitted by the Board of Superintendents were not appointed by the Board of Education because they are married. Fourteen others were not appointed because they did not take the teaching test provided by the Board of Superintendents.

Five others were not appointed because of adverse reports. The Board of Education took this action without prejudice to the teachers affected by it. They will be allowed an opportunity to show why they should be appointed. The names of a large number of holders of the A licenses in Brooklyn were passed over because they declined in writing to be considered for promotion at this time.

CANTOR SIROTA SINGS.

Famous Jewish Tenor Heard in Religious and Secular Music.

Carnegie Hall was literally besieged last evening by a crowd eager to see and hear the famous Jewish cantor, Sirota, from Warsaw, who made then his first appearance before an American audience. The hall was filled to its utmost capacity and many would-be listeners were turned away. Mr. Sirota has a great reputation in Russia and Poland, and it has evidently extended to this country; for there are few tenors, perhaps only one other, who could have aroused such an interest in an evening's performance in Carnegie Hall.

So far as Mr. Sirota's part in it was concerned, the concert was chiefly devoted to liturgical songs as they are given in the synagogue; though he was also heard in the air "Celeste Aïda" from "Aïda," and an air from Haydn's oratorio of "The Creation," that was disguised on the programme with the title "Besimhon." There were also organ solos by Clarence Eddy and operatic airs sung by Mme. La Salle-Rabinoff. In the liturgical music there was a choir of fifty men and boys under the direction of L. Loew, and Vittorio Podesti, one of the conductors at the Metropolitan Opera House, played piano accompaniments for the secular music.

Features not ordinarily seen on the concert platform were a part of this performance; thus both Mr. Sirota, when he sang the liturgical music, and Mr. Loew, when he conducted the chorus that took part in it, appeared with tall silk hats, which they put on as soon as the music began in accordance with the custom of the synagogue, and took off when it was over. Mr. Sirota sang the secular airs from "Aïda" and "The Creation," however, hatless. The choir was vested in black robes and black caps.

Mr. Sirota has a remarkably robust and powerful tenor voice. It has not much refinement of quality, and it showed in some respects a lack of fine vocal style. Thus in "Celeste Aïda" he sang with a certain harshness and roughness, and in a way by main strength; yet, in the liturgical songs he executed the innumerable runs and passages, characteristic of the ancient Jewish traditional music and, indeed, of the Oriental music generally, with astonishing fluency and agility. There are few tenors nowadays, even of the most finished schooling, who could have surpassed him or even equaled him in this respect.

The pieces of this character that he sang were "Tow l'Hodos," Psalm 92, by L. Lewandowski, recitative and solos, with chorus and organ; "Rachmono d'One," by Mr. Loew, with organ; "Kduschah," by Mr. Loew, with chorus and organ; "Weschomru," an improvisation, and "Reze," by Schlossberg, with chorus and organ; "Berosch Haschonoh," New Year's prayer, by S. Sulzer, with chorus and organ. These are traditional, belonging to the Jewish worship airs, of great antiquity, harmonized or otherwise arranged, by the musicians whose names are affixed to them. Mr. Sirota's singing of them all had a strange and haunting fascination, from a musical point of view, entirely apart from the special value that may have been found in it as an expression of the liturgy of the synagogue. It had a fascination as of an embodiment of old and far-off things of long ago, and yet very vital to-day to singer and listeners; a wildness that might have come from the desert. It received rapturous approval from an audience evidently thoroughly and minutely familiar with each number.

The chorus that took part in this music was remarkably well trained in precision and accuracy of attack, and had great volume and power. Unfortunately, it was allowed, or induced, especially the boys' voices, to force its tone at times to the point of stridency.

Mme. La Salle Rabinoff sang "Caro Nome" from "Rigoletto," and the mad scene from "Lucia," and Mr. Eddy played a number of organ solos.

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GUS SOHLKE WINS FIGHT FOR FORTUNE

Weberfields Director to Share in the Estate of Wealthy Nuremberg Toymaker.

FIRES BURNED HIS PROOFS

Didn't Know He Was an Heir Till Aunt Who Saw His Name on Programme Introduced Herself.

Gus Söhlke, stage director for the new Weber & Fields show, who has long been a noted Broadway light, learned yesterday that he has won out in his fight to prove that he is the rightful heir to a fortune, receiving tangible proof of the fact in the form of a check for $1,062.04 as the first installment of his share of the German estate involved. The story of how he discovered that a big inheritance lay waiting for him reads like a romance, with all of the details of coincidences, of accidents of birth, of chance acquaintanceships that a skillful novelist might imagine.

In the first place Gus's real name is Hans Farina Marshall Augustus Söhlke. He is a son of Mme. Augusta Söhlke, a prima ballerina, who created a furor here in the days of the old Niblo's Garden, when she appeared in "The Black Crook." Theatrical historians tell of the success she made in this country, first at Niblo's and later at Banvard's Museum, now Daly's Theatre, in an extravaganza called "Life." Gus was then an infant.

Mme. Söhlke was married when she was 18 years old, while she was appearing at the Paris Grand Opera. She and her husband went to Holland to live, and Gus was born there, after the death of his father. The Franco-Prussian war occurred, and the house in which Mme. Söhlke was living with her baby was burned, and with it the records of the marriage and the birth of the child.

Then she came to America in the early seventies, bringing her baby along. She lived at Fifth Avenue and Washington Square in an old mansion. There, too, a fire destroyed all her belongings, and thus Gus grew up without any documents to prove his birth and relationship. Mme. Söhlke died when he was about 6 years old.

Mme. Söhlke had a brother and three sisters. The brother was Augustus Söhlke, a toymaker of Nuremburg, who became wealthy through "Söhlke's Puppen," or dolls, as well known in America as in Germany. He made good investments, and when he died he left an estate of approximately $240,000, willed in trust to his four sisters. Frau M. Lippitt of Karlstadt, Bohemia, was made executrix, with power to pay to the four heirs the interest from the estate for a certain period, and then turn over the principal to them. His death occurred only a short time before that of Mme. Augusta Söhlke.

Gus, in the meantime, was growing up into a theatrical producer. He passed through the preliminary stages of being an actor, and a stage manager. A few years ago he was engaged to produce "The French Maid," a musical comedy that was put on at the Herald Square Theatre. His name appeared on the programme as producer, and one night Mme. Anna Rew, a voice culturist and teacher of elocution, happened to be in the house. She saw the name was her own, and went back on the stage to interview the young producer. It turned out that she was his aunt, his mother's older sister. She immediately communicated with Frau Lippitt in Karlstadt and told her that the missing heir had been found.

Gus, however, had no means of proving that he was Mme. Augusta Söhlke's son, and the German courts were not inclined to take his word for it. Frau Lippitt was satisfied, though, and for several years she occasionally sent Gus sums of money from the estate, always with the admonition that he use the money toward the education of his son, (Gus's son is about 8 years old now,) and not to risk it in speculation.

Gus, finding that the matter was assuming proportions worth considering, retained the law firm of House, Grossman & Vorhaus to help him trace his relationship to the old toymaker. The first evidence they obtained was a photograph in the possession of Will J. Davis, a theatrical manager of Chicago. This showed Mme. Augusta Söhlke holding her young son in her arms. A later photograph was unearthed by George Lederer, the old manager of the Casino. These, with testimony of people who had known Gus from boyhood, were sent to Germany, and the courts there were satisfied.

Yesterday Gus received the first check from his lawyers for $1,062.04. This, it was explained, would be followed by other checks until the amount of back interest due him was paid up. Just what is the present value of his share of the estate is uncertain. Thirty years ago, when Augustus Söhlke died, it was about $60,000, but it has increased considerably since then. Much of it is in American securities, including bonds of the Pennsylvania, the Central Pacific, the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé, and the Union Pacific Railroads.

Mrs. Lawrence Gillespie Improves.

Mrs. Lawrence L. Gillespie, who has been ill at her home, 108 East Seventieth Street, under the care of Dr. J. Clifton Edgar and Dr. Austin Flint, Jr., was reported yesterday to be improving rapidly. Mrs. Gillespie was Miss Irene Sherman, daughter of the late William Watts Sherman and sister of Lady Camoys.

Reception for Mrs. E. T. Stotesbury.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 14.—Mrs. Edward T. Stotesbury, wife of the local partner of J. P. Morgan, to-day made her initial bow to Philadelphia society at a reception given in her honor by Mrs. Sydney Emlen Hutchinson, her daughter-in-law.

H. M. Wheaton, Annapolis Coach, Weds

ST. LOUIS, Feb. 14.—Miss Esther C. Tilton, a belle of the St. Louis social season, and Henry M. Wheaton of Baltimore, were married here this afternoon at the home of the bride's parents. Mr. Wheaton was a football player at Yale, and is now coach of the Annapolis Naval Academy football and baseball teams.

Miss Barrymore to Go to Criterion.

When Mrs. Fiske comes to the Empire Theatre on Feb. 26 in "Lady Patricia," Ethel Barrymore and her company in "A Slice of Life" and "Cousin Kate" will move to the Criterion Theatre for an extra run of fourteen nights. After that John Barrymore will return to Liebler & Co., and Hattie Williams, the third member of "A Slice of Life" cast, will head her own organization in a play already announced.

Olcott Breaks Record at the Grand.

There was rejoicing at the Grand Opera House last night in the fact that Chauncey Olcott in "Macushla" had broken the house records, the takings of the night at popular prices, with nothing more than a dollar, being $1,700. Wherefore it is gratefully announced that Mr. Olcott will play a return engagement at the same theatre in May.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Ned Wayburn will make his first vaudeville appearance in New York next week at Hammerstein's Victoria Theatre in his own sketch, called "The Producer."

Paul Orleneff and his Russian players will give a special matinee of Ibsen's "Ghosts" at the Russian Theatre, 31 East Fourth Street, next Saturday afternoon. This will be the only matinee to be given by Orleneff this season.

Rehearsals of Oliver Morosco's production of "The Truth Wagon" have been temporarily discontinued on account of an accident to Max Figman, who is to play the leading role. Mr. Figman slipped on the icy pavement Sunday and ruptured a blood vessel in his leg below the knee. He will be confined to his room for several days.

The Mountain Ash Male Choir of Wales has been engaged by Martin Beck to appear over the Orpheum circuit. The singers are all miners and have worked underground. T. Glydwr Richards is the director and the soloists are G. Wilym Taff and Godfrey Price.

Contracts were signed yesterday in the office of Sanger & Jordon, play brokers, whereby Jack London, the story writer, and Lee Arthur, the dramatist, are to collaborate in dramatic authorship for a term of years. Their first play is almost completed.

GOV. HUNT INAUGURATED.

First Chief Executive of Arizona After Admission to Statehood.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Feb. 14.—With Western simplicity George W. P. Hunt was inaugurated to-day as the first State Governor of Arizona. A few hours earlier word had come by telegraph that President Taft had signed the proclamation admitting Arizona to the Union, the last of the Territories on contiguous soil and the forty-eighth State.

In the ceremonies attendant upon the birth of the State, the military was conspicuous by its absence, the new Governor being averse to ostentation. There was but a meager display even of silk hats and frock coats, which invaded Arizona only a few years ago.

Accompanied by a number of the newly elected State officers and a few close friends, Gov. Hunt, who began life in Arizona a quarter of a century ago as a waiter in a small mining camp restaurant, walked to the Capitol Building, which stands about a mile from the centre of the city.

The new Governor of Arizona is a native of Missouri, and is not yet 50 years old. He came to Arizona in the early 80's and "punched" a burro into Globe. He became a clerk in the Old Dominion Commercial Company, of which he is now President and largest owner.

NO NEW FLAG TILL JULY 4.

Then It Will Have 48 Stars — Taft Signs Arizona Proclamation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—In the presence of many Arizonans who had journeyed to Washington for the occasion, President Taft to-day signed the proclamation admitting Arizona to the Union as the forty-eighth State. As the President attached his signature three moving picture men cranked their machines and a half dozen photographers snapped him.

After signing the proclamation President Taft sent this telegram to Richard E. Sloan, retiring territorial Governor:

> I have this morning signed the proclamation declaring Arizona to be a State of the Union. I congratulate the people of this our newest Commonwealth upon the realization of their long cherished ambition. Best wishes to the retiring and the incoming officials.

Later in the day the President sent to the Senate the nomination of Mr. Sloan to be United States District Judge for the new State. Confirmation of nomination will be fought by Democratic Senators, it is said, on complaint of Arizona Democrats, who charge that the Governor was not in sympathy with the Arizona Constitution, and especially opposed the recall of Judges.

The admission of New Mexico and Arizona as States has been followed with much talk about there being 47 or 48 stars in the flag, but, as a matter of fact, there will be only 46 stars in the official flags until July 4 next. The admission of a new State is never recognized in the flag until the National birthday. Section 1,792 of the Revised Statutes, which has been in force since April 4, 1818, says:

> On the admission of a new State into the Union one star shall be added to the Union of the flag; and such addition shall take effect on the 4th day of July then next succeeding such admission.

Some time before the next Fourth of July the Secretary of War will issue a general order declaring that on and after July 4 next the field of the flag shall consist of forty-eight stars in a stipulated number of rows designating the number of stars in each row. The order will also contain a diagram showing the exact arrangement of the stars. The Navy Department will issue a similar order for the navy, and the Treasury and other departments will do likewise. There will be an executive order from the White House covering the use of official flags not covered by the various department orders. These orders will be issued long enough before July 4 to enable all the Government services to be supplied with flags of the new design, so that on July 4 every Government staff will fly a proper flag.

The present flag of forty-six stars has four rows of eight stars each, the first, second, fourth, and sixth from the top and seven in the other two rows. The new flag is almost certain to have an arrangement of six rows of eight stars each.

Hampton Institute Benefit.

A meeting will be held for the benefit of Hampton Institute in Carnegie Hall on Feb. 26. Joseph H. Choate will speak. A chorus of forty Hampton students will give representations of Indian and negro life in songs and dances.

TIMES SQUARE SET AFIRE.

Gasoline Stream from Leaking Auto Tank Ignited by Cigarette.

In a block of traffic at the Forty-second Street and Broadway end of Times Square early yesterday evening, an automobile, driven by a woman, was bumped by another car. It in turn bumped a big touring car, owned by Joseph H. Hoadley, President of the Alabama Consolidated Coal and Iron Company, puncturing the gasoline tank of the latter machine, which was driven by Thomas Paterson of 1,882 Cedar Avenue, the Bronx.

Hundreds of passersby gathered about the damaged machine, as it was being moved across Forty-second Street, and one of them carelessly flipped a lighted cigarette into the gasoline, which had leaked from the tank at the rear of the machine and run underneath it to the gutter, spreading up Broadway. There was a sudden spurt of flame, which leaped along the street and back under the automobile to the leaking tank.

Seeing the car enveloped by flames, Traffic Policeman Thomas Shanahan called for volunteers from the crowd, and began backing the machine away from the burning stream of gasoline, while the spectators scattered in fear of an explosion.

Meanwhile a chemical extinguisher was brought from a nearby restaurant, and kept the automobile from catching fire. In response to a fire alarm which had been turned in Engine Companies No. 26 and 65 appeared on the scene with four engines, two trucks, and a water tower in charge of battalion Chiefs Fox and Lynch and Deputy Battalion Chief Terpney. The flames were then extinguished without difficulty.

Bronxville Postmaster Fined $500.

Samuel L. Riley, Postmaster of Bronxville, pleaded guilty yesterday in the District Court to selling stamps in large quantities to residents of that place for use in their businesses in this city. Judge Hough declared that though the offense was not as grave as a Post Office robbery, it was still serious, and he imposed a fine of $500.

The Diamond SAFETY TREAD TIRE

Any curb-stone will *stop* a skid—but only

The Diamond Safety Tread Tire will prevent a car starting to skid on slippery, greasy streets.

It is based on a scientific principle worked out by DIAMOND Engineers. You know how a squeegee window cleaner works. The Diamond Safety Tread works the same way, and IT WILL NOT SKID

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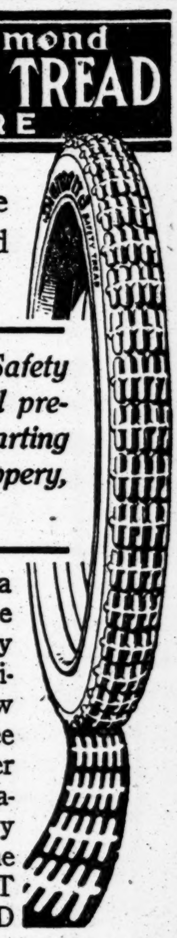

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Model D
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A large five-passenger car. The simplicity and balance of this model is such that it controls and rides with the utmost ease. There is no fatigue to the occupants or the driver, even on the longest tour.

Franklin air cooling stands as the most efficient cooling system yet devised. When the motor is running 2,000 cubic feet of air pass down over the cylinders every minute. This volume and rush of air literally wipes the heat away. There can be no cooling difficulties.

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To Motor Manufacturers:

Walters Phillips, late member of The Humber Company and the best known man and most popular amongst agents in the British motor trade, is open to undertake the sole handling of a first-class American car in the United Kingdom; financial guarantees to any amount desired. Communicate at once with Phillips, care Lang's Advertising Contractors, Tudor House, London, England. Cable address Vivacidad, London.

Automobile Exchange

The car you are looking for and automobile accessories advertised in this column. Unreliable advertisements rejected.

ADVERTISING RATES per agate line: One insertion, 25c.; three insertions a week, including one on Sunday, 60c.; seven consecutive insertions, $1.05.

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Factory rebuilt and fully guaranteed.
You can save money by buying now and take delivery at your convenience.

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WIND SHIELDS at great reductions. All new, from $10 up.
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FOR CASH OR EASY PAYMENTS.
Prices, $150 to $3,000.
BROADWAY AUTO EXCHANGE,
1,761 Broadway, between 56th and 57th.

Pierce-Arrow limousine, 1911—36 H. P., 6-cylinder; run exactly 6,500 miles and carrying the same guarantee as a new car; complete equipment, including demountable rims; price $3,750. Ellis Motor Car Co., New Jersey dealers Pierce-Arrow cars, Newark.

Peerless touring car, 38.8 h. p., excellent condition, fully equipped, newly painted, and very elegant; cost $4,800; run one season; price $2,250. Thos Z. Lee, 49 Westminster St., Providence, R. I.

1910 Haynes toy tonneau touring car, fully equipped; condition guaranteed perfect; owner buying larger car; rare bargain. 360 Cumberland St., Brooklyn.

Packard, 1911, "30," runabout chassis with inclosed coupe body; paint and mechanical condition excellent; speedometer; Klaxon horn; one extra tire. C 26 Times.

Renault, Itala, Isotta, and Locomobile limousine cars; late models and in perfect condition; great opportunity to quick buyers. Astor, 1606 Broadway.

For Sale—1909 Pope-Hartford roadster; perfect condition; complete equipment; demonstration. For particulars 'phone Bay Ridge 2666.

Marmon, 1911, four-passenger suburban roadster; perfect condition. Sterling Place Garage, 790 Sterling Place, Brooklyn.

Matheson limousine, 4-cylinder, 7-passenger; accessories; A1 condition; price reasonable. S 263 Times Downtown.

A fine Chalmers limousine, 1911, 30 h. p., slightly used; guaranteed. K. C. Darling, 208 West 50th St.

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CHARLES GRIFFITHS CO.,
238 East 20th St. Phone Gramercy 5344.
Automobile repairing, rebuilding, &c.; first-class machine shop; handle all class of work pertaining to the business; recharging, vulcanizing; all work guaranteed; prices reasonable.

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Packard cars for hire, 1910, by hour, day, week, or month. William Lee, 65 West 118th St. Telephone Harlem 5500.

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Automobile dead storage, $5 per month. F. Hulburg, 231 St. Nicholas Av.

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BOSCH MAGNETOS INSTALLED scientifically and reasonable. B. M. CO., 223 West 46th St.
BUICK Motor Co., B'way, bet. 55th & 56th St. 'Phone 4040 Columbus.
CORBIN 1,888 Broadway, (63d St.) 'Phone 5903 Columbus.
CADILLAC Cars, Parts, Repairs, Garage. Columbus Circle. Tel. 7700 Col.
EVERITT Self-starting cars. Shepherd Motor Car Co., B'way, near 51st St.
FIAT "THE MASTER CAR." Fiat Automobile Co., 1,776 Broadway. 'Phone 6445 Col.
KNOX Knox Automobile Company, 1966-1968 Broadway. 'Phone 4338 Col.
NATIONAL Poertner Motor Car Co., 1,923 B'way, cor. 64th St. 'Phone 3188-7 Col.
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BOXER $3.01 OUT IN LONG ACRE BATTLE

English Boy Sells Tickets, Pays Forfeit, and Gets Nothing for Bout with West.

When a boxing club exacts a twenty-five-dollar forfeit from a boxer because he failed to sell $150 worth of tickets, takes $4 for advertising the show, and finally collects $65 from him for tickets sold, and gives him $26.99 for his efforts in the star bout, the time for action has arrived. Such was the verdict of the State Athletic Commission yesterday, after listening to the story of Tommy Dyer, an English boxer, who arrived here three weeks ago and engaged in his first bout at the Long Acre A. A. last Saturday night against Billy West.

Dyer made a creditable showing in the bout and protested when the referee stopped the contest in the ninth round because he had injured his arm. He was just as game in the loss of his $25, and appeared before the commission simply to tell that the club was holding back $40 due him for his bout with West. The financial methods of the Long Acre club were brought to light during the hearing. A contract between the Long Acre Club and the boxer, signed by Billy Neumann, was the evidence.

According to the terms of this contract Dyer was to box ten rounds with West at the Long Acre Club last Saturday night. He had to post a forfeit of $25 that he would sell $150 worth of tickets for the show, and if he failed to sell the stipulated amount the $25 would be added to what he sold in order to make up the deficiency—in other words, revert to the club. Dyer was to receive 25 per cent. of the gross receipts for his services, and agreed to stand one-third of the expense of advertising the show. For this item he contributed $4, but he has yet to see the evidence of the advertising outlay. The contract does not include West, as do the usual contracts between boxing clubs and contestants for the star bout. It was a personal arrangement with Dyer, and signed by Billy Neumann.

Dyer worked hard to sell his allotment of tickets and did remarkably well for a stranger in America. He disposed of $65 worth, and turned the money over Saturday night, making a total of $94 that he had paid into the club. His $25 was kept by the club because he had failed to sell the $150 worth of tickets.

The receipts of the show were $284. West had sold $112 worth of tickets and the remaining $107 was taken in at the club door. With the State's 5 per cent. commission deducted, there remained about $270, of which 50 per cent. was to go to the boxers, or $67.45 to each boxer. Dyer fought nine hard rounds, and when paying-off time arrived he was handed $26.99. He paid his chief second $1, and this, with the $29 he had previously paid the club, left him a loser to the extent of $3.01. He has since tried to collect the remainder of his 25 per cent., but he has failed. This led him to take the case to the commission, and then the facts about the forfeit were brought out.

It was known at the commission's office that boxers are often required to sell tickets for the shows in which they figure, but no such arrangement as this had reached the Commissioners' attention, and it was harshly denounced. The Long Acre A. A. was ordered to refund the $25, which, the Commissioners declared, was "exacted unfairly," and also the remainder of the money due Dyer, in all $65.46. This must be paid immediately, and Billy Neumann will be brought before the commission to explain his methods and to hear some opinions.

M. J. Daly of the Gowanus A. C. of Brooklyn entered a complaint with the commission against Terry McGovern, the once great featherweight, and recently a referee at the Gowanus club. In the complaint Mr. Daly asks that Terry's license as a referee be revoked. He declared that Terry was discharged as club referee on Jan. 6, and that on Monday night last Terry entered the clubhouse, used abusive language, and finally assaulted him. A warrant for McGovern's arrest has been issued by a Brooklyn Magistrate. Terry will have his innings with the commission next Wednesday.

The commission heard the cases of Fred Heinzer, formerly manager of Young Hickey, against Hickey for breach of contract; also that of the Brooklyn Beach A. C. against Frankie Pass for failure to box Jack Doyle on Feb. 5, and both were put over until next week for settlement.

A license was granted to the Queensborough A. C. of Long Island City.

The case of the National Sporting Club is now in the hands of Deputy Attorney General McQuaid, who is reviewing the testimony.

KELLY WINS AT SHARKEY'S.

Ryan, However, Engages His Opponent in Fast Boxing.

Eddie Kelly of Harlem outpointed Ritchey Ryan of the west side last night at the Sharkey A. C. in a fast and interesting bout. Kelly was entitled to a decision by his cleverness and clean punches over the rugged and hard-hitting Ryan.

Ryan, who always displays the rough-and-ready style of work, showed his usual form, but the Harlemite was too fast and clever for him, avoiding many hard blows. There was never a let-up in the entire ten rounds. The west sider always forced matters, with his opponent side-stepping and getting out of harm's way, only to slip in with a neat left jab to the face or score with his right to the body. In the early rounds Ryan always carried the work to Smith, but toward the end he tired somewhat from the steady aggressiveness, and slowed up in the closing sessions.

Ryan showed some good flashes at the start, and in the third round had Kelly on the defense for the greater part of the round. He scored with hard right and left uppercuts to the body, which had their effect on Kelly, but he was never in real danger.

After the fifth round Kelly, seeing that the best blows of Ryan would not do any harm, began to display better work by going in and meeting his opponent in the clinches. He swapped punches with Ryan in close, and scored several times with a left hook to the face which caused Ryan's nose to swell. In the last two rounds both boys worked hard and fast, having to be parted by the referee many times after indulging in fast mixups.

Foreign Stars Box To-night.

Two strangers to New York boxing fans, Louis De Ponthieu of France and Billy Marchant of England, will clash in the star bout at the National Sporting Club to-night. This bout should be the equal of the contest last Thursday night. Marchant will be matched to fight the winner of the Matty Baldwin and K. O. Brown fight which occurs at this club the following Thursday, if he defeats De Ponthieu. The latter is a sturdy, willing boy, who is always on the move and giving his opponent no rest until the final gong rings. He is an ambitious little fighter and under the able instructions of Frank Erne he is rapidly becoming proficient in the American style of fighting. Marchant is the most unconcerned fighter who has visited America. He thinks no more of his opponent once he is matched. He says they all look alike to him and that it is his ambition to box Wolgast for the championship.

Raicevich to Return to Italy.

Giovanni Raicevich, the Italian wrestler, will sail for his home in Pisa, Italy, to-day on the steamship La Provence. Raicevich snapped a ligament on both sides of his right knee in his match with Zbyszko at Madison Square Garden on Monday night as the result of a "toe hold" used by the latter in gaining the first fall in 54 minutes 52 seconds, after which the Italian was unable to continue. Dr. John R. Bolognino of 311 West Twenty-eighth Street incased the injured member in a plaster cast and ordered Raicevich to quit wrestling and take an absolute rest for at least a month. Instead of remaining inactive here, Raicevich decided to return to his home in Pisa.

Americus, Zbyszko, and Roller Win.

BALTIMORE, Md., Feb. 14.—Six of the best heavyweight wrestlers in the country competed on the mat at the Monumental Sporting Club here to-night.

"Americus" (Gus Schoenlein) of Baltimore defeated Romanoff, the Russian, in two straight falls of 25 minutes 21 seconds and 13 minutes 35 seconds, respectively.

Zbyszko won from Schmidt, who says he is German champion, in two straight falls of 25 minutes and 11 minutes, respectively.

Dr. Roller of Seattle won a fall from Lundin, the Swedish champion, in 15 minutes. Lundin did not resume, asserting that his knee had been injured.

KLINE KNOCKS OUT DOYLE.

Philadelphian Takes Count in Fifth Round at Long Acre A. A.

Patsy Kline of Newark knocked out Jack Doyle of Philadelphia in the fifth round of the bout scheduled to go ten rounds at the Long Acre A. A. last night. A left swing to the jaw as Doyle turned around after jumping away from Kline started the Philadelphian to defeat, and after landing a half dozen blows with both hands Kline shot out a right which ended the bout. Doyle was able to regain his feet shortly after the count of ten was finished, and declared that he was able to continue.

The boys were about evenly matched in weight, Kline weighing 124 pounds and Doyle 125. Doyle had the advantage in height and reach, but Kline was of a more rugged build, and carried far more power in his punches than Doyle showed. As a boxer Doyle was Kline's superior, and several times he held his opponent off and danced around the ring, shooting jab after jab against Kline's head. But when they came to close quarters the Jerseyite doubled up Doyle with his terrible body punches, and the Philadelphian was compelled to clinch repeatedly to avoid punishment.

Of the four rounds boxed before the knockout each boxer won two. Kline came back strong in the first round after a strong start by Doyle and gained the honors. He downed Doyle once, but the latter was up in an instant. Doyle's hard body punches gained him the honors again in the second round, when he downed Kline a second time. In the third and fourth rounds Doyle had slightly the better of the going, due to his clever boxing and fast footwork. He took some hard body punches, but more than evened matters with his continued jabbing.

The knockout came a minute after the bell sounded in the fifth round. Kline first staggered Doyle with a left swing and followed his advantage quickly with a shower of upper cuts, winning with a hard right punch.

POGGENBURG A WINNER.

Defeats Former Champion, E. W. Gardner, by Score of 400 to 348.

Edward W. Gardner of Passaic, former amateur champion of Class A 18.2 balkline billiard player of America, met his third defeat last night in the international championship series under the auspices of the Liederkranz Club, when Ferdinand Poggenburg tallied his required 400 points in his game against Gardner's 348. His other conquerors were Dr. Mial and Joseph Mayer of Philadelphia.

Gardner met with his downfall at the afternoon session in which he started with a lead of 30 in his opening inning, gained mostly by open table play. Twenty-two innings were required by Poggenburg before he was able to get into the van, which he did with successive runs of 25 and 35, after which he had apparently little difficulty in maintaining his advantage.

The former champion made a run of 27 toward the latter part of the game, but Poggenburg was not to be denied and he came through in his final sessions with strings of 22 and 14. The score:

Gardner—30 0 2 8 1 14 23 23 0 0 0 21 9 18 10 0 2 9 12 15 1 12 15 1 12 1 15 2 0 6 27 0 2 3 4 12 5 5 5 1 8 2 2 17 1, Total—348.

Poggenburg—1 0 13 21 10 5 25 15 1 45 3 3 11 1 1 0 0 7 7 15 0 25 35 2 5 6 2 10 2 1 9 0 2 5 12 3 1 15 3 15 3 0 22 14. Total—400. Averages Poggenburg, 9 22-42; Gardner, 8 12-42. High runs—Poggenburg, 45, 35, 25; Gardner, 30, 23, 23. Referee—Mr. Gallagher.

The evening contest showed Joseph Mayer of Philadelphia, at the top of his form, for, despite a few innings when he was left comparatively safe with little or no chance of tallying, he played very fine balkline, making a total of 84 in his twenty-second inning, which he followed soon afterward with a string of 54, accomplished by particularly fine all-around play.

Dr. Mial, his opponent, showed in very good form in his thirty-first inning with 52 to his credit, the best billiards he has played in the tournament. Aside from this and the above named periods the game was long drawn out and the medium of slow play. Mayer won by a score of 400 to 315, going out with a run of 23 on the best balkline of the tournament, in view of the fact that he had the spheres in a corner for the greater part of his run. The summary:

Dr. L. L. Mial—0 0 5 0 0 18 0 6 3 4 5 0 5 2 0 0 0 6 19 4 12 13 1 5 1 15 3 2 0 3 52 13 0 16 4 8 17 0 7 0 9 2 0 0 27 28 0 0 15.—315.

Joseph Mayer—0 0 8 0 4 13 8 0 1 25 3 3 0 1 25 3 3 1 28 0 0 0 1 0 0 2 84 3 5 6 2 3 2 54 0 4 9 0 4 4 18 12 5 23 1 1 8 28 2 1 0 23.—400.

Averages—Mayer, 8 16-48. Mial, 6 27-48. High runs—Mayer, 84 54 88; Mial, 52 28 27. Referee—Tom Gallagher.

Clean Sweep for St. Louis Billiardist.

Elmer Farrar, who represents St. Louis, won his third straight victory from Brooklyn when he defeated Charles Otis in last night's game of the National Intercity Three-Cushion-Carrom Billiard League at Keeney's Knickerbocker Academy in Brooklyn by the score of 50 to 43, in ninety-three innings. This is the final game of the three-game series with Brooklyn, and in each contest Farrar has won for St. Louis. His high run last night was 4 points, while Otis's best effort netted him a run of 3 points. The St. Louis team will play a three-game series with the New York team at Doyle's Academy, beginning to-night.

Muldaur Defeats Isaacs with Cue.

In the second game last night of the Harlem Class A amateur 18.2 balk line billiard tournament at the Morningside Billiard Academy, 125th Street and Seventh Avenue, Marcus Muldaur defeated M. Isaacs by the score of 200 to 161 in thirty-two innings. Muldaur displayed good form and led from the start. His high runs were 39 and 28, and he had an average of 6 8-32. Isaacs made high runs of 24, 17, and 15, and averaged 5 1-32. B. Johnson officiated as referee. This evening George P. B. Clark, National Amateur Class B champion, will oppose S. E. Reed.

Hoppe in Poor Billiard Form.

Willie Hoppe, who is practicing for his match with George Sutton for the 18.1-inch balk-line billiard championship on March 15, defeated Percy Collins of Chicago last night at McGraw's billiard room by the score of 400 to 206. Hoppe did not show any of his usual form, averaging only 14 23-29.

Central Park Pololsts Win.

Eighteen couples took part last night in the music ride at the Central Park Riding Academy, in which they put through a hard set of drills which required their trotting and prancing about the tan bark for almost two hours.

After the ride the fourth game of indoor polo series between the teams of the Central Park Academy and Durland's was played, the home trio being victorious by the score of 5 to 2. The game served to enliven the crowd, which had become tired of the long time consumed by the riding class. At the close of the first period the Central Park trio were in the lead with a 4 to 0 score, but in the final period made only one goal, while the visitors secured two. The line-up:

Central Park.	Positions.	Durland's.
J. S. Casey	One	B. Fennell
C. Gerhardt	Two	F. Smith
J. E. Maher	Back	N. Erlanger

Goals—First period, Casey, 2; Gerhardt, 1; Maher, 1. Second period, Gerhardt, 1; Fennell, 1; Erlanger, 1. Time of periods—Fifteen minutes.

NOTES OF THE BOXERS.

Eddie Powers of Brooklyn and Danny Ridge, the east side lightweight, will figure in the star bout at the Fordon A. C. to-night.

According to advices from New Orleans Frankie Burns of Jersey City has found it almost impossible to make 116 pounds for his bout with Johnny Coulon next Sunday, and he has been trying to effect a compromise. Burns would like to do 118 pounds, but it is not likely that Coulon will consent.

Sid Smith, the English flyweight champion, who was matched with Young Solsberg for next Tuesday night at the Royale A. C., sprained an ankle while training and will not be able to fill the date. Smith is thinking of returning to England until he is in condition to box again.

Johnny Moran and Johnny Lore of the west side will hook up in the star bout at the Sharkey A. C. Saturday night.

The ten-round bouts at the Fairmont A. C. Saturday night will bring together Joe White of Boston vs. Young Kurtz of Newark, Willie Chandler of New York vs. Irish Mahon of Newark, and Young Reddy of New York vs. Tommy Andrichs of Newark. Two six-round bouts will precede the longer events.

Owen Moran will get busy next Monday night after a long layoff. His opponent will be Joe Bedell of Brooklyn, and the bout will be staged at the Carlyle A. C. of Brooklyn.

Knockout Brown has started light training for his bout with Matty Baldwin at the National Sporting Club next week. Brown's recent bouts have kept him in fighting trim and he will have little work to do in fitting himself for the contest with Baldwin.

AMERICAN LEAGUE ADOPTS SCHEDULE

Boston Opens in New York on April 11—Bowerman and Shannon Released.

CHICAGO, Ill., Feb. 14.—Owing to the late arrival of some of the team owners, the American Baseball League's annual schedule meeting to-day lasted only a short time, and adjournment was taken until to-morrow. The schedule for the year was adopted to-day, and to-morrow will be devoted to disposing of miscellaneous business. No objection was offered to the schedule as prepared by the committee.

As usual, the season will consist of 154 games. It will open April 11 and close Oct. 6. Opening games will be played with St. Louis at Chicago, Detroit at Cleveland, Washington at Philadelphia, and Boston at New York.

The big trades that were expected to-day failed to materialize. Only one deal, the sale of Harry H. ("Doc") Gessler, an outfielder, by Washington to Kansas City, was announced. At the same time, however, Manager Charlie Carr of Kansas City announced the unconditional release of Frank Bowerman and "Spike" Shannon, once famous members of the New York Nationals. Bowerman refused to sign and Shannon's legs have failed him.

Unless the unexpected happens, according to President Charles Somers, President of the Cleveland Club, George Stovall, whose name has been connected with many proposed trades this Winter, will remain with that team. Several propositions were made to Somers to-day for his first baseman, but none of them appealed to him. He says Stovall is satisfied to work in the ranks for Manager Harry Davis, and unless an exceptionally good offer is made for Stovall he will be kept.

Most of the trade and sale talk to-day came from American Association managers, who are hot after big league cast-offs. Managers Jimmy Burke of Indianapolis, Charles Carr of Kansas City, and Hugh Duffy of Milwaukee conferred with several managers regarding men. Duffy is certain to obtain several Chicago men, Burke expects a catcher, a pitcher, and an infielder before April 1, and Carr is angling for a pitcher. Jack Hendricks of the Denver Western League Club has been promised two Boston players.

Al Dolan, third baseman of the New York Club, who has been inclined to balk at the contract offered him, dropped into the meeting and signed after a short conference with Manager Harry Wolverton.

TO PLAY BALL AT 3:30.

Giants Plan to Start Games Half Hour Earlier Hereafter.

Judging from the attitude of the National League powers in New York, the baseball games this season will commence at 3:30 instead of 4 o'clock. The question of earlier games has been agitated for some time, but it was not until yesterday that Joseph D. O'Brien, Secretary of the New York Club, announced that in all probability games would be started a half hour earlier than usual.

The question was discussed at some length, and after five hours of talk it was decided that the club owners could start the games at the time which best suited the convenience of the patrons of the Polo Grounds and Washington Park in Brooklyn.

The league Directors did little yesterday except talk, and after being closeted all day in the sun parlor, they adjourned until this afternoon.

One of the new amendments of the constitution concerning fines is as follows:

"That when a player or manager is fined the maximum penalty of $200 and suspended for more than ten days said suspended player may appeal to the Board of Directors for a review of his fine and suspension."

The rule requiring a club to limit its players to twenty-five after May 15 was amended so that the manager, or playing manager, will not be counted as one of the players included in the limitation.

The rules governing postponed games, which required notification of the President of the league and the visiting club of a date set for playing off the postponed game, was changed under Section 45 by the amendment: "That the home club must bulletin all clubs of the date selected for playing the game, and the game so played must become a part of the championship schedule."

It was recommended that the rule governing the world's series provide for paying into the National and American Leagues' treasuries 25 per cent. of the share of the receipts of each of the contesting clubs. It is expected that the American League will approve a similar measure. This permanent fund, Secretary John Heydler explained, would thus benefit the other seven clubs of each league by contributing to the operating expenses, including the payment of umpires, officers, and other expenses, and reducing the payments heretofore made for this purpose by all the clubs. As all the clubs participate in making the championship possible, it is believed they should receive this return at the end of each season and for the benefit of all the clubs as well as the league.

The league did not finish all the additions to the National agreement, and the various features of this compact will be discussed at the adjourned meeting to-day.

Features of the rules governing the world's series will also be discussed to-day, and it is expected that the league will adopt a rule governing the series which will throw the responsibility of the ticket sale on the commission, instead of the competing clubs.

New Tiger Pitcher Signs.

HELENA, Mon., Feb. 14.—Alex Ramneas, who pitched for the Helena team of the Union Association last season, announced to-day that he had signed a contract with the Detroit Americans.

Packey McFarland Wins.

SOUTH BEND, Ind., Feb. 14.—Packey McFarland successfully defended his claims against Eddie Murphy to-night in a ten-round bout, which went the limit.

THREE SET TENNIS MATCHES.

Semi-Final Round of National Indoor Singles Will Be Played To-day.

Three set matches were necessary to decide which players were to occupy the lower bracket and to meet each other to-day in the semi-final round of the singles event in the National indoor lawn tennis championships, which began Saturday on the courts of the Seventh Regiment Armory, Sixty-sixth Street and Park Avenue. In one of these W. B. Cragin, Jr., defeated Gilbert Plimpton, formerly of the Longwood Cricket Club, Boston, after dropping the second set. Plimpton speeded up in this set, and his accurate placing caused Cragin to make many errors in his efforts to reach the ball. In the last set, however, Cragin was in command from the very start, and it was not until the score was 5 to 0 against him that Plimpton was able to capture a game, his only one in the set. In the other strenuous contest Arthur S. Cragin won the first set from G. C. Shafer by hard hitting at opportune times, but went off badly in the second and was no match for the steady play of his opponent. A deuce set had to be played before the victor could be declared, and again Shafer's "get-everything" game was too much for Cragin's spasmodic brilliance, the former winning by a 7 to 5 score.

In the upper half Wylie C. Grant had an easy time, winning from J. H. Steinkampf with the loss of only one game. This puts Grant in the semi-finals, and he will play the veteran O. M. Bostwick to-day, the latter having obtained his place by his victory over J. M. Steinacher the day previous. The winner of the Grant-Bostwick match will play the winner of the Cragin-Shafer battle.

Play in the doubles event was of the perfunctory order, the playing-through champions, Fred B. Alexander and Theodore R. Pell, winning without difficulty from Bostwick and De Mille. The summary:

Singles, Fifth Round.—W. C. Grant, New York L. T. C., defeated J. H. Steinkampf, 6—1, 6—0; G. C. Shafer, West Side T. C., defeated Arthur S. Cragin, 3—6, 6—1, 7—5; William B. Cragin, Jr., Seventh Regiment T. C., defeated G. C. Plimpton, 6—4, 2—6, 6—1.

Doubles, Fourth Round.—W. B. Cragin, Jr., Seventh Regiment T. C., and G. C. Shafer, West Side T. C., defeated Goddard and Thomas, 6—0, 6—1; Fred B. Alexander, West Side T. C., and Theodore R. Pell, New York L. T. C., defeated O. M. Bostwick, West Side T. C., and W. C. De Mille, Skivi T. C., 6—2, 6—1.

Consolation Men's Singles, Second Round.—S. Howard Voshell defeated Preston Cumming, Jr., Marine and Field Club, 3—6, 6—4, 6—0; S. W. Merrihew, Plainfield C. C., defeated Harry Parker, West Side T. C., 3—6, 8—6, 6—4; G. G. Grenz, Washington Heights T. C., defeated H. W. Robinson, Harlem T. C., 6—3, 9—7; W. C. De Mille, Skivi T. C., defeated George S. Grosbeck, West Side T. C., 6—4, 7—5.

Third Round.—William Rosenbaum, Harlem T. C., defeated S. W. Merrihew, Plainfield C. C., 6—2, 1—6, 6—4.

Heights Casino Wins at Squash.

Led by Charles M. Bull, Jr., the squash players of the Heights Casino of Brooklyn defeated the team of the Columbia University Club by the score of 6 matches to 1 yesterday in the Metropolitan League championship series. The matches were decided on the Brooklyn courts. Bull, who also figures as a leader of the Crescent Athletic Club squash and lawn tennis teams, defeating Lyle E. Mahan, a former holder of the Columbia honors, at 10—9, 15—10. Rudolph Goepel, the second string of the Casino team, went the limit of three swiftly played sets with H. D. Buikley, the Columbia champion, before winning at 14—17, 15—13, and 15—10.

All of the other contests went in straight sets. R. H. White of Columbia was the only player on his side to win, and he defeated R. T. Riggs at 15—12, 18—15. J. O. Low played a closely scored match with Howard Maxwell before winning at 18—16, 18—15, taking the games' points by prettily placed wall shots. The other scores were:

George Abbott defeated H. H. Boyesen, 15—10, 18—15; Dr. D. Roberts defeated Frederick S. Keeler, 15—11, 15—1, as Keeler faded away in the last set, and James Harvey Williams defeated R. E. Wigham 15—12, 18—15.

Cornell Cancels Swimming Meet.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 14.—Announcement has been made at the University of Pennsylvania that the scheduled meet between the Red and Blue swimming team and the team from Cornell, which was to have taken place at Weightman Hall on Feb. 23, has been called off by the Cornell athletic authorities. The reason given is that Cornell has abolished swimming as a competitive sport, owing to the big expense involved on the long trips.

Andover's New Football Captain.

Special to The New York Times.

ANDOVER, Mass., Feb. 14.—John W. Gault of Coshocton, Ohio, was to-day elected Captain of the Andover football team for next season in place of E. N. Jones, who has left the academy. Eddie Mahan, the priemier all-around athlete of the academy, announced that he intended to enter Yale next September.

Trinity College Track Schedule.

HARTFORD, Conn., Feb. 14.—The revised schedule of the Trinity College track team as just announced provides: April 27, Brown, Worcester Polytechnic Institute and Trinity at Hartford; May 4, Wesleyan at Middletown; May 17 and 18, Intercollegiates at Springfield; May 25, Union at Schenectady, N. Y.

Dartmouth-Princeton Basket Ball.

The Dartmouth-Princeton basketball game of the Intercollegiate League will be played at the Twenty-second Regiment Armory on Feb. 20. This game will be one of the deciding contests for the championship. In connection with the game there will be athletic games open to members of the Twenty-second Regiment.

WINTER TOURING CONDITIONS.

For those who never venture beyond the limits of asphalt streets during the Winter time, it may come as a surprise to know that touring conditions, as far as the road surface is concerned, are really excellent at this time. The protracted cold has given the old ruts a chance to wear down, and without a thaw new ones cannot be formed. This means that even those dirt roads which were shunned by the experienced tourist in the Fall are now surprisingly smoothed, so that until warm weather sets in there need be no hesitancy about taking any of the short trips which are supposed to be available only in Summer.

Many inquiries have been received at the Bureau of Tours of the Automobile Club of America whether the road to this or that suburban town is passable without undergoing severe hardships, whereas the roads are, in many cases, better than they were in the late Fall, and are immeasurably superior to what they will be in the early Spring.

The Bureau of Tours of the Automobile Club of America is authority for the statement that the Boston Post Road between Greenwich and Stamford is now open for the entire distance, so that for the first time in a year and a half no detour is necessary between these places. Automobilists are warned to proceed with caution near Stamford, as the trolley tracks have just been taken from the road, and it will require a few days before the necessary filling in is completed.

ST. NICHOLAS WINS ROUGH HOCKEY GAME

Hockey Club of New York Holds Opponents to 4-to-3 Score—Many Players Penalized.

In one of the roughest hockey games of the Amateur League season the St. Nicholas Hockey Club defeated the Hockey Club of New York last night at St. Nicholas Rink by the score of 4 to 3. The contest, especially in the second half, was marred by penalties in which the Hockey Club players were the chief offenders. Britton, the centre, was penalized three times, twice for two minutes each, and on the third offense was ruled off for the balance of the game. Britton protested the final punishment, asserting that his checking was fair. Referee White, however, ruled otherwise. Chew of St. Nicholas and Norworthy of the Hockey Club were also penalized.

In the first half Fredericks received a bad cut over an eye, and was compelled to retire for the remainder of that period. He resumed play in the second half, but was unable to stand the strain and retired. Near the end of the game Frazer-Campbell, the St. Nicholas right wing, was badly hurt in a smashup and left the ice.

That the tailenders would put up a close fight was not expected, and although they could not get into the lead, they managed to come up on even terms twice with their opponents. Referee White appeared to be exceptionally severe in his rulings against the Hockey Club players, and, except for this fact, the general impression was that St. Nicholas would probably have gone down to defeat.

From the start it was apparent that the contest would be rough, and the spectators prepared themselves for a lively time. Seven minutes after the first whistle Britton secured the rubber behind the St. Nicholas goal, and passed it to Fredericks, who tallied. Chew followed with a dash down the side of the rink, which ended with his driving the puck in the Hockey Club net. Stanley hooked the disk from a sharp rebound by Frazer-Campbell, and scored the second goal for St. Nicholas. It was just before this shot that Fredericks received his injury, causing a delay of five minutes in the game.

Chew opened the second half with a goal from scrimmage, shortly after starting. On a sharp stroke by Stanley the puck struck Fredericks's leg, and bounded into the net. Hanley made a pretty running play, and unaided shot the sixth goal, making the score 3—all. Campbell was hurt and retired from the game, and in a scrimmage which followed Fredericks scored the winning point. The line-up:

St. Nicholas.	Position.	Hockey Club.
Washburn	Goal	Regensberger
Richards	Point	Tisne
Swenson	Cover point	Norworthy
Morgan	Rover	MacKenzie
Stanley	Centre	Britton
Chew	Left wing	Hanley
Frazer-Campbell,	Right wing	Fredericks
		Freeman.

Goals—Fredericks, 2; Hanley, Chew, 2; Stanley, 2. Referee—G. H. White, New York A. C. Assistant referee—Robert Strange, New York A. C. Game timekeepers—W. J. Croker, Wanderers H. C., and C. de Casanova, Hockey Club, N. Y. Penalty timekeeper—Richard Condon, Wanderers H. C. Goal umpires—Arthur Wood, New York, A. C., and George Goodwin, New York A. C. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

YALE RALLIES AND WINS.

Dartmouth Hockey Team Overhauled Near End of Game.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Feb. 14.—Yale's brilliant rally won to-night's hockey game from Dartmouth by a score of 4 to 3. Dartmouth accumulated three goals before the middle of the second period was reached. Yale was forced to play without Howe, Coxe, and Gore of the regular team, and the substitute combination did not perfect its team play at first.

Kimball, one of the substitutes, swept the Dartmouth defense off its feet and drove three of Yale's four goals into the netting. Yale caged another goal, which was disallowed by Raleigh, the Dartmouth coach, who acted as umpire.

Chauncey, Kimball, Wells, and Fahey were in brilliant form. To-night's victory again gives Yale second place in the Intercollegiate League. The line-up:

Yale.	Positions.	Dartmouth.
Thayer	Goal	McCarthy
McCreery	Point	Bullard
Martin	Cover point	Johnson
Chauncey	Right wing	Well, (Capt.)
Harman, (Capt.)	Centre	Mason
Cox	Rover	Delinger
Kimball	Left wing	Fahey, Leutwiller

Goals—Wells, Fahey, Delinger, Kimball, (3,) Harman. Referee—Mr. Merritt, Yale. Umpire—Mr. Raleigh, Dartmouth. Time—Periods of twenty minutes each.

Pomfret Loses at Hockey.

Special to The New York Times.

PUTNAM, Conn., Feb. 14.—Pomfret School seven to-day lost its first home game of the season when the fast Melrose High School team from Massachusetts defeated it 8 to 4. Condon and Davis were the stars. Pomfret started well, but was outstarred in the second half. The line-up:

Melrose	Position.	Pomfret.
Chiessong	Goal	Alexander
Brady	Point	Knowlton
Cochrane	Cover point	Haskell
Gatelly	Right wing	Robinson
Wolley	Centre	Condon
Hanson	Rover	Davis
Wanamaker	Left wing	Hoyt

Goals—Condon, 3; Davis, Hanson, 4; Wolley, 2; Gatelly, Wanamaker. Referees—Messrs. Eaton and Chisholm. Timer—Mr. Procter. Time of halves—Twenty minutes.

Hockey Title at Stake.

Hockey enthusiasts will be out in force to-morrow night to see the New York Athletic Club and Wanderer teams in one of the deciding games of the Amateur Hockey League series at the St. Nicholas Rink. The Mercury Foot players will utilize the services of every available expert to defeat the Wanderers and break the tie for the lead between the latter and the Crescent Athletic Club champions. The New Yorks have a fighting chance for the trophy, and by defeating the Wanderers will be in a better position to contest the final game with the Crescents, which will decide the permanent possession of the Amateur League trophy, each club having won it twice.

MOTOR BOAT CHALLENGE.

British to Try Again to Capture Harmsworth Trophy.

The challenge issued by the British Motor Boat men for another race this year for the British International Trophy and naming a new Thorneycroft boat building for Dan Hanbury, has aroused the lovers of speed craft, and some good sport is looked for. This new boat is different from former models and is said to be a great improvement according to the tank experiments. It is to be driven by three Vauxhall motors of eight cylinders each, each set to drive an independent screw at the rate of 2,000 revolutions per minute. Last year the Dixie IV. turned up about 1,000 revolutions. If this new boat does what is expected, fifty miles an hour will be made.

The defenders have already planned for the defense of the trophy, and new boats are under way. Others will be built. Some of these boats are ready now to race, and one, Reliance VI., which is now on exhibition at the Hotel Martinique, will be shown by John J. Ryan at the Motor Boat Exhibition, which will open in Madison Square Garden next Saturday evening. Mr. Ryan is willing to match this boat against any in the world for any amount of money, and it has only 180 horse power.

There will be several other fast boats on show. These will have high speed, and some may get in the international class. If not, larger boats equipped with more powerful motors will, and these will be built on the line of the small craft to be shown in the Garden. The Electric Launch Company is building an Elco Plane for A. E. Smith. This boat is an enlarged bug, fitted with 600 horse power motors. Dixie, Jr., with 60 horse power, is to make thirty-five miles an hour, and a boat on the line of this new type will be built for the international races. The Gray Motor Company has a fast hydroplane, and in all twelve different types of high-speed boats will be on exhibition.

The work of fitting the Garden for the show is progressing well, and visitors will be amazed at the transformation scene presented. The scenery and fittings are so realistic that one will almost imagine that the steamers Mauretania and Olympic represented are ready to leave for trips across the Atlantic.

FREE AUTO LICENSES.

Asbury Park Working for Special Touring Privileges.

The hotel and business men of Asbury Park are using every endeavor to obtain automobile reciprocity legislation for the benefit of New York and Pennsylvania motorists who desire to visit that resort.

Plans are being made for Asbury Park's Easter season and to enable out-of-State motorists to enjoy the period State Road Commissioner Smith has been petitioned to restore for April the eight-day touring privilege revoked last July.

If Commissioner Smith will take the action requested free licenses will be issued under the terms of this rule to every out-of-State automobilist applying for the same. On application a blank will be mailed to the car owner. When filled and returned a free license will be sent by the next mail with the compliments of the resort. This is the first time that such a courtesy has ever been extended.

Lawrence and Hedlund Coming.

When Harry Fisher, Graduate Manager of Athletics at Columbia University, secured Sam Lawrence and A. Hedlund to compete in the athletic games of the Columbia University Track Athletic Association he made a tremendous hit. This pair of athletes are to-day the sensation in athletic ranks, and both should establish new records in their respective branches. Lawrence is the best high jumper since the day of Sweeney, and at the Columbia games he expects to even break Sweeney's mark. Hedlund is to start in the famous Baxter mile. He defeated Abel Kiviat last Saturday in the Boston A. A. games, winning the Hunter mile in record time. Kiviat is going to meet Hedlund again Saturday night, and expects to turn the tables. Tel Berna, the sensational miler from Cornell, will start in this race, too. George Bonhag is out to smash the five-mile mark at this meet, but Willie Kramer, who holds one victory over Bonhag, says that if a new mark is chalked up on the boards it will belong to Mr. Kramer and not to G. Bonhag. This event should be one of the features of the night. The intercollegiate relays have drawn a large list of entries. All the big Eastern colleges have entered their teams. John Paul Jones, the mile and half-mile crack, will run on the Cornell team, and on this account the Ithacans have been made favorites.

A match relay between the championship teams of the New York Athletic Club and the Boston Athletic Association should be a fine race. The Boston team holds one victory over their Gotham rivals, but it was a close finish, and the home boys are confident of evening up the score Saturday night.

Fast Skaters in Rink Races.

Among the contestants in the National amateur champion speed skating races on Saturday night at the St. Nicholas Rink will be O. B. Busch, the one-armed marvel from Vancouver, who captured three outdoor championship events at Newburg last Monday; R. D. McLean, the boy champion of Chicago, who defeated Edmund Lamy last season; Wheeler, the Montreal youngster, who also defeated Lamy; Lot Roe, and Fred. Robson, both clever Canadian skaters; Billy Burkholder, the Eastern champion, and many others. A special distance point medal will also be contested for on the circuit to go to the winner of the greatest number of points in all the races held on the championship tour.

Coulson, Brooklyn Player, Married.

Special to The New York Times.

BEALLSVILLE, Penn., Feb. 14.—Robert Jackson Coulson of Donora, left fielder of the Brooklyn Nationals, was married to-day to Miss Helen Gobitha Baker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Baker of this place. She was a well-known school teacher of Washington County and formerly taught school at Donora, where she met her husband. After a wedding luncheon Mr. and Mrs. Coulson left for New York and Canadian points, where they will remain until the Brooklyn team goes to Hot Springs, Ark., for the Spring training, when they will accompany it. Fred Baker, brother of the bride, gave her away, and Harry Coulson, brother of Robert, was best man.

Boston Beats Toronto at Hockey.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Feb. 14.—The Toronto University hockey team went down to defeat at the hands of the Boston Athletic Association seven by a score of 4 to 2, in the local arena to-night in a very fast contest. Hicks and Osgood played well for Boston, while Blakely starred for Toronto.

Florida Golf Postponed; Rain.

Special to The New York Times.

PALM BEACH, Fla., Feb. 14.—Rain to-day made necessary a postponement of the second round at match play in the tournament for the golf championship of South Florida.

OFFICIAL AMERICAN LEAGUE SCHEDULE, 1912.

	AT CHICAGO.	AT ST. LOUIS.	AT DETROIT.	AT CLEVELAND.	AT WASHINGTON.	AT PHILADELPHIA.	AT NEW YORK.	AT BOSTON.
CHICAGO.		April 18, 19, 20, 21 July 1, 2, 3 Sept. 25, 26, 27, 28	April 27, 28, 29, 30 June 28, 29, 30 Oct. 2, 3, 5, 6	April 23, 24, 25, 26 May 28, 29, 30, 30 Aug. 12 Aug. 30, 31	May 7, 8, 9, 10 July 13, 15, 16 Aug. 13, 14, 15, 16	May 11, 13, 14, 15 July 9, 10, 11, 12 Aug. 17, 19, 20	May 21, 22, 23 July 22, 23, 24, 25 Aug. 21, 22, 23, 24	May 16, 17, 18, 20 July 17, 18, 19, 20 Aug. 26, 27, 28
ST. LOUIS.	April 11, 12, 13, 14 June 18, 19, 20, 22 June 25, 26 Sept. 29		May 2, 3, 4, 5 July 4, 4 Aug. 30, 31 Sept. 5, 7, 8	April 15, 16, 17 May 25, 26, 27 July 6, 7 Sept. 1, 2, 2	May 16, 17, 18, 20 July 17, 18, 19, 20 Aug. 26, 27, 28	May 21, 22, 23 July 22, 23, 24, 25 Aug. 21, 22, 23, 24	May 7, 8, 9, 10 July 12, 13, 15, 16 Aug. 17, 19, 20	May 11, 13, 14, 15 July 8, 9, 10, 11 Aug. 14, 15, 16
DETROIT.	April 15, 16, 17 May 25, 26 July 5, 6, 7 Sept. 1, 2, 2	April 22, 23, 24, 25, 26 May 28, 29, 30, 30, 31 June 23		April 11, 12, 13, 14 June 25, 26, 27 Sept. 26, 27, 28, 29	May 21, 22, 23 July 22, 23, 24, 25 Aug. 21, 22, 23, 24	May 16, 17, 18, 20 July 17, 18, 19, 20 Aug. 26, 27, 28	May 11, 13, 14, 15 July 9, 10, 11 Aug. 13, 14, 15, 16	May 7, 8, 9, 10 July 12, 13, 15, 16 Aug. 17, 19, 20
CLEVELAND.	May 2, 3, 4 5 June 23 July 4, 4 Sept. 5, 6, 7, 8	April 27, 28, 29, 30 June 28, 29, 30 Oct. 2, 3, 5, 6	April 18, 19, 20, 21 June 18, 19, 20, 22 July 1, 2, 3		May 11, 13, 14, 15 July 9, 10, 11, 12 Aug. 17, 19, 20	May 7, 8, 9, 10 July 8 July 13, 15, 16 Aug. 14, 15, 16	May 16, 17, 18, 20 July 17, 18, 19, 20 Aug. 26, 27, 28	May 21, 22, 23 July 22, 23, 24, 25 Aug. 21, 22, 23, 24
WASHINGTON.	June 5, 6, 7, 8 Aug. 4, 5, 6, 7 Sept. 20, 21, 22	June 1, 2, 3, 4 Aug. 8, 9, 10, 11 Sept. 17, 18, 19	June 9, 10, 11, 12 July 31; Aug. 1, 2, 3 Sept. 13, 14, 15	June 13, 14, 15, 16 July 27, 28, 29, 30 Sept. 10, 11, 12		April 11, 12, 13 May 6 June 19, 20, 21, 22 Sept. 25, 26, 27	April 15, 16, 17 May 24, 25, 27, 28 July 6 Oct. 3, 4	April 22, 23, 24, 25 May 29, 30, 30 Sept. 4, 5, 6, 7
PHILADELPHIA.	June 1, 2, 3, 4 Aug. 8, 9, 10, 11 Sept. 17, 18, 19	June 5, 6, 7, 8 Aug. 4, 5, 6, 7 Sept. 20, 21, 22	June 13, 14, 15, 16 July 27, 28, 29, 30 Sept. 10, 11, 12	June 9, 10, 11, 12 July 31; Aug. 1, 2, 3 Sept. 13, 14, 15	April 18, 19, 20 June 18 June 28, 29; July 1, 2 Sept. 2, 2, 3		April 22, 23, 24, 25 May 29, 30, 30 Sept. 4, 5, 6, 7	April 26, 27, 29, 30 May 24, 25, 27, 28 April 29, 30, 31
NEW YORK.	June 9, 10, 11, 12 July 31; Aug. 1, 2, 3 Sept. 13, 14, 15	June 13, 14, 15, 16 July 27, 28, 29, 30 Sept. 10, 11, 12	June 1, 2, 3, 4 Aug. 4, 5, 6, 7 Sept. 17, 18, 19	June 5, 6, 7, 8 Aug. 8, 9, 10, 11 Sept. 20, 21, 22	April 26, 27, 29, 30 July 3, 4, 4, 5 Aug 29, 30, 31	May 1, 2, 3, 4 June 24, 25, 26, 27 Sept. 28, 30; Oct. 1		April 18, 19, 19, 20 June 28, 29, July 1, 2 Sept. 24, 25, 26
BOSTON.	June 13, 14, 15, 16 July 27, 28, 29, 30 Sept. 10, 11, 12	June 9, 10, 11, 12 July 31; Aug. 1, 2, 3 Sept. 13, 14, 15	June 5, 6, 7, 8 Aug. 8, 9, 10, 11 Sept. 20, 21, 22	June 1, 2, 3, 4 Aug. 4, 5, 6, 7 Sept. 17, 18, 19	May 1, 2, 3, 4 June 24, 25, 26, 27 Sept. 28, 30; Oct. 1	April 15, 16, 17 July 3, 4, 4, 5, 6 Oct. 3, 4, 5	April 11, 12, 13 May 6 June 19, 20, 21, 22 Sept. 2, 2, 3	
AT HOME.	14 Saturdays. 16 Sundays. July 4. Labor Day. Conflict'g dates: May 5, 26; June 23, Sept. 1, 29.	13 Saturdays. 13 Sundays. Decoration Day.	16 Saturdays. 14 Sundays. July 4th.	13 Saturdays. 13 Sundays. Decoration Day. Labor Day.	12 Saturdays. July 4th. Labor Day.	12 Saturdays. July 4th.	12 Saturdays. Decoration Day. Labor Day.	12 Saturdays. April 19. Decoration Day.

HOPPLES MAY BE USED AGAIN IN RACING

Trotting Association Lifts Ban on All Classes Except Three in Trotting.

Representatives of nearly every track devoted to light harness racing throughout the country went into session yesterday at the biennial meeting of the National Trotting Association at the Murray Hill Hotel. President P. P. Johnston of Lexington, Ky., presided over the meeting with W. H. Gocher of Hartford, Conn., as Secretary.

The greater part of the time was devoted to the hopple question, the establishment of a new district, and making several important amendments to the rules.

The new district framed will be known as the Southern Racing District, with membership in the Board of Review, and will increase the membership of the Board of Appeals to eighteen.

An important amendment to the rules was made, which is expected to benefit the half-mile tracks greatly, which provides that horses with records made over one-mile tracks shall be allowed three seconds if the entry is not slower than that of the half-mile tracks. The Rules Committee recommended an allowance of four seconds, but it met with general opposition, and in the compromise it was agreed that three seconds should be the handicap.

Secretary Gocher, who advocated the four-second allowance, said: "It will greatly help the small tracks and racing programmes to fill their free-for-all classes and bring about a reform very much needed."

David Bonner, a New York horseman, in opposing the larger allowance, declared that for sixty years three seconds had been the usual rule on the half-mile courses, and experience had generally approved that allowance for mile races.

The subject which came in for the greatest amount of discussion was the fight made by the leading horsemen present to prevent the repeal of the rule which placed a ban on hopples, two years ago. Since the abolishing of hopples there has been a great deal of criticism among followers of the sport, and a threat was made by those opposed to this feature to break away from the National Association.

A vote was taken for the restoration of hopples in all except the classes for two, three, and four year olds, which resulted in 295 to 61 in favor of hopples in all other classes.

Additional duties were placed on the official and licensed starters, which they must comply with under penalty of expulsion, and this movement also brought about opposition. This paragraph was added to the rules governing track officials as follows: "In addition to the duties heretofore required of the starter, he shall give information as to the practical application of the rules, when called upon by either track officials or employes. He shall also at the close of each meeting at which he officiates send to the Secretary of the National Trotting Association a special report of the events decided, giving the names of the horses starting, their positions in each heat, together with the notice of all penalties."

The horsemen approved the recent suggestion of Major-Gen. Leonard Wood of the army of the necessity for breeding a superior standard of horses for cavalry and artillery purposes, and the following resolution on the subject, presented by President Johnston, was adopted unanimously:

"There is active sentiment in this country, created, perhaps, by Gen. Leonard Wood's letter, in favor of breeding in this country a sufficient number of horses of standard requirements for remounting our cavalry and furnishing a supply to the artillery. The trotting-bred horse has been looked upon with great favor for that purpose. And it might not be amiss for us to resolve that we will co-operate with these gentlemen in any way we can to carry out the Government's purpose in that respect."

With the election of these officers the meeting concluded its work: President—P. P. Johnston, Lexington, Ky.; Vice Presidents—Morgan G. Bulkeley, Hartford, Conn.; E. P. Heald, San Francisco, Cal., and P. H. Wall, Ottawa, Ont.

The new southern district was created with this board of directors: J. W. Bailey, Gainesville, Texas; Samuel Walton, Falls Mills, Va., and John Earley, Nashville, Tenn.

The other boards were elected as follows: Eastern district—F. O. Beal, Bangor, Me.; J. M. Johnson, Boston; Samuel McBride, Toronto, Canada; Atlantic district—H. N. Bain, Poughkeepsie; J. Howard Ford, Stony Ford, N. Y.; and De Forest Settle, Syracuse. Central District—William Russell Allen, St. Louis; H. A. Drehm, Baltimore, Md., and A. B. Cox, Pallo, Penn. Western District—John C. Welty, Canton, Ohio; W. W. Collins, Detroit. Pacific District—J. C. Kirkpatrick, San Francisco; Benjamin F. Bush, Suisun, Cal., and J. H. Booth, Santa Barbara, Cal.

BOURBON BEAU'S FAST RACE.

Wins Mile Race at Juarez in 1:37 2-5—Backed from 3 to 1 to 8 to 5.

JUAREZ, Mex., Feb. 14.—Bourbon Beau, carrying 112 pounds, created a new track record for one mile when he easily won the fourth race at Juarez to-day in 1:37 2-5. Bourbon Beau was backed down from 3 to 1 to 8 to 5. Summaries:

FIRST RACE.—Four furlongs. Moller, 112 pounds, (Keogh,) 2 to 1, won; El Palomar, 112, (Selden,) 2 to 1, second; Vested Rights, 109, (Henry) 15 to 1, third. Time—0:47 3-5. Oldsmobile, Sumptuous, Philopena, Dad Stearnes, and Old Gibraltar also ran.

SECOND RACE.—Six furlongs. Silver Stocking, 110 pounds, (Selden,) 8 to 5, won; Hidden Hand, 112, (Gross,) 6 to 1, second; Gus Hartridge, 97, (Callahan,) 8 to 1, third. Time—1:13. Decesarion, Mandadero, Nila, Emma G, Regards, Doc Allen, and Rosamo also ran.

THIRD RACE.—Five furlongs. Free, 110 pounds, (Groth,) 6 to 5, won; Hardy, 108, (Gross,) 10 to 1, second; Racquette, 111, (Taplin,) 7 to 1, third. Time—1:00. El Pato, Hazel C, Pretty March, Wastella, Isom, Narfi, Dromi, and Free Will also ran.

FOURTH RACE.—Mile. Bourbon Beau, 112 pounds, (Taplin,) 8 to 5, won; Fireman, 98, (Callahan,) 20 to 1, second; Injury, 120 (Gross,) 3 to 1, third. Time—1:37 2-5. Labold, Irish Gentleman, and Arasee also ran.

FIFTH RACE.—Six furlongs. Delaney, 105 pounds, (Keogh,) even, won; Manasseh, 88, (Cotton,) 8 to 1, second; Nannie McDee, 95, (Callahan,) 4 to 1, third. Time—1:12 3-5. Great Friar and Col. Marchmont also ran.

SIXTH RACE.—Mile. Blackmate, 105 pounds, (Gross,) 5 to 2, won; Juan, 112, (Murray,) 10 to 1, second; Maisie Girl, 105, (Taplin,) 7 to 5, third. Time—1:39 3-5. Bob Lynch, Fern L, New Capital, Little Marchmont, and Figent also ran.

Entries for Juarez Racing.

FIRST RACE.—Selling; maidens three years old and up; seven furlongs. Miss Miller, Helen N., Ailsa Paige, 98 pounds; *Irish Beauty, 108; Rose Worth, Lady Willie, 110; *Amarillo, Sparkette, 113; Crow's Foot, King Elk, 115; King, Wings of the Morning, 118.

SECOND RACE.—Selling; fillies three years old; five and one-half furlongs. *Patsy Beach, 98 pounds; Frazele, 103; Aoguin, Evelina, 108; Amohalka, 112.

THIRD RACE.—Selling; one mile and a furlong. Molesey, *Charles Green, 105 pounds; Misprision, Virginia Lindsey, 108; Jim Caferata, 110.

FOURTH RACE.—Yucatan Stakes; colts two years old; three and one-half furlongs. Vested Rights, 110 pounds; King Stalwart, 118; Palatable, Stout Heart, 118; †Bluejay, 113; †Hawthorne, 122.

FIFTH RACE.—Selling; six furlongs. Ferrona, 86 pounds; Moralight, 97; Lady Tendi, 102; Zaharra, 105; Annual Interest, Waner, 107; Marie Hyde, 110; Pit-a-Pat, 112.

SIXTH RACE.—Selling; mile. Eye White, 102 pounds; James Blackstock, 105; Dutch Rock, 103; Whidden, 105; Wolferton, 112.

*Apprentice allowance claimed. †G. H. Coyle entry.

Colt General Axworthy Sells for $3,000

LEXINGTON, Ky., Feb. 14.—At the second day's auction of light harness horses here to-day, seventy-nine trotters were sold for a total of $29,970, averaging $379 per head, which is considered a good figure. The top price of the day's sale was $3,000, brought by the four-year-old colt General Axworthy, owned by H. B. Rea of Pittsburgh. Audrey Gray was next in price, selling for $1,000.

Swimming Races at Y. M. H. A.

The Young Men's Hebrew Association's swimming team will compete against the watermen of the Lorraine Club next Sunday afternoon in the Y. M. H. A. pool. The Lorraine Club will be represented by August E. Gilbert, D. A. Sterling, Albert Holler, Joseph Notter, B. Gumbiner, and S. Thorn.

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THE PATHOLOGY OF THE PROGRESSIVES.

President TAFT'S diagnosis of the case of the Progressives seems to be pretty sound. It finds support in the appearance and symptoms of the patients; we think it will be confirmed by the autopsy. These extremists, he said in his Lincoln's Birthday speech in this city, "are not Progressives—they are political emotionalists or neurotics." Certainly the activities of the Progressives appear to take their rise in the emotions or from some neurosis. What is going on inside of them is not a normal physiological process, it is pathological. They have no right to the name of Progressives. Progress means growth. The changes they would bring about would be degenerative. They would destroy, first, our representative institutions by the initiative and referendum. They would transfer the lawmaking power from elected representatives of the people to the hands of the people themselves, who, as Mr. TAFT said, are, from the nature of the case, "indifferently informed as to the issues "presented, and without the opportunity for time and study and that delib"eration that gives security and com"mon sense to the government of the "people." They would destroy, next, those checks and restraints which the wise and far-seeing founders of the Republic imposed upon the people themselves, imposed them with the assent of the people. Popular government without such checks upon hasty, impulsive, and ill-considered action would be as much a despotism as the Government of an absolute sovereign unrestrained by any Constitution. These checks would be destroyed by the recall of Judges, which the Progressives demand, and by that craziest of all suggestions that have come out of the bosom of Progressivism, the review of judicial decisions by the people at the polls, advocated by ex-President ROOSEVELT. Men of reason and of sense will agree with Mr. TAFT that such destructive innovations can find advocates only among political emotionalists and neurotics.

Look them over, these Progressives, and point out among them, if you can find him, a man of wisdom and balance and first-rate capacity. Scrutinize the group of Governors of Western States who advocate the renomination of Mr. ROOSEVELT, weigh the achievements and the works of the chief promoters of the third-term movement, and try to imagine what sort of a Constitution these men would draw up and submit to the people if the task, performed with such consummate wisdom by the delegates to the convention of 1787 were to be intrusted to them. What sort of institutions would they found, how would they distribute the powers of the Government, and what sort of Government would be the result after they got it into operation if it could possibly operate? From whatever point of view we contemplate the Progressives, we find confirmation of the President's diagnosis.

The prodigious fuss raised over BOULANGER by the light-headed part of the people of Paris some years ago is the nearest political parallel to the Progressive movement. BOULANGER was about the emptiest charlatan who ever got a hearing from a mob, yet he was listened to, he did have a following, and, intoxicated by the catchy music of a popular song of the day, the Parisians and people in other parts of France as well went so far in their adoration of their cheap hero that the Government itself was felt to be in danger. Then the strange mad movement collapsed as suddenly as it had arisen. Popular crazes are known to every country. The psychology of the crowd has been studied by men of science, like Dr. LE BON. But neither BOULANGER nor the Fisherman of Naples could found a Government any more than Christopher Sly. The Progressives are profuse in their advice how to tear down. They are manifestly wanting in sound constructive ideas.

NO INTERVENTION.

Of course there will be no intervention in Mexican affairs by the United States Government. The State Department's circular, issued Tuesday, was not needed to satisfy intelligent Americans, or intelligent Mexicans either, on that point. There has not been the shadow of an excuse for any reports to the contrary. Neither is it believable that Washington has undertaken to dictate to Mexico what shall be said, publicly or privately, by word of mouth or in print, by Mexicans about Americans and their Government. Washington would as soon think of trying to suppress free speech in this country as in a foreign land.

Day by day the impression grows stronger that the chief trouble Mr. MADERO'S Government has to contend with is idle talk. But that it must endure. As for the armed parties now terrorizing peaceful citizens, vigorous steps have been taken lately toward the suppression of the Zapatists in Morelos. They are the only really dangerous ones. Mediation with the discontented Chihuahuans seems likely to be successful.

VALUES AND OPINIONS.

Corporation Commissioner SMITH has a poor opinion of ore values, and Mr. HILL has a poor opinion of Commissioner SMITH'S opinion. It does not appear that the Commissioner ever owned, used, bought, or sold any ore lands. Therefore it is necessary to regard his opinion as that of an amateur, except so far as he may be considered an expert by virtue of the fact that he is a Commissioner. Mr. HILL on the other hand is an expert of experts. No man has dealt in this commodity on a larger scale, or to better advantage. But he is under suspicion of interest, as well as qualified by knowledge. It is necessary to balance these conflicting opinions with an open mind if the truth is sought. It may be that both are wrong, or even that both are right.

It seems too plain for argument that the worth of ore is related to the contents of the ore when made into iron. If that be admitted it follows necessarily that there is no such thing as an infallible standard of permanent values of ore. If iron varies in value so must ore. The Commissioner's estimate of value might be right if related to times of depressed trade, but that would not be the time that Mr. HILL would select to market his ores. If he could never get his price he might never sell his ores, and thus he never could be proved wrong in his views. He has an advantage over the Commissioner in that he already has sold his ores once at his own valuation, and thereby has given an absolute demonstration that at that moment buyer and seller were agreed. If that is not a demonstration of value at that instant then there can be none. He seems confident that he will find another buyer at his price, and that would be another demonstration. It may be doubted that the Commissioner would be willing to sell these same ores at his own price if he owned them, and it is sure that he never can sell them at his price so long as Mr. HILL owns them. So far as demonstrations go the Commissioner is at a disadvantage.

The point is more interesting because it is of wide application. We are enacting statutes now on estimates like the Commissioner's. We are deciding that profits are too high, and that wages are too low, and that schemes of capitalization are unjustifiable, and so on, although there is no certainty that the estimates of these quantities are right at any given moment, or that they will continue as estimated, whether rightly or wrongly. There seems to be an idea that a statute can give fixity, although flux and change is one of the certainties of this uncertain world, and ought to be for the good of the world. A statute which should fix prices when the cost of living is high would be intolerable, and not less intolerable if it should fix prices when wages and cost of living are low. No man wants a law to fix his prices and profits. It is the other man's ideas which should be regulated by law. We have had too many laws to regulate other people. It is time to appreciate that laws are for everybody, and that laws which attempt to make all prices move in unison benefit nobody.

The man who wishes truly to thrive should make his profits rise when other profits are falling, or at least rise faster than other profits. Laws cannot accomplish this for everybody, for a universal, uniform rise benefits nobody. Individual problems cannot be solved by law. Even statutes of wages passed by trades unions defeat their object, as we know by the fact that there is so much discontent at a time of an unprecedented wage level. For another example we know that the courts overruled our Public Service Commission's estimate of values in reorganization proceedings, both on technical grounds and on the argument that it was wrong to make a fixed estimate of values for a growing property. Every estimate is of necessity related to the conditions of the time of estimate, and however right at the moment inevitably becomes wrong in one way or another when conditions change. Yet nothing is more conspicuous at the moment than the futile effort to legislate fixity into factors fated to change as the sparks fly upward. Prices may be fixed by law, but they cannot be made effective. Values or relations in exchange cannot be fixed by law, as they are matter of accord between buyer and seller. A statutory maximum becomes a practical minimum forthwith by the inescapable law of trade, and statutory minimum in like manner becomes a maximum. Laws can only congeal trade, they cannot regulate it except by the enactment of economic laws. Law as a refuge from economic inconveniences is a delusion and snare. It is gilding gold to enact economic laws, and it is folly to legislate contrary to them. Yet Congress is working overtime when there is no more general demand than that it should not work at all. A witness before one of the many committees testifying yesterday said that he would hate to say in Washington what he thought about Washington. His hearers laughed at the suggestion that the doctors were the cause of the disease, but the country is in a silent rage at the nostrums being prescribed by the malpractitioners, especially those who have thrown their patients into fits without being able to cure the fits, and now want another job of the same sort.

M'CABE IS SAFE.

We presume Solicitor GEORGE P. MCCABE of the Department of Agriculture can hardly help laughing in the faces of his accusers in the Florida Everglades scandal. Whatever betide, he is safe. Suppose they prove their charges? Suppose he is found guilty of instigating the suppression of reports of lands in the Everglades that would hurt the cruel swindling game of certain real estate speculators, and that he obtained the dismissal of two officials who exposed the exploiters and the suspension of a third? It would not hurt him.

He made up a case against Chief WILEY of the Bureau of Chemistry and his subordinates, asking their dismissal and humiliation. On his findings Attorney General WICKERSHAM recommended "condign punishment." The President found that the case had been presented without giving the accused officials an opportunity to present their side. The Moss Investigating Committee found that Mr. MCCABE had suppressed vital facts that would have exonerated them. It found, too, that he had held in abeyance thousands of cases against adulterators of foods and drugs prepared by Dr. WILEY'S bureau. In spite of this, he has kept his place.

Solicitor MCCABE has powerful friends. If convicted of fresh offenses, he need not worry.

RE-ENTER THE KING.

To those radical politicians in England who have cheerfully relegated the King to the rear of the stage, recent events may, in the old-fashioned phrase, give food for reflection. While his Majesty was on his way home from India these gentlemen undertook a concerted bitter attack on Sir EDWARD GREY, the Minister for Foreign Affairs. Their ultimate purpose was clearly to discredit that statesman as a successor to Mr. ASQUITH when the time comes, as they hope soon, for a change of Premier and to advance Mr. LLOYD-GEORGE'S fortunes. Such a manoeuvre in British politics is common enough, for the hot contention of party and faction goes to extremes there that would offend the soberer sense of responsibility usually felt on this side of the water. But in selecting the foreign policy of the Government as the ground of their intrigues, and thus risking the stability and continuity of international relations, the radicals ventured rather too far.

Promptly on the return of King GEORGE, Sir EDWARD GREY was made a Knight of the Order of the Garter, the highest honor that can be bestowed on a British subject and the one most conspicuous in the eyes of foreign Courts. It is true that this, like every other public act of the sovereign, must be done on the advice of his responsible Ministers, but it is obviously an act as to which the King's hand could not readily be forced and which may fairly be assumed to be done on his initiative. Mr. LLOYD-GEORGE and his immediate associates would certainly have prevented it had it been in their power, for it was a public proclamation that the Foreign Secretary had earned the complete confidence of the King in a field with which the King is especially concerned and in which the royal influence has, despite the progress of democracy, remained most marked.

It is also worthy of note that on the day before the opening of Parliament the King received in long conference Viscount HALDANE, the Minister of War, and Mr. CHURCHILL, the head of the navy. Both these gentlemen have been playing a considerable part in connection with foreign affairs, the former by his visit to Germany, the latter by his frank discussion of the rivalry in navy building between Germany and England, in which he bluntly characterized the British Navy as a necessity and that of Germany as "more or less in the nature of a luxury." The speech of Mr. CHURCHILL may well seem a check on the mission of Viscount HALDANE, but it is not necessarily so. His assertion has a certain foundation in fact. The need of an adequate navy for the island empire is really supreme and cannot be ignored by the Government of that empire or denied by any other Government. This conviction is undoubtedly shared by the King, whose training was in the navy. The danger to peace is not in the strength of the English Navy, but in the temper of the Governments and the peoples, respectively, of Germany and England, and it is to the correction of this that the mission of Viscount HALDANE is supposed to have been directed. If so, the mission is by no means hopeless. There is room and to spare for the maintenance of the British and the legitimate expansion of the German Empire if the two Governments can agree that the process shall be peaceful.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Thousands Going to Panama. It is possible to reach Colon by any one of something like a dozen steamship lines, all well provided with boats having, for passengers, accommodations ranging all the way from tolerable up to as good as any except the very best known to ocean travelers. Yet the reports from the steamship offices are that all these vessels are crowded on every voyage, and that only by a lucky chance can anybody get passage on them without securing it several weeks in advance!

Now there is on the Isthmus practically nothing except the canal to attract the tourist. Of its two cities, Colon is without a single charm, for its architecture is that of one of our Western towns just after the discovery of gold or the arrival of a railway. As for Panama, while it is a real city, with the picturesqueness of age and the interest given by historic associations, the visitor can "take in" all its sights in the course of an afternoon's ride. The rest of his time there is apt to be spent in the big Tivoli Hotel out at Ancon, where everything—including the prices—will conspire to make him forget that he is in the tropics and to imagine that he is at one of our own seaside or mountain "resorts." Isthmian scenery, too, is tame among the barren hills and repulsive in the swampy jungles, while except for about two months in the year the climate is atrocious, and even for those two months it is nothing to boast of.

Yet people are going to the Isthmus from this country by the thousands and by a good more than a few hundreds from Europe and the rest of the world. And well they may, for they have their reward. The canal is there, and the canal is quite enough to explain this sudden and multitudinous pilgrimage to a place where nobody used to go except reluctantly and under stern compulsion. Nowhere else is there such a big piece of work going on in an area so small, and without any qualifications at all it can probably be said with truth that nowhere else is labor of anything like such magnitude progressing with such splendid efficiency, such unquestionable honesty, and such admirable regard for the welfare, the interests, and the safety of the workers.

Moreover, the tourists are well advised in going to the Isthmus now, rather than after the completion of the canal. There is much more to see at present than there will be after the great artificial lake has been filled with water, after only one side of the dams can be inspected, and after the Culebra Cut looks, as it will, much like any other narrow valley through which a peaceful river runs.

As Good as We Are Likely to Get. Little or nothing is to be expected to result from the attempt said to be making or planning in Albany to prevent the confirmation by the Senate of Dr. O'CONNELL as Dr. DOTY'S successor.

Dr. O'CONNELL himself says in effect, and with a good deal of truth, that though he has no special qualifications for holding a position that particularly demands just such qualifications, yet he is as well prepared to exercise the functions of the office as is any other physician whose only experience has been in city practice and along wholly different lines. That Dr. DOTY is not to retain his place has been decided by the Governor, and it is evident that his decision cannot be changed, since he has resisted the strongest arguments against the removal that could be made—those offered by the men who are the leaders of the medical profession in this city, State, and country. Practically certain is it, too, that in every other selection the Governor might be forced to make he would be guided by the irrelevant considerations, chiefly political, that led him to make this one.

His present choice is therefore about as good as can be expected, and we might easily go further and fare worse. There is nothing very reassuring in the opposition campaign as it has begun. With all due respect to Senator BRACKETT, one cannot easily assume the absence of politics in anything done by him, or feel sure that in antagonizing the Governor in this matter his single purpose is to give the big salary and the abundant patronage of the Health Officer to a man who will be of no use to anybody except as a sanitarian, guarding the port from infection. It has not been Senator BRACKETT'S habit to look at offices in that way, and the chances that he is doing so now are not many.

Just possibly something may come from the Dana resolution for the appointment of a legislative committee to consider the question of turning the management of our quarantine over to the Federal authorities, who already do this work for every port in the country except this and two others. Wherever that has been done the results have been admirable, and it seems to be the course commended by those with the best right to speak on the subject. But somehow one doesn't quite see New York doing it. The mere fact that it ought to be done is hardly conclusive, for the doing would involve the abandonment of jealously guarded powers and hungrily sought profits to a Governmental agency which, from the politician's standpoint, has always been absurdly unpractical.

Manchus Not All in China. LAJOS STEINER, in a letter we printed yesterday, made to the contention that not all of our Hungarian immigrants rank high among "desirables," the answer, accurate, indeed, but hardly relevant, that undesirability was not confined to Hungarians or to recently arrived immigrants of any race.

To the knowledge of all it is not, and Mr. STEINER rather revived pain than caused surprise when he revealed that he had seen more than a native American or two lounging in saloons, draped over park benches, and degenerating on hill town farms that were not obviously superior in either virtue or intelligence to the "coarsest" of Hungarians. Certainly he has, if he has been around a bit, with his eyes open.

What really was interesting in Mr. STEINER'S letter was his use of the phrase "Anglo-Saxon Manchus" as descriptive of certain persons with whom Mr. STEINER is or thinks himself at odds as to the merits, history, and potentialities of the Hungarian people.

"Anglo-Saxon Manchus" is good—it exactly fits the representatives of a familiar type, commoner in New England, perhaps, than elsewhere in the United States, though not rare in either South or West. They claim a superiority which has little or no basis in their own deeds or characters, but rests on those of dead and gone ancestors who, however irritating in temper and manners, really were men of strength and action.

The Manchus of to-day are just such folk, and Mr. STEINER was fortunate enough to be the first to see the likeness. Perhaps in the likeness he also sees a prophecy.

NO CRITICS OF O'CONNELL.

Dr. Doty and His Counsel Deny That They Cast Any Reflections.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

It has been reported in a manner that might lead some to believe that Dr. Alvah H. Doty, Health Officer of the Port of New York, or his counsel, had cast reflection upon Dr. Joseph J. O'Connell of Brooklyn, whose name was only yesterday sent to the Senate for confirmation as successor to Dr. Doty, or that they had reflected upon his fitness or qualifications for the office. There is absolutely no foundation for any such statement. Neither Dr. Doty nor this firm has considered either the appointment of Dr. O'Connell or his qualifications for the office.

O'GORMAN, BATTLE & MARSHALL.

87 Wall Street, New York, Feb. 14, 1912.

FLORIDA'S SATISFIED DELEGATES

First Republican Convention Indorsed Mr. Taft Contentedly and Adjourned.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wish to call attention to your editorial article, "Seasonable Confusion," which appeared Feb. 8. It referred to the alleged dissatisfaction shown by the delegates at the Florida Republican State Convention, held at Palatka, Fla., Feb. 6, 1912, at the indorsement for renomination of President William Howard Taft.

As a warm admirer of THE TIMES and reader for many years of its editorial columns, I think it my duty to correct the impression caused by same. To me was assigned the honor as Chairman of the Pasco County delegation to the Florida State Republican Convention. I wish to make known through your columns the fact that the convention was the most harmonious held in the State in years. The circulation of reports to the contrary was promulgated evidently to mislead public opinion and to furnish campaign capital for the Democratic Party. The fact that the convention opened at 12 o'clock noon, and adjourned, sine die, about 4 P. M., considering the amount of business transacted, would controvert any statement to the contrary.

Perhaps the general public is not aware of the fact that the pulse of the political situation depends largely upon the deliberations of the Florida Republican State Convention. It being the first State Convention, naturally here you will find the greatest effort put forth by the candidate for nomination to secure its indorsement.

To those familiar with its political history for several years, it is a well-known fact that this indorsement has been of great advantage, and is eagerly sought by the different candidates for nomination to the Presidency. I might add, it is the general opinion of careful observers that, on account of the large number of Northern and Western citizens who are coming to Florida to make it their home, because of its unrivaled climate, fertile soil, and its freedom from the influx of foreign undesirable immigrants, these features combined will tend to change the existing political condition. And to Florida, it is hoped, will devolve the task of breaking asunder the chains that bind the solid South, and the State will take its place as the first in the South to join the galaxy of Republican States, which has contributed so largely to the growth and prosperity of the Union.

JOSEPH H. PRISK,

Republican Presidential Elector, First Congressional District.

Zephyrhills, Pasco County, Florida, Feb. 10, 1912.

VALUES OF MEN'S ESTATES

Are Subject to Strange Shrinkages After Death of Their Owners.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The first estimate of the wealth of the late Edwin Hawley has gradually been reduced to the almost trivial sum of three millions by another "guesser." "Millions" are easily uttered verbally by those without them. There are no tenable grounds for estimating the values of estates of men of prominent wealth, particularly those of speculative tendencies, where fluctuation or prospective values are conjectural in presentation for official determination of inheritance tax. A long line of unathoritative predecessive instances of approximations of values have been stultified by final legal accountings.

Some who have acquired great wealth by enterprises other than the manufacture of commodities, luxuries, real estate, or general barter have been "plungers," promoters, or organizers in lines in which "wind" and "water" have been large assets. To stir these into agitation secretive measures are necessary, and the principals have every interest in maintaining reticence as to the yieldings.

Even those of moderate resources are generally overestimated through the influence of display to realize such result, and perhaps enlargement of credit.

We are also afflicted by fashionable paupers, who impress and beguile the credulous in the bestowal of confidence with harrowing results. Few men of accumulated means and ordinary modesty and prudence convey any intimation of the extent of their resources, and will quickly evade or resent any probings in this direction for information when pursued even by relatives or intimates.

New York, Feb. 14, 1912. RESERVATION.

MOTOR CARS' REAR LAMPS.

Cunningly Fixed So That the Number Plates Cannot Be Read.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Why do the traffic police standing in the different streets not hold up the many thousands of cars, handing their drivers a summons to appear in the courts for the many violations seen all over town in the affixing of the rear number license plates to the bodies of the cars?

The law says plainly such plates should be affixed in such way that the numbers are legible at a distance of fifty feet at night; that the ray of light from the tail lamp should illuminate the plate to be distinguished as to numbers at this distance.

Now kindly have a good look at the majority of all cars in our city, and you will find the plates affixed so ingeniously that the ray of light either does not fall on the plate, being attached above or below the lamp, or, in many instances the plates are affixed right behind the mouth of the lamp, so that the first number is covered by the lamp, and instead of 12345 being shown only 2345 can be seen at night.

Again, the plates are attached to curve backward, slanting toward the body of the cars, thus the light falls only on two or three numbers, and it is no wonder so many chauffeurs "get away with it" at night, as their numbers cannot be seen at ten feet distance.

New York, Feb. 13, 1912. R. R.

Proposed Duty on Spices.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I see by this morning's paper that another duty is suggested to be placed on the consumer's breakfast table. Surely it is a wonderfully Domecratic Congress which aims to reduce the cost of living by imposing a duty of 1 cent a pound on spices of all kinds. It is the general idea of most of the so-called consumers or "peepul" that the idea of the Democrats is to aim at reducing the cost of living, if this is possible, but outside of coffee, what can be a more direct tax on the breakfast table, to say nothing of the lunch table and the dinner table, than a duty on all kinds of spices which enter so largely into the food of the consumer—and particularly the poorer man?

A CONSUMER.

Newark, N. J., Feb. 13, 1912.

Nuisances at Musical Recitals.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I would call attention to an annoyance which has worried many persons who attend the concerts in Carnegie Hall. This annoyance is created by the man or woman who either whispers throughout the performance of some musical work or keeps time with foot stamping. One would suppose that persons who attend these affairs go there to appreciate the music.

N. LINDSAY NORDEN.

New York, Feb. [illegible], 1912.

COLUMBIA TEACHING PERU.

Graduate of the University Here Now at the Head of the School System.

That North American men and methods are now transforming the educational system of Peru is the news brought from that part of the continent by Prof. J. A. MacKnight, a graduate of Columbia and a native of Kansas, who is spending here his Summer vacation. The reader must remember that Peruvians as well as all the South Americans are enjoying Summer time just now.

Mr. McKnight has been connected with the Education Department of Peru for three years. He went there first as an Inspector of Education in the Province of Puno, near the famous Titicaca Lake, where he opened the first Teachers' Institute in that country. Some of those who attended the lectures had to ride 100 miles on horseback in order to do so.

Just a year ago the Peruvian Government appointed Mr. MacKnight President of the Normal School at Lima, the capital. By reorganizing the budget and suppressing the grafting that had been going on for years, Mr. MacKnight was able to cut the expenses and save enough money to increase by one-third the number of students who receive their instruction free. Assisted by two other Americans, J. B. Locky and Miss Grace Carnahan, he has introduced American methods not only in the normal but in the elementary and high schools. Another feature that the Peruvian schools owe to the initiative of Mr. MacKnight and his American associates is the establishment of agricultural education and manual training.

The Peruvian Government is so well pleased with the work done by the Americans in the Department of Education that it has decided to devote in the future a larger proportion in the budget to educational purposes.

Mr. MacKnight will leave to-morrow for the West, where he intends to give some lectures in Denver, Kansas City, St. Louis, &c., on the South American countries he has visited.

TO REPAIR ROADS IN QUEENS.

Supt. Leavitt Will Start 500 Men at Work on Them To-day.

G. Howland Leavitt, the wealthy Superintendent of Highways of Queens, will start five hundred laborers at work to-day repairing and building the neglected streets and roads of that borough. In addition thirty-eight foremen and thirty assistant foremen will go with the outfit, and Supt. Leavitt and the people of Queens are looking forward to the accomplishment of great things in the way of road building.

A system is to be put in operation giving to a foremen and a designated number of laborers a certain section of highway, and then holding the foremen responsible for its maintenance. It is also proposed to put in operation a road patrol system similar to that in vogue in certain sections of Europe. Supt. Leavitt has two automobiles of his own and his own chauffeur which he proposes to bring into service in looking after the workmen. Despite the condition of the weather Supt. Leavitt expects to make a good showing almost at once.

SENATOR ROOT 67 TO-DAY.

But He Won't Celebrate Like Depew, Who Has a "$1,000,000 Disposition."

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—Senator Root's colleagues were surprised to learn to-day that he will be 67 years old to-morrow. In appearance Mr. Root is one of the young men of the dominant coterie of the Senate and is in perfect health. He smilingly denied that he would follow the custom of his predecessor, Chauncey M. Depew, in celebrating the day.

"Neither with rejoicing nor with grief," laughed the Senator. Then he went on: "Chauncey has a wonderfully happy temper. He gets a great deal of enjoyment out of things. He reminds me of the man whose friends said he had a 'million-dollar disposition.' That's Chauncey. He has a million-dollar disposition."

HIGH PRICE OF POTATOES.

Thousands of Bushels Are Imported Under a Very High Tariff.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

There have appeared in many of the New York dailies statements concerning shipments of potatoes and the duties they pay. Yesterday the steamer Minnetonka came into this port, said to contain 67,956 sacks of potatoes. The duties payable on the lot equal $47,579. This week's shipments will bring supplies from abroad, particularly from Ireland, in the neighborhood of about one million sacks for the season, on which there will have to be paid duty amounting to $700,000.

Arrivals for the remainder of the season will decrease weekly from now on, as news in today states that Germany and France are both buying in Ireland and England. As there is a shortage in all kinds of vegetables, onions, cabbage, and carrots selling at higher prices to-day than they have done for many years, it is not at all unlikely that some of the farmers' hopes for $2 per bushel for potatoes may soon be realized.

W. N. WHITE & CO.

New York, Feb. 14, 1912.

Dust Raised in Bakeshops.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Go into almost any of the ordinary small bakeries in the morning and quite likely you will see a young girl sweeping the room with a broom, while the bread, cake, pies, &c., destined for human consumption are totally uncovered, exposed to all the vile dust arising from the sweeping of a floor which has been trodden upon by many feet, bringing in the accumulations of the street.

Inspectors should insist that some one of the many materials and aids for cleaning floors should be used. Long-handled, broad, soft brushes also should take the place of the stiff broom. To see such sweeping properly done, watch the man employed in cleaning the corridors and staircases of our great new Library Building. Every motion tells, no effort is wasted, with ease, and without dust.

AN OBSERVER.

New York, Feb. 14, 1912.

Greek Church Married Priests.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In connection with Mr. Tracy's letter in this morning's TIMES about "Pere Hyacinthe's Marriage," I beg to say that the statement that "Leo XIII. offered to take him back into the fold, permitting him to become a priest of the Greek rite and retain his wife," is utterly without foundation in fact.

No priest of the Greek Catholic or the Greek Orthodox Church is permitted to marry, and neither the Catholic nor the schismatic church of the Greek rite allows any one who has taken monastic vows afterward to marry.

ANDREW J. SHIPMAN.

New York, Feb. 13, 1912.

Not an Unlucky Thirteen.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Regarding the thirteen superstition, it seems to be overlooked that the United States of America started with thirteen original States.

JAMES PILLOW.

New York, Feb. 14, 1912.

TREASURE TROVE.

Gone are the days of forty-nine,
Those days of nuggets, claims, and shares,
And horny-handed millionaires
Who wore no collars;
When everybody owned a mine
That yielded, in a working day
Conservatively speaking, say
Ten thousand dollars.

I scorn them all, those tales about
The wealth of El Dorado's hills;
For I have known far deeper thrills
Of fortune fickle.
But yesterday, while taking out
My last year's suit, to have it pressed,
Hid in the lining of the vest
I found a nickel.

DEEMS TAYLOR.

ROOT AGAINST VOTE FOR PORTO RICANS

Those in New York Stirred Over an Interview the Senator Gave to a Porto Rico Paper.

FAVORS REPUBLIC FOR THEM

But They're Afraid That the Party That Denies Them a Vote Isn't Likely to Give Them Independence.

Porto Ricans in this city are much stirred up over a reputed interview with Senator Root which appeared in The Observer of Jan. 27, a weekly published in Ponce, copies of which have just arrived in New York. Senator Root is quoted as being opposed to granting Porto Rican citizenship, and in favor of a republic for the island under an American protectorate. Citizenship for Porto Ricans was a plank in the Republican platform, and its repudiation has brought bitter disappointment to those who hoped to see it accomplished, and has brought no hope to those who are working for the independence of Porto Rico, for, they say, if a promise in one direction can be disregarded for political reasons, promise of independence would equally fail.

The Porto Rican Alliance, an organization in this city pledged to work for the advancement of the island, is committed, through Ganzalo O'Neill, its President, to independence, and it was said yesterday that, in view of Mr. Root's remarks, and the way in which the trusts and Republican politics have been made manifest in Porto Rico, the alliance will take an active part in the coming Presidential campaign in this country.

Senator Root was interviewed at Washington by Robert Todd, a member of the National Republican Committee of San Juan. "I am opposed," Mr. Root is quoted as saying, "and always have been to the concession of citizenship. I do not believe that it would be wise for you, nor for us. It would not be wise for you, because within three years you would be here complaining that you were not citizens of the same class as ourselves. And it would not be wise for us, because it would involve us in grave political complications with Mexico, Central America, Cuba, San Domingo, and all the other Caribbean countries. I cannot explain to you all the ins and outs of our policy with those countries, but it is sufficient to say that any step taken with regard to Porto Rico will attract attention throughou Latin America, and it is best for us to avoid unnecessary trouble and complications. The concession of citizenship has a very great significance; it seriously compromises us for the future, and it is too much to ask that we so compromise ourselves for a country with a little over a million inhabitantts of a race, civilization, and customs distinct from ours.

No More New States.

"What right have we to pretend to govern a country over one thousand miles away? Without asking you, I feel sure that we are governing Porto Rico badly, because we have to confide its government, so far from us, to men who, it is most certain, do not understand you; logic tells us that, no matter how badly you may govern yourselves, you will always do it better than the men we send you. Do not expect that Porto Rico will ever become a State of the Union; we have finished making States with the admission of our last two contiguous territories."

Senator Root was asked how about Hawaii. He replied:

"That was a mistake, which I opposed at the time, and which its authors have since regretted. Some day Hawaii will be a republic. The destiny of Porto Rico must be worked out logically, and it should become a republic under an American protectorate. As in the case of Cuba, we should insist that your constitution guarantee sanitation, public order, national credit, &c.; in short, a kind of Platt amendment."

The Senator was asked: "Why then did you promise us citizenship in your platform?"

This Mr. Root first answered by another question as to how much work it cost to have that plank put in the platform, and he continued:

"I do not criticize you for your efforts to secure that political promise; you naturally try to improve every opportunity to reach the end you have in view. But, at present, when it is proposed to fulfill that promise, our legislators must consider seriously what is best and most useful for the interests of both countries."

In Porto Rico there are two parties, one asking for citizenship and the other independence. Mr. O'Neill points out that if the Republican Party disregards its promise that the Constitution was to follow the flag, then the day of independence is a long way off.

"This shows us," he said, "that the Republican Administration has no definite policy towards us. As a matter of fact the island is so tired of promises that down there there is indifference as to whether citizenship comes or not. We must still be content to be under a flag which gives us no protection and an Administration which exploits us.

Porto Ricans Dissatisfied.

"On his journey to the Pan-American Conference at Rio Janeiro Senator Root was able to gather at first hand information of intercontinental relations. The Senator is a close observer of men and events and he would not guage the satisfaction of a people by the figures of commerce. He knows well that the history of Latin America does not contain a single case of a bloody upheaval because of economic reasons alone and that its sources have been political discontent.

"Porto Rico has prospered since she came under the United States, but that prosperity did not come from the United States. I believe that Porto Rico would have been more prosperous under self-government. Speaker Cannon when asked for citizenship replied: 'You have a fine climate, beautiful women, splendid advantages, and natural wealth, what do you want?' Well, we have all these, but the United States did not give them to us. We have now the trusts, the sugar trust and others. They have overrun the island and the United States gave them to us. There must be a nigger in the woodpile, and perhaps that is the answer as to why we have the flag and promises.

"A majority of Porto Ricans are skeptical, and there is a growing sentiment for independence because we have been so often deceived. Latin America distrusts the United States and her policy of grab and is constantly passing laws to protect herself which are hurting United States commerce. They know of the seizure of Panama, one of the most disgraceful acts in the history of the country, and they are alive to the treatment that has been given to us. The United States is a failure as a colony maker.

"I say that we are no longer going to remain passive, and in the coming campaign, and I say it for the Alliance, we will canvass the country and do our best to help defeat those who have given promises and only broken them, and we are going to work more energetically for our own island, now at the mercy of the trusts and the politicians."

New Editor for The Churchman.

NEWTON, Mass., Feb. 14.—The Rev. Edward T. Sullivan, rector of Trinity Church, Newton Centre, has been asked to become editor of The Churchman, of New York, and it is understood he will accept the offer. The Churchman has been purchased by a number of New York laymen.

MISS REGAN WEDS; CARDINAL OFFICIATES

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James B. Regan Married to Wm. G. Gardner in Cathedral.

AN IMPOSING CEREMONY

Reception and Bridal Breakfast at Hotel Knickerbocker—Bridegroom Is British Vice Consul Here.

The marriage of William Gunther Gardner, British Vice Consul to New York, to Miss Marion Edith Regan, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Bernard Regan, was celebrated yesterday morning at 11 o'clock in St. Patrick's Cathedral before a large assembly. Cardinal Farley officiated.

The ceremony was imposing and picturesque, the cathedral having been transformed into a bower of ascension lilies and trailing green. The sanctuary presented a solemn spectacle of color, the Cardinal wearing his full pontifical robes, and blessing the couple from his throne after the betrothal service. This is the first marriage ceremony that his Eminence has performed since his elevation to the rank of Cardinal. The fact that the union was international in character, also served to make the occasion a notable one.

The wedding guests began arriving about 10:30, passing under an awning which extended from Fifth Avenue to the main entrance to the cathedral. The ushers who seated the guests included Etienne de Markowski, Clyfford Trevor, Alfred Smiles, Hiram Foster, Rex Durward, and James B. Regan, Jr.

The bridal party arrived shortly before 11, being conveyed to the cathedral in limousine cars, the chauffeurs wearing white boutonnieres.

The centre aisle of the cathedral was adorned with tall standards, entwined with southern smilax, and topped with large clusters of ascension lilies, forming a long lane of fragrant lilies. The great pillars of the cathedral were garlanded with green.

Promptly at 11 o'clock the bridal procession moved up the nave. First came the acolytes, in their scarlet and white vestments, followed by the ushers. The six bridesmaids preceded the maid of honor, behind whom walked the bride, leaning upon the arm of her father.

The bride wore a gown of white satin meteor de luxe with a Court train, the latter being square cut and falling from the shoulders, being elaborately decorated with old rose point lace, with a crescent of orange blossoms at the end. The veil was of rose point lace and extended the full length of the train. It was caught up at the head by a festoon of orange blossoms. The sleeves and bodice of the gown were of point de Venise lace, which was also draped on the left side of the gown, being caught up by a garland of orange blossoms. The bride's bouquet was a shower of white orchids and lilies of the valley, and her only ornament a pearl necklace, the gift of the bridegroom.

Miss Katherine Reynard, the maid of honor, wore a frock of palest blue, veiled with chiffon and silver lace, with a large picture hat of brown straw, topped with brown tulle. She carried a bouquet of roses and hyacinths.

The bridesmaids were the Misses May C. Wagner, Elizabeth O'Farrell, Dolorita O'Gorman, Kathleen Silo, Blanchette Julien, and Inez Barrios. They appeared in satin gowns of light pink, veiled with chiffon, and trimmed with silver lace, and light brown straw hats with tulle of the same shade. They each carried a brown tulle pillow muff, from which fell shower bouquets of pink roses.

Gustave de Rosa, Italian Consul to Boston, acted as best man.

Mr. Gardiner joined his bride just outside the sanctuary. Upon entering the sanctuary the bridesmaids and ushers formed an aisle through which the couple passed on to the high altar, where they knelt before Cardinal Farley. After a low mass had been said his Eminence, assisted by Mgr. Lavelle, performed the ceremony, pronouncing a short address. At the close of the mass the Cardinal gave the couple his blessing from the throne, wearing the ermine and scarlet cappa magna, or great robe of authority, for this ceremony.

Following the ceremony at the cathedral a reception and bridal breakfast was held at the Hotel Knickerbocker. The second floor suite was used for the reception, the Vice Consul and his bride receiving the congratulations of their relatives and friends in the large red reception room, which was decorated with white and purple lilac bushes, forsythia, and other Spring flowers. Mrs. Regan, the bride's mother, in a trailing gown of blue satin, veiled in chiffon and silver, assisted in receiving. Nahan Franko's orchestra played.

An elaborate buffet was served during the reception in the ballroom, the cut-glass electroliers gleaming through hangings of laurel and smilax. The buffet table was decorated with thousands of pink roses, large rose trees rising from the centre and ends of the table. Candy cupids and flowers were also used in the table decorations. The buffet consisted of more than thirty dishes, with chocolate, coffee, and vintage champagnes. This was followed by a luncheon to the special guests, the menu of which, printed on handsomely decorated cards, was:

Cocktail Mandarinette.
Caviar Beluga. Crepes de Maïs.
Tortue Verte en Tasse, Amontillado.
Oeuf d'Orleans.
Terrapin, Maryland.
Carre of Baby Lamb, Polonaise.
Pommes Helene. Petits Pois Fins a la Menthe.
Sorbet au Grand Marnier.
Caille Farcie, Veronique.
Asperges Nouvelles Vertes Froid a l'Aural.
La Sauce Armenonville.
Fraises Romanoff. Corbeille Mignardises.
Cafe des Gourmets.
Vintage Champagnes.
Apollinaris.

The gifts received by the bride were both numerous and costly. They were shown in the tapestry room, adjoining the reception room, and consisted of much gold and silver plate and jewels. The bride received from her parents a superb diamond necklace and diamond barrette. Her gifts to her attendants were platinum bracelets, set with diamonds and sapphires. The bridegroom presented his best man and ushers with scarfpins, being a pearl set in diamonds.

Later in the afternoon Mr. and Mrs. Gardner left on their honeymoon trip. They are booked to sail on the Caronia on Tuesday, Feb. 20, and will visit Egypt, taking a trip up the Nile. On their way home they plan to visit Greece, Turkey, and Roumania, and will be away about four months.

Two pews at the cathedral were set apart for Consular representatives of foreign countries stationed in New York. The first pew on the right side of the cathedral had been reserved for Gov. Dix, but the Governor was prevented from attending owning to official duties. Enrico Caruso and Mr. Scotti occupied a pew behind Mr. and Mrs. Regan. Many other prominent people attended the wedding, also the reception.

Among those asked were Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Biddle, Mr. and Mrs. Emilio Baumgarten, Benjamin Altman, Mr. and Mrs. Jules S. Bache, Mr. and Mrs. Julian Barclay, Baroldi Content, John Dix Coffin, Arthur Brisbane, Mrs. Victor Dowling, Mrs. Thomas Drummond, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Ehret, Mr. and Mrs. Edward Farrelly, Señor G. F. Forni, Italian Consul General; Justice and Mrs. James W. Gerard, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Gorli, Dr., and Mrs. W. C. Gilday, Judge and Mrs. Leonard Giegerich, Major and Mrs. Gulick, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Hanan, Chandler Hale, Mr. and Mrs. R. M. Haan, Judge Peter A. Hendrick, Judge and Mrs. Keogh, Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Lancaster, Edward Lauterbach, Baron Schlippenbach, Justice and Mrs. McCall, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Nicholai, and Mr. and Mrs. Morgan J. O'Brien, Jr.

Also United States Senator James A. O'Gorman and Mrs. O'Gorman, Mr. and Mrs. William A. Prendergast, Dr. Clarence E. Rice, William Douglas Sloane, Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Thorne, Judge and Mrs. Tierney, Frank Tilford, Harry Underwood, Mr. and Mrs. Rhinelander Waldo, Mr. and Mrs. Timothy Woodruff, Mr. and Mrs. John McMartin, Mr. and Mrs. Douglas Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Carroll, Mrs. William H. Force, Miss Katherine Force, Franklin Plummer, Nils Florman, Harry Harnickel, Mr. and Mrs. George H. Wigham, Jules Glaenzer, Baron W. Osten-Sacken, Baron A. Von Nuber de Percked, and Mr. and Mrs. Louis [illegible]

SOCIAL NOTES.

Vice President and Mrs. James S. Sherman are in town for a few days, and are at the Hotel Manhattan.

Mrs. J. Muhlenberg Bailey is having Thursdays at home at 77 Madison Avenue.

Col. and Mrs. Henry May of Washington, who have been abroad all Winter, returned on the Olympic, and are at the Hotel Gotham for an extended visit.

Mrs. Frank M. Burrough and Miss May Burrough are giving a tea on Saturday afternoon from 4 to 6 at 130 West Fifty-seventh Street.

Mrs. F. Leopold Schmidt of 54 East Seventy-fifth Street will give a bridge party this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Jules S. Bache are leaving for Canada, on Feb. 22, and about April 1 Mrs. Bache will sail for Europe, where she will be joined two months later by Mr. Bache and her daughter, Miss Hazel Bache, spending the Summer at her place at Deauville.

Miss Lossie Hall is entertaining at bridge on Friday at her home, 129 East Fifty-fourth Street.

Baron and Baroness von Herworth are at the Ritz-Carlton for a few days.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Brooks have returned from abroad and will be at the Plaza for several weeks.

Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish is giving a dinner to-night. Mrs. E. H. Harriman, Mrs. John C. Waterbury, and Mrs. Alfred R. Conkling will also give dinners this evening. Mrs. Conkling will take her guests to the theatre afterward.

Among those who plan to go South today are Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James, Mr. and Mrs. F. Egerton Webb, Miss Laura Webb, and Mr. and Mrs. Frederick C. Havemeyer.

The wedding of Miss Marion Allison, daughter of Col. James N. Allison, U. S. A., to Lieut. Jacob E. Fickel, U. S. A., will take place this afternoon at 3:30 in the chapel of St. Cornelius the Centurion on Governors Island. The wedding will be an army affair.

Mrs. Montgomery Schuyler will give a reception this afternoon at the Manhattan Hotel for Mr. and Mrs. Montgomery Schuyler, Jr., and Dr. and Mrs. Robert L. Schuyler.

A gala performance of "Koenigskinder" for the benefit of the Legal Aid Society will be held this afternoon at the Metropolitan Opera House. Many people of social prominence will occupy the boxes. Col. and Mrs. Roosevelt are to be present.

The marriage of Miss Louisa A. Feuchtwanger, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Abraham Feuchtwanger to Irwin Untermyer, son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Untermyer, will take place to-day at the St. Regis.

Mrs. John Greenough will entertain this afternoon with the last of three afternoon musicales at her home, 38 East Sixty-third Street.

Mrs. James Russell Parsons will open her house, 550 Park Avenue, this afternoon at 3:30 for a talk on suffrage by Miss Alice Perkins and Miss Catherine Lexow.

The Symphony Club of New York, the orchestra of which is made up of well known women, will give a concert at the Waldorf-Astoria on March 28 for the benefit of the Stony Wold Sanitarium. Efrem Zimbalist will be the soloist.

PARTY FOR JOSEPHINE NICOLL.

Mrs. De Lancey Nicoll Entertains for Her Debutante Daughter.

Mrs. De Lancey Nicoll gave a theatre party last evening for her débutante daughter, Miss Josephine Nicoll, followed by a dance at her residence, 23 East Thirty-ninth Street. The theatre party was preceded by a dinner for forty, the table being decorated with pink roses, violets, gardenias, and bisque cupids. The favors were tiny silver heart-shaped patch boxes for the girls and glass and silver ash trays for the men.

After the dinner Mrs. Nicoll took her party to the Broadway Theatre, where they were joined by thirty-five other guests.

Dancing began at 11:30 at her home. The house was decorated with St. Valentine emblems, on a background of wild ivy and sprays of pale pink blossoms. There was no cotillion, but favors were given, consisting of corsage bouquets and heart-shaped trinkets for the girls, with glass and silver match boxes and cigarettes for the men.

Supper was served at 1 o'clock, and during its progress a postman entered the room and distributed individual valentines. Much merriment was caused by the opening of the valentines. In addition to these there were supper favors of paper hearts, whirligigs and tiny bombs. A cake weighing thirty pounds was cut, and tiny gold favors were distributed from the cake, the recipe for which has been in Mrs. Nicoll's family for more than 200 years.

Dancing was resumed after supper, and an early breakfast served. None of the older people were present.

MRS. HARTWELL ENTERTAINS.

Gives Theatre Party and Dance for Niece, Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr.

Mrs. John A. Hartwell entertained last evening with a large theatre party, followed by an informal dance, for her niece, Mrs. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., and Mr. Roosevelt. The theatre party was preceded by a small family dinner. Forty guests, chiefly young married people, were taken to the theatre to see Weber & Fields, and after the play were taken to the Colony Club for the dance. About two hundred in all were asked for the dance. The decorations were simple, and a buffet supper was served at midnight in the gymnasium.

The guests were received by Mrs. Hartwell and Mrs. Roosevelt, the latter with her husband being here from California for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Brokaw's Dinner Dance.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard C. Brokaw gave a dinner dance last evening at their residence, 934 Fifth Avenue, the guests being chiefly their married friends. There was a dinner of thirty-four covers, the decorations being roses and lilacs, and later about seventy-five additional guests came in for the dancing, there being a buffet supper about midnight.

Those invited included Mr. and Mrs. William Manice, Mrs. McVickar, Mrs. Van Ingen, Mr. and Mrs. Willard Brown, Mr. and Mrs. Paulding Fosdick, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Keech, Mr. and Mrs. Anson Beard, Mr. and Mrs. William Ross Proctor, Mr. and Mrs. George Duncan, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Choate, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Peters, Mr. and Mrs. C. Morton Whitman, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Riker, Mr. and Mrs. Irving Brokaw, Mrs. Daniel Chauncey, Mr. and Mrs. R. C. Lawrence, John Talmadge, T. Chesley Richardson, E. Victor Loew, Beverley Bogert, and Mr. Stebbins.

Leap Year Dance at the St. Regis.

The second of the leap year dances was held last night at the St. Regis. The dance was preceded by a large theatre party at the Gaiety Theatre. Following the performance supper was served at the St. Regis for 200. There were St. Valentine souvenirs and menus. After supper there was dancing. The patronesses were Mrs. Effingham Lawrence, Mrs. Benjamine A. Griffen, Mrs. George C. Hutchinson, Mrs. Royal C. Peabody, Mrs. Edgar Van Etten, Mrs. Wright Barclay, Mrs. Otis K. Dimock, Mrs. Clarence E. Chapman, Mrs. James B. Curtis, Mrs. Howard K. Coolidge, Mrs. Daniel O'Day, Mrs. George S. Palmer, Mrs. E. F. Slauson, and Mrs. Henry Clarke Coe.

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CHARMING PICTURES SHOWN IN GALLERIES

French Painters Predominate in Collections of Yerkes, Stern, Bolton, and Hyde Estates.

TWO PRETTY BOUGUEREAUS

Fragonard Represented by a Pair of Heads Entitled "Les Jeunes Amants" —American Artists' Landscapes.

The paintings now on view at the American Art Galleries belong to the estates of Mary Adelaide Yerkes and Isaac Stern and to Guy R. Bolton, Charles B. Lawson, J. H. Stanford, and Mrs. Clarence M. Hyde. The auction sale will offer exceptional opportunity for amateurs of fastidious taste to exercise their power of discrimination. A number of the French pictures are especially rewarding. Mr. Bolton has bought with excellent taste and secured not a few prizes. Without assuming expert knowledge, one may admire with a secure mind the beautiful painting in the little "Venus et Amour Endormies," given to François Boucher. The pearly flesh, the rosy shadows, the ashen lavender of the curtain, and the dainty contours of the form give the picture a charm highly characteristic of the indomitable worker and conscienceless trifler who expressed the warring tendencies of the eighteenth century in France in this contradiction of qualities.

Fragonard was Boucher's disciple, and he is also represented by a pair of heads on a small panel, entitled "Les Jeunes Amants," and so enchanting in color and in the delicacy of the glazes, dragged so softly over the fine underpainting, that even the truly great name of Fragonard does not seem too aspiring an attribution. The picture came, moreover, from the collection of Sir Richard Wallace, and was presented after his death by Lady Wallace to Lady Errington. Three pictures are given to Watteau, of which one at least, the beautiful little "Chansons d'Amour," is worthy of that master; and there is a Lancret, of a sounder quality, which is said to be the pendant of "An Italian Comedy," in the Wallace collection.

An earlier period of French art is represented by a small portrait of the Duc de Nanteuil, painted in tempera on paper by Claude Audran, full of character, but thin and cold in color; by Largillière's portrait of Mme. de Rohan, and a portrait of La Comtesse de Parabere, with white and blue draperies and holding two doves, which is given to Nattier.

Two paintings, "L'Amour Vaincu" and "Le Triomphe d'Amour," by Charles Joseph Natoire, belong to a series exhibited in Paris when the artist was 36 and François Boucher was 33, the year before Boucher received his commission to execute four panels for the Hôtel de Soubise. According to a popular story, Boucher was incited by Natoire's exhibition to choose the same subject for his Soubise panels, placing them in a room adjoining one decorated by his rival, thus showing the same friendly and modest spirit that animated Turner when he decided that one of his pictures should forever hang next to one by Claude in the National Gallery. Other eighteenth century pictures will well repay the attention of connoisseurs.

To the nineteenth century belong several interesting French pictures, two good Corots, both from the Stanford Collection, a Troyon and a Rousseau from the same collection and a fine Cazin from the estate of Mrs. Yerkes. There are also a gleaming little Boldini, an unusually good Isabey and an amusing portrait of Ada Rehan as Lady Teazle by Jan van Beers, from the same source. There are two Bouguereaus, one the familiar "Cupid and Butterfly," the other a pretty genre called "The Little Pouter," executed with the painter's unconquerable tidiness, but beautifully drawn in his smooth and precise manner.

The prize of the Yerkes collection is the exceptionally fine example by Alfred Stevens. Entitled "The Letter" it shows a woman in white standing in front of a screen, holding a letter in her hand. The color of the screen is gold and black, and near it is placed a plant with large, green leaves, and a large rosy blossom. We recommend to all young painters of interiors who are enlisted by the "Gold Screen" motive, to study the exquisite discretion with which it is kept in the background in the present instance, and the lovely purity of tone in the white dress and in the flesh. Such perfection of taste will one day be given its true value in the market place. In the meantime we may expect to find some astute connoisseur chuckling over his Stevens bargain while a large price is paid perhaps for the Lawrence which in aesthetic value cannot compare with it, although much more simple and charming than Lawrence usually is, and a pleasant version of British maidenhood.

Speaking of Lawrence, a portrait ascribed with apparent justification to Raeburn is that of Sir James Innes-Ker, not in the least in Raeburn's usual crisp style, but a very handsome painting, rich in character.

Numerous examples of American painters include landscapes by Bruce Crane, Charles Melville Dewey, Louis Dessar, George H. Bogert, R. W. van Boskerck, W. H. Howe, George Inness, William Morris Hunt, Homer Martin, Robert C. Minor, Thomas Moran, H. W. Ranger, Frederick Ballard Williams, and A. H. Wyant. In this section too, will be discovered enviable canvases. It is distinctly a sale to which to bring all one's judgment and taste. It will take place in the grand ballroom of the Plaza, beginning Monday evening, Feb. 19.

Upstairs in the American Art Galleries are the art objects belonging to Mrs. Yerkes, among them a group of very beautiful watches and snuff boxes, and a number of remarkable miniatures. The furniture is extremely well displayed, two rooms being given up to its arrangement as when in use. The fans will attract special attention and some of the old silver is unusual in style. The sale of these objects will be at the American Art Galleries and will commence Monday afternoon, Feb. 19.

DINNER DANCE FOR DEBUTANTE.

Mrs. J. S. Bache Entertains for Daughter—St. Valentine Decorations.

Mrs. Jules S. Bache gave a dinner and dance last night at Sherry's for her débutante daughter, Miss Hazel Bache. The spirit of St. Valentine prevailed in the decorations, both on the tables, in the tapestry room and in the small ballroom where the dancing was held.

Covers were laid for 150 at the dinner, the guests being asked for 8 o'clock. The favors at dinner were silver picture frames, shaped like hearts, for the girls, and gold heart-shaped key rings for the men.

About 150 additional guests came in for the dancing. Mrs. Bache, in yellow brocade, and her daughter, in a white frock, received in the red room adjoining the ballroom, which was decorated with red roses and Spring flowers in tall vases. The ballroom was festooned with green, red carnations and roses being used in working out emblems of St. Valentine's Day.

A supper was served at 1 o'clock, after which dancing was resumed. There was a second supper, or breakfast, served toward morning.

Among the young people at the dinner were the Misses Dorothy Hayden, Ada Bryce Gray, Anna Short, Katherine Moore, Kate Schermerhorn, Mildred Rice, Adelaide and Marjorie Browning, Marjorie Noyes, Sibyl Young, Helen Maclay, Vera Van Buren, Mildred Holmes, Betty Carson, Dorothy Guyon, Eloise Talcott, Frances Winant, Estelle O'Brien, Elisabeth Fry, Cora Weir, Florence and Isabel Eaton, Eugenie Bissell, Marian and Diantha Fitch, Gwendolen Condon, Caramai Carroll, Helen Whitney, Viola and Adelaide Townsend, Phoebe Judkins, and Augusta Wright.

Also Angier Duke, James Dallas Corbiere, Lawrence Atterbury, Newton Rae, Franklin Plummer, Roderic Wellman, Cleveland Cobb, Campbell Steward, Robert Butt, Moncure Robinson, Putnam Morrison, Roy Floyd-Jones, Hermann Oelrichs, Amos Schermerhorn, Charles Potter, Jr., Philip Johnson, Philip Mills, Julian Bishop, Langdon Leslie, Joseph Ewing, George Brokaw, Walter Gleason, Herman Legendre, David Barrowes, Fitz-John Porter, Frederick Cunningham, Donald Bayne, Donald Carr, Harold Story, Roderick McAlpin, Ferris Hamilton, Harry Durand, Frederick Wooley, Bache Brown, Albert Hopkins, Daniel Lawton, Noel Bassell, Frederick Seggerman, Thomas Potter, W. Sargent Bouvier, Robert Shaw, Livingston Phelps, Edward Shippen, 2d, Harvey Graham, and Walter Eaton.

EX-KING OF SAMOA DEAD.

Mataafa, Who Resisted Treaty Powers in 1898, Dies in Fiji Islands.

MELBOURNE, Australia, Feb. 14.—The announcement is made from Levuka, Fiji Islands, of the death of Mataafa, ex-King of Samoa, who maintained resistance against the treaty powers in 1898.

In 1879 Germany and Great Britain obtained harbors in Samoa, and a political arrangement was concluded whereby no single power was to appropriate the islands. A few years later civil war began over the question of the succession to the kingship. The Germans supported Tamasese, and the British and American residents supported Malietoa. After the latter had been deported by the Germans the British and American support was transferred to Mataafa, who succeeded him. In the course of the fighting which ensued fifty German sailors and marines were killed or wounded by the adherents of Mataafa.

A conference between the three powers was then held at Berlin, and a treaty entered into by those powers and Samoa in 1889 by virtue of which the independence and autonomy of the islands were guaranteed. Malietoa was restored as King, but on his death in 1898 two rival candidates for the throne appeared. One of them was Mataafa, but the Chief Justice selected by the three powers decided against his claim and in favor of a boy, Malietoa Tanu, a relative of Malietoa.

Civil war immediately ensued, in which a number of American and British officers and sailors were killed by the natives, the Germans upholding the claims of Mataafa, and the British and Americans supporting the rival candidate. In May, 1899, Mataafa and his chiefs surrendered their arms

SIR NOWELL SALMON IS DEAD.

Admiral of the Fleet Won Victoria Cross for Bravery in Indian Mutiny.

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Admiral of the Fleet Sir Nowell Salmon died to-day at the age of 77. Until his retirement in 1905, after serving 58 years in the navy, he was one of the most popular officers in the fleet. He was one of the rare possessors of the Victoria Cross, which he won for bravery in the field during the Indian mutiny.

Obituary Notes.

ALBERT H. WELCH, for many years connected with newspapers in Chicago, and who retired eight years ago, died at his home in Dexter, N. Y., Tuesday night, aged 62.

HENRY ROSENHEIM, 73 years of age, died Monday at his home, 562 West 148th Street. He was Treasurer of the American Oil Disinfecting Company. Mr. Rosenheim was for many years a Director of the United Hebrew Charities. Mr. Rosenheim was born in Baltimore. He is survived by a widow, who was Miss Clara Schlesinger, and two sons.

PIERRE JOSEPH MARIE EUGENE CAVENTOU, member of the Academy of Medicine of France, a chevalier of the Legion of Honor, died on Tuesday in Paris. He was born in 1824.

HOFFMAN ROGERS, son of the late Benjamin Wolsey Rogers, died Sunday in his 67th year, at his home, 102 Madison Avenue. He leaves two sons and a daughter.

Mrs. MARTHA J. BOOTH SEELYE, widow of Lindsey Seelye, died Tuesday at the home of her daughter, Mrs. William H. Arnold, 152 West Seventy-fourth Street, after an illness of a few weeks. Mrs. Seelye was born in Ballston, N. Y., 80 years ago. She came from Revolutionary stock.

LEYSHON DAVIES, who was once one of the wealthiest powder manufacturers in England, died Tuesday at his home, 1816 Race Street, Philadelphia. Mr. Davies was 60 years of age, and of late years had been a salesman for a Philadelphia printing house. When the Powder Trust was formed Mr. Davies refused to join it. He fought it and continued to do so until his fortune, which was thirty-five years ago estimated at $5,000,000, was almost spent. Then he came to this country.

Mrs. ANNA M. G. FARR, widow of James M. Farr, died Monday at her home, 16 Lexington Avenue. She was born in Philadelphia and was 76 years of age. Her grandfather was William Rush, the sculptor, and a cousin, Benjamin Rush, a signer of the Declaration of Independence. Mrs. Farr left three sons.

CLARENCE W. FOX, senior member of the firm of Fox, Fultz & Co. of Boston, dealers in druggist sundries and glassware, died Tuesday at his home. Mr. Fox was born in Ashland, N. Y., 55 years ago. Mr. Fox was also identified with Lillibridge-Weeks-Thurlow Company of New York.

CHRISTIAN FREDERICK GLIMM, a member of the Mercantile Exchange, died Tuesday at his residence, 249 West 111th Street. Mr. Glimm was born in New York and was 62 years of age. He was a member of Chancellor Walworth Lodge No. 271, F. and A. M. Mr. Glimm is survived by a widow and a son.

Mrs. JOHANNA BUCKLEY, wife of T. J. Buckley, who is employed in the office of the Borough President, died Monday at her home, 157 West Sixty-eighth Street. Mrs. Buckley was 59 years old, and besides a husband she leaves three sons.

Mrs. ANNA E. WAIT, wife of Dr. Wesley Wait, died Tuesday in Newburg, N. Y. She was a daughter of Samuel T. Knapp. Mrs. Wait contributed $40,000 toward the erection of a hospital in Newburg.

HANNAH C. BULL, widow of the Rev. Richard Bull, a once well-known Connecticut Congregational minister, died of old age at the home of her nephew, Augustus Knapp, in Greenwich, Conn., Tuesday night, in her eighty-ninth year.

WILLIAM H. HARRISON, the retired veteran court crier of the Bergen County courts, whose death was prematurely announced a week ago, died in Hackensack, N. J., yesterday, aged 86. He succeeded his father-in-law, who was court crier for many years, and who died at the age of 96.

Mrs. LOUISA T. JONES, 64 years old, wife of Gen. William A. Jones, U. S. A., retired, died in a hospital in Baltimore last night. She was one of the favorite cousins of the late President Benjamin Harrison, and closely related to the late Gen. Lew Wallace. Mrs. Jones will be buried Saturday in Arlington National Cemetery, Washington.

McGREGOR ADAMS KING, 26 years old, died of pneumonia in Chicago yesterday at the residence of his mother, Mrs. Rockwell King. He was coxswain on the 'Varsity eight at Harvard in 1910, in which year he was graduated. Among surviving relatives is Mrs. Frank Dumoulin of Cleveland, Ohio.

Mrs. SARAH E. CHILDRESS, who died yesterday at Fredericksburg, Va., aged 93 years, had been 12 times a mother, 71 times a grandmother, 118 times a great-great grandmother, and once a great-great-great grandmother.

SAMUEL M. DODD, senior member of the dry goods house of Dodd, Brown & Co. of St. Louis, died in that city yesterday. He was born in East Orange, N. J., June 3, 1832. He entered the dry goods business as a clerk at Orange, and later went to New York, from whence he emigrated to St. Louis. Mr. Dodd was formerly President of the American Brake Company and the Missouri Electric Light and Power Company, and Vice President of the American Central Insurance Company and the St. Louis National Bank of Commerce.

MARSHALL EMORY HUNTER, connected with the firm of Gorham & Co., silversmiths, died yesterday after an illness of six months, in his seventy-first year. His home was at 58 West Fifty-seventh Street. He was born in Montague, Mass., and early removed to Boston, where he entered the jewelry business until the outbreak of the civil war, when he enlisted with Massachusetts troops. Mr. Hunter is survived by his wife and one daughter.

JOHN HULSE STONE, connected with Pepperman & Co., tailors, died last Tuesday at his home, 122 West 114th Street, in his sixty-third year. He was born in New York City and received his education here, entering business at an early age. He was a member of the Mason order. Mr. Stone left a widow.

GEORGE HERBERT RICE, a son of the late Rev. Spencer M. Rice, one-time rector of Grace Episcopal Church, Jersey City, died Tuesday at his home, 53 Summit Avenue, Jersey City, from injuries received by a fall. He was 53 years old, and prior to his retirement ten years ago was Receiving Teller for the Second National Bank. He leaves a widow.

CHARLES N. JUDSON, a lawyer of 40 Wall Street, died yesterday at his home, 150 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, as a result of an operation he underwent about two weeks ago. He is survived by his wife.

McNAMARA-WOOD WEDDING.

Ex-Assistant Attorney General Married to Miss Theodora Wood.

The wedding of Stuart McNamara, formerly of Washington, but now of this city, and Miss Theodora Wood, a daughter of the late Theodore F. Wood and of Mrs. Wood, took place at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Church of the Divine Paternity, at Seventy-sixth Street and Central Park West. Dr. Stanley White and Dr. Frank Oliver Hall officiated.

The church was decorated with palms and masses of pink and white azaleas, and the reception took place at the St. Regis, where the entire ballroom floor was taken for it, Mr. and Mrs. McNamara receiving in the white and old ballroom, decorated with Spring flowers and palms.

The bride, who walked up the nave alone, wore a long trained robe of white satin partially veiled with Duchesse lace and trimmed with pearls, and a Duchesse lace veil, held with a coronet of lace and orange blossoms. She carried lilies of the valley and gardenias. She wore a diamond pendant, the gift of the bridegroom, a diamond horseshoe, the gift of her mother, and a string of pearls.

Mrs. Alexander Wolfe Powell, the matron of honor, was in orchid colored chiffon over orchid satin, and carried a large bouquet of white lilacs and pink roses. Her hat was of orchid colored taffeta, with pink roses.

The bridesmaids were the Misses Irene McNamara of Washington, Elsa Schaefer and Ethel Hollingshead of New York, and Elizabeth Child of Orange. They were in frocks of white satin veiled with deep orchid colored chiffon. Their white straw hats were faced with black straw and trimmed with pink roses.

Mrs. Wood, who gave her daughter in marriage, wore a white satin robe veiled with black net embroidered in rhinestones and a violet hat trimmed with violets and violet plumes.

Mr. McNamara had Reginald Huidekoper of Washington as his best man, and the ushers were Frank Spriggs Perry, James R. Knapp, John F. Fell, Walter Cary, the latter taking the place of Edward M. Freeman, who was unable to be present.

Mr. McNamara was formerly Assistant Attorney General of the United States, and the bride's father, the late Theodore F. Wood, was for years Treasurer of the United States Express Company.

There was a large reception at the St. Regis, and after it Mr. and Mrs. McNamara started South on a bridal trip, and on their return in March will live at 495 West End Avenue.

MISS VIOLET GUILD WEDS.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry G. Guild Married to Tinney C. Figgatt.

The wedding of Miss Violet Guild, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry G. Guild, to Tinney Cavanaugh Figgatt, took place last evening at the home of the bride's parents, 160 West Eighty-eighth Street, at 8:30 o'clock. The Rev. Arthur H. Judge, rector of St. Matthew's Church, officiated.

The bride wore a gown of ivory satin trimmed with rose point lace. Her veil of tulle was held with a coronet of orange blossoms. She carried a shower bouquet of lilies of the valley. Her only ornament was a bow knot pin of diamonds, the gift of the bridegroom.

She was attended by her sister, Miss Hazel D. Guild, as maid of honor, who wore light blue charmeuse trimmed with silver lace and carried a bouquet of sunrise roses. Miss Catherine Meinecke, a niece of the bridegroom, acted as flower girl.

James Theus Munds was best man. The ushers were Brevard McRee Jones and George A. Meinecke.

A reception was held for relatives and friends after the wedding ceremony and later the couple left for an extended trip. Upon their return they will live in this city.

Miss Davis Weds A. L. Tunstall.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—Miss Maude Morrison Davis of this city and Alexander L. Tunstall of Providence, R. I., were married this evening in St. Margaret's Episcopal Church. The bride was escorted by her brother, W. G. Davis of New York. D. Gray Tunstall of Norfolk was best man. The bridal party included Mrs. T. M. Merryweather of Philadelphia as matron of honor, Miss Madeline Davis, the bride's sister; Miss Helen Shepard of Hartford, Conn., and Miss Florence Kirtland of this city. The ushers were Alfred Gray of Richmond, Charles Slaughter of New York, Gordon Rowe of New Haven, Whitwell F. Tunstall, John Tunstall, and John Snyder, brother-in-law of the bride.

Lydia Hubley Emmet.

Lydia Hubley Emmet, only daughter of the late Judge Robert Emmet, and a great-niece of the Irish patriot, Robert Emmet, died yesterday at the home of her niece, Mrs. Arthur M. Sherwood, 251 Lexington Avenue. She was born in New York in 1824, and spent most of her life at New Rochelle, where she was greatly beloved by the poor and other classes. With the exception of Dr. Thomas Addis Emmet, a cousin, four years younger than herself, she was the last of the descendants of Emmet, the patriot.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

TOMLINSON.—Feb. 7, 8 West 84th St., to Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Tomlinson, a son.

Connecticut.

DEAKIN.—Feb. 11, Danbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Deakin, a daughter.

KANE.—Feb. 8, Danbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Kane, a daughter.

Married.

BRADY—SHANLEY.—Wednesday, Feb. 14, Mr. and Mrs. James J. Shanley announce the marriage of their daughter, Ann Griffin, to Thomas J. Brady, Jr., at Church of St. Ignatius Loyola, New York City, by the Right Rev. Mgr. McCready.

FIGGATT—GUILD.—On Feb. 14, at the home of the bride, 160 West Eighty-eighth St., by Rev. Arthur H. Judge of St. Matthew's Church, Violet, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Henry Gardner Guild, to Tinney Cavenaugh Figgatt.

FLYNN—McKAY.—At Milwaukee, Wednesday, Feb. 14, 1912, Ruth, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. McKay of New York, to Mortimer F. Flynn.

HARRIS—SAMUELS.—Wednesday, Feb. 14, at 362 Riverside Drive, Lillian Dorothy, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Samuels of New York and Jamestown, N. Y., to Mr. George A. Harris of New York City. Bradford, Penn., and Jamestown, N. Y., papers please copy.

THOMAS—BERGER.—On Wednesday, Feb. 7, at Vancouver, B. C., Eda Carolyn Berger of Roxbury, Mass., and William Leonard Thomas of New York City.

WADDELL—McMILLAN.—On Wednesday, the 14th inst., by the Rev De Witt L. Pelton, Ph. D., in the City of New York, Virginia E. A. McMillan to James Harold Waddell.

WOOD—McNAMARA.—On Wednesday, Feb. 14, 1912, at the Church of the Divine Paternity, New York, by the Rev. Dr. Stanley White, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Frank Oliver Hall, Theodora, daughter of Mrs. Theodore Frelinghuysen Wood, to Stuart McNamara of New York.

PERCIVAL—CASEY.—Feb. 12, Florence Casey to Lewis A. D. Percival.

New York State.

DISBROW—POTTER.—Feb. 11, Harriman, Susie Potter to Harry Disbrow.

101
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Died.

ADAMS.—At Miami, Fla., on Feb. 14, 1912, in the 88th year of her age, Mary A. Adams, daughter of Elsie De Riemer and Samuel Denton Morford and wife of the late Peter C. Adams. Funeral Saturday, Feb. 17, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of her son-in-law, Edward L. Suffern, 16 Sycamore Av., Plainfield, N. J.

BELDEN.—At Montreal, Canada, Feb. 12, Charles Denison Belden of Stamford, Conn., in the 70th year of his age, after a short illness. Funeral Friday morning, 10 o'clock, at the Church of the Messiah, Park Av. and 34th St., N. Y. City. Please omit flowers. Stamford papers please copy.

BELDEN.—Sons of the Revolution in the State of New York, office of the society, Fraunces Tavern, corner Broad and Pearl Sts., New York, Feb. 14, 1912.—The members of this society are requested to attend the funeral services of their late associate member, Charles Denison Belden, at the Church of the Messiah, Park Av. and 34th St., Feb. 16, at 10 o'clock.

EDMUND WETMORE,
President.
H. R. DROWNE,
Secretary.

BLACK.—Mary Celeste, beloved wife of Robert Joseph. Funeral services at her late residence, 601 East 170th St., Thursday, 8:30 P. M. Interment at Aquebogue, L. I.

BOYD.—On Feb. 13, Annette, widow of John T. Boyd. Funeral services at her late residence, 346 Willis Av., on Thursday, Feb. 15, at 8 P. M.

BULL.—At Greenwich, Conn., Feb. 13, 1912, Hannah Corwin, widow of the Rev. Richard B. Bull, in the 89th year of her age. Funeral at the residence of her nephew, Augustus Knapp, No. 50 Brookside Drive, Friday, Feb. 16, at 2:30 P. M.

CAMPBELL.—On Tuesday, Feb. 13, 1912, Archibald Campbell, aged 76 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 515 West 169th St., Thursday, Feb. 15, at 8 P. M.

DRUMMOND.—Feb. 13, David Drummond, aged 31. Funeral chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., 8th Av. and 19th St., Friday at 1:30.

EMMET.—At her residence, 251 Lexington Av., New York City, Wednesday, Feb. 14, 1912, Lydia Hubley Emmet, only daughter of the late Judge Robert Emmet and Rosina Hubley, his wife, in the 88th year of her age. Notice of funeral hereafter.

FARR.—On Monday evening, Feb. 12, 1912, at her late residence, No. 16 Lexington Av., after a brief illness, Anna M. G., wife of the late James M. Farr. Funeral service at the convenience of the family. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent. Interment Laurel Hill, Philadelphia, Penn.

FURNISS.—On Sunday evening, Feb. 11, 1912, at her residence, 20 Madison Av., after a short illness, Sophia R. C. Furniss. Funeral services will be held at the Church of the Incarnation, Madison Av. and 35th St., on Thursday morning, Feb. 15, at 10 o'clock.

GOEWEY.—Suddenly, Emeline C., daughter of the late Philip and Mary Cobb Goewey. Funeral services at the residence of her cousin, 29 Pearsall Avenue, Jersey City, on Thursday, Feb. 15, at 8 P. M. Interment at Tarrytown.

HALLAM.—On Wednesday, Feb. 14, at 385 3d St., Brooklyn, Frank Melville, youngest beloved son of Kate Handley and the late Erastus Hallam, aged 20 years. Funeral notice later.

HALLS.—On Feb. 13, 1912, Sarah Whittaker, wife of William Halls, Jr. Services at Methodist Episcopal Church, at Summit, N. J., Thursday, Feb. 15, at 4:30 o'clock. Friends are particularly requested not to send flowers. D., L. & W. train leaves Barclay St. at 3:24 P. M.

HILLMAN.—On Tuesday, Feb. 13, at his residence, 116 West 69th St., William H. Hillman, aged 50 years. Notice of funeral on arrival from Alaska of his sister.

HUNTER.—On Wednesday, Feb. 14, Marshall Emory, beloved husband of Lavinia Adams Hunter. Funeral service Friday morning, 10:30 o'clock, at the Church of Zion and St. Timothy, 334 West 57th St. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers. San Francisco papers copy.

HUSTON.—Elizabeth, wife of Samuel Huston, at her late residence, 314 West 51st St. Notice of funeral hereafter.

JUDSON.—On Wednesday afternoon, Feb. 14, Charles N. Judson. Funeral services at his late residence, 150 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, on Friday, Feb. 16, at 4 P. M. Interment at convenience of family.

LADD.—Abraham Wilson, husband of Ella Hale Ladd and son of the late George and Phebe N. Ladd, on Feb. 13, 1912. Funeral at his late residence, 158 West 105th St., on Friday, Feb. 16, at 10 A. M.

LANE.—Feb. 11, George Tibbitts Lane, at Augusta, Ga. Funeral Wednesday, Feb. 14, from 51 First St., Troy, N. Y.

LEOPOLD.—Fanny, widow of the late John Leopold and mother of Louise Leopold and Estelle Deitsch, in her 65th year. Funeral Thursday at 9:30 A. M. from her late residence, 1,239 Madison Av.

LOBENSTINE.—Anne Townsend, aged 13 days, daughter of Dr. and Mrs. Ralph W. Lobenstine, died suddenly Feb. 14. Funeral private.

MOHR.—On Monday, Feb. 12, 1912, Nicolaus Ernest Mohr. Funeral services at his late residence, 143 Main St., New Rochelle, on Thursday, Feb. 15, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Beechwood Cemetery, New Rochelle.

MOHR.—Company H, Seventh Infantry, N. G., N. Y., New York City, Feb. 13, 1912.—Order No. 1.—With profound sorrow, announcement is made of the death of our comrade, Private Nicolaus Ernest Mohr. Members are requested to attend the funeral ceremonies, (citizens' dress,) Thursday, Feb. 15, 1912, at 2 o'clock P. M., at his late residence, 143 Main St., New Rochelle, on the arrival of the 1:10 P. M. train from Grand Central Station. The usual badge of mourning will be worn for thirty days.

GEORGE E. BALDWIN, Captain.

MOULTON.—On Tuesday, Feb. 13, at his residence, 278 Lockwood St., Astoria, L. I., George A. Moulton. Funeral services at his late residence, Thursday evening, at 7:30. Interment on Friday at Greenwood Cemetery.

OPPENHEIMER.—Suddenly, on Tuesday, Feb. 13, at his residence, 310 West 80th St., Harry Z., beloved husband of Flora May Oppenheimer. Funeral private.

ROSENHEIM.—Henry Rosenheim, dearly beloved husband of Clara Schlesinger and father of Wallace and Casper S., after a short illness, on Monday, Feb. 12, in the 74th year of his age. Funeral at the convenience of the family. Baltimore, Richmond, and Denver papers please copy.

ROTHSCHILD.—On Feb. 14, 1912, Charles, beloved husband of the late Sarah Rothschild and beloved father of Carrie Morgenthau. Funeral at convenience of family.

SEELYE.—On Tuesday, Feb. 13, at 152 West 74th St., New York, Martha Booth, daughter of the late Lebbeus Booth of Balston, N. Y., and widow of Lindsey P. Seelye. Funeral private.

SMART.—Marshall Smart. THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., (Campbell Building,) Thursday afternoon, 1 o'clock.

SMITH.—An extract from the minutes of the meeting of the Board of Directors of Rockwood & Company, held Feb. 13, 1912, at 88 Washington Av., Brooklyn, N. Y.:

Be it resolved, That this board deeply deplores the sudden demise of Miss Elizabeth F. Smith and shares in the sorrow of her relatives and many friends. From the personal knowledge of each of its Directors it wishes to express its appreciation of Miss Elizabeth F. Smith's years of loyal performance of duty to her employers, of her unfailing integrity and keenness in looking first and foremost after her employers' interests, of her persistent cheerfulness and willingness to aid others, and of her constant endeavor to live up to the ideal of the church of which she was an honored member; and also

Be it resolved, That a copy of this resolution be spread upon the minutes of this board, and that a copy of this resolution be sent by the Secretary of this board to the bereaved family.

WALLACE T. JONES,
President.
C. T. PIERCE,
Secretary.

STEERS.—Suddenly, at her home, 235 West 132d St., on Wednesday morning, Feb. 14, 1912, Margaret E. Steers. Funeral services at the home of her sister, Mrs. John Bottomley, 254 West 132d St., on Friday at 2 P. M.

STONE.—John Hulse Stone, son of the late Chaunsey G. and Mary E. Stone, at his residence, 122 West 114th St., New York City, Feb. 13, 1912, aged 63 years. Services "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d St., (Frank E. Campbell Building,) on Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. Members of Sagamore Lodge, No. 371, F. and A. M., Amity Chapter, and Palestine Commandery are respectfully invited to attend. Syracuse papers please copy.

STONE.—Sagamore Lodge, No. 371, F. and A. M., Brethren: You are requested to attend the Masonic funeral service of our late departed brother, John Hulse Stone, at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d St., (Frank E. Campbell Building,) on Sunday, Feb. 18, at 10 o'clock.

FRANK M. POND, Master.
W. L. J. PIGEON, Secretary.

VINTON.—At her residence, in Pomfret, Conn., on Sunday, Feb. 11, Elizabeth Perry Vinton, eldest daughter of the late Rev. Francis Vinton, S. T. D., of New York, and granddaughter of the late Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry of Newport, R. I. Funeral services will be held at Christ Memorial Church, Pomfret, on Wednesday, Feb. 14, at 11 o'clock A. M. Interment at Newport, R. I.

BASSLER.—Dorothea, 161 East 102d St., Feb. 13, aged 51. Funeral to-day, 1:15 P. M.

BECKMANN.—Henry A., 11 Morton St., Feb. 12.

BLUM.—John C., Feb. 13, aged 84. Funeral 209 East 83d St. to-day.

BUCKLEY.—Johanna, 157 West 68th St., Feb. 12. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

CIOCCARI.—Anselmo, 195 Bleecker St., Feb. 12, aged 43. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CLEARY.—Anna, 404 West 31st St., Feb. 13. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

CONNELLY.—James J., 2,327 Ellis Av., Unionport, Feb. 13. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

CONNOLLY.—Peter, Feb. 13. Funeral 545 East 13th St. to-day.

COSTELLO.—Catherine, 209 West 140th St., Feb. 12. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

FENTON.—Patrick F., 840 Tinton Av., Feb. 13. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

GLIMM.—Christian F., 249 West 111th St., Feb. 13, aged 62. Funeral service to-day.

HANLEY.—Ellen N., 155 East 39th St., Feb. 13. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

HOFF.—William G., Presbyterian Hospital, Feb. 13, aged 65. Funeral service to-day.

JEMISON.—Charles, 446 St. Nicholas Av., Feb. 12. Funeral to-day, noon.

LOBSITZ.—Mary, 14 West 107th St., Feb. 13. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

LUBBEN.—Peter, 935 East 179th St., Feb. 13, aged 55. Funeral to-morrow.

McCLOSKEY.—Margaret E., 730 Tinton Av., Bronx, Feb. 12.

MERRILL.—George W., Feb. 12, aged 82. Funeral 539 Bay St., Stapleton, S. I., to-day.

MITCHELL.—George C., Feb. 12. Funeral 6th Av. and 36th St.

NOLAN.—Mary, 1,126 Jackson Av., Bronx, Feb. 13. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

ROBERTS.—James F., 171st St. and St. Nicholas Av., Feb. 12, aged 37.

SCHOATS.—Ida J., Feb. 13. Funeral 6th Av. and 36th St. to-day.

SHEEHAN.—Margaret, 12 Beach St., Feb. 12, aged 36. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

SHEEHAN.—Mary, 2,218 8th Av., Feb. 12. Funeral to-day, 9:45 A. M.

STEWART.—Arthur, 3,708 Olinville Av., Bronx, Feb. 13. Funeral to-day.

STREBEL.—Mary, 202 East 29th St., Feb. 13. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

WALSH.—William P., 324 West Houston St., Feb. 12. Funeral to-day.

WECK.—Albert, 665 Dawson St., Bronx, Feb. 12, aged 78. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

Brooklyn.

AALBUE.—Ole, 149 Van Dyke St., Feb. 13, aged 76. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BANKER.—Anthony, 753 Clinton St., Feb. 13. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

BEALEY.—Anna, 817 St. John's Place, Feb. 13. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

BROWN.—Martha A., 185 Conover St., Feb. 13. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

CABLE.—William, 180 Patchen Av., Feb. 12, aged 36. Funeral to-morrow.

CASSIDY.—Michael, 123 Prospect St., Feb. 13, aged 72. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

DUNDON.—Catherine, 52 Putnam Av., Feb. 13. Funeral to-morrow.

EDEN.—Sophie, 968 Jefferson Av., Feb. 14, aged 72. Funeral service to-morrow.

FAGAN.—Thomas, 81 Steuben St., Feb. 13, aged 54. Funeral to-day.

FREDERICKS.—Rudolph H., 6,404 4th Av., Feb. 12. Funeral to-morrow, 2:30 P. M.

GALLAGHER.—Edward, 607 Park Av., Feb. 12. Funeral to-day.

GOOD.—Lester, M. D., St Francis Xavier Academy, Feb. 14. Funeral to-morrow.

HASLAM.—William, Sr., 55 Myrtle Av., Feb. 13, aged 53. Funeral service to-day.

HUNT.—James, 650 Hicks St., Feb. 13. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

HYATT.—William, 1,911 Broadway, Feb. 13. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

JAMESON.—Mary A., 181 East 5th St., Feb. 13. Funeral to-morrow.

KELLEY.—Michael J., 913 Kent Av., Feb. 13. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

LAIN.—L. Georgia, 104 Chauncey St., Feb. 13. Funeral service to-day.

McDOWELL.—Robert, 279 St. James's Place, Feb. 13, aged 59. Funeral service to-day.

McPIKE.—Mary J., 400 Henry St., Feb. 13. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

MACY.—Charles, 9,024 Fort Hamilton Parkway, Feb. 12. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MAGUIRE.—Annie, 186 Prospect Place, Feb. 14. Funeral notice later.

MOORE.—Anna, 4,011 3d Av., Bay Ridge, Feb. 13. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

MOREHOUSE.—Mary E., 95 Weirfield St., Feb. 13. Funeral service to-day.

O'REILLY.—Ellen, 57 Prospect St., Feb. 13. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

OWENS.—Nellie A., 248 Howard Av., Feb. 13, aged 18. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

PANITZ.—Ursula M., 241 Penn St., Feb. 13. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

PIKE.—B. E., 219 Harrison St., Feb. 14. Funeral service Feb. 17.

RIORDAN.—Hanna S., 322 1st St., Feb. 13. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

SALAMANDO.—Luke, 895 Kent Av., Feb. 13. Funeral to-day.

SCHMIDT.—August E., 457 Chauncey St., Feb. 12.

SULLIVAN.—Ellen, 383 South 5th St., Feb. 12, aged 64. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

WEATHERWAX.—Ida C., 1,587 Bushwick Av., Feb. 12, aged 57.

WELDON.—Annie A., 151 Prospect St., Feb. 13, aged 28.

WHITE.—Eugene, 1,328 Dean St., Feb. 14. Funeral notice later.

Connecticut.

BECKWITH.—John T. Sr., Saybrook, Feb. 13, aged 68.

FULLER.—Emma G., Hartford, Feb. 12.

GANEY.—Catherine, Hartford, Feb. 12.

LAWSON.—Edwin N., Union, Feb. 12. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

MORTON.—Parthenia L., Hartford, Feb. 12, aged 66. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

NICHOLS.—Theodore, Hartford, Feb. 12, aged 23. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

O'NEILL.—Jane, Greenwich, Feb. 12. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

ROGERS.—Daniel S., Hartford, Feb. 13, aged 62. Funeral to-day.

DITTMAR.—Henry E., Danbury, Feb. 12, aged 57. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

RUSSELL.—Cynthia J., Bethel, Feb. 13, aged 65.

SAUNDERS.—Mrs. Albert T., Danbury, Feb. 12, aged 39.

SEARLES.—Sarah F., Danbury, Feb. 12, aged 64.

Long Island.

BECKER.—Edward, Floral Park, Feb. 12. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

KOSTER.—William, 1,907 Myrtle Av., Glendale, Feb. 13, aged 78. Funeral to-day.

LEWIS.—Emily N., Richmond Hill, Feb. 13. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

LATFRING.—The Rev. Casimir, Jamaica, Feb. 13, aged 65.

VICTORY.—Philip H., Richmond Hill, Feb. 12, aged 68. Funeral to-day, 9 A. M.

New Jersey.

BENZ.—Frank, Newark, Feb. 13, aged 29. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BERGER.—Frank L., Elizabeth, Feb. 12, aged 34. Funeral to-day, 8:30 A. M.

BOUCHER.—James H., Jersey City, Feb. 12. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

COUGHLIN.—Catherine, Trenton, Feb. 12. Funeral to-day, 8 A. M.

CROWELL.—Abbie A., Rahway, Feb. 13, aged 74. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

DAVIS.—Magdalen, Jersey City, Feb. 12. Funeral to-morrow, 10:30 A. M.

FELLMETH.—Wilhelmine F., Newark, Feb. 13, aged 70. Funeral Feb. 17.

GROSKLAUS.—Anna M., 299 Old Bergen Road, Feb. 13. Funeral service to-morrow.

GRUBER.—Herman, Elizabeth, Feb. 12, aged 52. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

HANNON.—Angela M., 261 Avenue C, Bayonne, Feb. 12.

KALLMANN.—Catherine J., 39 Montgomery St., Jersey City, Feb. 14. Funeral service to-day.

KOEHLER.—Sarah J., Jersey City, Feb. 13. Funeral service to-morrow.

KRAFT.—Barbara, Newark, Feb. 13. Funeral to-morrow, 8 A. M.

LESHER.—Eli, South Orange, Feb. 14, aged 79. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

LIPPINCOTT.—Cornelia B., Westfield, Feb. 12, aged 76.

LUCAS.—Mary E., East Orange, Feb. 13. Funeral to-day.

MAHER.—Eliza, Newark, Feb. 13. Funeral to-day, 8 A. M.

MARA.—James, Trenton, Feb. 12.

POND.—Mary L., Passaic, Feb. 13. Funeral to-day, noon.

POTT.—Louis R., Roselle Park, Feb. 12, aged 30.

PRICE.—Frederick A., Elizabeth, Feb. 12, aged 62.

RACKETT.—Anna A., Belleville, Feb. 13, aged 58. Funeral service to-day.

RANDOLPH.—Elizabeth H., Elizabeth, Feb. 12. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

ROEDEL.—Euphrosina, 108 Prospect St., Jersey City, Feb. 12. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

SANDERS.—Katherine L., 296 8th Av., Newark, Feb. 13.

SEILER.—Joseph A., Trenton, Feb. 12, aged 18. Funeral to-day, 8 A. M.

SOUTHWICK.—Anna M., Trenton, Feb. 12. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

STEIN.—Gertrude, Lyndhurst, Feb. 12, aged 49. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

WECKESSER.—John, 34 East 24th St., Bayonne, Feb. 12.

WEHRFRITZ.—Dorothy M., Lyons Farm, Feb. 13. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

WESTER.—Frederick, 145 Chadwick Av., Newark, Feb. 14, aged 29.

ZOPFI.—Theresa, Newark, Feb. 13, aged 4. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

New York State.

BAGULEY.—John E., Poughkeepsie, Feb. 12.

DOUGHERTY.—Frank, Wappinger's Falls, Feb. 11, aged 14.

DUNBAR.—James R., Valley Cottage, Feb. 12.

FOULKES.—William E., Harrison, Feb. 13. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

NAU.—Rudolph, Oxford, Feb. 13, aged 75.

ROGERS.—Catherine, Newburgh, Feb. 13, aged 87. Funeral to-morrow, 1:30 P. M.

WAIT.—Annie E., Newburg, Feb. 13. Funeral to-morrow, 11 A. M.

In Memoriam.

SAUER.—In loving memory of George J. Sauer, who died Feb. 15, 1910.
Asleep, but not forgotten.

SIMONSON.—In loving memory of my dear husband, Charles D. Simonson, who died Feb. 15, 1911.

COGGINS.—Ellen F., mass, Church of St. John, Kingsbridge, to-day, 8 A. M.

JOYCE.—Joseph, mass, St. Joseph's Church, Newark, N. J., to-day, 8 A. M.

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REVEALS THE CASE AGAINST MAJOR RAY

Clerk's Accusing Letter to Gen. Whipple Read at Inquiry Into Paymaster's Conduct.

WIFE CONFESSED, HE WROTE

Couldn't Look at Officer Without Wanting "to Kill Him"—Suppressed in Department Report.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—More of the suppressed correspondence from the War Department's files with respect to the case of Major Beecher B. Ray, the army paymaster, was brought into the limelight to-day by the House Committee on Expenditures in the War Department.

Lieut. Col. George F. Downey, former assistant to Brig. Gen. Whipple, until recently Paymaster General of the Army, was summoned before the committee by Chairman Helm for the purpose of regaling its record with the letters which Gen. Whipple failed to present. Gen. Whipple would have been summoned, but had left for California to live in retirement, and Lieut. Col. Downey, now Post Paymaster of Washington, was invited to produce the missing links from the correspondence relative to the complaint of the paymaster's clerk who had preferred the most recent of the charges against Major Ray.

The most sensational of the papers produced to-day was a letter written by the clerk to Gen. Whipple narrating the wrong alleged to have been done him by Major Ray. These accusations would have resulted in Major Ray being ordered before a court-martial if President Taft had not written a letter to Paymaster General Whipple directing that Major Ray be only reprimanded. The President pursued this course for the "honor of the army and a woman," according to one of his own letters which was read into the record the other day. The name of the paymaster's clerk was not disclosed to-day, and he is still being designated as "Mr. Blank" in the records of the House committee.

No sooner had Lieut. Col. Downey taken the stand to-day than the committee demanded the production of "Blank's" letter. Against his inclination, and only because he was required to do so, Lieut. Col. Downey read the letter, as follows:

The Accusing Letter.

Atlanta, Ga., June 25, 1910.

My Dear General: Circumstances have arisen that make it absolutely necessary that I be relieved from duty as personal clerk to Major B. B. Ray at the earliest possible date. This is not an application, and you will readily see after reading this communication just why I cannot comply with Paragraph 424 of the Paymaster's Manual, especially the last sentence.

Before proceeding any further, I desire to impress on you my desire for absolute secrecy relative to the information contained herein. I have a father 82 and a mother 73 who celebrate their golden wedding anniversary in October, also two children, and I would brave any circumstances or conditions rather than bring shame and disgrace upon them or have anything made public that I am about to write. I should much have preferred a personal interview, but it seems impossible, as I could not get the leave just now to come to Washington, and could not afford to do so at this time.

I have loved and honored my wife above everything else on earth, and have trusted her as implicitly as I would my mother, and you can readily see to just what desperation I have been driven when I write this communication.

I have probably been partly to blame for what has happened by allowing Mrs. Blank to be in Major Ray's company to the extent that she has, but in extenuation of this fact I have only to say that I trusted her to the extent that I did not think it possible she could do wrong.

Within the past few days something, which I cannot mention, forced me to the belief that there was something wrong. Last night I had an all-night talk with my wife, and she finally confessed to me that Major Ray, from the first few months that I was assigned to him, had forced his attention on her, but that up to the time of our leaving Honolulu she had repelled him, thinking that she could easily keep him at a distance and not telling me because she considered that she was perfectly able to take care of herself, and as our relations were pleasant and we always seemed sure of a pleasant station, &c., she kept the matter to herself.

Overcame Her Scruples.

Upon our arrival in San Francisco we had rooms at the Hotel Manx, and it was there that he first succeeded in overcoming her scruples, securing the key between the rooms and leaving the office in the afternoon, stating that he was attending to private business, only to go immediately to the hotel and enter my wife's room. The arguments he used were particularly contemptible and disloyal to me, he stating that it was only a question of time until I lost my position on account of my debts; that when I did lose my place he would see that she never needed anything, &c.

I cannot bring myself to write more along these lines except to say that since then he has continually importuned and annoyed her, making all sorts of promises and threatening that he would ask for a different clerk and make me lose my position if she did not comply with his demands. My wife is really but a child in experience, being eleven years my junior in age, naturally of a trusting and confiding disposition, and although, of course, I can see that there is no excuse for her actions, yet there are certainly extenuating circumstances.

Major Ray insisted upon our coming to Chicago en route to Atlanta, and at the time I wondered why it was—it is clear to me now. The husband is always the last to suspect, it is said, and several times different people have mentioned to me that the Major and Mrs. Blank were together a great deal, but I have always laughed it off, and several times have cautioned her about doing anything that might look compromising, but I have had such unbounded faith in her good sense and loyalty to me that I have been worse than blind.

I consider Major Ray's actions particularly unworthy those of an officer and gentleman, and particularly ungrateful in view of the fact that during his trouble in Manila I was the only friend he had in the Pay Department there. I kept him advised while in the States that he had enemies, stood by him at all times, and made enemies for myself; when he and Mrs. Ray came to Manila, Mrs. Blank and myself gave up our own home, which we had furnished there, to them and went out to board; we have nursed both he and Mrs. Ray during illness, and I have done everything in my power to forward his interests both personal and official. I could not have been more surprised and pained.

Forgave His Wife.

Now I am prepared to forgive and try to forget Mrs. Blank's part of this unfortunate affair—she leaves here on June 29, and goes to Washington, where she will be from July 1 to 6. From there she returns to her home for the Summer. Major Ray had promised me two months' leave immediately upon completion of the manoeuvres at Chickamauga Park, and I was then going to come to Washington, and have made overtures to get a position with Mr. —— or Mr. ——, two of my creditors, and try to work off some of my indebtedness.

You can readily see that my daily association with Major Ray is almost unbearable—that every time I look him in the face I want to kill him, and that a continuation of our relations is impossible.

As I am entirely innocent in the matter I desire a transfer and am willing to go anywhere with any one rather than continue where I am now—I would love to get a chance to come home and see my people, but I am willing to give even that up if necessary.

I am writing this to tell you that my desire is to avoid publicity—no one will ever know that I have written you this letter. I will not let Mrs. Blank know under any circumstances that I have written you, and I would prefer, if possible, that you do not show this communication to a living soul unless you consider it absolutely necessary, but at any event I would prefer to live and bear the present situation rather than have anything come up publicly. What is your advice and how shall I go to work to obtain a transfer, this being inevitable?

In conclusion, it would appear that I have been considerable trouble to the Pay Department personally, but, General, if you knew my present situation, with a son who is a confirmed epileptic, my father and mother in poor circumstances, and this last straw, I feel that I am about "all in."

As God is my witness, every line I have written is the whole truth, and I hope and pray that you will believe and do something immediately to relieve me from a situation that is maddening. Very truly yours,

P. S.—We expect to go to Chickamauga Park to manoeuvre on the 29th—feel as if I couldn't stand a month there with him.

Failed to Get Transferred.

Chairman Helm directed Lieut. Col. Downey to give the committee the complete record of this case in its proper chronological sequence. By reading every scrap of paper in the case he showed that on June 30, 1910, Gen. Whipple wrote "Blank" regretting that, while willing to give him a change of station, the initiative could not be taken without violating the principles of the annual. Gen. Whipple suggested that "Blank" forward his request for relief "through Major Ray, giving the reasons." On July 1 "Blank" telegraphed Gen. Whipple saying:

> Desire to withdraw letter of June 24. Had long conversation with parties concerned. Please destroy or return letter. Facts as stated, but best for all parties to drop matter.

Four days later Gen. Whipple went to Beverley, Mass., to consult President Taft concerning what should be done. On July 5 President Taft, in Gen. Whipple's presence, wrote the "personal and confidential" letter advising against a court-martial. Two days after President Taft took this action "Blank" again wrote to Gen. Whipple from Fort Oglethorpe, Ga., saying that he "was almost crazy" when he wrote his first letter; that his wife had "returned home where she will remain several months," and that "Major Ray has practically acknowledged what I wrote some time ago," and that there "will be no repetition." He added that he thought "it best to let everything remain unchanged, at least at present."

Chairman Helm declared the committee got the impression this ended the case except for the reprimand, "but we find there was another suppressed statement by "Blank," written to Gen. Whipple July 11, 1910, during a visit of "Blank" to the War Department. Chairman Helm demanded this letter. Lieut. Col. Downey read it as follows:

> After a conversation with Gen. C. H. Whipple, Paymaster General, I desire to reiterate the statements contained in my letter of June 25 and to state most emphatically that the facts there contained were not overdrawn or exaggerated in any particular. I consider Major B. B. Ray a dangerous man, who would not hesitate to do his best friends an irreparable injury to further his own interests or pleasure.

Gave Ray a Chance to Explain.

Lieut. Col. Downey next produced the letter of Brig. Gen. Albert L. Mills, Commanding the Department of the Gulf, on Sept. 3, 1910, to Major Ray, stating that imputations against him had been secured and were "of such gravity as to call in question your character as an officer and gentleman for if the allegations are true your conduct should be characterized as reprehensible and deserving of severest condemnation." The opportunity was offered to Major Ray to clear himself but his reply dated, Atlanta, Sept. 5, 1910, to Gen. Mills, merely stated:

> I have the honor to acknowledge your letter of Sept. 3 inst. Since my acquaintance with Mrs. B., insofar as my knowledge extends, she has always conducted herself as a lady.

On Sept. 6 Gen. Mills forwarded Major Ray's brief response to the Adjutant General of the Army at Washington with this indorsement:

> The failure of Major Ray to ask for an investigation of the imputations made against his character makes him amenable under the Sixty-first Article of War. It is recommended that Major Ray be not retained at this station as Chief Paymaster.

The Secretary of War on Oct. 1, 1910, directed that all these papers be filed "with the efficiency record" of Major Ray.

The developments in the testimony to-day made it clear that Major Ray is still subject to trial by court-martial, as the statute of limitations would not give him immunity.

Members of the Helm committee express the belief that the disclosures that have been made in Major Ray's case will force his trial by court-martial.

COAL SUPPLIES GETTING LOW

Continued Cold Uses Them Up—Factories Fear They'll Soon Be in Want.

Cold weather makes a sharp demand for coal, but the persistence of the cold snap since the first of the year without the usual intervening mild periods has brought about conditions which The Coal Trade Journal says have become critical in the manufacturing centres.

"Consumers have been clamoring for coal in all markets, especially down East," it says. "The railroads have been unable to get all shipments forward, not alone in the eastern section of the country, but throughout the North and West, on account of a fall down of facilities, which is always to be expected under circumstances which have prevailed. Locomotive service has been crippled to such an extent that the accumulation of freight on tracks cannot be hauled as usual for weeks to come. Not alone is freight traffic considerably behind schedule, but passenger traffic is also in poor shape, trains being from one to several hours behind time. Under such circumstances coal will be about the last commodity to be given attention by the railroads.

"There is a great lack of coal throughout the country and manufacturers are now fearful that they may be compelled to restrict operations, or close down their plants entirely for indefinite periods on this account."

An added complication is the desire of consumers to provide ahead for the possibilities of a strike when the anthracite agreement expires at the end of next month.

BATH TUB TRUST IS HIT.

Three Rulings Against Defense in Trial of Government's Suit.

DETROIT, Mich., Feb. 14.—Three rulings made by United States Judge Angell at to-day's session of the trial of sixteen firms and twenty-four individuals composing the so-called Bathtub Trust, charged with criminal conspiracy in restraint of trade, broke down the barrier existing for several days through long arguments over objections raised by the defense, and enabled the Government to attempt to prove through Edward L. Wayman that the defendants entered into agreements to control trade illegally.

Mr. Wayman, it is alleged prepared the defendants' trade agreements, and he has been characterized as an unwilling witness for the Government.

The Government introduced in evidence to-day what purported to be an agreement between Wayman and the manufacturers and between the manufacturers and the jobbers, and also introduced the price book, which it was declared was sent to all jobbers. The agreement between the manufacturers and jobbers set forth that the jobbers were to receive a rebate ranging from 2½ per cent. to 5 per cent. on $30,000 worth of goods or more.

Wayman testified that under his agreement with the manufacturers they were to pay him a royalty of $5 a day for the use of an enamelled furnace sifter, the patent for which he owned. He declared that if the manufacturers observed the agreement he was to refund $4 of each $5, but if they broke the alleged arrangement he could keep the entire amount.

ADVERTISEMENT.

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I have been at this corner over eighteen years, and in that time have built up the largest first-class dental practice in the world. Magnitude is unimportant, of course, but the reasons for it are worth consideration. What has caused this remarkable growth?

There are two fundamental reasons:
First: Specialization.
Second: Painlessness.

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EDWARD EVERETT CADY, D.D.S.,
FULTON ST., cor. COURT SQUARE, BROOKLYN.
(Less than one minute from Borough Hall Subway Station; fifteen from 42d St.)

NO LAW'S DELAYS IN SPECIAL TERMS

Clerk Smith's Record for the Year Shows Cases Disposed of at Unequaled Speed.

CLOSE UP ON THE CALENDAR

Justices Think This an Answer to Criticisms That Have Been Made, Especially by Lawyers.

James B. F. Smith, clerk of Special Terms, Parts III., IV., V., VI., VII., and VIII., of the Supreme Court, made his annual report yesterday to the Appellate Division. The report shows that 15,463 cases were called in those parts of the court in 1911. Of these 509 were disposed of on the call calendar, 468 were settled, 142 were cases in which the complaint was dismissed, and 2,856 were disposed of by the court. In 123 of 678 cases tried, the trial lasted more than one day. Mr. Smith said yesterday:

"This report effectually answers the charge that the Special Terms of the Supreme Court are clogged by the law's delays. I was talking with Justice Seabury the other day and he remarked:

"'In no court of similar jurisdiction in the world is business so expeditiously disposed of.'

"The Justices have taken the position that they should not notice the strictures of the bar on the question of delays in the court. I regard this as a mistake. It has tended to give people an idea that the court is slow.

"As a matter of fact in the November term of the court, issues noticed in October had been brought before Justice Guy for hearing. A similar showing was made throughout the year.

"I was particularly surprised at the wanton statements made by some prominent members of the State Bar Association, including Mr. Adalbert Moot, that we were three years behind with our calendar. I sent statements of the status of the calendar in this court to the Secretary of the State Bar Association and to Mr. Moot. They evidently never looked at them."

Mr. Smith's report shows that among 2,856 cases disposed of last year, 687 were undefended matrimonial actions. These were disposed of in 163 days of Part III., Special Term, or at the rate of about four a day.

In connection with the vast volume of equity actions handled in these courts, there were considered 166 demurrers and 1,492 motions and 4,898 orders were issued and entered by the Justices.

The amount of business disposed of this year is a record for the Special Terms of the court, since the courts were consolidated in 1896. Mr. Smith gives this table:

Year.	Cases Disposed Of.	Year.	Cases Disposed Of.
1896	1,567	1904	1,819
1897	1,233	1905	1,691
1898	1,196	1906	1,705
1899	1,271	1907	2,434
1900	1,179	1908	1,763
1901	1,601	1909	2,285
1902	1,591	1910	2,668
1903	1,367	1911	2,856
Total			28,226

Despite the vast amount of business transacted in the court during the year, Mr. Smith's report shows, he said yesterday, that the calendar was never in better condition. This was due, he said, to the action of the Justices in instituting a rule which weeded cases not responded to from the calendar.

The showings of the various Justices who sat in the Special Terms is contained in a table in the report. Justice McCall, who sat the oftenest, 57 times, disposed of the greatest number of cases—744—and acted on 22 demurrers and 178 motions. Justice Newburger, who sat the next number of times—55—disposed of the next greatest number of cases—356—and heard 9 demurrers and 193 motions.

The records of the other Justices follow:

Justice.	Sessions.	Cases Disposed Of.	Demurrers.	Motions.
Bischoff	46	102	23	214
Blanchard	19	200	16	100
Brady	35	32	1	..
Bijur	19	13	1	..
Cohalan	9	9	2	..
Davis	27	156	18	84
Erlanger	38	39	5	..
Ford	54	51	3	1
Goff	37	66	2	1
Guy	42	167	4	130
Gerard	63	245	12	168
Giegerich	44	160	19	263
Greenbaum	48	286	19	145
Hendrick	10	24	..	1
Lehman	43	44	7	8
Marcus	5	4	2	..
O'Gorman	84	90	..	2
Page	28	40	1	..
Pendleton	24	24	..	..
Platzek	20	4	..	..

Copies of Mr. Smith's report will be sent to members of the legal profession.

BONDS OFFERED FREELY NOW

Money Market Easy and Railroads Are Financing—Santa Fe and Erie Issues Coming.

Easy conditions prevailing in the money market, coming after a long period during which the railroads did as little financing as possible, have resulted in arrangements for the sale or early issuance of more than $85,000,000 of railroad bonds and notes within the past two weeks. Three new probable offerings which became known yesterday contribute $38,000,000 to the total. The previous day had brought to light the contemplated immediate issue of $7,500,000 of the St. Louis Southwestern's newly authorized $100,000,000 of unifying 5s.

The Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fé has filed an application with the Kansas Railway Commission for authority to issue $18,000,000 of 4½ per cent. bonds. They are to be secured by a mortgage on the California, Arizona & Santa Fé, which was recently incorporated in California, and which includes the lines from Needles to Mojave, Cal., purchased from the Southern Pacific. The new bonds are expected to be sold to bankers.

The Chicago & Northwestern has filed an application with the Railway Commissions of Nebraska and Wisconsin for permission to issue $10,000,000 equipment notes. This issue will not be offered in the near future, and no arrangements have been made with bankers for its sale, but the company will get permission to put out the new notes when the money is needed. The third piece of new financing which came to light yesterday was an issue of $10,000,000 of 5 per cent. short term notes, which will soon be issued by the Erie. It is expected that the notes will run for a period of from two to three years, in which event it will be necessary for the company to obtain the approval of the Public Service Commission. The notes are to be offered through J. P. Morgan & Co. and the First National Bank.

The Erie has raised $23,000,000 in the past few months, of which $12,500,000 of three-year 6 per cent. notes were sold to take up an equal amount which were maturing. With the proceeds of the new issue, the Erie will have had approximately $21,000,000 for improvements and betterments. The Northwestern has just completed a sale of $15,000,000 Milwaukee, Sparta & Northwestern bonds to reimburse the parent company for the cost of a new cut-off, and of $5,000,000 Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha bonds for additions and betterments to that subsidiary.

Other recent instances of the intention of the railroads to take advantage of the present attractive investment market are seen in the forthcoming issue of $7,500,000 of the new St. Louis & Southwestern Terminal and Unifying 5s, and the recent sale of $20,000,000 of Rock Island debentures.

TEA BOARD HAS DEFENDERS.

But Importers Think They Have Been Badly Treated by Appointments.

H. Perry, the only New York man on the new Tea Board, just appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury, told a TIMES reporter yesterday that he did not intend to reply to the many criticisms that are being made in the tea trade concerning Secretary MacVeagh's choice of him. "My actions will show," he said, "better than words, whether I have adequate ability to handle this situation."

"One criticism," said the reporter, "is that a city which imports so large a proportion of the tea used in this country as New York does needs at least two men to attend to the duties of the board in this port. How about that?"

"Not so," was the reply. "The board's work consists solely of adopting standards. It is the duty of the Custom House Inspectors to see that all tea admitted here comes up to those standards. Whether the imports be insignificant or prodigious makes no difference at all in the work of the board."

John C. Juhring, President of the wholesale house of Frances H. Leggett & Co., which imports large quantities of tea, said:

"There is no force in these criticisms of Secretary MacVeagh's choice of the New York member of the new Tea Board. Mr. Perry could not command the large salary he does as a tea buyer if he were not an expert on all kinds of tea. He is known all over this country by tea merchants, and the Secretary of the Treasury knew what he was about when he appointed him. Not being an importer himself he will be perfectly impartial, and as he is ardently in favor of purity in all food products, his appointment will work out well for the consumer even if some importers may not be entirely pleased with what he does."

Another tea merchant commenting on the criticism leveled at the new board that it is composed mostly of buyers for wholesale grocery houses, said: "The old board was composed of importers, and a scandal resulted, some of its members trying to make money for themselves by admitting colored and faced teas which the others were debarred from bringing in. No such scandal as that could arise in any board of which Mr. Perry was a member without instant exposure."

At 93 Front Street THE TIMES reporter was told by a member of the importing firm of J. J. & R. Montgomery that Mr. Perry was certainly all right, but the other members of the board were almost unknown in the trade, and the fact that no big importers were put on the new board was considered as an affront.

Mr. Thorn of Thorn & Crego, tea brokers, at 94 Front Street, said: "We feel that it is hard on big tea importers who have so much at stake in this business to be placed at the mercy of a board composed of buyers for wholesale grocers—men who have no stake at all in the business. But I must not say too much for we are up against it hard."

Another man said: "Mr. MacVeagh has been in the wholesale grocery business himself, and he knows that the men he has chosen are real experts in tea and have no axes to grind. The people who like to drink pure tea will benefit."

ADMITS TWO MEAT PRICES.

Armours' Sales Manager Says He Changed Figures to Suit Market.

CHICAGO, Feb. 14.—H. A. Russell, manager of the beef sales department of Armour & Company, admitted while testifying in the packers' trial to-day that he at times ordered flat increases and reductions in prices of dressed meat regardless of the quality or grade of the product. At first, when questioned by Government counsel, he denied ever having ordered any flat changes in price, but a moment later changed his answer and admitted the practice.

The witness said he acted on his own judgment in changing the price to meet market conditions. He denied ever having seen weekly summaries of margins or shipments from Swift & Co., Morris & Co., and the National Packing Company.

Bernard Remmer, price clerk in the dressed carcass department of Armour & Co. for twenty years, said that the company had two test costs—one the actual cost, which is used in the company's ledgers, and the other the memorandum cost, which is sent to district superintendents and branch house managers.

"Which is the higher, the memorandum or the test cost?" asked the Government attorney, James M. Sheean.

"The memorandum cost is always higher," replied Remmer.

LISTING ON PARIS BOURSE.

Government Commission Now Takes Place of Bourse Committee.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—The question of the listing of the bonds of the Crédit Foncier Cubain will undoubtedly be referred to the Governmental listing commission which was recently appointed to deal with all applications relating to the issue and sale in France or to admission to the Paris Bourse of foreign bonds, shares, and stock. The commission was created as a means of broad supervision of the increasing number of applications to list foreign securities on the Bourse here.

American interests had previously arranged the listing of the shares of the Chino Copper and Ray Consolidated Copper Companies on the Bourse, but the transfer of the power of authorization from the Bourse Committee to a Governmental commission interfered with the arrangement. It is probable, however, that the copper shares will be listed later on.

France is flooded with requests for listing stocks on the Bourse, and there is no intention on the part of the Government to discriminate either against Cuba or America. It only desires better to protect the French investor.

That the shares and stock of the Crédit Foncier Cubain have been listed here already is denied. The first refusal to admit the bonds was connected with the negotiations concerning the Cuban war indemnities.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Importers Cannot Recover the Duties on Goods Sunk on Lighter.

It was decided yesterday by the Board of United States General Appraisers that after imported merchandise has been discharged over the side of a vessel and turned over to the custody of the importers, a plea of abandonment cannot be considered judicially. This question is a new one in customs procedure and arises from a claim made by Thomas & Pierson of this city.

The protestants imported twenty bales of paper and 2,916 bags of chicory. After a small quantity of the merchandise had been examined on the dock by customs officials, the importers requested permission of Collector Loeb to discharge the remainder of the shipments over the side of the vessel to a lighter. The Collector granted the request, and as the lighter swung out of the pier into the North River she came in collision with a steamship with the result that both the paper and the chicory were lost overboard.

The importers then filed an appeal to the board alleging abandonment under the terms of the customs administrative act. In denying the protest, Judge Somerville says that a delivery permit having been issued, the merchandise passed out of the custody and control of the customs officers. The decision lays down the principle that the law contemplates an abandonment of imported merchandise only while the Government has charge of the goods. The Collector is affirmed.

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ALUMINUM'S GROWING USES.

Has Boundless Possibilities, The House Furnishing Review Believes.

The growth of the aluminium industry in the United States from 1883 to 1910 is shown in the following table, in pounds, according to The House Furnishing Review:

Year	Pounds	Year	Pounds
1883	83	1900	7,150,000
1885	283	1905*	11,347,000
1890	61,281	1910*	47,734,000
1895	920,000		

*Consumption.

The Review then goes on to say: "As aluminium in its various forms, both pure and as an alloy, possesses many remarkable qualities, it may be welcomed as a coming metal of great utility. Should it become as abundant and cheap a metal as may reasonably be expected, the industry holds boundless possibilities. An alloy called duralumin contains 90 to 95 per cent. of aluminium, which at present prices would make it rather expensive, but it is claimed to have qualities as good as Bessemer steel, although it is only about one-third as heavy as iron or brass.

"It possesses great hardness, even when annealed. Another alloy of aluminium and copper is said to be a good imitation of gold; it polishes readily and takes a high lustre and is well adapted to ornamental purposes. It is also highly resistant to chemical action, and can be readily machined and rolled and drawn into wire. Aluminium may therefore have a wide future use."

THE MEETING FOR EDUCATION

Chamber of Commerce Announces Speakers and Subjects for To-day.

The programme for the special meeting of the Chamber of Commerce to be held to-day to consider the subject of commercial education was announced yesterday. A. Barton Hepburn, President of the Chamber, will preside. The speakers and their subjects will be:

F. V. Thompson of the Committee on School Inquiry of the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, on "The Relation of Commercial Schools to Business Men and to Chambers of Commerce in Foreign Countries;" Mayor William J. Gaynor, "Commercial Education from the Citizen's Point of View;" James G. Cannon, Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Chamber, "Commercial Education from the Business Man's Standpoint;" Dr. Elmer E. Brown, Chancellor of New York University, "The Place of the University and the Teachers Training College in Commercial Education;" Dr. William H. Maxwell, City Superintendent of Schools, "The Elementary School in Commercial Education;" Dr. James J. Sheppard, Principal of the High School of Commerce, Manhattan, "The Place of the High School in Commercial Education;" Dr. John L. Tildsley of the High School of Commerce, Manhattan, "The Place of the Evening Schools in Commercial Education;" George P. Brett, Chairman of the Chamber's Committee on Commercial Education, "Commercial Education from the Standpoint of the Chamber of Commerce."

BETTER OUTLOOK FOR STEEL.

Lull Due to Cold Weather and Its Importance Said to be Exaggerated.

Although the lull in new buying of steel products is admitted in the trade journals this week, the tendency is to exaggerate the extent and effect of the slowing up. The Iron Age says in the same way that the heavy buying of the last six weeks of 1911 was translated into a boom. Cold weather is naturally a check on activity in the iron and steel trade, but there is general expectation of increased demand with the opening of the active season. The Iron Age says:

> That the rails bought in the past two months have not been coming to the mills as fast as desired is one feature of the situation that has caused some comment. Against it is the prospect that considerable rail buying is ahead, particularly for Western and Southwestern lines, in accordance with financial programmes recently announced. The Wabash receivers have asked for bids on 3,500 cars and 25,000 tons of rails. The International Great Northern is inquiring for 15,000 tons. In girder rails a 4,000-ton inquiry from the Chicago City Railways is pending. Quite a little export business is up, including 20,000 tons for Australia, a part of the 150,000 tons which will be needed for the Australian Transcontinental Railway.
>
> Reports from all markets agree that prices in a number of finished lines are lower, particularly in plates, structural shapes, bars, sheets, and tin plates. There is no large inflow of new orders, but some mills not so well supplied with specifications as the larger ones are rather more aggressive.
>
> In structural work competition breaks out at intervals with new sharpness, and that has been the case lately. Volume is not seriously complained of, and in the past week probably 35,000 tons has been closed.
>
> Various Standard Oil Company fragments have been in the market for tin plates. Welsh makers recently bid on 100,000 boxes, but did not secure the business. An independent producer in the Pittsburgh district has been a seller to the oil companies, it is understood.
>
> Southern pig iron producers find the firmer position they have recently taken on prices reinforced by a reduction of 19,000 tons in Alabama stocks in January.
>
> Steel-making iron is quiet, with no definite development as to purchases in the market by the leading interest. At Pittsburgh a recent purchase of 10,000 to 12,000 tons is reported at slightly under $12.25 at furnace.

The Iron Trade Review says:

> The iron trade is longing for milder weather. Prolonged and intensely cold weather, which has extended to nearly all parts of the country, has had a depressing effect on business, putting a stop to outside work in new construction and seriously interfering with the movement of trains. Improvement is expected as soon as weather moderates. There is a belief among some leading steel makers that a considerable renewal of car and rail buying by the railroads will soon appear, and it is expected that new inquiries for at least 18,000 cars and 100,000 tons of rail will be brought out. Specifications against wire contracts are very satisfactory, and some sales are being made at new quotations. Sheets are showing irregularity.

MILL OWNERS BAR ITALIANS.

Old Jobs Refused to Penitent Strikers by Lawrence Textile Men.

Special to The New York Times.

LAWRENCE, Mass., Feb. 14.—The mills have fifty per cent of their employes back at work. In considering the strike alone, as distinct from the rioting, it may be said that it is the intention of some if the manufacturers that they will not take the Italians back. If this plan be carried out through co-operation, there is a large number of striking mill operatives who will not be benefitted by any form of settlement.

The policy has been tested for several days, Italians being stopped at the mill gates, or escorted out of the grounds if they got inside. English speaking operatives are already coming to take their places. Many Italians have become aware of this new move and have given up the fight and moved to other cities.

The textile manufacturers of Lawrence, who have their head offices in Boston, issued a statement to-night, in part as follows:

> Our employes are returning to work in steadily increasing numbers. This is particularly true of the skilled workers long resident in this country, but the various departments are becoming better balanced all the time. The employes who have come back are working with manifest willingness and fidelity. There will undoubtedly be more gains throughout the week as people comprehend that law and order are again supreme and that there can be no further violence.

The prosecution rested and the defense began the introduction of testimony to-day in the hearing of Joseph J. Ettor and Arturo Giovannitti, charged with being accessories before the fact to the murder of Anna Lopizzo during a riot of textile strikers on Jan. 29. It is expected that the defense will occupy the whole of to-morrow and possibly longer. Four witnesses testified that at the meetings of the strike committee and public meetings Ettor never had counseled violence.

Various projects are under contemplation by the strike leaders. They include a march to the State House at Boston, the sending of more children of the strikers from the city, and the calling out of firemen and electrical workers in an effort to offset the gains made by the mills in operating forces.

William B. Haywood said this afternoon: "If it becomes necessary to win this strike there will be a strike call issued to all people employed in the textile industry in New England." The strikers gathered in such large numbers at the North Station of the Boston & Maine this afternoon that several squads of militia were summoned to disperse them.

RESORTS.
1 time per line, 25c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.40. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

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on account of its superior location and the liberal spaces given to public rooms and sun parlors, together with careful service maintained, is an ideal house for Winter and Spring.
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EXECUTORS' AND ADMINISTRATRICES' SALE
of
DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, COLONIAL SILVER, OLD SHEFFIELD PLATE, A Collection of Rare and Interesting WEDGWOOD, MEDALLIONS, FINE OLD PORTRAITS AND LANDSCAPES IN OIL.
TO-DAY (Thursday) and To-morrow (Friday) at 2:30 P. M.
COUDERT BROS., 2 Rector St., JOHN DELAHANTY, 41 Wall St., COUNSEL.
Sale will be conducted by Mr. Augustus W. Clarke.

SURROGATE CITATION.

SUPPLEMENTAL CITATION.

RUBINO, JACOB.—The People of the State of New York, by the Grace of God, Free and Independent.—To Bernardine Reinganum, Sanitatsrat Dr. Med. Voigt, as executor of the estate of Sophie Rubino Speyer, deceased; Jacob Wick, as executor of the estate of Sophie Rubino Speyer, deceased; Boston News Bureau, the United States Fidelity & Guaranty Company, Frank J. Coffin, Francis L. Minton, Walter D. Buchanan, Duncan Edwards, Henry C. Bryan, St. George Fechtig, Frank H. Hines, James B. Mabon, G. Beekman Hoppin, Western Union Telegraph Company, George Degenhard, John Rottler, and Elias C. Benedict, and to all persons interested in the estate of JACOB RUBINO, late of the County of New York, deceased, as creditors, next of kin or otherwise, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear before our Surrogate of the County of New York, at the Surrogates' Court of said county, held at the Hall of Records, in the County of New York, on the 5th day of March, 1912, at half-past ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, then and there to attend a judicial settlement of the account of proceedings of Hermine R. Loening as Temporary Administratrix of the goods, chattels, and credits of said deceased; and such of you as are hereby cited as are under the age of twenty-one years are required to appear by your guardian, if you have one, or if you have none, to appear and apply for one to be appointed, or in the event of your neglect or failure to do so, a guardian will be appointed by the Surrogate to represent and act for you in the proceeding.

In testimony whereof, we have caused the Seal of the Surrogates' Court of the said County of New York to be hereunto affixed.

Witness, Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of our said county, at the County of New York, the 17th day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

DANIEL J. DOWDNEY,
[Seal.] Clerk of the Surrogates' Court.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against Mary E. Wood, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers at their place of transacting business at the office of Richard G. Babbage, Room 1415, No. 111 Broadway, in the City of New York, on or before the 20th day of July next.

Dated New York, the 8th day of January, 1912.

BLANCHE E. VALENTINE,
IRENE E. STORM,
Executrices.

The Furnished Room columns of The Times form the best directory for those seeking furnished rooms in the better neighborhoods.

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Atlantic City, N. J.
Occupying an entire block of ocean front, with no obstruction to the view; in the fashionable residence section offers the highest standard of hotel excellence in appointments, cuisine, and service; 300 luxuriously furnished bedchambers and suites have private baths (fresh and sea water) attached. Large solarium and dining hall overlooking the ocean and boardwalk. High-class orchestra. Billiards, café, grill, etc. French chefs. Golf privileges. Autos meet trains. Booklet and terms upon request. Open all the year.
J. B. THOMPSON & CO.

Reservations now being made for Washington's Birthday.
HOTEL RUDOLF
Ocean front; every appointment for comfort and luxury; sea water in all baths; no charge for use of baths. A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr. JOEL HILL MAN, Pres. N. Y. office, Hotel Martinique.

GRAND ATLANTIC
Virginia Av., near Beach, Atlantic City. Rooms en suite, with hot and cold sea water baths. Elevator from street level. $2.50 daily and up. Special weekly rates. Auto coach meets trains. Capacity, 500. Write for booklet. COOPER & LEEDS, Owners and Prop.

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So. Carolina Av. and beach. Cap. 400; private baths, running water in rooms, elevator, sun parlor, music, white service, etc. Special rates, $12.50 up weekly; booklet. W. F. SHAW.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly; $2.50 up daily. Open all year. Booklet. SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

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ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
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NEW HOTEL MERION.
Open all the year; Vermont Av., close to beach; unobstructed ocean view; newly brick built; cuisine unsurpassed. MACK LATZ & CO.

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On Del., Lack. & W. Ry. Leading Health Institution. Do not fail to send for literature.

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AIKEN. S. C.
Modern in Equipment and Operation.
GOLF, TENNIS, RIDING, DRIVING,
Now Open. J. A. SHERRARD CO.

FLORENCE, S. C. Central Hotel. Thoroughly modern; 60 private baths; cuisine unsurpassed; $2.50 per day up. Gresham & Ivey Co., Props.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Where to Stop in Washington, D. C.
Take street car at Union Station and go direct to 17th and H Streets.
HOTEL RICHMOND.
Fine location, just around the corner from White House. European plan, $1.50 upw., $2.50 upw. with bath. American plan, $3 upw., $4 upw. with bath. Club breakfasts and Table d'Hote meals. Restaurant a la carte. Souvenir booklet with map.
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CHATEAU FRONTENAC,
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Average Temerature 28 to 30 degrees. Healthy and Invigorating Climate. All Winter Sports. Booklets at 281 5th Av., 458 Broadway and Town & Country, 389 5th Av.

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HAMILTON HOTEL CO., LTD., Bermuda, or 334 5th Av., New York City.

DUKE GOES OUT AS AM. TOBACCO HEAD

Becomes Chairman of British-American Co., Percival S. Hill Taking His Place Here.

OFFICERS ARE DISTRIBUTED

Dominating Group of Men Now Disintegrated in Accordance with the Court's Decree.

The reorganization of the American Tobacco Company in regard to its officers and Directors was completed yesterday, when Percival S. Hill was elected President in place of James B. Duke, whose resignation was accepted; several new Vice Presidents were chosen and ten new members were elected to the board.

It had already been announced that Mr. Duke was to give way to Mr. Hill, who was formerly President of the American Cigar Company and Vice President of the main corporation. Mr. Duke becomes Chairman of the British-American Tobacco Company, which under the old agreements, found illegal, had apportioned to it all the rest of the world after the United States had been allotted to the American Tobacco Company and the British Isles to the Imperial Tobacco Company. Mr. Duke's retirement from the American Tobacco Company, of which he had been President from the earliest days of the combination, to head the British-American indicates that in his judgment the big field for future development is in the outlying places of the globe, as most of the Continental countries of Europe have their own tobacco companies, several of them government monopolies.

The new directors of the American Tobacco Company elected yesterday were M. W. Reed, T. J. Walker, J. M. W. Hicks, J. Fletcher, P. J. Hanlon, J. T. Wilcox, M. C. Patterson, E. S. Edwards, George W. Hill, and W. H. O'Brien. Messrs. Edwards, Hanlon, George W. Hill, Patterson, and T. B. Yuille were elected Vice Presidents. Junius Parker was made general counsel, succeeding Williamson W. Fuller, one of the controlling owners, who recently retired.

The board consits of twenty-seven members. Of these seven resigned to go with the P. Lorillard and Liggett & Myers Companies. C. C. Dula, R. B. Dula, R. D. Lewis, and W. R. Irby have become Directors of Liggett & Myers, and T. J. Maloney, Herbert D. Kingsbury, and R. K. Smith are now on the board of the Lorillard Company. The other three vacancies were caused by the resignations of Mr. Duke, W. R. Harris, and R. L. Patterson. Mr. Harris was a Vice President and was also Chairman of the British-American Tobacco Company. He will probably become Vice Chairman under Mr. Duke.

Mr. Patterson will head the machinery companies, control of which the American Tobacco Company was permited to retain. These companies make machinery of Mr. Patterson's invention, which is used not only in the plants of all the companies formerly constituting the tobacco trust, but also by a number of foreign Government monopolies and independent manufacturers.

The organization of the several corporations has now been brought into conformity with the requirement of the disintegration decree that they should have no Directors or officers in common for three years. In the process the group that dominated the American Tobacco Company has also been disintegrated. Not only is President Duke gone, but all five of the Vice Presidents are out. One of them, Mr. Hill, became President, but of the others Mr. Harris will devote himself to the British-American, C. C. Dula is President, and R. B. Dula a Director in Liggett & Myers, and Mr. Maloney is President of the P. Lorillard Company.

In the course of these changes, with those made yesterday, there have been many promotions. Of the new Directors Mr. Wilcox has been Secretary of the American Tobacco Company for four years; Mr. Hicks was already Treasurer and Mr. Fletcher Controller. George W. Hill is a son of President Hill, and for several years has been President of Butler-Butler, Inc., a subsidiary cigarette company. Mr. Edwards was chief assistant to C. C. Dula in the plug tobacco department. Mr. Hanlon was in charge of the Louisville factories of the American Tobacco Company. Mr. Patterson is head of the R. A. Patterson Tobacco Company, which the American retains. Mr. Yuille is in charge of the leaf tobacco department, and Mr. Walker is associated with him. Mr. Reed is in charge of the supply department, and Mr. O'Brien is a manufacturer.

Other changes and promotions that have come about through transfer to one or other of the new companies are those of R. K. Smith and H. A. Walker of the leaf department, the former of whom is Vice President of the Lorillard Company and the latter Vice President of Liggett & Myers. B. L. Belt, who had charge of the cigar department, is now a Vice President of the Lorillard Company, as is D. H. Ball, formerly Mr. Hill's principal assistant in the Southern territory. C. W. Toms, who had charge of the North Carolina interests of the American, is a Vice President of Liggett & Myers. Mr. Kingsbury, now a Vice President of the Lorillard Company, was President of Spaulding & Merrick, the big Chicago subsidiary of the American.

In connection with the meeting of the Directors yesterday discussion was renewed in the financial district as to the likelihood of a 20 or 30 per cent. dividend on the common stock. It has been rumored from time to time that such a distribution would be made because the usual 10 per cent. quarterly dividend was omitted for the last two quarters of 1911 while the disintegration plan was being worked out. Ten per cent. for the current quarter would bring it up to 30 per cent. It may be said, however, that the reason for omitting the dividends still holds good. It was felt that there might be heavy cash requirements for the dissolution process, and this expectation was realized. For that reason it is altogether probable that, instead of declaring a 30 per cent. dividend this quarter, the Directors will declare none at all.

The plan as adopted called for the retirement of all the bonds of the American Tobacco Company, and for this purpose the cash requirement was $56,379,558. As against this the plan provided for the sale by the company of the common stocks of the Lorillard and Liggett & Myers Companies, the return from which would be $36,651,925. The difference, $19,727,633, had to be paid out of the treasury. This amount is equal to more than a year's dividends at the 40 per cent rate. As an indication that no dividend on the common stock is to be expected at present, it is to be noted that any dividend declared for this quarter would be payable on March 1, and that the dividend on the preferred stock, payable at the same time, was declared some time ago without action on the common.

Another matter that has been much discussed in Wall Street is the prospective dividends on the common stocks of the Lorillard and Liggett & Myers Companies. Nothing is likely to develop soon in this respect because of the fact that the new companies must earn and set aside enough to pay the dividends on their preferred stock for a year before any profits can be applied to common stock dividends. As they have been in operation only since Dec. 1, it is not considered probable that they have yet accumulated the money for the preferred dividends for a whole year.

HOW MUCH WINE WE DRINK.

Nearly 50,000,000 Gallons of Domestic a Year, and 6,426,274 Imported.

The following figures compiled from the records show the consumption of wines in the United States for the past ten years, according to The American Wine Press in its current issue:

Year Ending June 30.	Domestic Wines, Gallons.	Imported Wines, Gallons.
1902	44,737,244	5,020,066
1903	32,631,154	5,601,425
1904	37,538,709	5,517,568
1905	29,369,408	6,002,309
1906	39,847,044	6,638,179
1907	50,079,283	7,659,565
1908	44,421,269	7,700,577
1909	53,609,995	8,169,554
1910	52,600,000	7,220,380
1911	49,380,750	6,426,274

BREAK FROM STANDARD OIL.

Waters-Pierce Giving Signs of Intention to Become Independent.

The Waters-Pierce Oil Company may pass out of the control of the Standard Oil Company of New Jersey interests at to-day's annual meeting of the stockholders in St. Louis and become a real independent company. Its management has already shown signs of disagreement with Standard Oil policies. It has already promised stockholders an annual statement of earnings and its financial position at to-day's meeting. All of the other segregated subsidiaries have been vague on this subject. Another indication of budding independence, on the success of which the real independence will be based, is the campaign for proxies which Henry Clay Pierce and his associates have been making in opposition to Standard interests.

The Standard Oil Company owned 68 per cent. of the Waters-Pierce stock before dissolution, but since a great deal of this is in fractional form and so not entitled to a vote, and a great deal more in full shares is in the hands of stockholders not directly dominated from 26 Broadway, it is doubtful where the actual majority of the stock to be voted at to-day's meeting lies.

Another complication is that under the terms of one of the Standard Oil ouster suits, decided in Missouri a few years ago, the individual members of the old Standard Oil Directorate, who have come into possession of Waters-Pierce stock through the dissolution of the New Jersey Company, may not be entitled to vote. The Waters-Pierce Company lost heavily through its connection with the Standard Oil Company. It became involved in litigation which resulted in its being barred from a considerable part of the territory in the Southwest, and the expense of litigation has been a heavy drain on the company's treasury.

Stockholders of the Galena Signal Oil Company of Franklin, Penn., have been notified that the company will pay a dividend of $4 a share to common stock of record at the close of business Feb. 29, and a quarterly dividend of $2 a share on the preferred stock at the same time. Holders of fractional shares who have signed annual payment orders will receive one check at the fourth quarterly dividend period, Dec. 30, 1912, covering all dividends due them on their preferred and common stock holdings accumulated during the year.

POWER BILLS DENOUNCED.

Board of Trade Anxious for Defeat of Measures Before Legislature.

At the regular monthly meeting of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation, the Committee on Terminal Facilities brought in a report on the reorganization and improvement of New York's water front. The report, which was presented by S. V. Huntington, Chairman of the Committee, indorsed the plan of Calvin Tomkins, Commissioner of Docks and Ferries.

By a unanimous vote the board indorsed the plan to raze the present Gansevoort Market in the Chelsea district on the North River, in order to accommodate ships of the Olympic class, which measure 1,000 feet or more in length. The plan favored by the board and by the Dock Commissioner is to locate the present market elsewhere, but in a position where the business of the market will not be materially interfered with.

The board gave its approval to the dock development of the South Brooklyn waterfront. Frank Brainard, President of the board, was authorized to appoint a committee of five members to place the matter before Mayor Gaynor, the Board of Estimate and Apportionment, and the Commissioner of the Sinking Fund.

The Committee on Forests criticised the bills before the State Legislature relating to water power development. Frank S. Gardner, Secretary of the board, made plain the attitude of the organization when he said that "Our severest denunciation would be inadequate to the just criticism of the scheme which, in some respects so cunning but in others so barefaced, is so manifestly designed to deceive the people and benefit those who would monopolize for themselves the water powers of this State. We recommend that every possible effort be made by this board to defeat the passage of these bills, and that this committee and the officers of the board be authorized to carry this purpose into effect."

MUTUAL SELLS TRUST STOCK

Rids Itself of Title Guarantee as Required by Law at $700,000 Profit.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company has sold its holdings of Title Guarantee and Trust Company stock to a syndicate of interests which own a controlling interest in the title company. The Mutual owned 2,500 shares, for which it is to receive $1,250,000, or $500 a share. Its holdings were disposed of under an arrangement which allows the purchasers to take up the stock from time to time, and half of the Mutual's investment has been taken over and paid for to date.

Under the Armstrong law it is required that the insurance companies get rid of all stocks or collateral bonds behind which stocks are pledged, and although the period within which this provision must be complied with has been extended five years, the companies are disposing of their shares as fast as favorable opportunities offer. In this case the Mutual makes a handsome profit on the transaction. The Title Guarantee and Trust stock cost the company $560,500, so that there is a profit of nearly $700,000 in the forced sale.

NEW EXCHANGE RULE.

Full Commission Must Be Charged on Put and Call Deliveries.

The Governing Committee of the Stock Exchange passed another rule yesterday dealing with commissions. It carries still further the policy entered into a year ago of shutting all loopholes through which the payment of full commissions of one-eighth of 1 per cent. by outsiders might be dodged. Yesterday's rule applied the full one-eighth rule to acceptances or deliveries on "puts" and "calls." This form of dealing is not recognized on the Stock Exchange, and New Street, outside of the Exchange smoking room, is the market for "puts and calls," which, translated, means contracts to accept or to deliver stock at a specified price within a given time at the option of the buyer of the contract.

Before the Stock Exchange frowned on "put and call" trading it had been established that a broker putting through this form of contract must charge full commission for the amount of stock received or delivered, but acceptances or deliveries on the last day of the contract which became cash transactions were looked upon as mere transfers and not subject to the commission. The new rule is practically the same as that which required the charging of a full commission for "clearing" stocks, that is, for lending the credit or responsibility of the broker to the transaction for the outsider's benefit. The acceptance or delivery of stocks on puts and calls even on the cash basis is looked upon as of the same nature as a clearance.

STRIKE COST $26,000,000.

Loss to Harriman Lines and Workers Reaches This Figure.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 14.—A loss of $9,000,000 in wages, $3,500 in fighting Federal injunctions, about $3,000 in railroad fares, stationery, &c., and at least five lives, was the toll paid by former employes of the Harriman lines by the strike last Autumn, according to figures published here to-day by J. W. Cline, President of the International Association of Blacksmiths and Helpers.

In addition the Illinois Central and Yazoo & Mississippi Valley Railroads, forming part of the Harriman system, have lost $4,030,155 in net earnings owing to the strike. Their losses for December alone total $1,336,022.

These amounts do not cover the total loss to the railroads due to the strike. It has been placed at $17,000,000 in a recent conference of railroad men. Combining the cost to the railroad with that borne by the men, Mr. Cline says the total easily exceeds $26,000,000.

DEFENDS LONG HOURS IN THE STEEL MILLS

Preferred by the Workmen, Says Percival Roberts, Jr., and the Trust Is a Good Employer.

WOULD CURB LABOR UNIONS

Same as Corporations, but Thinks They Are un-American—Urges Investigators to Visit Steel Plants.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The attitude of the United States Steel Corporation toward its laborers was defended by Percival Roberts, Jr., a Director of the corporation, who to-day made his second appearance before the Stanley Steel Committee. Mr. Roberts said that his experience had been that it was very easy to induce men to take twelve-hour jobs, but difficult to get the twelve-hour men to go back to ten-hour jobs. He had seen blast furnace men who would rather be laid off than return to the ten-hour workdays.

"Did you ever consider the relations of the twelve-hour employe to his family and to society?" asked Chairman Stanley.

Mr. Roberts retorted that that was an academic question.

Referring to conditions recited in Commissioner of Labor Neill's report, the witness declared the story would have been quite different if Commissioner Neill had confined his conclusions to the Steel Corporation plants.

"I have no apology to make for the United States Steel Corporation regarding its relations with its employes," Mr. Roberts asserted. "I declare that the corporation has done more to better the condition of steel workers than the combined efforts of the employes themselves in the entire nineteenth century. I also declare the corporation has done more than any of its competitors to ameliorate the conditions of the employe."

Mr. Roberts said further that the Steel Corporation would like to see labor unions under the same Governmental control as corporations.

"I see no reason," said Mr. Roberts, "why men should not combine to dispose of their labor just as men combine to use capital, provided that both are under Governmental control, and that full liability is imposed on labor organizations for all their undertakings, and that neither side has any monopolistic tendencies. The difficulty with labor organizations is that their first requirement is monopolistic. They demand the closed shop, which is a monopoly, and there is no law in this country to prevent the closed shop. Neither is there any law providing liability upon labor unions regarding contracts.

"The average labor union is in no sense an American institution. The idea is imported and has no place in the institutions of this country."

Mr. Roberts made an exception of railroad labor organizations, which, he said, were entirely different from the manufacturing organizations.

The committee was urged by Mr. Roberts and D. A. Reed, counsel for the Steel Corporation, to visit steel plants and see actual labor conditions. They declared that the committee could get more information in two days of inspection than it could in two weeks of testimony.

Chairman Stanley said he approved the idea and would like to have the committee do it provided that members would pay their own expenses. He said that the investigation had already cost $34,000, and as there had been some protests about the expense he did not feel like asking the House for an additional appropriation.

"It is appalling the agony that the expense of this committee is causing some people," said Mr. Stanley. "The inquiry by the Bureau of Corporations cost the Government $200,000 or $300,000 a year for a period of years and the steel corporation says it has cost $500,000. That part of the expense, I am satisfied, was foolishly spent. I think that this committee with an expenditure of $34,000 has discovered more information than the executive branch of the Government."

Several members of the committee volunteered to pay their own expenses for a visit to the steel mills.

DEPLORES TRUST INQUIRIES.

Hurt Business, Says Manufacturer—Objects to Tariff Cuts.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—Fred A. Geier of Cincinnati, representing 225 manufacturers of tool machines, the product of which is placed on the free list in the Democratic Steel bill, continued the presentation of the protest of that industry before the Senate Finance Committee to-day. He said that the framers of the bill had greatly underestimated the amount of revenues coming from the duty of machine tools, and that the loss would be about $4,500,000 a year.

"The only way we can compete with Germany, our greatest competitor, if this bill becomes a law," said Mr. Greer, "would be to move our shops to Germany, or reduce the wages to the same basis as there, where they are less than half the wages paid in this country."

William W. Metcalf, Jr., representing the Braeburn Steel Company of Pittsburgh, manufacturers of high speed tools, said that his company lost money last year because of a stagnation in business.

"What was the cause of this stagnation!" answered Senator McCumber.

"I would not like to say right here in Washington," replied Mr. Metcalf, "but since 1910 every time anything has been started in the line of investigation it has been a menace to business. We did not get an order for a ton of steel for fifteen days after the suit was started against the Steel Corporation.

"Every effort to revise the tariff is disastrous. I do not want to threaten, but if this Underwood bill becomes a law I shall ask a receiver to protect those interested in our company."

SEES BLOW AT INDEPENDENTS.

They Would Suffer by Cut Duties, Not Steel Trust, Says Gillespie.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURGH, Penn., Feb. 14.—That independent steel makers will fare badly and labor will suffer greatly by the passage of the proposed iron and steel schedules by Congress was declared to-day by President T. J. Gillespie of the Lockhart Iron and Steel Company. Mr. Gillespie said:

"The revisionists are striking at the United States Steel Corporation, but it is the independents that will suffer most. The Steel Corporation will not be hit half so hard as the independents, most of whom do not have their own mines and railroads. The result will be a reduction in the cost of labor and the laboring forces will suffer.

"When the Payne-Aldrich bill was passed cutting the tariffs practically in half, there was a big cry about the wool schedule. Now action is taken on iron and steel, about which there had been no complaint.

"The harm to Pittsburgh, if the present bill is passed, will be inestimable."

Cranberries Plentiful and Cheaper.

There is an oversupply of cranberries in the market now notwithstanding a short crop and wholesale prices, which are now $8 per 100 quart barrel for fine fresh New Jersey fruit, and $9 to $9.50 for fancy Cape Cod and Long Island "Howes," are lower than prevailed a year ago, when the yield was much larger. Expectations of high figures, because of the small crop, induced more growers to carry part over the holiday season, and the severely cold weather since prevented many retailers from exposing the fruit for sale.

THE OUTSIDE SECURITIES.

Some Minor Gains in Sluggish Market.

Curb trading resulted in a number of minor gains yesterday, although the market was quiet and few issues showed any considerable activity. In the bond list the trading was more active. Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Paul, & Omaha 5s reported transactions of $100,000 between 105½ and 105⅝, the close being even with the opening at the higher figure. Norfolk & Western convertible 4s reported transactions of $275,000, between 106⅝ and 106⅞.

⁂

Transactions reported yesterday in the outside market, with opening, high, low, and last prices, were as follows:

Sales.	INDUSTRIALS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
1,600	*Allied Sec. Co.	85	86	84	84
174	Am. C.P.pf.w.i.	107½	107¾	107½	107¾
750	Anglo-Am. Oil.	†9⅞	10½	9⅞	10½
400	Baldwin Loco.	50⅞	51	50½	50½
10,000	Brit.-Am. Tob.	19⅞	19⅞	18⅞	19
100	Cons. Rub. Tire	6	6	6	6
120	H. Oil, asst. pd.	10¼	10½	10¼	10½
800	H. Oil pf.,as.pd.	63⅝	63⅝	63	63
700	Inter. R. T. cts.	15	15	14½	15
717	J. I. C.,pf.& int.	100½	†101	100½	100⅝
7	J. S. Youngs	170	171	170	171
15	Kayser pf.	103½	103½	103½	103½
350	Leh. Val. Coal Sales Co.w.i.	185	135	184	185
27	P. R.-Am. Tob.	231	235	231	235
19	R. J. Reynolds	202	202	202	202
112	M. Rumely Co.	99⅞	†100	99⅞	99⅞
201	Studebaker Co.	52	52	†51	51¾
200	Studeb'r Co. pf.	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼
150	Un. Cig. Stores	187	189	187	188
	RAILROAD.				
120	Am. L. & Trac.	302	305	301	101½
	MINING STOCKS.				
200	Am. G. Porc.	81	81	81	81
100	Braden Copper	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛
1,000	Butte Coalition	22⅝	22⅝	22½	22⅝
300	Butte & N. Y.	11-16	¾	11-16	¾
1,400	*C. O. D. Cons.	13	13	12	12
200	Davis-Daly Cop.	¾	¾	¾	¾
750	Diam. Field D.	10	11	10	11
200	Florence	60	60	60	60
800	Giroux Mining	4 7-16	4½	4 7-16	4½
100	Greene-Cananea	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
6,000	*Greenwater	8	8	8	8
2,700	Insp. Cons., w.i.	18¼	18¾	18¼	18⅝
100	La G. Placer	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
100	La R. Con.	3 13-16	3 13-16	3 13-16	3 13-16
125	N.-U. M. & S.	1-16	1-16	1-16	1-16
300	Nip. Mines Co.	7⅝	7⅝	7½	7½
100	Ohio Copper	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16	1 1-16
300	Porc. Central	3½	3½	3½	3½
500	Porc. North	15-16	15-16	15-16	15-16
1,500	Preston E. D.	7	7	7	7
2,000	Ray Central	2 1-16	2 1-16	2	2
235	Silver K. Con.	120	120	120	120
200	Stewart	1⅛	1⅛	1 1-16	1 1-16
165	Tonopah Min.	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
800	Tonopah Ext.	1 7-16	1 7-16	1⅜	1⅜
1,114	Tri-Bullion	⅜	7-16	⅜	7-16
2,500	Tuol. Copper	3⅝	3 13-16	3⅝	3⅝
200	Union Mines	3-16	3-16	3-16	3-16
20	United Copper	1½	1½	1½	1½
9,000	*Wett. Silver M.	78	78	75	76
	BONDS.				
$160,000	Bing. & Gar. R. R. 6s	114	114½	114	114½
100,000	C., M., S. P. & O. 5s	105½	105½	105⅜	105½
4,000	Int. Harvester 5% notes	101	101	101	101
25,000	In. Con. cv. 6s	104	104	103¼	103¼
5,500	Mason Val. 6s	122	122	122	122
10,000	M., S. & N. 4s	94¼	94¼	94¼	94¼
20,000	Mont. Tr. 5s	100½	100⅝	100½	100⅝
10,000	N. Y. C. 4¼s	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞
12,000	N. Y., W. & B. 4½s	99 7-16	99½	99 7-16	99½
275,000	Norf. & West conv. 4s	106⅝	106⅞	106⅝	106⅝
10,000	Rock I. deb. 5s	97¼	97¼	97¼	97¼
1,000	So. Bell. T. & T. 5s	100	100	100	100

*Sells cents per share. †Odd lots.

⁂

	Feb. 14. Bid.	Feb. 14. Asked.	Feb. 13. Bid.	Feb. 13. Asked.
A., G. & W. I.	8½	9½	8½	9½
A., G. & W. I. pf.	18½	20	18½	20
Am. Light & Traction	300	305	295	300
Am. Light & Trac. pf.	105	107	105	107
Am. Writing Paper	2	2¼	2	2¼
Borden's Cond. Milk	128	132	128	132
Borden's Cond. Milk pf.	109	111	109	111
Braden Copper	5⅛	5¼	5⅛	5¼
British Col. Copper	3⅞	4¼	3⅝	4¼
Butte Coalition	22½	22¾	22¼	22¾
Con. Rubber Tire	5⅝	6	5⅝	6
Con. Rubber Tire pf.	37	39	37	39
F. W. Woolworth	77½	78½	76½	78
F. W. Woolworth pf.	109	109½	108¾	109½
First Nat. Copper	2	2½	2	2½
Giroux Mining	4 7-16	4½	4⅜	4½
Greene-Cananea	7¾	7⅞	7¾	8
Guggenheim Explor.	175	180	175	180
Int. Rubber ctfs.	14¾	15¼	14¾	15½
J. Kayser	63½	64½	63½	64½
J. Kayser pf.	103	104	103	104
Kerr Lake	2⅞	3	2⅞	3
Lehigh V. S. Co.	185	186	183	184
M. Rumely Co., w. i.	99¾	100	99¾	100
Mason Valley	11½	12½	11¾	12
Mason Valley 6s	115	125	115	125
Nipissing	7½	7⅝	7½	7⅝
Ray Central	2	2 1-16	2	2 1-16
Studebaker Co.	51½	52½	52	53
Studebaker Co. pf.	102	103	102	103
Tonopah Mining	7	7¼	7	7¼
United Cigar Mfrs.	51¼	54	51½	53½
United Cigar Stores	187	188	186	188
U. S. L. & H., new	13	14	13	14
U. S. L. & H., new, pf.	80	84	80	84
Western Pacific 5s	88	90	88	90
Yukon Gold Mines	3⅜	3 7-16	3⅜	3 7-16

STANDARD OIL ISSUES.

Capital.	Company.	Bid.	Asked.
$5,000,000	Anglo-American Oil	10	11
5,000,000	Atlantic Refining	280	290
200,000	Borne-Scrymser	120	150
10,000,000	Buckeye Pipe Line	110	120
500,000	Chesebrough Mfg	675	725
250,000	Colonial Oil	100	130
300,000	Continental Oil	700	800
8,000,000	Crescent Pipe Line	53	58
1,000,000	Cumberland Pipe Line	80	90
5,000,000	Eureka Pipe Line	230	250
8,000,000	Galena Signal Oil	215	225
2,000,000	Galena Signal Oil pf.	130	140
10,000,000	Indiana Pipe Line	83	88
12,727,575	National Transit	33	35
5,000,000	New York Transit	200	220
4,000,000	Northern Pipe Line	70	80
10,000,000	Ohio Oil	82	85
10,000,000	Prairie Oil and Gas	205	215
500,000	Solar Refining	400	440
10,000,000	Southern Pipe Line	205	215
2,500,000	South Penn. Oil	500	520
3,500,000	S. W. Penn. Pipe Line	140	150
25,000,000	Standard Oil, (Cal.)	144	148
1,000,000	Standard Oil, (Ind.)	4,800	5,200
1,000,000	Standard Oil, (Kan.)	139	149
1,000,000	Standard Oil, (Ky.)	160	170
1,000,000	Standard Oil, (Neb.)	210	230
98,383,000	Standard Oil, (N. J.)	369	376
———	Standard Oil subsid.	395	410
15,000,000	Standard Oil, (N. Y.)	290	298
3,500,000	Standard Oil, (Ohio)	155	165
100,000	Swan & Finch	800	1,000
12,000,000	Union Tank Line	52	56
2,500,000	Vacuum Oil	500	525
110,000	Washington Oil	11	15
400,000	Waters-Pierce	1,200	1,500

AMERICAN TOBACCO ISSUES.

This list comprises those tobacco stocks not listed on the Stock Exchange:

	Feb. 14. Bid.	Feb. 14. Asked.	Feb. 13. Bid.	Feb. 13. Asked.
British-American	18⅞	19⅛	19	19¼
Conley Foil	258	265	255	265
Johnson Tinfoil & Met.	135	140	130	150
J. S. Young	170	175	165	175
MacAndrews & Forbes	173	180	170	180
Porto Rico-American	230	240	230	240
R. J. Reynolds	200	206	205	208
United Cigar Stores	184	188	182	188

Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The following is the forecast for Thursday and Friday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina—Rain or snow Thursday. Friday, warmer and generally fair; northerly, shifting to northwesterly winds, high on the coast.

South Carolina and Georgia—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; colder on the coast; warmer Friday; northwesterly winds.

Florida—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; colder Thursday, except in northwest portion; warmer in northern portion Friday; brisk westerly winds, becoming variable.

Alabama—Fair Thursday and Friday; warmer Friday; moderate northwesterly winds, becoming variable.

Mississippi—Fair Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature; light, variable winds.

Louisiana — Fair Thursday and Friday; warmer in northwest portion Thursday; moderate variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; warmer in eastern portion Thursday; moderate variable winds.

Western Texas—Generally fair Thursday and Friday.

Utah—Mostly cloudy and colder Thursday. Friday fair.

Oklahoma—Fair Thursday, becoming unsettled Friday; moderate temperature.

Arkansas—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; moderate temperature.

Tennessee, Kentucky, and North Dakota—Generally fair Thursday and Friday, not much change in temperature.

Ohio—Generally fair Thursday and Friday, not much change in temperature; moderate variable winds.

Indiana, Illinois, and Wisconsin—Mostly cloudy Thursday, becoming unsettled Friday; moderate temperature; moderate to brisk southerly winds.

Lower Michigan—Unsettled Thursday and Friday; moderate southerly winds.

Upper Michigan—Unsettled Thursday and Friday, with probably snow flurries; warmer in eastern portion Thursday; moderate southerly winds.

Minnesota—Mostly cloudy Thursday and Friday; moderate temperature.

Iowa and Missouri—Unsettled Thursday and Friday; moderate temperature.

South Dakota—Mostly cloudy Thursday and Friday; not much change in temperature.

Nebraska and Kansas—Unsettled Thursday and Friday; warmer in eastern portions Thursday; cooler Friday.

STOCK EXCHANGE LISTINGS.

The Governing Committee of the Stock Exchange admitted these securities to listing at its meeting yesterday:

Chicago & Eastern Illinois Railroad Company, $1,350,000 additional general consolidated and first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, due 1937, making the total listed $21,085,000.

Tri-City Railway & Light Company, $351,000 additional 5 per cent. collateral trust first lien sinking fund bonds, due 1923, making the total listed $8,239,000.

Fort Smith Light & Traction Company, $2,645,000 first mortgage 5 per cent. sinking fund coupon bonds, due 1936, with authority to add $55,000 on notice of sale and distribution, making the total amount authorized to be listed $2,700,000.

Pabst Brewing Company, $2,000,000 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock.

New Orleans, Mobile & Chicago Railroad Company, $9,583,000 first and refunding 5 per cent. coupon bonds, due 1960, with authority to add $230,000 on notice that they have been sold and passed beyond control of the company, prior to Jan. 1, 1913; $1,000,000 of said bonds on notice of issuance in exchange for a like amount of $100 French bonds, and $33,000 of said bonds on notice of issuance in exchange for a like amount of Mobile, Jackson & Kansas City Railroad Company first mortgage 5 per cent. bonds, making the total authorized to be listed $10,846,000; also $1,259,500 non-cumulative preferred stock, with authority to add $740,500 additional prior to Jan. 1, 1913, on official notice that it has been sold and passed beyond control of the company.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction yesterday at the Exchange Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers:

Copyrights on published lectures of Swami Vive-Kannande, embracing among others, the following topics: "Raja Yoga," "My Master," "Karma Yoga," "The Atman," and "The Real and Apparent Man," $100 lot.

61,170 shares The Peregrina Mining and Milling Company common, $10 each, 10c. per share.

1,717 shares Pinguico Mines Company common, $10 each, 10c. per share.

10 shares Mexican Milling and Transportation Company preferred, $100 each, $10 per share.

12,694½ shares Mexican Milling and Transportation Company common, $10 each, 10c. per share.

50 shares The Tombstone Consolidated Mines Company, Limited, $10 each, 5c. per share.

80 shares Imperial Copper Company, $10 each, 5c. per share.

5 shares Guanajuato Reduction and Mines Company, $100 each, $10 per share.

7 shares Guanajuato Development Company preferred, $100 each, $20 per share.

7,245½ shares Guanajuato Development Company common, $100 each, 50c. per share.

5 shares Forty-second Street & Grand Street Ferry Railroad Company, $100 each, 285¼.

$16,000 Rex Carbon Coal Company first mortgage 6 per cent. sinking fund bonds, December, 1909, coupons attached, $2,150.

10 shares Atlantic Fruit and Steamship Company temporary certificates, $100 each, 25¼.

40 shares Central Associates Company of New York, $100 each, $1 per share.

26 shares Donald Steamship Company preferred, $100 each, (with 18 shares Donald Steamship Company common as bonus,) 59.

4 shares Lawyers Mortgage Company, $100 each, 280⅛.

6 shares Albany Southern Railroad Company preferred, $100 each, 20½.

$11,000 American Silk Company first mortgage 6 per cent. bonds, due June 16, 1911, 52.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The Treasury statement issued to-day gives receipts and expenditures for yesterday and the elapsed periods of the month and of the fiscal year as follows:

	Feb. 13.	Month.	Fiscal Year.
Receipts, cust.	$440,796	$11,293,371	$186,814,050
Internal rev.	615,388	10,017,975	182,777,519
Corp. tax	4,583	128,163	2,386,241
Miscellaneous	142,667	1,536,651	32,477,009
Tot. receipts	$1,203,435	$22,976,162	$404,454,820
Expenditures	2,925,011	26,842,189	430,678,646
Surplus	*1,721,575	*3,866,026	*26,223,826

*Deficit.

These figures exclude Panama Canal and public debt transactions.

At the beginning of business to-day the condition of the United States Treasury was:

Working balance in Treasury offices, $56,532,425; in banks and Philippine Treasury, $35,776,943.

The total balance in general fund was $119,059,846.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1912.	1911.	Increase.
ANN ARBOR—			
1st week Feb.	$51,435	$39,192	$12,243
July 1-Feb. 7	1,431,477	1,300,524	130,952
CENTRAL OF GEORGIA—			
1st week Feb.	$300,500	273,100	27,400
July 1-Feb. 7	8,660,900	8,142,300	518,600
CHESAPEAKE & OHIO—			
1st week Feb.	576,067	596,461	*20,394
July 1-Feb. 7	20,301,189	20,389,741	*88,552
COLORADO & SOUTHERN—			
1st week Feb.	245,871	258,950	*13,079
July 1-Feb. 7	9,074,568	10,718,845	*1,644,277
DETROIT & MACKINAC—			
1st week Feb.	22,039	18,505	3,533
July 1-Feb. 7	724,081	706,461	17,620
HAVANA ELECTRIC RAILWAY—			
Wk. end. Feb. 11	45,803	48,912	*3,109
Jan. 1-Feb. 11	278,379	269,619	8,760
UNDERGROUND ELEC. RYS. OF LONDON—			
Tubes:			
Wk. end. Feb. 11	£14,805	£14,230	£575
Jan. 1-Feb. 7	90,350	86,165	4,185
Metropolitan District:			
Wk. end. Feb. 11	12,658	12,117	541
Jan. 1-Feb. 11	75,910	71,026	4,884
London United Tramways:			
Wk. end. Feb. 11	4,979	5,032	*53
Jan. 1-Feb. 11	31,420	30,794	626
MINNEAPOLIS & ST. LOUIS—			
4th week Jan.	$171,394	$206,985	*$35,591
Month January	509,041	699,633	*190,592
July 1-Jan. 31	4,721,977	5,280,041	*588,064
MISSOURI PACIFIC—			
1st week Feb.	1,056,000	1,077,000	*21,000
July 1-Feb. 7	33,822,464	33,066,647	755,817
RIO GRANDE SOUTHERN—			
1st week Feb.	7,799	7,668	131
July 1-Feb. 7	309,345	368,875	*59,530
ST. LOUIS SOUTHWESTERN—			
1st week Feb.	232,000	245,000	*13,000
July 1-Feb. 7	7,523,707	7,755,396	*231,689

*Decrease.

SPOKANE, PORTLAND & SEATTLE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for December—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Mileage	550.95	432.94	118.01
Total op. rev.	407,994	293,217	114,777
Total op. exp.	180,488	140,978	39,510
Net op. rev.	227,505	152,238	75,267
Outside op., net	187	†2,643	2,831
Total net rev.	227,693	149,595	78,098
Taxes	32,200	38,500	*6,300
Operating inc.	195,493	111,095	84,398
July 1 to Dec. 31:			
Total op. rev.	2,609,922	2,411,834	198,088
Total op. exp.	1,219,131	1,124,847	94,283
Net op. rev.	1,390,791	1,286,986	103,804
Outside op., net	9,118	†5,366	14,485
Total net rev.	1,399,909	1,281,620	118,289
Taxes	233,200	197,600	35,600
Operating inc.	1,166,709	1,084,020	82,689

*Decrease. †Debit.

Miscellaneous Earnings.

CANADIAN EXPRESS CO. report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for October—

	1911.	1910.	Increase.
Tot. rcts. fr. op.	255,097	237,553	17,564
Exp. priv. deb.	119,932	116,627	3,305
Total oper. rev.	135,164	120,905	14,258
Total oper. exp.	112,006	95,128	16,873
Net oper. rev.	23,157	25,777	*2,619
Taxes	2,250	1,200	1,050
Oper. income	20,907	24,577	*3,669
July 1 to Oct. 31:			
Tot. rcts. fr. op.	1,037,439	966,010	71,429
Exp priv., deb.	488,725	467,096	21,629
Total oper. rev.	548,713	498,914	49,799
Total oper. exp.	434,006	380,024	53,981
Net oper. rev.	114,707	118,889	*4,181
Taxes	9,000	4,800	4,200
Oper. income	105,707	114,089	*8,381
Mile., steam rds.	6,261	6,964	*703
Mile., oth. lines.	830	830	......

J. G. BRILL CO.'S report for the year ended Dec 31—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Total sales	*5,870,907	*5,960,778	4,261,204
Mfr. profit	*698,409	*440,955	185,225
Other income	......	......	52,909
Total income	689,409	440,955	238,134
Depreciation	134,429	114,623	107,350
Surplus	554,980	326,332	130,784
Prev. surplus	598,816	1,085,004	1,339,449
Total surplus	1,153,796	1,411,336	1,470,233
Adjust debent.	88,675	62,797	64,629
Balance	1,065,121	1,348,539	1,405,604
Dividends	320,600	320,600	320,600
†Wasen Mfg.	......	429,122	......
P. & L. surplus.	744,521	598,816	1,085,004

*Includes other income. †Surplus of Wasen Manufacturing Company, included in profit and loss surplus of J. G. Brill Company heretofore, set aside for permanent surplus of former company as an addition to its working capital.

NORTHERN EXPRESS CO. report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for October—

	1911.	1910.	Decrease.
Tot. op. rects.	252,729	299,781	*47,051
Exp. priv., deb.	129,080	143,350	*14,269
Tot. op rev.	123,648	156,430	*32,781
Tot. op. exp.	89,083	81,664	*7,424
Net op. rev.	34,560	74,766	40,206
Taxes	4,500	4,500	......
Op. income	30,060	70,266	40,206
July 1 to Oct. 31:			
Tot. op. rcts.	1,090,008	1,237,432	147,424
Exp. priv., deb.	553,616	589,031	35,415
Tot. op. rev.	536,391	648,400	112,009
Tot. op. exp.	361,884	348,475	*13,409
Net op. rev.	174,507	299,925	125,418
Taxes	18,000	18,000	......
Op. income	156,507	281,925	125,418
Mile. stm. rds.	7,310	6,601	*709
Mile. oth. lines.	315	261	*54

*Increase.

UNION NATURAL GAS CORPORATION, (Pittsburgh,) for the year ended Dec. 31—

	1911.	1910.	1909.
Gross earn.	3,779,694	3,601,380	3,473,442
Gas & elec. pur.	699,460	595,280	437,602
Balance	3,080,224	3,006,100	3,035,839
Expenses	1,447,958	1,289,589	1,134,400
Net	1,632,266	1,716,511	1,901,439
Charges	240,695	218,525	235,891
Surplus	1,391,571	1,497,986	1,665,548
Dividends	900,000	900,000	900,000
Surplus	491,571	597,986	765,548
Depreciation	426,894	525,797	......
Surplus	64,676	72,189	765,548

To the Holders of the

Kirby Lumber Company Contract 6% Timber Certificates Due August 1, 1912, and February 1, 1913

We are prepared to purchase the above Certificates due August 1, 1912, at 101½ flat, and the Certificates due February 1, 1913, at 103 flat, in exchange for the new Kirby Lumber Company Contract 6% Timber Certificates at 98½ and interest.

This offer to exchange holds good until and including Feb. 20, 1912.

Detailed description of the new Timber Certificates will be furnished on request

Mercantile Trust & Deposit Co. of Baltimore
Agents for the Syndicate Managers

TO HOLDERS OF

First Refunding and Extensions Mortgage Bonds of

THE WABASH RAILROAD COMPANY

At the request of the undersigned Committee, as the holder of more than twenty-five per cent. in amount of the outstanding bonds of the above issue, proceedings for the foreclosure of the First Refunding and Extensions Mortgage have been commenced by The Equitable Trust Company of New York, as trustee of the mortgage, and the receivership heretofore existing has been extended to these foreclosure proceedings.

Examinations and reports already made for the Committee fully confirm its view that the earning capacity of the property in the past has been largely restricted on account of lack of funds to provide adequate equipment and such necessary betterments and improvements as would enable the handling of business with economy and dispatch, and that with necessary resources provided for these purposes the possibilities of the property will be better developed.

With this view, and in order to hasten as far as practicable a sound and permanent reorganization of the property, it is the policy of the Committee to recommend that expenditures of this character be promptly made, and to concur, as the Committee has already done, in the applications made by the receivers to the Court for authority to improve the property and to provide adequate equipment, for which, and other purposes, an issue of $10,000,000 of receivers' certificates has been authorized, which have been purchased by Messrs. KUHN, LOEB & CO., the Bankers to the Committee.

A large amount of bonds have already been deposited with the Committee, and, in order that its above-expressed policy may have the earnest support of as large a number of bondholders as possible, the Committee urges upon all bondholders who have not heretofore deposited their bonds to deposit the same as promptly as possible with The Equitable Trust Company of New York.

Dated New York, February 3, 1912.

ROBERT GOELET,
THOMAS H. HUBBARD,
ALVIN W. KRECH,
ROBERT FLEMING,
JOHANNES LUDEN,
WINSLOW S. PIERCE, Chairman,
Committee.
H. R. WINTHROP, Secretary,
15 Wall Street.

MURRAY, PRENTICE & HOWLAND,
PIERCE & GREER,
Counsel.

THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Depositary.
115 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY.

104% of Par and Interest The Denver Gas and Electric Company, General Mortgage, Five Per Cent. Gold Bonds.

To the Holders of the Bonds Secured by the General Mortgage of the Denver Gas and Electric Company, dated May 1, 1903.

YOU ARE HEREBY NOTIFIED that the Company intends to pay off and redeem the following numbered outstanding General Mortgage Five Per Cent. Bonds, issued pursuant to the terms of the General Mortgage, The Denver Gas and Electric Company to The Trust Company of America, dated May 1st, 1903, and the Supplemental General Mortgage, between the same parties, dated September 1st, 1908, to wit:

$1,000 BONDS:

200	2336	3252	4391	4681	6499
217	2470	3436	4431	5057	6505
258	2614	3592	4474	5086	6631
273	2878	3744	4528	5207	6769
334	2953	3759	4538	5494	6818
1040	2966	4066	4587	5559	7074
1092	3088	4123	4600	6350	7575
1827	3123	4196	4632	6402	7603
1969	3212	4218	4662	6417	7906
2335	3228	4324			

$500 BONDS:

A—8

$100 BONDS:

C—40 C—172

The above numbered bonds will be redeemed and paid at the office of The Trust Company of America, No. 37 Wall Street, New York City, New York, on May 1st, 1912, at the rate of 104% of par, plus accrued interest to that date, and upon such date all future interest upon such bonds will cease and the coupons therefor will be void; of which you will please take notice.

The Denver Gas and Electric Light Co.,
By Henry L. Doherty, President.

EXAMINATIONS, DESIGNS & ESTIMATES of ENGINEERING STRUCTURES & PROPERTIES

SCHUYLER R. SCHAFF, 5 BEEKMAN ST.,
Civil Engineer. New York City.

Just Issued: "Essential Points Governing the Financial Value of an Engineering Property." Price $1.00.

Nevada-Utah Mines & Smelters Corporation

READJUSTMENT.

Stockholders of this Company are hereby notified of the extension to February 26th, 1912, of the time within which they can join the Plan of Readjustment, dated December 15th, 1911, and filed with the Columbia Trust Company.

T. GROSS, Syndicate Manager.
February 2d, 1912.

Merchant, wholesale, established trade, needs $4,000 for three months to help carry Spring accounts; collateral, sound bonds worth three times loan; deal direct private party. Immediate, 150 Times.

DIVIDENDS.

AMERICAN SUMATRA TOBACCO CO.
New York, February 10th, 1912.

A semi-annual dividend of Three and a Half Per Centum, due March 1st, 1912, will be paid on the preferred stock of this company on that date, and at the same time the semi-annual dividend of Three and a Half Per Centum, due on March 1st, 1911, together with one year's interest thereon at Seven Per Centum, will also be paid on the preferred stock of this company to stockholders of record on February 20th, 1912. The preferred stock transfer books will close on February 20th, 1912, at 3 P. M. and open on March 2d, 1912, at 10 A. M.

LEONARD A. COHN, Secretary.

PEOPLES GAS LIGHT & COKE COMPANY (of Chicago).

Notice is hereby given that a dividend of ONE AND THREE-QUARTERS PER CENT. (1¾%) has been declared on the capital stock of this Company, payable on February 28th, 1912, to the stockholders of record at the close of business on January 20th, 1912.

L. A. WILEY,
Secretary.

THE STUDEBAKER CORPORATION.—Notice is hereby given that the Board of Directors have this day declared a regular quarterly dividend of one and three-quarters per cent. on the preferred stock of the company, payable March 1, 1912, to the preferred stockholders of record at the close of business Feb. 15, 1912. SCOTT BROWN,
Secretary The Studebaker Corporation.
Feb. 6, 1912.

HOMESTAKE MINING COMPANY.
February 13th, 1912.
DIVIDEND NO. 447.

Dividend No. 447 of Fifty (50) cents per share has been declared payable by the transfer agent in New York, on the 26th inst. Transfer books close on the 20th inst.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY,
Transfer Agent.

DIVIDENDS.

PURE OIL COMPANY.

The Directors of the Company have declared a dividend of 2½% on the Common Stock, payable March 1, 1912, to stockholders of record February 1, 1912. Checks will be mailed. Transfer books of the Company will be closed entire month of February.

W. W. TARBELL, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE FRESNILLO COMPANY AND THE FRESNILLO MINING COMPANY.

TAKE NOTICE that The Fresnillo Company and the Fresnillo Mining Company, both corporations of the State of New York, have made and entered into an agreement, signed by a majority of their respective Boards of Directors and under their respective corporate seals, for the consolidation of such corporations, as prescribed by law, dated the 14th day of February, 1912, and that such agreement will be submitted for action thereon to the stockholders of The Fresnillo Company at a meeting thereof to be held at the office of the company, No. 82 Beaver Street, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 29th day of February, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, and that such agreement will be submitted for action thereon to the stockholders of the Fresnillo Mining Company at a meeting thereof to be held at the office of the company, No. 82 Beaver Street, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, on the 29th day of February, 1912, at 12:30 o'clock in the afternoon.

ROBERT E. SAFFORD,
Secretary of The Fresnillo Company.
ROBERT E. SAFFORD,
Secretary of the Fresnillo Mining Company.

NEW AMSTERDAM GAS COMPANY,
22 East 22d St.
New York, February 5, 1912.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders will be held at the office of the Company, 22 East 22d Street, New York City, on Thursday, March 7th, 1912, at twelve o'clock, noon, for the election of Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

The Transfer Books will close on Saturday, February 10th, 1912, and reopen Friday, March 8th, 1912.

By Order of the Board of Directors.
MALCOLM M. GRAHAM, Secretary.

RAPID TRANSIT SUBWAY CONSTRUCTION COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Rapid Transit Subway Construction Company will be held at the office of the company, No. 165 Broadway, New York City, on Thursday, February 29th, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing four Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before it.

H. M. FISHER, Secretary.
February 15th, 1912.

AMERICAN MANUFACTURING CO.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held at 60 State Street, Room 1,000, Boston, Massachusetts, on February 27th, 1912, at eleven A. M., for the purpose of electing Directors and transacting any other business that may lawfully come before the meeting.

By order of the President.
WILLIAM F. MORGAN, Clerk.
Boston, Massachusetts, February 12th, 1912.

SUBWAY REALTY COMPANY.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the SUBWAY REALTY COMPANY will be held at the office of the company, No. 165 Broadway, New York City, on Thursday, February 29th, 1912, at 1 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of electing six Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may come before it. H. M. FISHER, Secretary.
February 15th, 1912.

PROPOSALS.

SEALED BIDS WILL BE RECEIVED BY THE Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Friday, February 23, 1912, for Contract 114, for furnishing and delivering 43 pressure-regulating valves, varying in size from 12 to 24 inches, for installation in connection with the city tunnel and the city pipe-lines of Catskill Aqueduct, in New York City.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders and contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS, President;
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

FORT TOTTEN, N. Y.—Sealed proposals in triplicate for constructing blacksmith shop and wagon shed will be received here until 2 P. M., March 5, 1912, and then publicly opened. Information furnished upon application to Quartermaster here or to Chief Quartermaster, Governors Island, N. Y. H.

AMERICANS IN COURT DRESS

Photographs taken in Berlin of those who were presented to the Kaiser recently on the occasion of his birthday anniversary will be reproduced in the

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Less Active, Closing Irregular After Advance During Early Trading.

STEEL TRADE'S STATUS

Large Output Being Maintained, but Prices Are Being Shaded—More Railroad Financing.

Lighter trading and a narrower movement of prices in yesterday's business on the Stock Exchange left most of the active issues at the close of the day somewhat under the final prices of the previous session. There was a show of strength during the earlier hours of the day, but the subsequent reaction wiped out most of the gains which had been made. Among the larger changes of the day, in the stocks which moved over a wider range, but which contributed a relatively small share to the trading, advances and declines were intermingled. The Tobacco group was strong, and the issues included in it ended with net gains ranging up to 10 points. Interborough-Metropolitan issues profited to the extent of 1 point in the common and of 2 points in the preferred stock by the progress toward a definite agreement with the city indicated by the formal ratification by the Interborough Rapid Transit Directors of the proposed arrangement under which the Interborough is to participate in the construction of additional subways.

Of the general influences which were operative in shaping sentiment yesterday larger part was probably played by the reports regarding the position of the steel trade than by any other one factor. Circumstances served to direct special attention to the affairs of the Republic Iron and Steel Company, and that corporation's preferred stock, in connection with discussion of its dividend prospects, showed at the end of the day a net loss of 1⅞. Those in a position to discuss the matter from the standpoint of actual information regarding earnings and general trade conditions pronounced yesterday's rumors regarding a lowering of the present dividend rate as mere guesswork, and in authoritative quarters reports of liquidation by an interest which has been closely identified with the property were discredited. At the same ttime the fact is to be recognized that under present conditions in the steel trade existing dividend rates could not in some instances, at least, be maintained without calling upon surplus and a middle course in respect to distribution to shareholders at a time of unusually low prices for steel would probably be interpreted as a sign of conservatism rather than of weakness. The facts in regard to the general position of the steel trade at the moment seem to be that output is being maintained on a fairly large scale, but orders to replace those which are being filled at the mills are being obtained only by making concessions from recently quoted prices. This situation appears to apply to the Steel Corporation as well as to the larger of the independent companies. For the smaller manufacturers of steel, the situation is still more difficult for recent conditions have left no other alternative than to run at a loss or to stop operation. Some smaller manufacturers have already chosen the latter course. In some quarters it is being set up that the leading interest in the steel trade is encountering one set of conditions and the independent companies quite different conditions, but there seems no basis for the suggestion that in the matter of prices at all events the experience of one large manufacturer is differing materially from that of others. What is very clear is that there is very active competition in the steel trade. What is happening in this industry adds to the interest attaching to what Mr. Hill had to say the day before yesterday in respect to the permanency of competition and the futility of attempting to substitute for it some other rule of business.

Announcement of further bond issues yesterday supplied additional evidence of the breadth of the investment demand. This is indeed very large for the short term issues, and one item of the financing announced yesterday was done in the shape of notes, but happily the demand is not limited to securities having a short time to run, as is clear from the success attending several recent long term bond issues. The financing that is done in the shape of long term bonds is done for good and all so far as the present generation is concerned, whereas the resort to short term financing merely postpones the date when requirements have definitely to be met. In a condition of ease such as at present prevails in the money market, and with the investment demand developing on a broad scale, it would be satisfactory to see financing so far as possible take the shape of long term issues.

A reaction yesterday in British consols amounting to two-fifths of the advance which occurred on Tuesday somewhat lessened the force of that movement as an indication of the rapid establishment of friendlier international relations in Europe. None the less, however, is the improvement which has lately taken place in consols, a matter for congratulation, for it relieves a situation which has imposed hardship on banking institutions in England, nearly all of whose recent statements have dwelt at some length on the necessity of marking down investments because of the depreciation of consols.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

Borne-Scrymser Co. for annual meeting.
Boston & Maine Railroad for dividend on preferred.
Columbus Gas and Fuel Co. for dividend on common.
Federal Light and Traction Co. for dividend on preferred.
Federal Utilities Co. for dividend on preferred.
Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co. for dividend on preferred.
May Department Stores for dividend on common.
Michigan State Telephone Co. for dividend on common.
Studebaker Corporation for dividend on preferred.
Susquehanna Railway Light and Power Co. for dividend on preferred.

DIVIDENDS PAYABLE.

American Bank Note Co. on common.
American Beet Sugar Co. on common.
American Radiator Co. on preferred.
Bellefonte Central Railroad.
Binghamton Railway.
Bond and Mortgage Guarantee Co.
Borden's Condensed Milk Co. on common.
Boston Elevated Railroad.
Buffalo Mines.
Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railroad on common and preferred.
Cambria Steel Co.
Connecticut Railway & Light Co. on common and preferred.
Jefferson & Clearfield Coal Co. on preferred.
Mobile Electric Co. on preferred.
Montreal Light, Heat and Power Co.
National Carbon Co. on preferred.
Niles-Bement-Pond Co. on common.
Pacific Gas and Electric Co. on preferred.
Pratt-Whitney Co. on preferred.
Procter & Gamble Co. on common.
Pullman Co.
Rome, Watertown & Ogdensburg Railroad.
Seaboard Co. on first preferred.
Sears, Roebuck & Co. on common.
Silversmiths Co.
Tampa Electric Co.
United States Telephone Co. on preferred.
Virginia-Carolina Chemical Co. on common.

ANNUAL MEETING.

General Chemical Co.
Mackay Cos.
United States Industrial Alcohol Co.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver was quoted ⅛d lower in London, at 27⅝d per ounce, and ⅝c lower in New York, at 60c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 47c.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

The Independent Wabash.

In the stock market gossip of the Street yesterday, an advance in the price of Wabash preferred was said to be due to a revival of the story that the Lehigh Valley or the Lackawanna might enter into the bonds of matrimony with the Gould road. This story has been told so often that it may sometime come true. At least the people who hold Wabash securities hope it may come true. The Wabash has long been an old maid in the railroad field, and an unattractive old maid without much of a dowry. A rich marriage with the Lackawanna or Lehigh Valley would be a fine thing—for the Wabash. On the map such a union seems entirely feasible, but the anthracite roads have never been ardent wooers. With the reorganization the Wabash will be freed from some of its encumbrances in the way of fixed charges, which should add greatly to its attractivness to any road seeking a connection with the Middle West.

⁂

Hard Winter, Good Spring.

When Howard Elliott, President of the Northern Pacific, comes to New York to attend a few board meetings, he tries to talk as little about railroad matters as possible, except in their relation to the agricultural interests of the Northwest. Thus it happens that the significant feature about the recent storms which have buffeted the Hill territory is not, in Mr. Elliott's way of thinking, the added cost and difficulty of operating trains, but the effect the melting snows will have in putting the soil in condition for a fine wheat crop next year. Mr. Elliott said yesterday that the Winter wheat outlook was fine, and that with lots of moisture in the ground he expected a good crop season generally, barring the unforeseen, of course.

⁂

Arbitrage Goes Over.

The petition which has been circulated on the Exchange for some weeks, asking for the return to the old arbitrage commission practices and to which about 450 signatures have been obtained, was not presented to the Governing Committee at yesterday's meeting. Although 450 make more than a majority of the active members, a considerable majority of the Exchange's full membership of 1,100 would probably be necessary to induce favorable consideration of the proposal by the present authorities. The arbitrage business has been badly off since the rule went into effect last Summer requiring the exaction of full commissions on arbitrage business, but there are many who refuse to attribute this condition to the commission rule. At the same time some of the active opponents of the proposal to return to the old conditions believe that the rule of 1911 has effectually put a stop to the loss of business to New York which the temptation of lower charges in London would be sure to attract to that centre in an active market. Some criticism is current of the present Exchange officers for their "illiberality," but that they are still pursuing the course of shutting all loop-holes for the evasion of full brokerage charges was demonstrated once more yesterday by the application of the one-eighth commission rule to the acceptance or delivery of stocks on put and call contracts.

⁂

Directors' Responsibilities.

Controller of the Currency Murray's campaign for tightening the bonds between individual Directors and the management of their banks has been brought uncomfortably close to the Directorate pocketbook. News from Washington is that the latest instructions to National Bank Examiners requires them, whenever a bank has sustained a loss from excess loans, to call a meeting of the board at which a resolution shall be placed upon the minutes setting forth the names of the Directors responsible for the loan, the amount of the loss, and the statement that the responsible Directors will meet it. No longer may losses from excess loans be charged against profit and loss.

⁂

Showing of the Averages.

The average highest and lowest prices of twenty-five leading railroad issues yesterday showed an extreme movement of only 0.79 and the gap between high and low of an equal number of industrials was only 0.32. Yesterday's mean level of the railroad issues was 90.06, compared with 89.64 on the previous day, and 96.90 on the corresponding Wednesday of a year ago. The industrial group at their mean average were at 62.60, which compares with 62.38 on the previous day, and 66.70 on the Wednesday at this period last year. The averages, with comparisons, show:

	High.	Low.	Mean.	Last.
1912.				
RAILROADS.				
Saturday, Feb. 10	89.77	89.38	89.57	89.45
Tuesday, Feb. 13	90.04	89.25	89.64	89.95
Wednesday, Feb. 14	90.28	89.84	90.06	89.91
INDUSTRIALS.				
Saturday, Feb. 10	62.70	62.30	62.50	62.31
Tuesday, Feb. 13	62.60	62.17	62.38	62.55
Wednesday, Feb. 14	62.76	62.44	62.60	62.51
1911.				
RAILROADS.				
Saturday, Feb. 11	97.25	96.55	96.90	96.74
Tuesday, Feb. 14	97.23	96.52	96.88	96.79
Wednesday, Feb. 15	97.26	96.55	96.90	96.71
INDUSTRIALS.				
Saturday, Feb. 11	67.32	67.09	67.21	67.25
Tuesday, Feb. 14	67.54	67.07	67.30	67.14
Wednesday, Feb. 15	66.93	66.47	66.70	66.71

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¼@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2⅜ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¼ per cent.

Time and money rates, 2½@3 per cent. for sixty days, 2¾@3 per cent. for ninety days and four months, 3@3¼ per cent. for five and six months, and 3½@4 per cent. for ten to twelve months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 3¾@4 per cent. for prime four to six months' maturities, with the ruling rate 4 per cent.

Private discount rate abroad: London, 3 5-16 per cent., off 1-16 per cent.; Paris, 2⅝ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 3⅞ per cent., up ⅛ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $376,739,462; balances, $15,849,055; Sub-Treasury debit balances, $1,608,338.

The local banks have lost $4,819,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates at the points noted were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8750; demand, $4.8715.
Paris—Cable, 5.17½ less 5-64; check, 5.18⅛ less 1-64.
Berlin—Cable, 95⅛ less 1-64; check, 95 1-16 less 1-64.
Switzerland—Cable, 5.18¾ less 1-32; check, 5.19⅜.
Holland—Cable, 40.38; check, 40.30.
Belgium—Cable, 5.19⅜ plus 1-32; check, 5.19⅜ less 1-16.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.8415; ninety days, $4.83.
London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.84; ninety days, $4.82⅞.
Paris—Bankers', sixty days, 5.21¼; ninety days, 5.22½ less 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, sixty days, 5.21¼ less 1-32; ninety days, 5.22½ less 1-32.
Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 94¾; ninety days, 94½.
Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94⅝ less 1-32; ninety days, 94 1-16.

DOMESTIC EXCHANGE RATES.

Boston, par; Chicago, 15c discount; St. Louis, 15c discount; St. Paul, 40c premium; San Francisco, 50c premium; Montreal, 15⅝c premium.

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STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Better Tone and Fair Amount of Activity in Principal Markets of Other Cities.

COPPERS STRONG IN BOSTON

Some Substantial Gains in These Stocks in That Centre—Locals Strong in Philadelphia.

Trading in the principal out-of-town markets yesterday showed a firmer tone, and there was some betterment in the volume of business.

Houston Oil issues continued in demand in Baltimore. Houston Oil common certificates advanced another fraction, and the preferred also moved upward, but later reacted, resulting in a small net loss. Houston Oil dividend certificates were strong and gained more than a point during the day. United Railways shares were in demand and fractionally higher.

Trading was more active in Boston, owing to a manifestation of greater interest in some of the minor copper shares and industrial issues. Mayflower and Old Colony were again in demand, while some larger lots of New Haven, Steel common and Amalgamated changed hands. Prices tended upward, especially in the coppers, some of which scored large gains.

Moderate trading and slightly improved prices characterized Chicago's market. Booth Fisheries shares were a feature, with early gains of a point or more in both common and preferred issues, though the latter eased off to a fractional net gain by the close. Advances of a fraction prevailed in Can preferred, Illinois Brick, McCrum-Howell common, and others. Sears-Roebuck common, and Hart-Schaffner preferred were among those which closed slightly lower.

The same stocks which showed strength on Tuesday were again the feature of the trading in Philadelphia. Philadelphia Company, Philadelphia Electric, and Tonopah Belmont were all in strong demand, and each scored a further fractional advance. A high official of the United Gas Improvement Company denied that any proposition had been made to the Philadelphia Electric looking toward a merger of the two companies. Tonopah Belmont was stimulated by the hope that the new strike at the mines would ultimately result in an increase in the dividend. Helped by the annual report, which showed over 4 per cent. earned on the common stock, J. G. Brill shares were bid up to 17, at which figures some odd lots changed hands.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
90	American Bonding	76	76	76
200	Aug. & Aiken El. pf.	82½	82½	82½
200	Balt. Electric pf.	44½	44½	44½
10	Consol. Power pf.	109½	109½	109½
5	First National Bank	131	131	131
15	Georgia & So. com.	35	35	35
150	Houst. Oil. com. cfs.	10⅞	10⅝	10⅝
1,880	Houst. Oil. pf. cfs.	63⅞	63	63
295	Maryland Trust com.	110	109	110
35	Penn. W. & P. com.	62¾	62¾	62¾
210	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	62	61½	61½
1,550	United Railways	20	19⅞	20

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$16,000	A. C. L. conv. 4s	102½	102	102½
1,000	A. C. L. of C. 5-20s	92½	92½	92½
1,000	A. C. L. con. 4s	96½	96½	96½
1,000	Ana. & Pot. 5s, gtd.	102½	102½	102½
1,000	Balt. Traction 5s	107½	107½	107½
2,000	Coal & Coke Ry. 5s	95½	95½	95½
12,000	Chicago Ry. 5s	101	101	101
2,000	Fairmont Coal 5s	96¾	96¾	96¾
4,000	Fair. & Clark. Tr. 5s	100¼	100¼	100¼
8,000	G. B. S. Brewing 4s	37	37	37
83,000	Houst. Oil Div. cfs.	85⅝	84¾	85⅝
1,000	Maryland Elec. 5s	99	99	99
1,000	Nor. & Ports. Tr. 5s	89½	89½	89½
5,000	N. O. & Gt. Nor. 5s	76⅝	75⅞	76¼
45,000	N. O., M. & C. 5s	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝
7,000	Seaboard 4s, stpd.	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝
15,000	United Rys. inc.	65	64½	65
12,000	United Rys. 4s	85½	85½	85½
4,000	United Rys. fdg. 4s	87¾	87¾	87¾
1,000	Va. Ry. & P. 5s	97	97	97

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Atchison pf.	104½	104½	104½
113	Boston Elevated	132	131½	132
53	Boston & Albany	222	221½	222
67	Boston & Maine	99½	99	99
2	Con. & Mon. Class 4	160	160	160
107	Fitchburg pf.	127	127	127
2	Mass. Electric pf.	93	93	93
877	Mass. Elec. pf., stpd.	80	80	80
1,163	M. Elec. pf., fr. war.	19½c	19c	19c
255	N. Y., N. H. & H.	137½	137½	137½
6	Old Colony	185½	185½	185½
5	Union Pacific	165	165	165
10	Vermont & Mass.	164	164	164
91	West End	88	87½	88
9	West End pf.	101½	101½	101½

TELEPHONES.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
638	American	140⅝	140⅜	140½
16	New England	160	159	159

MISCELLANEOUS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
335	Am. Ag. Chem.	60	59⅝	59⅝
156	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	103	102⅝	102⅝
9	Amoskeag	78½	78½	78½
25	Amoskeag pf.	100½	100½	100½
25	Am. Pneu. Ser. 2d pf.	15½	15½	15½
263	Am. Sugar	119½	119	119
116	Am. Sugar pf.	118½	118	118
23	Am. Woolen pf.	87	86½	87
2	A., G. & W. I. S. S.	9	9	9
105	East Boston Land	14½	14½	14½
11	Edison	299	298	299
5	General Electric	157	157	157
100	Ga. Ry. & Elec. pf.	86	86	86
150	Mass. Gas	91⅝	91¼	91½
813	Mass. Gas pf.	98	97	98
140	McElwain Co. 1st pf.	106½	106½	106½
11	N. E. Cotton Yarn	104	104	104
18	N. E. Cot. Yarn pf.	105	105	105
10	Pond Creek Coal	16½	16	16
298	Pullman	159½	159	159
35	Reece Buttonhole	14	13⅞	14
95	Swift	102	101½	102
35	United Fruit	183	183	183
804	United Shoe Mach.	48¼	47½	48¼
10	Un. Shoe Mach. pf.	28	28	28
1,756	U. S. Steel	61	59⅝	59⅞
5	U. S. Steel pf.	108½	108½	108½

MINING.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
85	Allouez	40	39⅝	39⅝
1,157	Amalgamated	64½	63½	64
210	Am. Zinc	25	25	25
125	Arizona Com. ctfs.	4	4	4
50	Arnold	75c	75c	75c
122	Batopilas	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝
50	Butte Balaklala	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛
265	Butte Coalition	22½	22⅛	22½
60	Butte & Superior	20½	19⅞	20½
459	Calumet & Arizona	60½	60	60
8	Calumet & Hecla	420	420	420
60	Chino	25⅞	25⅝	25⅞
108	Copper Range	52	51½	51½
50	Daly-West	5	5	5
70	East Butte	13	12⅝	12⅞
760	Franklin	13⅝	13	13
775	Giroux	4½	4⅜	4⅜
260	Granby Con	36	35½	35½
10	Greene-Cananea	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞
525	Hancock	35⅝	34¾	34¾
235	Hedley	18	18	18
20	Indiana	14	14	14
285	Inspiration Con	18⅜	18⅛	18⅜
2,076	Insp. Con. rights	35c	28c	28c
800	Island Creek	44½	44	44
71	Island Creek pf.	86½	86½	86½
745	Isle Royale	24⅛	23⅝	23¾
180	Kerr Lake	3	3	3
64	Lake	35	34	34
805	Mason Valley	11⅝	11⅜	11⅝
100	Mass Con	7⅛	7	7
8,775	Mayflower	8	7⅝	8
2	Miami	23⅝	23⅝	23⅝
7	Michigan	3	3	3
53	Mohawk	53½	52½	53½
402	Nevada Con	19⅜	18⅞	19⅛
50	New Arcadian	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝
100	Nipissing	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝
686	North Butte	26¼	25⅝	25⅞
100	Ojibway	5¼	5¼	5¼
8,840	Old Colony	6½	6¼	6½
100	Old Dominion	45⅝	45½	45⅝
248	Osceola	110	109	110
120	Quincy	76	74	76
1,240	Ray Con	16⅜	16¼	16¼
50	Shannon	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞
100	Superior	25	25	25
929	Superior & Boston	3⅞	3¾	3 11-16
20	Tamarack	28	28	28
10	Trinity	5⅛	5	5
280	Tuolumne	4	3⅞	4
405	U. S. Smelting	35⅝	35⅜	35⅝
101	U. S. Smelting pf.	47½	47½	47½
10	Utah Apex	2	2	2
250	Utah Con	15½	15½	15½
300	Utah Copper	56⅜	55⅞	56
200	Victoria	4⅜	4⅛	4⅛
495	Winona	7	6½	6⅝
55	Wolverine	99	99	99
100	Wyandotte	2¼	2¼	2¼

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$4,000	Am. Agr. Chem. 5s	102½	102½	102½
76,000	Am. Tel. & Tel. 4s	91¼	91	91¼
8,000	A., G. & W. I. S. S. 5s	68½	68¼	68¼
8,000	C., B. & Q. deb. 5s	101½	101½	101½
6,000	C., B. & Q. 4s, Ill. Div.	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
8,000	C., B. & Q. jt. 4s	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝
1,000	C. J. & S. Y. 4s, 1940	90	90	90
2,000	K. C., F. S. & M. 6s	117½	117½	117½
1,000	Mass. Gas 4½s	99	99	99
13,000	N. E. Cot. Yarn 5s	98	97¾	98
2,000	Shannon-Ariz. 6s	85	85	85
2,000	Torrington 5s, '18	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝
2,000	United Fruit 4½s, '25	96⅛	96⅛	96⅛
13,500	Western T. & T. 5s	100½	100½	100½

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
800	Am. Can	11⅞	11⅞	11⅞
125	Am. Can pf.	92	92	92
100	Amal. Copper	64	64	64
50	Am. Tel. & Tel.	140½	140½	140½
100	Booth Fisheries	46	46	46
92	Booth Fisheries pf.	87	86½	86½
10	Canal & Dock	49½	49½	49½
25	Chicago Pneu. Tool	46½	46½	46½
10	Chi. Rys., Series 4	5½	5½	5½
50	Chi. Elev. Rys. pf.	93	93	93
35	Com. Edison	139¼	139	139
40	Corn Prod. Refining	10	10	10
95	Diamond Match	110	109½	110
10	Hart-Schaffner pf.	101½	101½	101½
25	Int. Harvester	106	106	106
10	Illinois Brick	57⅝	57⅝	57⅝
52	McCrum-Howell	39	39	39
120	People's Gas	106	106	106
1,085	Sears-Roebuck	151	150	150
80	Sears-Roebuck pf.	123½	123½	123½
803	Swift & Co.	102	101⅞	102
485	U. S. Steel	61	59⅞	59⅞

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$10,000	Chicago Rys. 5s B.	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝
5,000	Chicago Rys. 5s B.	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝
3,000	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞
5,000	Chicago Elev. Rys. 5s	99	99	99
4,000	Com. Edison 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼
1,000	Com. Edison 5s	103⅜	103⅜	103⅜
5,000	Com. Electric 5s	102⅝	102⅝	102⅝
500	Northwestern Gas 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Alliance Insurance	14	14	14
1	American Cement	2	2	2
10	Amalgamated Copper	63¾	63¾	63¾
100	American Milling	1¼	1¼	1¼
20	American Railways	45½	45½	45½
20	Baldwin Locomo. pf.	103	103	103
20	Cambria Steel	43	43	43
100	Erie	31⅛	31⅛	31⅛
65	Electric Storage	54½	54½	54½
25	General Asphalt	32½	32½	32½
14	H. & B. T. pf.	25	25	25
43	Insurance Co. N. A.	22	21⅞	21⅞
85	J. G. Brill	17	17	17
10	J. G. Brill pf.	95	95	95
45	Lehigh Nav.	88¾	88¾	88¾
10	Lehigh Nav. tr. ctf.	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛
12	Lehigh Valley	79⅝	79	79⅝
100	Lehigh Valley Tr.	9½	9½	9½
10	Lehigh Val. Tr. pf.	25	25	25
10	Mine Hill	59½	59½	59½
86	North Central	127½	127½	127½
175	Phila. R. T. t. c.	24	24	24
242	Pennsylvania	61 7-16	61 5-16	61 5-16
10	Penn. Salt Mfg.	123½	123½	123½
2,784	Philadelphia Co.	55	54½	54½
10	Phila. Co. pf.	44¾	44¾	44¾
3,179	Phila. Electric	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝
10	Phila. Traction	85	84½	84½
2,945	Reading	79⅛	78⅝	78⅝
15	13th and 15th Pass.	252	252	252
4,460	Tonopah Belmont	9¼	9	9¼
207	Tonopah Mining	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛
240	U. Gas Imp.	88	87⅞	88
57	U. Cos., N. J.	240	240	240
5,250	U. S. Steel	61	59⅞	59⅞
221	Union Traction	51⅝	51⅝	51⅝
225	W. & V. Ry.	54½	54½	54½
89	Westmoreland Coal	76	76	76

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
45	Crucible Steel	11¼	11¼	11¼
10	Crucible Steel pf.	81½	81½	81½
10	Fireproofing pf.	26	26	26
275	Mfrs. L. & H.	31	30½	30½
100	Ohio Fuel Oil	16½	16½	16½
106	Ohio Fuel Supply	48⅛	48⅛	48⅛
20	Oklahoma Gas	64½	64½	64½
20	Pittsburgh Coal	17¼	17¼	17¼
25	Pittsburgh Oil & Gas	8	8	8
4,002	Pure Oil	10⅛	9⅞	9⅞
500	San Toy	35c	35c	35c
600	Tonopah Extension	1.42	1.42	1.42
45	Union Switch	94	94	94
10	U. S. Steel	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝

BONDS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
$3,000	Pitts., McK. & C. 5s	102½	102½	102½
1,000	River Coal 6s	115½	115½	115½

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.01	Hale & Norcross	.26
Alpha Con	.04	Julia	.23
Andes	.13	Justice	.05
Belcher	.74	Kentucky Con	.04
Best & Belcher	.12	Mexican	3.65
Bullion	.06	Occidental Con	.55
Caledonia	3.00	Overman	1.45
Challenge Con	.24	Potosi	.09
Chollar	.15	Savage	.31
Confidence	.79	Sag Belcher	.52
Con. Cal. & Va	.81	Sierra Nevada	.33
Con. Imperial	.05	Union Con	1.05
Crown Point	.75	Utah	.12
Gould & Curry	.08	Yellow Jacket	.73

TONOPAH.		Daisy	.10
Belmont	9.02½	Diamondf'd B. B.	.06
Jim Butler	.36	Goldfield Con. M.	4.47½
McNamara	.25	Goldfield Merger	.21
Midway	.26	Great Bend	.03
Montana	1.00	C. O. D.	.13
North Star	.28	Jumbo Extension	.21
Rescue Eula	.21	Florence	.58
Tonopah Exten.	1.42½	Lone Star	.04
West End	.80	Red Hills	.01
GOLDFIELD.		Sandstorm Kend.	.02
Adams	.01	Vernal	.16
Atlanta	.17	Silver Pick	.07
Blue Bell	.01	Nevada Hills	2.85
Combination Frac.	.15	Manhattan Con.	.14
Booth	.06		

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5¾	6¼	Jackpot	5½	6½
Elkton	60¼	60⅝	McKinney	52½	54
El Paso	69	72	Old Gold	3¼	4
Findlay	5	7	Portland	90	92½
Gold Dollar	15¼	15⅝	Vindicator	67	70
Isabella	14¾	14⅞	Jen. Samp.	6	7½

CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE.

A Washington dispatch, intimating that there would also be an investigation of the so-called "Money Trust" by the Senate Committee on Inter-State Commerce, assisted in stimulating a selling movement on the Consolidated Stock Exchange in the later dealings. One of the best features about the early trading was the heavy commission house business in odd lots, covering a broad list of usually inactive securities. There was a sale of American Writing Paper preferred at 29⅝, with no sales of that stock reported on the New York Stock Exchange. Transactions totaled 51,410 shares, distributed over a list of forty-six different stocks.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
4,600	Amal. Copper	63½	64⅝	63¼	64⅛
50	Am. Beet Sugar	55½	55½	54⅞	54⅞
100	Am. Ice	20½	20⅞	20⅜	20⅜
20	Am. W. Pap. pf.	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝	29⅝
1,850	Am. Smelting	70⅞	71⅜	70⅞	71⅛
110	Am. Sugar	119½	119½	119	119
40	Anaconda Cop.	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝	35⅝
130	Atch, T. & S. F.	104½	104⅝	104½	104⅝
60	Balt. & Ohio	102½	102½	102½	102½
90	B'klyn Rap. Tr.	77⅝	78	77⅝	78
20	Can. Pacific	230	230	229⅝	229⅝
20	Chesa. & Ohio	71¼	71¼	71¼	71¼
170	Ch. M. & St. P.	104½	104⅝	104½	104⅝
20	Chino Copper	25⅝	25⅞	25⅝	25⅞
50	Consol. Gas	139½	139½	139	139
20	Corn Products	10½	10½	10½	10½
760	Erie	31⅝	32	31⅝	31⅝
130	Erie 1st pf.	52	52	51½	51½
660	Gt. North. pf.	130½	130⅝	130½	130⅝
880	Inter.-Met	17⅝	18⅛	17⅝	17⅞
890	Inter.-Met. pf.	55⅝	57⅛	55⅝	56⅝
10	Int.-M. pf., new	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝	54⅝
180	Lehigh Valley	158⅛	158⅜	157⅝	157⅝
20	Louis. & Nash.	153¼	153¼	152⅞	152⅞
10	Mo., K. & Tex.	27	27	27	27
120	M. Pacific	40	40¼	39⅞	39⅞
160	N. Y. Central	110⅛	110⅝	110⅛	110⅝
50	Nev. Consol	19	19	18⅞	18⅞
10	Norf. & West	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝	108⅝
10	Nor. Pacific	117⅝	117⅝	117¼	117¼
10	Pacific Mail	32	32	32	32
50	People's Gas	106	106	106	106
11,900	Reading	157⅝	158⅝	156⅝	156⅞
110	Rep. Steel	20	20	19½	19½
170	Rep. Steel pf.	73⅜	73⅜	72⅞	73⅜
30	Rock Island	23½	23½	23⅛	23⅛
40	South. Pacific	108	108	108	108
10	Third Av.	42	42	42	42
11,100	Union Pacific	164⅝	165⅛	164	164½
10	U. S. Rubber	45½	45½	45½	45½
16,920	U. S. Steel	60⅝	61	59⅝	59⅞
20	U. S. Steel pf.	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛
450	Utah Copper	55⅞	56⅛	55⅜	55½
80	Wabash	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜
140	Wabash pf	19	19½	19	19½
10	West. Union	84½	84½	84½	84½
51,410					

MINING STOCKS.

Sales.		Open.	High.	Low.	Last.
800	Atlanta	.16½	.16½	.16½	.16½
800	Belcher	.55	.55	.55	.55
50	Belmont	8.90	8.90	8.90	8.90
500	Comb. Fraction	.16	.16	.16	.16
500	Daisy	.09½	.09½	.09½	.09½
400	Elkton	.61	.61	.61	.61
1,100	Jim Butler	.35½	.36	.35½	.36
500	Jumbo Exten	.22	.22	.22	.22
150	Mexican	3.65	3.65	3.65	3.65
200	Montana	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
250	Ophir	1.40	1.40	1.40	1.40
1,000	Rescue	.22	.22	.22	.22
400	West End	.80	.80	.79	.79
200	Yellow Jacket	.50	.50	.50	.50
5,850					

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday a generally steady tone was shown. Copper was up about ⅛c in the bid, 25 tons of March delivery selling at 14c. Lead was up 5 points, and spelter 10 points. Tin declined ¼.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

	Wednesday.		Tuesday.	
Standard copper—	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
Spot	13.95	14.12½	13.85	14.10
February	14.00	14.10	13.85	14.10
March	14.00	14.10	13.85	14.10
April	14.00	14.12½	13.85	14.10
Lead	4.00	4.10	3.95	4.05
Spelter	6.50	6.70	6.40	6.60
Tin	43.25	44.20	43.50	44.50

On the London Metal Exchange yesterday the following table of prices obtained for spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin. These final figures compare with Tuesday's last prices:

	Wednesday.			Tuesday.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Copper, spot	62	7	6	62	8	9
Copper, futures	63	1	8	63	2	6
Pig tin, spot	197	10	0	197	0	0
Pig tin, futures	192	17	6	192	15	0

The market finished easy. Spanish pig lead was up 1s 3d to £15 15s. Spelter was unchanged at £26 15s. Cleveland warrants were a shade higher at 49s.

BOURSES OF EUROPE

Prices in London Droop Owing to Disappointment Over the King's Speech.

FIRMNESS ON THE CONTINENT

Berlin Boerse Is Taking a More Favorable View of the International Political Situation.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Thursday, Feb. 15.—The Times in its city article to-day says:

"Political appearances were considered rather less favorable yesterday and the buoyant tone of the markets was not fully maintained. Consols relapsed ⅛ on profit-taking. Home railway stocks closed dull after a firm opening. There was a distinct falling off in business.

"Following the previous day's advance in Wall Street the American market was much firmer and, as further buying orders came to hand in the late dealings, the market closed at a general advance.

"Firmer advices were received from Paris, which tended to impart a cheerful tone to the foreign market. Foreign railway stocks met a fair amount of support. There was again inquiry for Mexican stocks, and the Argentine group also met with support. Other foreign stocks were firm, notably Chinese bonds.

"Quite a large business was reported in West African shares, which left prices appreciably higher.

"Marconi shares were in renewed request.

"There was not much activity in the money market. Rates for short loans were unaltered, the slight pressure due to the scarcity of money being relieved by th Bank of England, which bought a few short bills from the market.

"Discount quotations were lower for all dates except two months'.

Some sovereigns were withdrawn from the bank for export to India."

LONDON, Feb. 14.—Money was in good demand and discount rates were easy today.

The stock market opened quiet and generally higher, with the exception of consols, which declined ⅛ on profit taking. The whole market drooped later, and consols lost another ⅛, owing to disappointment over King George's speech from the throne.

American securities opened steady, and during the forenoon advanced on light covering. The market improved on Wall Street support during the early afternoon, but prices eased off in the late trading, and the closing was undecided.

Money, 3@3¼ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3½ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 3 5-16@3⅜ per cent.

Gold premium at Madrid, 7.75; at Lisbon, 10.80.

PARIS, Feb. 14.—Prices were firm on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 95 francs 32½ centimes for the account.

Exchange on London, 25 francs 25½ centimes for checks.

Private discount rate, 3 per cent.

BERLIN, Feb. 14.—More favorable views of the international political situation and firm foreign Bourses caused a decided improvement on the Boerse here to-day.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 50½ pfennigs for checks.

Money, 4 per cent.

Private discount rate, 3⅞ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING PRICES.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols money	78¼	..	..	— ¼
Consols account	78⅜	..	..	— ¼
Anaconda	7⅛	35⅝	35⅝	— ¼
Atchison	107	104⅛	104½	+ ⅛
Canadian Pacific	235⅝	229⅛	228⅞	+ ⅜
St. Paul	107½	104⅝	104⅝	— ⅛
Erie	32⅝	31⅞	32	— ⅛
Erie 1st pf.	53⅛	52	51⅝	+ ½
Illinois Central	139	135⅝	135¼	+ ⅛
Louisville & Nash	157	153⅛	153⅝	— ⅛
N. Y. Central	113½	110⅝	110⅛	+ ½
Pennsylvania	63⅝	124⅛	123⅝	+ ⅜
Reading	81	158	158	..
Southern Pacific	111	108¼	108	+ ¼
Union Pacific	169	164⅞	164⅝	+ ¼
U. S. Steel	62¼	60⅝	60¼	+ ¼
U. S. Steel pf.	110⅛	107⅝	107⅝	..

Exchange, 4.87½.

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£	s.	d.		£	s.	d.
Camp Bird	1	12	0	Esperanza	2	2	6
Tomboy	1	2	6	Dolores	1	10	0
El Oro	0	17	8	Stratton's Ind.	0	3	1½

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday.		Tuesday.	
	Bid.	Asked.	Bid.	Asked.
4½s, May, 1957, old	107⅝	107⅞	107⅝	107⅞
4½s, Nov., 1957, new	107⅝	107⅞	107⅝	107⅞
4½s, May, 1917, old	102½	102⅞	102½	103
4½s, Nov., 1917, new	102½	102⅞	102½	103
4½s, Mar., 1930-60, old	102½	102⅞	102⅝	103
4½s, Sept., 1960, new	102⅝	103	102⅝	103
4s, May, 1959, l'chg	100	100⅛	100	100⅛
4s, Nov., 1958, l'chg	100	100⅛	100	100⅛
4s, May, 1957, l'chg	100	100⅛	100	100⅛
4s, Nov., 1955-6, reg	99⅝	99⅝	99¼	99⅝
4s, May, 1919, l'chg	99⅝	100⅛	99⅞	100¼
3½s, Nov., 1954, l'chg	87½	87⅝	87⅜	87⅞
3½s, May, 1954, coup	87½	87⅝	87⅜	87⅞
3½s, May, 1954, reg	87¼	87⅝	87⅛	87⅝
3½s, Nov., 1941, reg	88½	89½	88⅛	89½

SHORT TERM NOTES.

		—Maturity.—	Bid.	Ask.	Yield.
Amal. Copper	5	Apr. 1,'13	100⅞	101	4.05
Balt. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'13	100¼	100⅝	3.97
Beth. Steel Co.	6	Nov. 1,'14	101⅝	101⅞	5.35
Ches. & Ohio	4½	June 1,'14	99⅝	99⅞	4.62
C., H. & D. pur. money	4	July 1,'13	99⅞	100	4.00
Chi. & Alton	5	Mar. 15,'13	99⅛	99⅝	5.24
Chi. El. Rys.	5	July 1,'14	98⅞	99	5.46
Erie	6	Apr. 8,'14	101½	101⅝	5.11
Erie	5	Oct. 1,'14	100	100⅛	4.85
Gen. Motors	6	Oct. 1,'15	99	99¼	6.22
Gen. Rubber	4½	July 1,'15	97⅝	97⅞	5.21
Hudson Co.	6	Feb. 1,'13	99⅞	100	6.00
Int. & Gt. N.	5	Aug. 1,'14	98⅛	98⅝	5.59
Int. Harv. Co.	5	Feb. 1,'13	100⅞	101⅛	4.59
Int. Rapid T.	4½	1912	100	100⅛	..
Lack. Steel Co.	5	Mar. 1,'15	92½	92⅞	8.00
Minn. & St. L.	5	Feb. 1,'13	95⅛	95⅝	9.00
Mo., K. & T.	5	May 1,'13	100	100⅛	4.88
Mo. Pacific	5	June 1,'14	96⅛	97	6.40
N. Rys. of M.	4½	June 1,'13	99	99⅛	5.13
N. Y. Central	4½	Mar. 1,'14	100⅞	101	3.97
N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R.	4½	1912	100	100⅛	..
Oakland Rys.	6	Sep. 1,'15	100⅛	101	5.66
Pac. T. & T.	5	Jan. 5,'13	100⅞	101	3.81
St. L. & S. F.	5	Mar. 1,'13	100	100⅛	4.75
St. L. & S. F.	5	June 1,'13	99⅞	100	5.20
Southern Ry.	5	Feb. 1,'13	100⅝	..	..
Tidewater Co.	6	June 1,'13	101⅛	101⅝	4.55
U. S. Rubber	6	Dec. 1,'18	104⅜	105	5.08
U. S. Smelt., Ref. & Min.	5	Aug. 1,'14	100	100⅛	4.89
Westinghouse	5	Aug. 1,'13	101⅛	102	4.55

New Bank for Santo Domingo.

A number of important foreign banking houses have taken part in the organization of the Banco Nacional Michelena, just chartered by the Government of Santo Domingo, as a bank of issue and deposit. Muller, Schall & Co., G. Amsinck & Co., and Frame & Co. of New York and a number of the banking and commercial houses of the Caribbean republic are interested. The new bank will take over the general banking business of S. Michelena, Santo Domingo City, and will carry on a bank and trust company business in the capital and other cities of the republic. Muller, Schall & Co. and G. Amsinck & Co. will be the New York agents.

Standard Oil (Subs.)
For Sale
15 Standard Oil (New Jersey)
31 Anglo-American Oil
2 Atlantic Refining
8 Buckeye Pipe Line
3 Crescent Pipe Line
2 Eureka Pipe Line
2 Galena Signal Oil Com.
4 Indiana Pipe Line
19 National Transit
1 N. Y. Transit
3 Northern Pipe Line
12 Ohio Oil
7 Prairie Oil
4 Southern Pipe Line
1 So. Penna Oil
1 So. West Penna Pipe
4 Standard Oil (Cal.)
5 Standard Oil (N. Y.)
1 Standard Oil (Ohio)
2 Union Tank Line
2 Vacuum Oil
Upon request we will submit bids for or offerings of stock or scrip, the subsidiaries en bloc or the Standard Oil of N. J.
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10 Eureka Pipe Line @ 245
5 Galena Com. @ 227
100 National Transit @ 35
10 Northern Pipe Line @ 84
50 Ohio Oil @ 83
25 Prairie Oil @ 210
10 Southern Pipe @ 215
5 South Penn @ 518
25 Standard of Cal. @ 148
1 Standard of Indiana @ 5050
25 Standard of N. J. @ 373
5 Standard of Ohio @ 163
5 Union Tank Line @ 57
5 Vacuum Oil @ 517
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200 J. G. White & Co. Com. Stock
J. K. Rice, Jr. & Co. Will Sell
50 American Cigar Com. Stock
40 Adams Express Co. Stock
100 Atlas Portland Cement Com. Stock
200 American Dist. Tel. of N. J. Stock
100 Continental Typewriter Stock
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Price on application.
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WE WANT
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50 Canadian Marconi
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50 Eisner Mendelsohn common
5 Colorado Yule Marble second
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NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Wednesday, Feb. 14, 1912.

Total sales Feb. 14, 1912.......... 303,010
From Jan. 1, 1912.......... 15,169,803
Same period last year.......... 16,121,842

Closing. Bid	Closing. Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low	Last.	Net Change.
⅞	1	200	Allis-Chalmers	1	1	1	1	...
64	64⅛	24,600	Amalgamated Copper	63¼	64⅝	63¼	64⅛	+ ⅝
59½	59⅞	800	Am. Agricul. Chem.	60	60	59½	59¾	...
54⅞	55	650	Am. Beet Sugar	55	55	55	55	+ ⅛
11½	12	100	Am. Can	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾	...
114	114⅞	700	Am. Car & Fdy. pf.	115	115	115	115	− ¼
48⅛	49	500	Am. Cotton Oil	48¾	48¾	48¼	48¼	− ⅜
20	21	100	Am. Hide & Leath. pf.	20½	20½	20½	20½	...
20½	21¼	900	Am. Ice Securities	20½	21	20½	21	+1¼
32⅞	33½	100	Am. Locomotive	33	33	33	33	− ¼
103⅞	104¼	100	Am. Locomotive pf.	104¼	104¼	104¼	104¼	+ ¼
71	71⅛	10,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref.	70¾	71½	70¾	71	...
102½	103¼	500	Am. S. & R. pf. x d.	103	103¼	102⅞	103¼	+ ¼
86	87	100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf. B.	87	87	87	87	...
133	135	243	Am. Snuff	135	136	135	136	+ ¾
107½	108⅛	200	Am. Snuff pf.	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛	108⅛	+ ⅛
101	102	100	Am. Snuff pf. new	101	101	101	101	+1½
118¾	119½	2,000	Am. Sugar Refining	118⅞	119½	118½	118¾	+ ⅛
140⅜	140⅝	700	Am. Tel. & Tel.	140⅜	140½	140⅜	140½	+ ¼
262	264	2,050	Am. Tobacco	258⅞	263	258⅞	262	+4
105	105½	400	Am. Tobacco pf.	104¾	105⅛	104¾	105⅛	+ ⅜
103⅛	104	1,900	Am. Tobacco pf. new	103¼	103½	103¼	103¼	...
..	..	100	Am. Tobacco pf. tr. r.	105	105	105	105	+ ½
26½	28	300	Am. Woolen	26	26½	26	26½	+ ⅝
86	87	100	Am. Woolen pf.	86⅛	86⅛	86⅛	86⅛	+ ⅛
35¼	35½	2,500	Anaconda Copper	35⅝	35¾	35½	35½	− ⅛
104⅛	104¼	1,100	Atch., Top. & S. F.	104¼	104⅜	104¼	104⅜	+ ⅛
103½	104	500	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf.	103½	104	103½	104	− ¼
136	136½	600	Atlantic Coast Line	136	136½	136	136⅜	+ ⅝
102¾	103	314	Baldwin Loco. pf.	103	103	103	103	...
102⅛	102⅜	1,500	Baltimore & Ohio	102⅜	102½	102¼	102⅜	...
..	..	24	Bank of Commerce	194	194	192	192	...
31	31⅜	200	Bethlehem Steel	30¾	31⅜	30¾	31⅜	− ¼
77¾	78	900	Brooklyn Rapid Tran.	77⅞	78	77¾	77¾	...
8¼	9½	100	Bruns. Ter. & Ry. Sec.	8¾	8¾	8¾	8¾	− ¾
228¾	229	1,700	Canadian Pacific	229⅛	230¼	228¾	228¾	− ⅛
..	..	100	Can. P. Int. cfs. 1st pd.	222½	222½	222½	222½	...
18¼	18½	800	Central Leather Co.	18¾	18⅞	18⅜	18⅜	− ⅛
85	86⅝	100	Cent. Leather Co. pf.	86½	86½	86½	86½	− ⅛
70¾	70⅞	1,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	71	71½	71	71	+ ⅛
104⅜	104¾	1,300	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	104½	104¾	104½	104½	...
144	146	200	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf.	145⅝	145⅝	145⅝	145⅝	+ ⅜
141	142	100	Chi. & Northwestern	141½	141½	141½	141½	+ ½
25½	25¾	2,700	Chino Copper	25⅝	25¾	25½	25½	− ⅜
138¾	139¼	800	Consolidated Gas x d.	139½	139½	139	139	+ ⅜
9¾	10⅛	400	Corn Products Ref.	10¼	10¼	10	10	...
550	570	100	Del., Lack. & West.	559½	559½	559½	559½	−5¼
20½	21	200	Denver & Rio Grande	21¼	21¼	21	21	+ ⅝
41¼	41¾	510	Den. & Rio Grande pf.	41	42	41	42	+1
28½	29	400	Distillers' Securities	28¾	28¾	28⅝	28⅝	+ ⅛
31⅛	31⅜	7,600	Erie	31⅞	31⅞	31⅛	31⅛	− ⅞
51⅛	51½	1,900	Erie 1st pf.	52	52⅛	51½	51½	− ⅛
41¼	42½	300	Erie 2d pf.	41¼	41¼	41¼	41¼	− ¼
157	158	200	General Electric	157	157	157	157	+ ¼
4⅜	4½	1,200	Goldfield Consol	4⅜	4½	4⅜	4½	...
160	170	350	G. W. Helme Co.	166	169	166	169	+10
130¼	130½	7,800	Great Northern pf.	130½	130⅞	130⅛	130¼	− ⅛
38¼	38¾	2,900	Gt. N. certs. ore prop.	38½	39	38½	38¾	+ ½
84½	89	22	Homestake Mining	88	88	88	88	...
136	140	100	Illinois Central	135¾	135¾	135¾	135¾	+ ½
17⅝	17¾	2,200	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs.	17⅝	18	17½	17⅝	+ ⅛
56⅜	56⅝	3,300	Inter.-Met. pf.	55¾	57¼	55¾	56½	+1
..	57	200	Int.-Met. pf. v. tr. cfs.	54¾	55½	54¾	55½	+2
105⅝	106	200	Int. Harvester	106	106	106	106	+ ⅜
10½	11	100	Int. Paper	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	10⅞	− ⅛
55	56	100	Int. Paper pf.	55¾	55¾	55¾	55¾	+ ¾
79½	80	100	Int. Steam Pump pf.	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞	79⅞	+ ⅞
12	13	200	Iowa Central	12	12¾	12	12¾	+1
62	64	100	Kan. City South. pf.	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼	− ¾
157⅝	157¾	1,000	Lehigh Valley	158½	158½	157¾	157¾	− ⅝
175	186	400	Liggett & Myers	172½	175	172½	175	+3⅛
109½	110	300	Liggett & Myers pf.	109½	110	109½	110	+ ½
152¼	152½	600	Louisville & Nash.	153½	153½	152½	152½	− ⅞
79	81½	20	Mackay Cos.	81	81	81	81	...
21	21½	300	Mercantile Marine pf.	21½	21½	21½	21½	− ¼
23⅛	23¼	500	Miami Copper	23⅛	23¼	23⅛	23¼	...
132¼	133¼	400	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M.	132¾	133	132½	132½	+ ½
26¾	27	100	Mo., Kansas & Texas	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	26⅞	− ⅛
39⅝	40	800	Missouri Pacific	40	40¼	39¾	39¾	− ¼
146¼	146½	600	Nat. Biscuit Co.	144¾	146½	144¾	146½	+2¾
53⅞	54	100	Nat. Lead Co.	53⅞	53⅞	53⅞	53⅞	+ ½
65	67½	100	N. Rys. of Mex. 1st pf.	66⅞	66⅞	66⅞	66⅞	...
32½	33¼	1,000	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf.	33	33	32	32½	− ½
18¾	18⅞	2,500	Nevada Con. Copper	18⅞	19	18⅞	18⅞	+ ⅛
110⅜	110½	500	N. Y. Central	110½	110½	110½	110½	...
136¼	138	100	N. Y., N. H. & Hart.	137	137	137	137	...
108¾	108⅞	900	Norfolk & Western	108½	109	108½	108¾	...
78½	78¾	700	North American	78¾	78¾	78½	78½	− ¼
117	117⅜	3,000	Northern Pacific	117¼	117⅝	117¼	117¼	...
31¼	31¾	300	Pacific Mail	32¼	32¼	31½	31½	− ½
47¼	47½	100	Pacific Tel. & Tel.	47¼	47¼	47¼	47¼	− ¼
122¾	123	1,100	Pennsylvania R. R.	122⅞	123	122⅞	123	+ ⅜
106¼	106½	600	People's Gas, Chicago	106	106¼	106	106¼	+ ⅜
108½	109½	200	Philadelphia Co.	109	109	109	109	...
174	176	500	P. Lorillard	170	175	170	175	+5
110½	111¾	100	P. Lorillard pf.	111½	111½	111½	111½	+ ¾
103	103¼	2,000	Pitts., C., C. & S. L.	102¾	103⅜	102¾	103¼	+ ¾
113	115	100	P., C., C. & St. L. pf.	113	113	113	113	−2
17	18	100	Pittsburgh Coal	17	17	17	17	− ⅜
100	101	44	Pressed Steel Car pf.	101	101	101	101	...
106	107¼	100	Pub. Serv. Corp. N. J.	107	107	107	107	...
159	159½	67	Pullman Co.	159¼	159½	159¼	159½	...
16¼	16½	4,900	Ray Con. Copper	16¾	16¾	16¼	16¼	− ½
156¾	156⅞	49,400	Reading	157⅞	158¼	156¾	156¾	−1¼
96	97	400	Reading 2d pf.	96¾	96¾	96½	96½	...
19⅝	20	700	Rep. Iron & Steel	20¼	20¼	19⅜	19⅜	− ⅝
72½	73	4,750	Rep. Iron & Steel pf.	73⅞	73⅞	72⅝	72⅝	−1⅞
23½	23⅝	100	Rock Island Co.	23½	23½	23½	23½	...
55	57	3	St. L. & S. F. C. & E Ill. new stock ctfs.	56½	57	56½	57	+1
70½	71	300	St. Louis Southw. pf.	70⅝	70¾	70⅝	70¾	+ ¼
149⅛	150	100	Sears, Roebuck & Co.	150½	150½	150½	150½	+1
107¾	108	2,900	Southern Pacific	108	108⅛	107¾	107¾	− ¼
27⅞	28	200	Southern R'way ext.	28	28	28	28	− ¼
72⅝	72⅞	1,970	South. R'way pf. ext.	72¾	73⅛	72¾	72¾	+ ⅜
94	95	200	Texas Co.	95⅜	95⅜	95	95	...
21½	23½	300	Texas & Pacific	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾	+ ¼
41½	41¾	2,250	Third Avenue w i	41¾	42¼	41½	41½	+ ⅜
13¼	13⅝	100	Toledo, St. L. & W.	13½	13½	13½	13½	...
32	33	100	Tol., St. L. & W. pf.	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞	32⅞	...
102	104	600	Underwood Typewrit.	103½	104	103½	104	+3
112	112½	30	Underwood Typew. pf.	112½	112½	112	112	...
5⅛	6	10	Union Bag & Paper	6	6	6	6	...
164⅝	164¾	37,500	Union Pacific	164¾	165⅝	164	164⅝	...
105	106	150	United Dry Goods pf.	105	105	105	105	− ⅞
36½	37	700	United Rys. Invest.	36¾	37¼	36⅝	36⅝	+ ⅛
64¼	65	1,500	Unit. Rys. Invest. pf.	64⅞	65½	64½	64½	− ½
..	..	115	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	15	15	15	15	−1
45¾	46	200	U. S. Rubber	46	46	46	46	...
59⅝	59¾	62,900	U. S. Steel	60½	61	59⅝	59⅝	− ⅞
108	108¼	1,938	U. S. Steel pf.	107⅞	108⅜	107⅞	108	+ ¼
55⅝	55¾	7,500	Utah Copper	55½	56½	55½	55¾	+ ¼
119	120	100	Va.-Car. Chem. pf.	119	119	119	119	−1
25	25½	100	Vulcan Detinning	25	25	25	25	...
7⅛	7½	1,200	Wabash	7⅜	7⅜	7¼	7¼	+ ⅛
19	19⅛	1,800	Wabash pf.	19¼	19⅜	19	19¼	+1
58	59	100	Western Maryland	58½	58½	58½	58½	+ ½
77½	79	200	Western Maryland pf.	78	78	78	78	...
83¾	84¼	600	Western Union Tel.	84	84½	83⅞	83⅞	− ⅛
185	190	200	Weyman-Bruton	186	186	186	186	...
4¾	5⅛	500	Wheel. & Lake Erie	5	5	5	5	...
15	16	400	Wheel. & L. E. 1st pf.	16	16½	16	16	...
6½	7	800	Wheel. & L. E. 2d pf.	7½	7½	7	7	...

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.

Total sales Feb. 14, 1912.......... $2,795,000
From Jan. 1, 1912.......... 141,941,000
Same period last year.......... 130,330,500

Panama 3s, reg
2,500.......... 101⅞
Argentine Gov 5s
12,000.......... 97¼
Jap Gov 4½s, s l
1,000.......... 93½
500.......... 94
21,000.......... 93¼
Rep of Cuba 5s
1,000.......... 102¾
U S of Mexico 5s
6,000.......... 96½
U S of Mexico 4s
2,000.......... 90
N Y City 4s, 1956
registered
2,000.......... 99⅛
4s, 1958
1,000.......... 100¼
4s, 1959
9,000.......... 100⅛
N Y City 4¼s
8,000.......... 102⅞
10,000.......... 102¾
5,000.......... 102⅞
11,000.......... 102¾
4½s, 1917, new
1,000.......... 102¾
4½s, 1957
5,000.......... 107¾
3,000.......... 107⅞
new
3,000.......... 107⅞
Alb & Susq 3½s
45,000.......... 92½
Allis-Chalmers 5s
7,000.......... 57
8,000.......... 57½
2,000.......... 57
8,000.......... 57½
Am Cotton Oil 5s
1,000.......... 94⅞
3,000.......... 95
Am Ice Secur 6s
1,000.......... 76
1,000.......... 77
Am Hide & L 6s
9,000.......... 99½
Am Smelt Secur 6s
2,000.......... 103½
12,000.......... 103⅝
10,000.......... 103½
Am T & T col 4s
1,000.......... 91¼
2,000.......... 91
21,000.......... 91¼
convertible 4s
1,000.......... 110⅝
2,000.......... 110⅝
2,000s20f.......... 110¼
50,000.......... 110½
Am Tobacco 6s
19,000.......... 120½
registered
1,000.......... 120½
Am Tobacco 4s
17,000.......... 95⅝
8,000.......... 95¾
Am Writ Paper 5s
1,000.......... 89¼
Ann Arbor 1st 4s
2,000.......... 84
Armour & Co 4½s
9,000.......... 92
A, T & S F gen 4s
14,000.......... 99½
7,000.......... 99⅝
convertible 4s
8,000.......... 106
10,000.......... 106⅝
conv 4s, 1960
2,000.......... 101½
1,000.......... 101⅝
70,000.......... 101½
convertible 5s
4,000.......... 108
25,000.......... 107⅞
Atl Coast Line 4s
5,000.......... 96⅝
Lou & N col 4s
15,000.......... 93¼
Baldwin Locom 5s
1,000.......... 104
Balt & O gold 4s
5,000.......... 99
1,000.......... 99¼
4,000.......... 99¼
8,000.......... 99
6,000.......... 99¼
B, Lake Erie &

West Va 4s
1,000.......... 91⅞
Bethlehem Steel 5s
2,000.......... 94½
Bdway & 7th Av
1st con 5s
5,000.......... 104
B R T gold 5s
1,000.......... 103¾
Lklyn Un El 1st 5s
6,000.......... 103
Buff, N Y & E 1st
1,000.......... 110¾
Bush Terminal 5s
1,000.......... 98
Cal Gas & Elec 5s
1,000.......... 95¼
4,000.......... 95⅛
Canada So 1st 6s
1,000.......... 101¾
Cent Brch Ry 4s
5,000.......... 92
C of Ga Ry con 5s
1,000.......... 110
Cent Leather 5s
45,000.......... 95
Cent Pac gtd 4s
7,000.......... 96¾
Cent Vermont 4s
4,000.......... 92
Ches & O gen 4½s
1,000.......... 101⅝
Chi & Alton 3s
1,000.......... 71
C, B & Q gen 4s
5,000.......... 96⅝
1,000.......... 96¾
deb 5s
1,000.......... 101¼
3,000.......... 101⅜
joint 4s
20,000.......... 97¾
7,000.......... 97⅞
39,000.......... 97¾
2,000.......... 97⅝
Ill Div 4s
1,000.......... 99⅞
12,000.......... 99¾
Neb ext 4s
1,000.......... 98¾
Chi, Mil & St P
gen 4s, Ser A
5,000.......... 98⅞
1,000.......... 98¾
Chi & N W con 7s
6,000.......... 108
general 4s
3,000.......... 98¼
10,000.......... 98
1,000.......... 98¼
14,000.......... 98
Chi, Rock Isl & P
refunding 4s
2,000.......... 90⅝
1,000.......... 90½
C, R I & P R R 4s
10,000.......... 72¼
35,000.......... 72
15,000s6f.......... 71⅞
C, St P, M & O 6s
1,000.......... 128¼
Col Midland 1st 4s
6,000.......... 50
3,000s7f.......... 49¼
6,000.......... 50
Col & So 1st 4s
1,000.......... 96⅞
ref & ext 4½s
2,000.......... 97¾
3,000.......... 97⅞
2,000.......... 97¾
Del & Hud 1st &
refunding 4s
2,000.......... 99⅝
Den & Rio Grande
1st & ref 5s
44,000.......... 89
10,000.......... 89¼
1,000.......... 89
60,000.......... 89¼
16,000.......... 89⅛
2,000s20f.......... 88½
imp 5s
3,000.......... 97¾
Det Riv Tun 4½s
10,000.......... 100
Dist Secur Corp 5s
1,000.......... 78¼
1,000.......... 78
6,000.......... 78¼
Dul S S & Atl 5s
3,000.......... [illegible]

Du Pont de Nem
Powder 4½s
6,000.......... 85½
Erie 1st con 4s
5,000.......... 89¼
1st general 4s
15,000.......... 78½
Penn col tr 4s
28,000.......... 89
conv 4s, Ser A
5,000.......... 76½
10,000.......... 76⅛
Ev & T H con 6s
3,000.......... 112⅝
Ft W & D C 1st 6s
5,000.......... 112
Ga, Car & N 1st 5s
2,000.......... 105½
Ill Cent ref 4s
4,000.......... 96⅝
Inter-Met 4½s
6,000.......... 82¾
16,000.......... 82⅞
11,000.......... 83
20,000.......... 83¼
13,000.......... 83⅜
64,000.......... 83⅛
15,000.......... 83⅜
7,000.......... 83¼
9,000.......... 83⅛
2,000.......... 83¼
2,000.......... 83
1,000.......... 83¼
5,000.......... 83
registered
20,000.......... 83¼
Interboro R T 5s
14,000.......... 104⅝
10,000.......... 104⅝
Int & Gt Nor 6s
1,000.......... 108½
Inter Paper 6s
1,000.......... 108⅞
Kan & Mo 2d 5s
1,000.......... 98⅞
2,000.......... 98¾
K C, Ft S & M 6s
1,000.......... 117⅝
K C, Ft S & M 4s
16,000.......... 80¼
1,000.......... 80⅛
2,000.......... 80
Kan City So 5s
18,000.......... 100
Kings Co El L & P
pur money 6s
5,000.......... 117
K Co El L & P 5s
5,000.......... 105¼
Kings Co Elev 4s
5,000.......... 85½
Lack Steel 5s, 1915
5,000.......... 92¼
6,000.......... 92½
L E & Wn 2d 5s
1,000.......... 104¼
L S & M So 3½s
26,000.......... 88½
4s, 1928
25,000.......... 94
4,000.......... 93⅞
1931
21,000.......... 93⅝
Leh & W B Coal
con 5s
2,000.......... 100
Liggett & Myers
7s, temp bonds
1,000.......... 121
15,000.......... 121⅛
5s, temp bonds
10,000.......... 94¼
6,000.......... 94⅝
1,000.......... 94½
5,000.......... 94⅝
12,000.......... 94¾
Lou & N gen 6s
1,000.......... 116½
unified 4s
1,000.......... 98⅝
Atl, K & Cin 4s
1,000.......... 93
Manhattan Con 4s,
tax exempt
1,000.......... 97⅞
2,000.......... 98
Mer Mar col tr 4½s
8,000.......... 67¼
Met St Ry gen 5s,
Trust Co ctfs
10,000.......... 101
ref 4s, Trust Co

ctfs, stamped
2,000.......... 59¼
adj mtg inc 5s,
when issued
1,000.......... 55¼
5,000.......... 55⅝
80,000.......... 55¾
5,000.......... 55⅞
3,000.......... 56
15,000.......... 56⅛
104,000.......... 56¼
1,000.......... 56⅛
ref 4s, w i
16,000.......... 81
1,000.......... 80⅞
5,000.......... 80¾
Met West Side El
Chicago 4s
3,000.......... 85¼
Minn Union 6s
1,000.......... 116
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
3,000.......... 96¾
2d 4s
11,000.......... 84
2,000.......... 84⅛
Mo, K & T s f 4½s
12,000.......... 89¼
Mo Pac 1st 6s
1,000.......... 107½
Mo Pac 5s, 1920
2,000.......... 100¾
1,000.......... 99½
Mo Pac conv 5s
2,000.......... 88⅞
2,000s7f.......... 88¾
1,000.......... 89
Mo Pacific 4s
2,000.......... 74
Mob & O ext 6s
2,000.......... 115⅝
Nat Rys of Mexico
prior lien 4½s
1,000.......... 92¼
N O Terml 4s
2,000.......... 88½
N Y Cent gen 3½s
25,000.......... 87¾
1,000.......... 88
deb 4s, 1934
2,000.......... 93¼
1,000.......... 93⅜
L S col 3½s
1,000.......... 83½
1,000.......... 83¼
N Y G, E L, H &
P pur money 4s
2,000.......... 88⅝
1,000.......... 88½
N Y & Erie 3d ext
4½s
3,000.......... 102½
N Y, N H & H
conv deb 6s
1,000.......... 132¼
N Y Tel 4½s
15,000.......... 100⅝
Norf & W con 4s
1,000.......... 99
Nor Pac 3s
3,000.......... 70
Nor Pac 4s
2,000.......... 100¼
2,000s15f.......... 100¼
2,000.......... 100⅜
Ore R & N con 4s
1,000.......... 96
3,000.......... 96½
Ore S L 1st con 5s
5,000.......... 111
Ore S L gtd ref 4s
20,000.......... 95¼
Oreg-Wash R R &
Nav 1st & r 4s
22,000.......... 92⅝
4,000.......... 92½
1,000.......... 92⅝
Pac Coast 1st 5s
4,000.......... 103¼
Pac Tel & T 5s
9,000.......... 99⅝
Penn cv 3½s, 1912
5,000.......... 100
1915
25,000.......... 97⅞
Penn 4s, 1948
1,000.......... 103⅝
5,000.......... 104
Peo G & C of Chi
refunding 5s
3,000.......... [illegible]

Peo & E 1st 4s
3,000.......... 91½
P. Lorillard Co 7s
temp bonds
2,000.......... 122⅛
2,000.......... 122¼
14,000.......... 122⅛
P. Lorillard Co 5s
temp bonds
1,000.......... 95
5,000.......... 95⅛
4,000.......... 95¼
3,000.......... 95⅛
500.......... 95½
5,000.......... 95⅛
2,000.......... 95¼
500.......... 95¾
1,000.......... 95⅝
2,000.......... 95¼
11,000.......... 95⅝
10,000.......... 95½
P, Ft W & C 1st 7s
11,000.......... 101¼
Pocah Con Collier,
sinking fund 5s
5,000.......... 88¾
Pub S C s f 5s
2,000.......... 92⅞
Rdg gen 4s
6,000.......... 98⅝
24,000.......... 98½
St L, Ir Mt & So
unify & ref 4s
1,000.......... 83
Riv & G 4s
20,000.......... 83¾
2,000.......... 83⅞
St L & S F R R
gen 5s
2,000.......... 88½
St L & S F Ry
gen 5s
1,000.......... 108
St L & San Fr Ry
gen 5s
1,000.......... 108
St L S W con 4s
8,000.......... 81⅞
5,000.......... 81¾
103,000.......... 81⅝
1,000.......... 81½
9,000.......... 81⅝
86,000.......... 81¾
24,000.......... 81½
10,000.......... 81⅝
10,000.......... 81¾
St P, M & M, Mon
ext 4s
1,000.......... 97½
Scioto V & N E 4s
1,000.......... 97½
Seab A L gold 4s,
stamped
2,000.......... 85½
adjustment 5s
9,000.......... 79¾
1,000.......... 79¼
2,000.......... 79½
Sher, S & S 5s
5,000.......... 103¾
So Pac conv 4s
44,000.......... 96¼
9,000.......... 96⅛
10,000.......... 96¼
20,000.......... 96⅛
So Pac 1st ref 4s
11,000.......... 95¼
500.......... 95⅝
Southern Ry 1st 5s
15,000.......... 108
7,000.......... 108¼
2,000.......... 108¼
general 4s
1,000.......... 79¼

1,000.......... 79¼
12,000.......... 79⅜
M & O col 4s
1,000.......... 87
Tenn Coal, Ir & R
general 5s
4,000.......... 103½
Texas Co conv 6s
3,000.......... 98
Third Av con 4s,
trust ctfs, stpd
10,000.......... 77½
10,000.......... 77¼
Third Av ref 4s,
when issued
1,000.......... 85½
5,000.......... 85⅝
adj 5s, w i
37,000.......... 76¼
Tol, Peo & Wn 4s
1,000.......... 93¾
Tol, St L & Wn 4s
4,000.......... 66
Tri-City 5s
23,000.......... 97¾
10,000.......... 97⅞
6,000.......... 97¾
Union Bag & P 5s
2,000.......... 94½
Un Elec Lgt & P
ref & ext 5s
1,000.......... 97½
1,000.......... 98
1,000.......... 98¼
Union Pac 1st 4s
14,000.......... 100⅝
7,000.......... 100¾
2,000.......... 100⅝
convertible 4s
1,000.......... 101⅞
25,000.......... 102
1st & ref 4s
3,000.......... 97¾
U S Rubber 6s
2,000.......... 104⅞
U S Steel Corp
sinking fund 5s
5,000.......... 103
59,000.......... 102⅞
registered
500.......... 103⅛
Va-Car Chem 5s
1,000.......... 101
5,000.......... 100⅞
Wabash 1st 5s
9,000.......... 107½
Wabash R R ref
& ext 4s
3,000.......... 56
Westn Electric 5s
2,000.......... 103
West Maryland 4s
2,000.......... 88¼
3,000.......... 88
West Shore 4s
1,000.......... 100½
3,000.......... 100⅜
registered
1,000.......... 98
W U Tel col tr 5s
2,000.......... 103¼
Westingh El & M
1st conv s f 5s
25,000.......... 94¾
2,000.......... 94½
Wheeling & L E
1st con 4s
1,000.......... 85¼
6,000.......... 85
Wilk & East 1st 5s
5,000.......... 102
Wis Cent gen 4s
2,000.......... 93

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r, 1930	100	100½
2s, c, 1930	100	100¾
3s, r, 1918	102¼	..
3s, c, 1918	102½	..
4s, r, 1925	113	113¾
4s, c, 1925	113	114
Pan 2s, r, 1936	100	..
Pan 2s, r, 1938	100	..
Pan 3s, r, 1961	101½	102
Pan 3s, c, 1961	101½	101¾

Closing quotations for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
Adams Exp ex div	196	203
Alb & Sus	265½	..
Alle & W	128	..
Allis-C pf	6¾	8
A A C pf	102⅝	103
A B S pf	97½	99
A B S & F	93	95½
A B S & F pf	133½	136½
Am C pf	91¾	92
A C & Fdy	50¾	51⅝
Am Coal	75	93
A C O pf	98¼	..
Am Exp	215	225
A H & L	3½	4
Am Linseed	9½	10½
Am Lin pf	30	31½
Am Malt	7¾	9
Am M pf	48	49
Am St Fd	28	29½
A S Ref pf	118	118½
Am T & C	70	80⅛
A W P pf	29	30
Ann Arbor	20	40
Ann A pf	60	90
Assets Real	105½	106¼
B & O pf	88	90
Batopilas M	1⅜	1¾
Beth S pf	58⅞	59¾
B Un Gas	138	139½
B, R & P	100¼	108
B,R & P pf	126	150
But'k Co	29⅞	30½
Canada So	66⅞	71
C R R of N J	350	380
C & S A T	120	122
Chi & Alt	17	24
C & A pf	35	66½
Chi Gt W	17¾	18
C G W pf	35¼	35½
C,I & L pf	50	80
C & NW pf	190	200
Chi, St P, M & Om	139	143
Chi, St P, M & Om pf	150	160
Chi Un Tr ctfs sta	1	2
Chi Un Tr pf ctfs sta	4¾	5¼
C, C, C & St Louis	52	58
C, C, C & St L pf	95	97¾
Cleve & P	165¼	..
C & P Sp	96	..
Col F & I	25¾	26
C F & I pf	..	116½
Col & So	43	45
Col & S 1st pf	76	77
C & S 2d pf	65	70
Corn P R pf	77	78
Crex Carpet	65	76
Cub-Am S	..	45
C-Am S pf	94½	96½
Del & Hud	172½	174
D M & Ft D	5	11¾
D M & Ft D pf	25	..
Det & M	110	..
D & M pf	100	112
Det Un Ry, ex div	63¾	65
D, S S & A	8¾	9½
D, S S & A pf	16¾	17½
Du P de N Pow pf	90¾	95
Ev & T H pf	..	105
F M & S	11	15
F M & S pf	39½	42
Gen Chem	133	140
Gen C pf	110	112
Gen Motors	32¼	33
Gen M pf	74⅞	76½
G & S Tel	115⅛	..
Granby Con	..	60
G.W.Helme pf	111	118½
Hav E R pf	..	110
Hock Val	120	..
Inger-Rand	95	..
Ing-R pf	97	..
Int H pf	119¼	120
Int St P	29	30
Iowa C pf	25	29
K C, Ft S & Mem pf	78¾	80
Kan C So	26	26½
K & D M	7	9
K & D M pf	40	50
Lack Steel	30	31
Lacl Gas	106¾	107¼
Lacl G pf	92½	102½
L E & W	12	14½
L E & W pf	32	33
Lake Shore	460	510
Long Island	43	50
Mackay Cos pf	69	69¾
Mah C R	700	..
Man Elev	136½	138½
May Dep St	73	74¼
M D St pf	111½	112
Mer Marine	4¼	4⅜
Mich Cent	150	190
M & St L	24	26½
M & St L pf	45	56
M, St P & S S M pf	147	150
M, St P & S S M l l	88½	89½
Mo, K & T pf	62	64¼
Mor & Es	170	176
N,C & St L	160	170
Nat B pf	127½	128½
Nat Enam	13¼	14
Nat En pf	92	94
Nat L pf	107⅞	108¾
N Y A B	50	55
N Y,C & St L	55¼	57
N Y,C & St L 1st pf	97½	110
N Y,C & St L 2d pf	82½	89½
N Y Dock	19	22½
N Y D pf	40	55
N Y,O & W	36⅝	37¼
N O T & L	56	58
Norf South	48⅝	49¾
N & W pf	90	92
Ont Mining	1	1¾
Pac Coast	90	99½
P C 1st pf	85	105
P C 2d pf	90	105
P T & T pf	99	100
Peo & E	10	16
Pere Marq	..	30
Pere M 2d pf	..	88
Phelps-D'ge	205	..
Pitts C pf	78½	79¼
P, Ft W & C	164½	..
Pitts St pf	102⅝	103½
P Y & A pf	160¼	..
Pr St Car	31	31½
Quicksilver	3	3⅝
Q'ksil'r pf	4	5
Ry St Sp	27½	28½
R St Sp pf	102½	103
Rdg 1st pf	91½	91⅞
Rens & S	184	..
Rock I pf	48¾	50
R, W & O	121	..
St L & S F	25	27
St L & S F 1st pf	65	67
St L & S F 2d pf	39	40
St L & S F, C & E I ctfs	125	200
St L & S F, C & E I pf ctfs	106¼	111½
St L S W	81	82
Sears-R pf	128	124¼
S-S S & I	40	42
S-S S & I pf		108¼
So P R S	81	88
So P R S pf	107½	115
So Ry, M & Ohio ctfs	80	89
Stand Mill	16½	18
Stand M pf	54	56
Tenn Cop	35¾	36
T P L Tr	89	93
Third Av, 2d paid	37	88
T, P & W	16	..
T R & L	3	4
T C R T	105¼	106
T C R T pf	140	145
U B & P pf	49	53
Un Pac pf	92¼	93
U C M pf	107	110
Un Dry G	96½	97
U S C I P pf	50	52½
U S Exp	90	96
U S I A	28	30¼
U S I A pf	95	99½
U S R & I	67	68
U S R & R	1	8
U S R & R pf	..	12
U S R 1st pf	109¼	110
U S R 2d pf	78½	75
Va-C C Co	54	55
Va I, C & C	61	65
Va R & P	46	48
V R & P pf	87½	88
Vul Det pf	81	82¼
W F Exp	148	147
Weyman-B pf	111	118¾
Westingh'se	71	72
Westingh'se 1st pf	114¼	119⅞
Wis Cent	48½	52

Postal Banks Opened to All.

Deposits in Postal Savings Banks may in future be received from any one, and not as heretofore has been the case, only from persons living within the limits of the district, the particular branch was supposed to serve.

$300,000
Wilmington City Electric Company
WILMINGTON, DELAWARE,
First Mortgage 5 Per Cent. Gold Bonds
Dated May 1, 1911. Due May 1, 1951.
Interest payable May 1 and November 1 at office of
United States Mortgage & Trust Co., Trustee, New York.
Coupon bonds in denomination of $1,000, with privilege of registration as to principal.
Callable on and after May 1, 1921, at 110 and interest.
Guaranteed Principal and Interest by the Wilmington & Philadelphia Traction Co.
Authorized $1,000,000 **Outstanding $800,000**
We recommend these bonds for the following reasons, summarized from detailed information furnished by the Wilmington & Philadelphia Traction Company, and by Messrs. J. G. White & Company, Managers and Engineers:
An absolute first and only mortgage on the entire property of the Company.
Guaranteed principal and interest by a Corporation with gross earnings in excess of $1,500,000.
Net earnings over 2¼ times interest charges, including new bonds. (Engineers estimate gain in net earnings for 1912 of $30,000, through saving in cost of generation alone.)

	12 months to Dec. 31, 1910.	12 months to Dec. 31, 1911.
Gross Earnings	$215,312.10	$246,320.54
Operating expenses and taxes	155,758.44	150,388.40
Net earnings	$59,553.66	$95,932.14
Interest charges on outstanding bonds	25,000.00	40,000.00

Replacement value of physical properties nearly double outstanding bonds.
Franchises perpetual.
Wilmington City Electric Company supplies practically all of the primary power and light in the City of Wilmington, without competition, (the only other company operating in Wilmington being owned by the guarantor, and held for secondary power.)
Price 99 and Interest, Yielding Over 5%.
The title, franchises and all proceedings incident to the bond issue have been passed upon by Messrs. Krauthoff, Harmon & Mathewson of New York.
PARKINSON & BURR,
BANKERS
BOSTON NEW YORK HARTFORD

Invest—5%
in Guaranteed First Mortgage Bonds on income-bearing real estate, 50% valuation. Secured by a financial corporation with a capital and surplus exceeding $2,000,000.
You pay $5 a month, receiving interest from date of each payment.
An investment combining
Safety, High Yield, Early Maturity.
Write for circular T. It will pay you to investigate.
Union First Mortgage Co
66 Broadway, New York
Under Supervision of New York State Banking Department.

American Finance and Securities Co.
Timber Bonds
5 Nassau St., New York

Anglo-American Oil Co.
United Cigar Stores
N. Y. Transportation
Jefferson Bank
Standard Oil Co. (Oil Stock)
Computing-Tabulat.-Recor'g Co.
Bought, Sold, Quoted.
BAMBERGER, LOEB & CO
25 BROAD ST. 'Phone 5500-5501 BROAD, N. Y.

WANTED
STANDARD OIL OF INDIANA
STANDARD OIL OF NEBRASKA
BUCKEYE PIPE LINE COMPANY
Dominick & Dominick
MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE
115 Broadway, New York

Int. Grt. Northern Corporation Stock
Western Electric Co. Stock
U. S. Worsted Com. & Pfd.
Chicago Lumber & Coal Com.
E. BUNGE & CO.
20 Broad Street. 'Phone 4735-4736 Rector.

Alfred Mestre & Co
Members New York Stock Exchange
37 Wall Street New York

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

5% ON YOUR SAVINGS
Earnings allowed from date received to date withdrawn.
EVERY DAY COUNTS
Estab. 18 years
Under supervision of New York Banking Dep't
Assets over $2,500,000
Call or write for booklet
INDUSTRIAL SAVINGS AND LOAN CO.
1290 Times Building, New York

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

EDWARD P. FIELD & CO.,
115 Broadway, New York.

We beg to announce that the firm of Edward P. Field & Co. expires this day by limitation.

EDWARD P. FIELD,
WILMOT L. COLE.

January 31st, 1912.

ODD LOTS FOR SALE:

25 shs.	American Caramel Pfd.	@	92½
42 "	American Druggists' Syndicate	@	13¼
25 "	American Press Association	@	87½
10 "	Aseptic Products Com.	@	15
8 "	Borden's Milk Common	@	129½
7 "	Borden's Milk Preferred	@	109¾
11 "	Buffalo Gas Common	@	3¾
3 "	Chicago, Peo. & St. L. Cons. 5s, Ctfs.		Bid
2 "	City Investing Preferred	@	103
30 "	Colwell Lead Preferred		Bid
1 "	Det., Toledo & Ironton 4½s, Ctfs.	@	6¼ flat
20 "	Edison Portland Cement Com.	@	1
1 "	E. W. Bliss Preferred	@	125%
50 "	Hale & Kilburn Com.	@	66½
10 "	Herring-Hall-Marvin	@	12½
70 "	Iron Steamboat Co., New Jersey	@	2
10 "	Kings Co. Elect. Light Power	@	127¼
50 "	Metropolitan St. Ry., 25% paid	@	11½
$1,000	Milliken Bros. 6s, 1921	@	72½ flat
5 shs.	National Silk Dyeing Pfd.	@	93
1 "	New England Brewing 1st Refdg. 5s	@	82½
24 "	New York & East River Ferry	@	20
40 "	North Jersey Land Co.	@	6¼
20 "	Otis Elevator Preferred	@	102
1 "	Park & Tilford 6s, 1936	@	95¼
10 "	Royal Baking Powder Pfd.	@	111
2 "	Safety Car Htg. & Ltg.	@	122
5 "	Sanitol Chemical	@	3
10 "	Singer (Sewing Machine) Mfg. Co.	@	292
25 "	Standard Coupler Common	@	37½
20 "	Standard Oil Cloth Pfd.	@	95
20 "	Standard Screw Common	@	90½
$1,000	Steinway Railway 1st 6s, 1922	@	103¼
25 shs.	Texas & Pacific Coal	@	102
$1,000	Trenton Passenger Ry. 1st 6s, 1931	@	115½
25 shs.	Union Typewriter Common	@	35
10 "	Union Typewriter 2d Pfd.	@	98½
1 "	Union Typewriter 1st Pfd.	@	104¾
5 "	U. S. Printing Com., New Jersey		Bid
15 "	U. S. Printing Pfd., New Jersey		Bid

Bonds "and interest."
TOBEY & KIRK
25 Broad Street, New York
'Phones: 4294-5-6-7-8-9 Broad.

Lawyers Title Insurance & Trust Company
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS $9,500,000
Member of The New York Clearing House Association
160 Broadway, New York 188 Montague St., Brooklyn
RECEIVES DEPOSITS subject to check or on certificate, allowing interest thereon. Depository for moneys paid into Court and for money of bankrupt estates.
LENDS ON APPROVED STOCKS and Corporation Bonds as collateral.
ACTS AS TRUSTEE, Guardian, Executor, Administrator, Assignee, or Receiver, Transfer Agent or Registrar of Stocks of Corporations. Takes Charge of Personal Securities.
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WE OWN AND OFFER SUBJECT TO PRIOR SALE
$100,000
Chicago House Wrecking Company
FIRST MORTGAGE 6% COUPON BONDS
Issued in Denominations of $500 and $1,000
Maturing serially 1921 to 1925 Interest payable May 15th and November 15th
PRICE 101 AND INTEREST
These bonds are secured by a closed first mortgage upon the land and buildings of the CHICAGO HOUSE WRECKING COMPANY at 35th and Iron Streets, Chicago, covering over 20 acres valued conservatively at $1,800,000. The above $100,000 are the balance unsold of a total issue of $850,000 maturing serially from 1913 to 1926. The CHICAGO HOUSE WRECKING COMPANY, organized in 1893, is one of the large mail order houses in the United States. The prompt payment of principal and interest of the bonds is further unconditionally guaranteed jointly and severally by the personal endorsement of the company's officers,
ABRAHAM HARRIS, President
DAVID HARRIS, Vice-President
S. H. HARRIS, Secretary
FRANK HARRIS, Treasurer,
whose wealth, outside of their interest in the business, is estimated to be in excess of the total amount of the bond issue. We recommend the above as a safe and good investment. These bonds can be made tax exempt in New York State by the payment of ½% tax.
S. W. STRAUS & CO., Inc.
ESTABLISHED 1882
Chicago, Ill.
Represented in New York by
M. MORGENTHAU, Jr., COMPANY
95 Liberty St., New York City

Yielding about
$100,000 Milwaukee, Sparta & N. W. 1st 4s, 1947* Guaranteed by Chicago & North Western..4.30%
100,000 Winston-Salem Southbound 1st 4s, 1960 Guar. by Norf. & West. and Atl. Coast Line 4.30%
50,000 Galveston, Harrisburg & San Antonio M. & P. 1st 5s, 1931..........4.40%
100,000 Chicago, St. Paul, Minn. & Omaha Debenture 5s, 1930*..........4.55%
50,000 Westchester Lighting Co. 1st 5s, 1950 Guaranteed by Consolidated Gas Co. of N.Y. 4.70%
100,000 Missouri Pacific Equipment 5s, 1917-21..5.00%
50,000 Lackawanna Steel Co. 1st 5s, 1923..........5.35%
*When issued.
We own and offer the above securities at present market prices
Kean, Taylor & Co
30 Pine Street, New York

United States Mortgage & Trust Co.
New York
CAPITAL and SURPLUS $6,000,000.
Personal and Business Accounts Invited.

Guaranty Trust Co of New York.
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N. Y.
London Office, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital and Surplus. $23,000,000
Deposits..........156,000,000

THE BUSINESS WORLD

COMMODITY MARKETS.

Generally Higher — Profit-Taking Sends Cotton Down at Close.

Wheat was steady on foreign advices, with the technical position of the speculative market improved by recent liquidation. The world's visible showed a good decrease. Corn was firm on light country offerings and the good cash demand. Oats and provisions held steady with other markets. Cotton was irregular. New high levels were scored at one time on the elimination of obstinate shorts and bull support, but there was heavy profit taking near the close, which served to undermine the market.

WHEAT.

Values were steady during the session and ruled at fractional advances. It was apparent that the technical position of the market had been strengthened as a result of the liquidation of the past few days, and on this account several of the large interests were covering shorts. Foreign advices prompted small advances at the outset. The stimulating feature of small stocks at many points abroad still obtains, and against the arguments of the bears that Argentina will shortly relieve this tension are claims that the inquiry awaiting the larger shipments will prove sufficient to prevent pressure. Crop conditions in the principal foreign-producing countries are satisfactory in the main, while in the meantime export inquiry is confined to Manitobas. Yesterday there were 10 loans reported. Although there are occasional messages received of the likelihood of crop damage reports in the near future from the American Winter wheat belt, the weather conditions at present are favorable. There is a light snow covering over much of the belt and temperatures prevailing are seasonal. A factor conducive to steadiness of the market yesterday was the better tone noted at Minneapolis. This market was over 1c a bushel net advance, and was in contrast with relative weakness at that centre on Tuesday. The receipts at the Northwest continue moderate. There were some claims of an improvement in the flour situation, but advices were rather contradictory. The Northwestern Miller wired that flour business at Minneapolis mills fell off sharply last week, due principally to the bearish disposition of buyers. Bradstreet's visible supply changes were about as anticipated, although a revision in the European stocks afloat made the showing rather bullish on the surface. World's stocks for the week decreased 7,879,000 bushels; those in Europe and afloat showing a reduction of 6,700,000 bushels. Last year for this week world's wheat stocks increased 1,215,000 bushels and totaled 185,000,000 bushels, against 191,000,000 bushels at present. It is noteworthy that of this total 115,000,000 bushels are American, against 77,000,000 bushels last year and 76,000,000 bushels, Europe and afloat, against 109,000,000 bushels last season.

Cash No. 2 red quoted at $1.02¾, elevator, export basis, and $1.04¼, free on board, afloat, for export; No. 2 hard, $1.12¾; No. 1 Northern Spring, $1.21¼; No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, $1.16½.

OTHER GRAINS.

CORN.—The tenor of country advices actuated short covering and some new buying. Offerings from farmers were stated to be light and there were predictions of a smaller movement. So far this week corn receipts amount to 4,147,000 bushels, against 3,461,000 bushels last year. Shipments are liberal, however, amounting to 2,012,000 bushels, against 1,613,000 bushels a year ago. Outside cash markets were firm and generally showed good fractional advances, with claims that Southeastern points were buying for the first time this season. The weather was rather unsettled in parts of the belt, but not regarded as unfavorable in the main. There was a small business reported for export. No. 3 corn quoted at 73c; steamer, 72½c, export basis; No. 2, 72c, free on board afloat for export. Bradstreet's visible increased 3,151,000 bushels, against a gain of 2,441,000 bushels last year.

OATS.—The list ruled at slightly higher levels during the day. There is little pressure in the cash market. Predictions are for a material decrease in stocks with the opening of navigation. Bradstreet's increased 491,000 bushels for the week, with stocks of 24,000,000 bushels, against 30,000,000 bushels last year. Cash standards and No. 2 white quoted at 61c; No. 3 white, 60½c.

PROVISIONS.

There is no important diminution in hog receipts. Prices were steady, however, with grain and on support from packers. Buying lacked aggressiveness.

NEW YORK MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
May	$1.06½	$1.06	$1.06½	$1.06
July	..	..	1.01½	1.01⅝
Lard—				
Cash	..	..	8.95@9.10	9.00
March	..	..	9.00@9.15	9.05
May	..	..	9.30@9.40	9.35
July	..	..	9.45@9.55	9.50

CHICAGO MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
May	$1.02⅝	$1.01⅞	$1.02⅝	$1.01⅞
July	95⅞	95¼	95⅞	95¼
September	94⅝	93⅞	94⅝	93½
Corn—				
May	68¾	68⅛	68⅝	68¼
July	68¼	67¾	68¼	67⅞
September	68⅜	67⅞	68¼	68
Oats—				
May	52¾	52⅝	52⅝	52⅝
July	48½	48	48½	48
September	42	41⅞	41⅞	41⅝
Lard—				
May	9.27½	9.20	9.22½	9.20
July	9.42½	9.35	9.35	9.35
September	9.57½	9.50	9.52½	9.50
Ribs—				
May	8.82½	8.77½	8.77½	8.72½
July	8.90	8.82½	8.82½	8.80
September	9.00	8.95	8.95	8.90
Pork—				
May	16.27½	16.15	16.17½	16.15
July	16.45	16.37½	16.37½	16.32½
September	..	..	16.52½	16.42½

COTTON.

In contrast with recent sessions, closing prices were at the low and rather disconcerting to speculative holders. Incidentally the predictions in circulation early that new high levels would be made were only partly realized, as these actually occurred, but were utilized apparently for general unloading of long cotton. It was an active session and price movements were erratic, but it was evident that the outside speculative inquiry through commisson houses was less urgent. Moreover, the continuous support rendered on the declines by spot interests and their disposition to supply the inquiry at higher levels has not been strengthening to the technical situation.

The opening prices were at slight advances as compared with the previous finals, and under heavy profit taking there were declines of nearly 10 points. The customary support developed, and for a time it seemed as though the upward movement had not culminated or that a bad break was imminent. Heavy short covering with stop-loss orders uncovered on that side served to bring about advances to a few points above the previous high record, but when this inquiry was completed the list declined nearly $1.50 per bale rather violently. The loss in values occurred during the last hour of the trading, and was unexpected, so that the disposition was to await the effect on outside interests overnight, also upon Southern spot holders. It was still maintained in some quarters that the comparative cheapness of the local market, as compared with Southern spots, would preclude the possibility of a sharp decline at the South.

The cables yesterday made a fair response to our advance of Tuesday, but spot business dropped to 10,000 bales. It was also privately cabled that Manchester had fairly well stocked up, and that buying from that centre may cease at most any time. The general run of news, however, had but momentary influence, as it is generally recognized that the demand at the South, together with the activity on the part of prominent spot concerns, are the dominating influences at present. Southern spot markets yesterday were unchanged in the main, although Augusta reported middlings ¼c advance, at 10½c. Local middlings were quoted at 10.70.

Exports so far this season total to approximately 7,325,000 bales against 5,903,000 a year ago. Local stocks in warehouses aggregate 147,000 against 266,000 last year. It was asserted that March notices may amount to 100,000 bales, with the general idea that bulls now in control of the stocks will start these tenders but ultimately receive them as occurred in January.

	High.	Low.	Closing Bid Asked.	Prev. Night.
February	10.34	10.32	10.11@10.14	10.30
March	10.43	10.20	10.20@10.21	10.39
April	10.52	10.52	10.27@10.29	10.46
May	10.64	10.35	10.35@10.38	10.57
June	10.68	10.68	10.40@10.42	10.64
July	10.71	10.50	10.40@10.42	10.64
August	10.64	10.41	10.37@10.39	10.55
September	10.56	10.49	10.34@10.36	10.48
October	10.60	10.37	10.37@10.40	10.48
November	10.62	10.44	10.40@10.42	10.57
December	10.66	10.45	10.44@10.46	10.60
January	10.60	10.48	10.40@10.43	10.58

COTTONSEED OIL.

Firmness early on the higher lard market and scattered outside buying were not maintained, with the close disclosing unimportant changes. A nominal crude situation was reported, and it is stated that offerings on the basis of about 35c are moderate, but the demand is less urgent. Meanwhile the hedging basis is unsatisfactory and consuming trade is not especially active, purchases being confined mainly to the better grades. The liquidation in March continues, but to date has been well taken. The weak cotton closing had some influence in the late dealings. Crude was quoted at 4.60 in Texas and the Southeast and 4.67 in the Valley, all nominal.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot	..	..	5.50	5.45
February	..	..	5.50	5.51
March	5.60	5.58	5.58	5.56
April	..	..	5.60	5.60
May	5.71	5.70	5.68	5.67
June	..	..	5.70	5.70
July	5.84	5.81	5.80	5.79
August	..	..	5.86	5.85
September	5.94	5.93	5.92	5.90

COFFEE.

Coffee closed a little below the best, but showed a net advance of 2 to 5 points on sales of 85,500 bags. The French market was firm at an advance of ¾ to 1¼ francs, while Hamburg was ¼ pfennig higher. Rio had a holiday, and Santos, after being unchanged to 100 reis higher, developed firmness, with Santos 4s showing an additional gain of 50 reis.

Spot coffee, 14¼c for Rio 7.

Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
February	..	..	13.21@13.23	13.18
March	13.30	13.26	13.26@13.27	13.24
April	..	..	13.26@13.27	13.24
May	13.30	13.27	13.26@13.27	13.24
June	..	..	13.30@13.32	13.25
July	13.37	13.33	13.33@13.35	13.28
August	..	..	13.36@13.38	13.33
September	13.46	13.40	13.40@13.41	13.38
October	13.40	13.40	13.35@13.37	13.33
November	..	..	13.32@13.34	13.27
December	13.32	13.27	13.27@13.28	13.23
January	..	..	13.25@13.27	13.23

COUNTRY PRODUCE MARKETS.

BUTTER.—Creamery, specials, pound, 32@32½c; extras, 31½c; firsts, 30½@31c; seconds, 29½@30c; thirds, 28@29c; held, specials, 32@32½c; extras, 31@31½c; firsts, 30@30½c; seconds, 29@29½c; thirds, 28@28½c; State dairy, tubs, finest, 31c; good to prime, 29@30c; common to fair, 25@28c; process, specials, 28½@29c; extras, 28c; firsts, 26@27c; seconds, 25@25½c; factory, current make, firsts, 26@26½c; seconds, 25@25½c; thirds, 22½@24c; packing stock, current make, No. 2, 24@24½c; No. 3, 22@23½c.

CHEESE.—State, whole milk, held, specials, white, pound, 17½c; colored, 17¼c; average fancy, white, 17¼c; colored, 17c; Winter make, white, specials, 16¾c; colored, 16½c; average fancy, 16¼c; undergrades, 14½@16c; Daisies, Fall and earlier, best, 17½c; State, skims, Winter make, specials, 14c; choice, 13¼@13¾c; undergrades, nominal, 7½@13c.

EGGS.—Fresh gathered, extra, dozen, 39@40c; firsts, 38c; seconds, 37c; thirds and poorer, 33@36c; dirties, 30@33c; checks, 27@29c; refrigerators, fair to prime, 33@34c; State, Pennsylvania, and nearby, hennery whites, fancy, large, new laid, 41@42c; selected whites, fair to good, 39@40c; Western gathered, white, 37@40c; State, Pennsylvania and nearby, hennery brown, 39@40c; gathered, brown and mixed colors, 37@38c.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

ALFRED A. REEVES of 518 West 111th Street has made an assignment to A. G. Lampke.

AARON RABINOWITZ, manufacturer of cloaks at 16 to 20 East Twelfth Street, has filed a petition, with liabilities of $4,648 and nominal assets of $4,068.

LEOPOLD ROTH.—Schedules in the assignment of Leopold Roth, furrier, of 38 East Tenth Street show liabilities of $2,652, nominal assets of $563, and actual assets of $180.

J. F. BOGNER COFFEE AND TEA COMPANY.—Joseph F. Bogner, trading as the J. F. Bogner Coffee and Tea Company, at 244 Greenwich Street, has made an assignment to Frank R. Greene.

MEYROWITZ BROTHERS.—Judge Hand has granted a discharge from bankruptcy to Meyrowitz Brothers, manufacturers of shirtwaists, at 102 Greene Street. The liabilities were $10,532.

JOSEF ABRAMOWITZ.—Judge Hand has appointed Bernard J. MacCorry custodian for Josef Abramowitz, dealer in dress goods at 159 Ridge Street, bond $1,200. The assets are $2,500.

S. GREENBERG & CO.—Judge Hand has appointed John L. Lyttle receiver for S. Greenberg & Co., manufacturers of waists and dresses at 40 East Ninth Street, bond $1,000. The liabilities are $4,000 and assets $2,000.

JOHN YOUNG COMPANY.—Schedules in the assignment of the John Young Company, florist, at 54 West Twenty-eighth Street and Bedford Hills, show liabilities of $31,276, nominal assets of $60,000, and actual assets of $4,000.

ADVANCE TRUCKING AND EXPRESS COMPANY.—Schedules in the assignment of the Advance Trucking and Express Company of 472 West Broadway show liabilities of $13,518, nominal assets of $1,881, and actual assets of $1,328.

A. CASSESE & CO.—A petition has been filed against Antonio Cassese, doing business as A. Cassese & Co., cigar manufacturers and dealers in leaf tobacco at 505 Broome Street, by these creditors: H. Friedberg and Brother, $2,901; Edward Friedberg, $312, and Max Typermass, $258. The liabilities are $3,000 and assets $1,000.

WILLIAM GROSSMAN.—Judge Hand has confirmed a composition of William Grossman, manufacturer of furs, at 146 West Twenty-eighth Street, with creditors at 30 cents on the dollar, payable 25 cents cash and 5 cents in a note at three months. The liabilities were $54,038.

EDWARD MADOW.—Judge Hand has dismissed the petition filed on Jan. 17 against Edward Madow, jeweler, of 115 Avenue A, on a settlement with creditors at 35 cents on the dollar, payable 10 cents cash and 25 cents in five notes at three, six, nine, twelve, and fifteen months.

THOMAS LYNCH, Jr.—A petition has been filed against Thomas Lynch, Jr., who has a large grocery store at Ninth Avenue and Twenty-fifth Street, by Yankauer & Davidson, for these creditors: Pettit & Reed, Inc., $684; Robert G. Thomas & Son, $128, and R. U. Delpenha & Co., $61. Judge Hand appointed John L. Lyttle receiver, bond $3,000, with authority to carry on the business for ten days. It was stated that Mr. Lynch shot himself in January, and is now in Bellevue Hospital; that at a meeting of creditors it was said that the liabilities were $27,000 and assets $10,000; that the heaviest creditor is Thomas Lynch, Sr., his father, $19,000 for money advanced; that the father is in possession of the store and conducting the business, and that creditors deem it absolutely imperative that he should not be permitted to remain in control of the assets.

FREDERICK A. CAUCHOIS.—Schedules of Frederick A. Cauchois, owner of the Kaiserhof Restaurant, Broadway and Thirty-ninth Street; Keen's Chop House, 66-70 West Thirty-sixth Street, and the Fulton Coffee Mill, show liabilities of $376,368, of which $326,893 are unsecured, and assets of $351,822, consisting of equipment of the restaurants and coffee mill, $170,554; real estate equities, $87,428; accounts, $65,123; wines and supplies, $23,137; cash, $1,934; notes, $1,821; horses, wagons, and auto, $1,575, and a mortgage, $250. He also has 1,000 shares of stock of F. A. Cauchois & Co. of nominal value. Among the creditors are Steinwender, Stoffregen & Co., $61,105; Commercial Coffee Company, $33,863; Rudolph Oelsner, Yonkers, $25,000, secured; L. & B. Frank, $12,530; Conron Brothers Company, $10,304; Swanson Brothers, Chicago, $8,811; Lowden & Co., $5,084; Carter, Macy & Co., $5,287; Blackford's, $4,840; Bachmann & Bechtel Brewing Co., $4,889; John Wanamaker, $4,191; Park & Tilford, $4,097, and People's National Bank of Greenport, L. I., $4,000. In the outstanding accounts there are debts due him by about fifty clubs for coffee sold to them.

Out of Town.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Feb. 14.—Voluntary petition in bankruptcy by Dora I. Clare, Medford, doing business as H. C. Diamond & Co., manufacturers of rubber stamps, Boston; liabilities, $14,315.85; assets, $5,280.49.

Voluntary petition by Raymond D. Borden, salesman, Fall River; liabilities, $28,130; assets, none.

JUDGMENTS.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Aubuchon, Wm. N., Pauline A., Charles E., and Mary C.—C. McDonald, costs, $147.
Appel, Ernest E.—E. Bonimo, $126.
Abramowitz, Lazar—H. Benowitz, $126.
Ball, Chas. E., and Louis E. Whicher—H. A. Ensign, $596.
Bendheim, Adolph M., and Hyman D. Baker—Canavan Bros. Co., $8,444.
Brewington, Oscar—J. Seeman et al., $214.
Cameron, Chas. E.—H. Miller, $180.
Clancy, Jeremiah—H. W. Vogel et al., $125.
Comorow, Harry—S. Schechter, $112.
Dunn, Mortimer, or John J. Hunt—N. Y. Telephone Co., $116.
Elkin, Constance—I. Weil, $428.
Engelhardt, Newman C.—M. I. Malbrunn, $151.
Ellerstein, Abraham—I. Gordon, $127.
Evers, Frederick W.—Phelps & Bradley Co., $126.
Felker, Curt C.—Ormond Realty Co., $169.
Farrelly, Lawrence D.—Strauss Pritz Co., $442.
Fullerton, Wm. G.—W. L. Ripley, $184.
Freibel, William, and S. Albert Lang (not summoned)—E. Oelsner, $5,246.
Freitag, Henry—Bogart Flour Co., $204.
Frensdorf, Kate—P. Vollrath, $114.
Farley, John L.—J. Campbell, Sr., $129.
Grening, Paul C.—James M. Shaw & Co., $249.
Gottebrer, Aaron—E. S. Elsing et al., $107.
Graf, Charles B.—Sulzberger & Sons Co., $329.
Goodman, Herman—Y. Pendas & Alvarez, $270.
Huff, Thomas S., and Charles E. Coryell, (not summoned)—L. Huff, $1,153.
Hitchcock, Frederick—P. M. Comstock & Co., $536.
Heit, Elias—C. L. Weeks et al., $864.
Hemmerdinger, Louis H.—S. Eichelson, $217.
Hurd, Ebenezer—Germania Bank, $26,666.
Hine, Reuben A.—M. Brooks, $566.
Heddendorf, William H.—C. Wigg, $179.
Hirsch, Oscar A.—M. Folgeman et al., costs, $108.
Hennessy, William P.—Twelfth Ward Bank, $3,811.
Huesner, Lina M. M. and Henry—J. M. Heubner, $697.
Jaffer, Louis A. and Fannie, (not summoned)—Jefferson Bank, $470.
Kinstler, Moses—Hebrew Mutual Benefit Co. of New York, $845.
Kingsland, Albert A.—Ivy Courts Realty Co., $849.
Kirsch, Herman—A. R. Meyers et al., $830.
Lee, Thomas F.—Scott & Co., Limited, $268.
Levey, Irene—H. N. Wineberg, $233.
Mendel, Joseph W.—B. F. Duncan, $542.
Miller, Max—A. C. Patterson, $636.
Mangis, Morris C.—M. Belitzer, $1,426.
Neugebauer, Edw. J.—A. Jablinowsky, $252.
Nellenbogen, Isidore—T. F. Walsh, $1,979.
Maimes, George—W. W. Davison, $192.
Same—A. Davison, $192.
Same—I. Davison, $192.
Same—M. J. Davison, $577.
McDonald, George A., administrator—W. Bradley, $502,966.
Marks, Simon J.—F. W. Sperling, $139.
Oberndorf, Minnie G.—W. S. Oberndorf, costs, $318.
Pickel, Arthur N.—A. T. Norton, $1,757.
Schneider, Elizabeth M.—M. Pescher, $684.
Rosenwasser, Isaac—S. Cyge et al., $6,233.
Renard, Maurice—J. W. Bell et al., $116.
Rifferberg, Wm. J.—Gus Bothner, $214.
Ryan, Thomas J.—J. Wegman, $216.
Ronginsky, Pincus—Raisler Heating Co., $9,127.
Robinson, Douglas, and Adrian H. Joline, receivers—J. Weiser, $186.
Sweetser, Wm. A.—Equitable Trust Co. of New York, $291.
Shattuck, Charles E.—A. A. Brockway, $540.
Skolink, Clara—W. Meyer, costs, $140.
Tillotson, Alma C.—J. Glass, Jr., $343.
Treadwell, Augustus, Jr.—Charles Scribner's Sons, $245.
Vetromilo, Umberto—Prudential Real Estate Corporation, $258.
Vick, Wm. H.—M. Van Siclen, $216.
Van Rhyiner, Etta M.—H. D. Winans et al., $108.
Voudraun, Paul—E. T. Cowan, $128.
Von der Smith, Samuel B.—W. A. Smith, $295.
Wencke, Henry—International Wine and Liquor Co., $183.
Ward, Louis De Lancy and Clarence B.—Gerard & Hall, $455.
Frantz Wall Paper Co.—Wallace Wall Paper Co., $217.
J. W. Hughes & Co.—W. F. Collin et al., $228.
James Vacuum Goods Co.—J. Marx, $823.
International Protective Corporation Agency—City of New York, $118.
International Seal Co.—Same, $516.
International Fashion Co.—Same, $118.
Ideal Embroidery Works—Same, $177.
Herter Realty Co.—Title Guarantee and Trust Co. et al., costs, $102.
Fraser-Hahn Co.—W. W. Cole, $476.
Gingold Realty Co. and Abraham J. Goldstein—Nason Mfg Co., $446.
S. & W. Bauman—M. Gorham, $986.
Westinghouse, Church, Kerr & Co.—A. McNeill, $25,156.
Codae Realty Co. and Emanuel Doctor—Church C. L. Gray Construction Co.—A. Schwoerer & Sons, Inc., $1,043.
Colae Realty Co. and Emanuel Doctor—Church E. Gates & Co., $752.
Empire Coal and Grain Co.—C. Rupert & Sons, $528.
Patrick Ward Contracting and Trucking Co.—H. H. Gerken, $624.
Purssell Mfg. Co.—Ward Motor Vehicle Co., $1,427.
Gingold Realty Co., Abraham Goldstein, and Moses A. Goldstein—Nason Mfg Co., $1,530.
Amity Construction Co.—S. C. Thurn and others, $139.
Board of Education of City of New York—E. L. Gunter, $3,112.
Board of Education of City of New York—W. D. Andrews, $2,024.
Board of Education—C. M. Lobejager, $2,558.
J. & W. Cahill & Co. and William H. Cahill—John O'Donohue's Sons, $780.
Janzilk & Co.—Drucker & Holmstock Co., $297.
Industrial Lane Improvement Co.—J. A. Tillman, $368.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and date when judgment was filed.

Zimmerman, Carl J.—W. B. Peak, June 9, 1909, (canceled,) $1,265.
Cuff, William, and Joseph Dietz—M. F. Johnson, Feb. 21, 1911, $216.
Hickson, Richard J.—S. Stern, Feb. 13, 1912, $131.
Wern, Gustav P.—De La Vergne Refrigerating Machine Co., Nov. 22, 1911, $849.
Levine, Max—J. Gold, July 31, 1906, $121.
Bell, James A., and Paul Borchard—People, &c., Dec. 12, 1910, (vacated,) $1,000.
Liebman, Benjamin, and Joseph M. Mittleman—People, &c., Nov. 17, 1911, (vacated,) $1,500.
Bellel, Olivo—A. Anderson, June 8, 1911, $641.
Appell, Samuel—B. Gold, Jan. 7, 1910, $1,952.
Bieber, Henry—H. Kuestner et al., Dec. 23, 1910, $106.
Cohen, Harry M.—L. Bauman, Nov. 22, 1911, $2,173.
Goldsmith, Rebecca—M. Tolk, Nov. 6, 1911, $285.
Friedman, Minnie—S. Sabo, Dec. 19, 1911, $693.
Gerking, Frederick—J. Strum, Oct. 14, 1911, $430.
Madison Square Garden Co.—City of New York, June 20, 1907, $264.
Moyse, Leonard; Mitchell Simmonds, and Edw. J. Stowers—H. Samuels et al., Feb. 6, 1912, $182.
Rennard Building and Contracting Co. and Richard Chonanus—Standard Plumbing Supply Co., June 12, 1911, $269.
Shapiro, Harris—Fuller Brothers & Co., Dec. 27, 1911, $1,121.
Streltizer, Julius—M. Schnaier, Feb. 1, 1912, costs, $109.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

8,127. ELECTRIC CRANES.—Tenders in Portuguese will be received until March 2 at the "Conselho de Administraca do Porto de Lisbon," Lisbon, Portugal, for ten electric cranes. Specifications from the same office. Deposit of $1,459 will qualify tender, which amount must be increased by successful bidder to 7 per cent. of accepted price. Each crane must lift 3,300 pounds, and four must be capable of lifting 6,600 pounds. Foreign competitors must inclose with their tenders documents registered at a Portuguese Legation or Consulate stating a willingness to abide by the Portuguese law should any dispute arise in connection with the contract.

8,128. FLOATING CRANE.—Tenders will be received until April 26 at the "Secretaria del Ministerio de Obras Publicas," Montevideo, Uruguay, for one floting crane, with a lifting capacity of 100 tons. Specifications may be seen at above office, or published for about $5.16. The Uruguayan Consul General in New York can supply additional information.

8,129. WATERWORKS EXTENSION.—Tenders are invited by Temesvar, Hungary, for (1) piping, hydrants, reservoirs, valves, &c.; (2) artesian wells, including all necessary material; (3) reservoirs, including necessary material; (4) installation for ice freezing. About 95,000 meters of cast iron piping 80 to 500 millimeters diameter are required. Conditions, specifications, and the necessary plans are obtainable in groups by payment of about $15 to the "Staeditsche Ingeleuramt." Tenders must be submitted to the "Sitzungssaal," at Temesvar, by Feb. 20.

8,130. PLANT FOR ARSENAL WORKSHOPS.—Tenders will be opened on May 4 at the "Junta Economica Apostadero Naval," Talcahuano, Chile, and at the "Direccion del Material," Valparaiso, Chile, for the erection of two large buildings intended for arsenal workshops, fitting shops, &c.

8,131. MINERAL LUBRICATING OILS.—Tenders are invited by the Victorian Railways Commissions for supply and delivery during 1912-14 of about 365,000 gallons of mineral lubricating oils of three different qualities. Tenders, accompanied by a sample of at least one gallon of each class of oil will be received until March 6. Preliminary deposits will be required with each tender. The contractor must have a responsible agent in Melbourne.

8,132. RAILWAY MATERIAL.—Tenders are invited for the supply and delivery at Quillimanef of the following material for the 75-centimeter gauge railway to run from N'Hamacurra to M'Cuba: About 750 tons of steel rails, weighing 15 kilograms per meter; 6,000 pairs of fish plates, 26,000 screws for fish plates, 84,000 metal sleepers with fastenings, fastenings for 680 sleepers, 10 sets of points and crossings. Sealed tenders in Portuguese will be received at the "Secretaria da Inspeccao das Obras Publicas da Provinca de Mocambique," Lourenco Marques, Portuguese East Africa, until March 20. Deposit of $389 required with each tender to be increased by the successful tenderers to 5 per cent. of the contract price.

8,133. NARROW GAUGE RAILWAY.—The Public Works Department, Madrid, invites tenders until Feb. 24, 1912, for the construction, maintenance and working of a narrow gauge line between Sadaba and Gallur. Interest guaranteed by the Government. Deposit of about $8,653 is required and tenders will be received through local agents only. Particulars, specifications and conditions of contract may be obtained from Ministerio de Fomento, Madrid, Spain.

8,134. INSTALLATION AT WATER WORKS.—Tenders will be received until Feb. 20, 1912, by the Municipality of Lehrte, Prussia, for an installation for precipitating iron at water works. Specifications, particulars and conditions of contract may be obtained of the Magistrate Bureau, Lehrte, Prussia, for 24 cents.

8,135. DRAIN CONSTRUCTION.—Tenders are invited by the special committee of Public Works for constructing a drain between the Oued Bou Skoura and the sea in connection with the road to Casablanca via Sidi Belloul. Value of the contract is estimated at $9,484. Deposits of $97.33 required with each tender. Bids will be received by M. Le President du Comite Special des Travaux Publics, Dar En Naiba, Tangier, Morocco, until March 4, 1912.

Demonstration of
La Grecque Corsets
and
Tailored Underwear
On Living Models.
Van Orden Corset Co.
45 WEST 34TH ST.
Upstairs. Take Elevator

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Atkinson, A. S., Cherryvale, Kan.; ready to wear; Room 813, 41 Union Square.
Baylor-Yarborough Co., Richmond, Va.; S. M. Baylor, ready to wear; Mr. Yarborough, ready to wear; 69 5th Av.
White, R. H., Co., Boston, Mass.; S. F. Hill, house dresses; M. A. McBride, cloaks, suits; 41 Union Square.
Muse, Faris & Walker Co., Los Angeles, Cal.; O. Demers, laces, hdkfs.; 31 Union Square.
Loeb & Hene Co., Lafayette, Ind.; S. Loeb, millinery, cloaks, suits; 315 4th Av.
Ayres, L. S., & Co., Indianapolis, Ind.; C. E. Crosby, jewelry, leather goods; 31 Union Square.
Younker Bros., Des Moines, Iowa; Miss M. Berry, leather goods, jewelry; 220 5th Av.
Garfade, Elfand & Co., Galveston, Texas; Miss E. Schneider, ladies', infants' wear, corsets, millinery; B. McManamon, housefurn. goods; 79 5th Av.
Jordan-Marsh Co., Boston, Mass.; B. J. Cutcliff, linens; F. C. Kimball, costumes; Mr. Stewart, carpets, rugs; J. Lamb, mdse. mgr.; F. Coleman, dress goods; Mrs. Rogers, gloves; 31 Union Square.
Leonard, W. C., & Co., Saranac Lake, N. Y.; Miss McKee, ready to wear; E. J. Kennedy, upholstery goods; 320 Church; Woodstock.
Baltimore Bargain House, Baltimore, Md.; W. Applewhaite, hosiery and underwear; 72 Leonard.
Cox-Blodgett D. G. Co., Wichita, Kan.; Mr. Blodgett, dry goods; 72 Leonard.
Halff, M., & Bro., San Antonio, Texas; A. J. Milhefser, dry goods; 43 Leonard.
Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co., Atlanta, Ga.; M. H. Douthit, carpets; 114 5th Av.
Morehouse Co., Cleveland, Ohio; Miss M. Rohl, millinery; E. Graham, notions; 315 4th Av.
Elder & Johnston Co., Dayton, Ohio; E. E. Moore, cloaks and suits; 2 Walker.
McKelvey, G. M., & Co., Youngstown, Ohio; C. E. Johnson, housefurnishing goods; 320 Church.
Riddle, W. S., & Son, Nashville, Tenn.; P. Riddle, notions, furn. goods, hosiery, and gloves; Cadillac.
Miller & Rhoades, Richmond, Va.; A. W. Bates, notions; 55 White.
Chamberlain-Johnson-Dubose Co., Atlanta, Ga.; Miss M. Coney, hosiery; 20 E. 46th.
Sweeney Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; P. J. Sweeney, linens, cottons, flannels, and blankets; 75 Spring.
Minneapolis D. G. Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; W. C. Whitney, ribbons, laces, h'dk'fs, and neckwear; Knickerbocker; J. Lengfeld, jewelry, leather and fancy goods; 454 Broome.
Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss Pittman, corsets; E. O. Duncan, furs, (retail;) 115 Worth.
Stewart, D. G. Co., Louisville, Ky.; Miss A. L. Hutchinson, laces, embroideries; S. Frank, representing; 214 Church.
Lord & Gage, Reading, Penn.; Miss A. Szink, hdkfs. and ladies' neckwear; 214 Church.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; J. G. Carmany, dress goods, silks, linings, velvets; 2 Walker.
Donaldson, L. S. Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; Miss W. C. Bradshaw, muslin underwear; 2 Walker.
Porteous, Mitchell & Braun Co., Portland, Me.; W. D. Lakeman, cloaks, suits, waists, furs; 55 White.
Forbes & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; D. V. Wallace, notions, fancy goods, jewelry; 2 Walker.
O'Neil, M. & Co., Akron, O.; Miss L. Hallinan, laces, embroidery; 2 Walker.
Denholm & McKay Co., Worcester, Mass.; L. C. Brown, dry goods; 2 Walker.
Stein Bros. Co., Hastings, Neb.; Miss Hastings, muslin underwear; 31 Union Sq.
Linn & Scruggs D. G. and Carpet Co., Decatur, Ill.; Miss Bailey, infants' wear; 31 Union Sq.
Herzfeld-Phillipson Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; Mr. Ross, notions; 31 Union Sq.
Field, Schlick & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; A. Sudor, linens; 45 East 17th St.
Filene's, W., Sons & Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss Cronin, infants' wear, millinery; Mr. Watt, suits; Miss Schlager, costumes; 4 West 22d.
Paris Fashion Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; G. B. Schoen, coats, suits; 15 East 26th St.
Panton & White Co., Duluth, Minn.; D. Young, hosiery, underwear, furnishing goods; A. F. Butchart, housefurnishing goods, china, toys, glassware; 45 E. 17th.
Joslin D. G. Co., Denver, Col.; S. L. Todd, leather goods, jewelry; 214 Church.
Sears, Roebuck & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss H. Goff, infants' wear; 438 Broadway.
Peck, George B., D. G. Co., Kansas City, Mo.; Mrs. S. F. Hill, ribbons, neckwear; Miss K. Finnegan, laces; Miss M. Cross, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; 2 Walker St.
Zinn, W. H., & Co., Lafayette, Ind.; G. B. Beadle, dress goods, silks; 70 Franklin St.
May Co., Cleveland, Ohio; Miss G. Loesh, suits; H. Morose, dress goods, silks; 4 Washington Place.
Meldrum, H. A., Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; D. W. Coyne, millinery, ribbons; 41 Union Sq.
Hengerer, Wm., Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; Miss J. A. Finnecaine, infants' wear, muslin underwear; 214 Church.
Clawson & Wilson Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; N. C. Collins, clothing and shirts; 38 W. 32d.
Gutman, Joel, & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss M. Landauer, hosiery, underwear; Miss M. Bass, hdks., embroideries, ladies' neckwear; Miss E. Rice, leather goods; 79 Grand.
Brown, Durrell & Co., Boston, Mass.; A. F. Powers, ladies' neckwear, infants' wear; 19 W. 19th.
Mills D. G. Co., Topeka, Kan.; L. M. Baker, carpets, rugs; 320 Church.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; H. Barschkies, silks; J. V. Mogue, carpets; 334 4th Av.
Kann, S., Sons & Co., Washington, D. C.; J. F. Finnin, leather goods; 215 4th Av.
MacInnes, J. C., Co., Worcester, Mass.; A. C. Woods, notions; 55 White.
Brandeis, J. L., & Sons, Omaha, Neb.; D. B. Amsden, millinery; 1,261 Bwy.
Finch, Van Slyck & McConville, St. Paul, Minn.; C. J. McConville, domestics; 51 Leonard.
Schuneman & Evans, St. Paul, Minn.; Mrs. H. L. Flynn, jewelry; 220 5th Av.
Stix, Baer & Fuller D. G. Co., St. Louis, Mo.; S. Rubin, furn. goods, hosiery; 114 5th Av.
Bacon, Chappell Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; G. C. Whiting, linens; 315 4th Av.
Criterion, Texarkana, Tex., R. Kominsky, dresses, waists, coats; 215 4th Av.
Plummer, F. A., Co., Oshkosh, Wis.; P. H. Gerhardt, carpets; 45 E. 17th.
Lord & Gage, Reading, Penn.; Miss L. M. Burbaker, corsets; 214 Church.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester, N. Y.; A. E. Wilkins, rugs; J. R. McCarthy, waists; 454 Broome.
Hale Bros., San Francisco, Cal.; Miss M. Springer, toys; 395 Bwy.
Berry, S., & Co., Spokane, Wash.; C. E. Sherrett, cloaks, waists, millinery; 43 Leonard.
Cahn, Coblens & Co., Baltimore; T. L. Brice, dress goods, silks; Grand.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester; G. M. Pratt, domestics; 454 Broome.
McArthurs, St. Paul; P. A. Broker, clothing, fur. goods, hosiery, gloves, knit underwear; O. E. Stuntor, house furn. goods; Mrs. M. Shultz, muslin underwear, corsets, infants' wear; Grand.
Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney D. G. Co., St. Louis; Miss S. McKenna, laces trimmings, ladies' neckwear; Miss Barry, ladies' wear; 214 Church.
Marting Brothers Co., Portsmouth; R. S. Marting, notions, gloves, ribbons; 45 E. 17th.
Stifel, George E. Co., Wheeling; W. E. Stifel, dry goods; Grand.
Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; M. H. Newmeyer, laces, hdkfs., gloves, ribbons; Grand.
Dreyfuss, I., Pine Bluff; dry goods; Breslin.
Boggs & Buhl, Pittsburgh; Miss Eckert, childrens' garments, skirts; Miss Anderson, waists; 45 E. 17th.
Heymann, S., & Co., Oshkosh; S. Heymann, dry goods; Holland House.
Lowenstein, B., & Brothers, Memphis; Mrs. K. McGuigan, jewelry, leather goods; 22 E. 17th.
Siegel, Cooper & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss M. E. Noonan, waists and sweaters; 6th Av. and 20th.
Dayton Co., Minneapolis, Minn.; J. A. Perlee, silks, laces, gloves, ribbons, and embroideries; M. J. Strauss; Miss M. Sullivan, dress trimmings; Mrs. Fisher, fancy goods; 79 5th Av.
Lion D. G. Co., Toledo, Ohio; R. C. Clark, millinery; Mrs. Budd, millinery; 214 Church.
Edwards, E. W., & Son, Syracuse, N. Y.; Miss K. Sullivan, jewelry; Victoria.
Wooten, J. T., Columbia, Tenn., dry goods; Victoria.
Clawson & Wilson Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; C. B. Stanbro, linens and rugs; 38 W. 32d; Breztell.
Silverman, M., & Son, Philadelphia, Penn.; W. Silverman, domestics; 18 W. 27th.
Dasser Bros., Morristown, Tenn.; F. F. Dasser, dry goods; Flanders.
Kroeger Bros. Co., Milwaukee, Wis.; S. J. Queenman, domestics, dress goods, silks, and laces; Cumberland.
Almy, Bigelow & Washburn, Salem, Mass.; G. Daley, linens; 2 Walker.
McCoy, Mrs., Shakerville, Ohio; millinery; Albert.
Lasalle & Koch Co., Toledo, Ohio; R. T. Southard, watches, rings; Cadillac.
Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; Miss E. Thal, cloaks, suits; Mr. Jones, cloaks and suits; 20 W. 22d.
Dasser Brothers, Johnson City, Tenn.; R. N. Dasser, dry goods; Miss E. Lusk, ladies' wear; Flanders.
Dosser Brothers, Bristol, Tenn.; J. H. Dosser, dry goods; Flanders.
Linn & Scruggs Dry Goods and Carpet Co., Decatur, Ill.; Miss L. E. Dills, laces, ladies' neckwear, ribbons, trimmings; 31 Union Square; Wellington.
Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; Miss F. Tatarsky, waists, petticoats; Miss Hayes, notions; 18 E 22d.
Mannheimer Brothers, St. Paul, Minn.; J. Vahon, furnishing goods; R. Mannheimer, ladies' hosiery, knit underwear; 320 Church.
Singer Brothers Cloak Co., St. Louis, Mo.; A. Singer, cloaks, suits; 648 B'way.
Chandler & Co., Boston, Mass.; M. B. Bacon, carpets, rugs; Imperial.
MacGregor, J. A., Lynchburg, Va.; dry goods, notions; Imperial.
Flint & Kent, Buffalo, N. Y.; G. P. Reisel, linens; 220 5th Av.
Harley, David, Co., Pawtucket, R. I.; J. Chantler, cloaks; Hoffman House.
Cohen & Friedberg, Atlanta; S. J. Cohen, dry goods; Albert.
Gimbel Bros., Milwaukee; A. Dustin, dress goods, silks; Broadway and 32d; Gregorian.
Andres Co., Evansville, Ind.; F. Herstein, domestics, dress goods, silks; 315 4th Av.; Gregorian.
Bush & Bull Co., Williamsport, Penn.; M. H. Riker, cloaks; Grand.
Scott, Griggs Co., Cleveland, O.; F. G. Splete, dress goods, silks; 4 W. 22d.
Freimuth, I., Duluth, Minn.; Miss A. Cargill, millinery; Miss Parson, millinery; 79 5th Av.
Brown, L., Sons, Charleston, S. C.; C. Brown, clothing; Marlborough.
Maher Bros., Utica, N. Y.; E. J. Maher, furn. goods; Marlborough.
Corblin, F. A., New Haven, Conn.; woolens; Collingwood.
Malley, E., Co., New Haven, Conn.; Mrs. A. Ford, ladies', infants' wear; Miss Davis, books; 320 Church.
Fourqurean, Temple & Co., Richmond, Va.; J. H. Perrin, notions, leather goods; Pierrepont.
Witz, M., & Co., Baltimore, Md.; M. Witz, piece goods; Herald Square.
Izard, S., & Co., Elmira, N. Y.; G. D. Matthews, furn. goods, hosiery, gloves; Navarre.
Hess Bros., Allentown, Penn.; G. D. Sell, wash goods; 315 4th Av.; St. Denis.

HIGH-GRADE TAILOR-MADE DRESSES AT POPULAR PRICES.
MADISON DRESS CO.
Tailored Dresses
EXCLUSIVELY
SHOWROOM WITH
STAR SKIRT COMPANY
15 East 26th St.

FRIBOURG & CO
IMPORTERS,
225 5th Ave., between 26th & 27th Sts.
VOILES & CRÊPES
For the cutting up trade.

WHOLESALE RETAIL
RAINCOATS
EXCELSIOR RAINCOAT CO.
34 East 10th Street 'PHONE 4952 GRAM.

Wilmerding, Morris & Mitchell, Auctioneers, will sell at their salesrooms, 374, 376, & 378 Broadway, N. Y. City, Wednesday & Thursday, Feb. 14 & 15, 1912, Promptly at 10 o'clock A. M. each day, EXTRAORDINARY PERMPTORY SALE of 2,000 LOTS LACES. By order of MAX MANDEL.

SUPPLIES FOR CLOAK ALTERATIONS
Cloak and Suit Supply Co., 40 East 14th St.

Jobs of coats and suits, Spring goods, to close out at sacrifice price. F. & K. Mfg. Co., 185 6th Av.

COSTUMES.—Salesman for the Coast; high-class line. Harry Collins, 39 West 38th St.

Guide for Buyers.
1 line, 1 year, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.

BATHING SUITS.
The Milbury Atlantic Mfg. Co., 543 B'way.
IRISH LACES AND COLLARS.
Elias & Abdoo, (Importers,) 54 Washington St.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.
SOFT SOLE SHOES AND MOCCASINS.
Adler, Martin & Katz, Victoria Hotel, 27th & B'way.
TURKISH TOWELING & COTTO-RATINE.
A. S. Anable, 47 Leonard Street.

Advertisements in the Help Wanted columns of The New York Times appeal to high-grade, capable workers. No other New York newspaper reaches so many earnest, intelligent readers.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In the matter of THE LELAND COMPANY, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Bertram H. Fancher, as trustee in bankruptcy of the Leland Company, offers for sale, subject to confirmation by this court, the real estate, plant, machinery, buildings, and contents of buildings, and property of the bankrupt estate, located at Barre, Vermont, at private sale pursuant to an order of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York.

The said trustee will receive sealed bids for the said property at the office of John J. Townsend, referee in bankruptcy, No. 45 Cedar Street, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 26th day of February, 1912, at 2 o'clock P. M.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check for ten per cent. (10%) of the amount bid. All property will be sold subject to certain encumbrances. Details as to the property offered, the terms of sale, and the encumbrances thereon may be had of the said trustee or his attorneys on or after February 20th.

The trustee reserves the right to reject any and all bids. No sale will be made except upon confirmation of the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York.

The property at Barre, Vermont, will be open to inspection to all bidders at all times on and after February 14th, 1912.

BERTRAM H. FANCHER, Trustee,
No. 530 Fifth Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.
JAMES, SCHELL & ELKUS, Attorneys for Trustee, Office and Post Office Address No. 170 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FISK & ROBINSON, Bankrupts.—No. 13,271.—Notice of Sale at Auction.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupts will be sold under the direction of J. Stanley-Brown, Esq., the Trustee, at public auction by Charles Shongood, auctioneer, at No. 113 Leonard Street, in the City of New York, on the 15th day of February, 1912, at 12 o'clock M. of said day; a general description of said property is as follows: Office furniture and effects, consisting of chairs, desks, stools, filing cabinets, and card and index, sectional cases, tables, one Burroughs adding machine; also certain dining room furnishings, tables, chairs, silverware and utensils, china, barber's chairs, silverware and utensils, china, table linen, linen closet, &c.; also a barber's chair, (adjustable.)

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least seventy-five per centum of the appraised value.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 71 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.
Dated January 24th, 1912.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of KRASNOFF BROS. & CO., Bankrupts.—No. 15,722.—Notice of sale at auction.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that personal property belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupts will be sold under the direction of the court, at public auction, by Charles Shongood, auctioneer, at No. 54 Lispenard St., in the City of New York, on the 28th day of February, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock A. M. of said day; a general description of said property is as follows: Dry goods, notions, skirts, underwear, hosiery, jewelry, leather goods, novelties, and other merchandise of a like character, and being the stock in trade of the above-named bankrupts. The above property may be inspected at 54 Lispenard St., the former place of business of these bankrupts, any business day between 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least seventy-five per centum of the appraised value.

Dated February 14, 1912.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy,
No. 71 Broadway, New York City, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of MARGARET MURTHA, Bankrupt. Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Feb. 21st, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 543 Fifth Ave., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of dresses, suits, gowns, evening capes, waists, fancy underwear, corsets, wall cases, showcases, forms, safe, fixtures, &c.

MORRIS SIMON, Receiver.
BENJAMIN F. FEINER, Attorney for Receiver, 35 Nassau St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of THALER BROS., Bankrupts. Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Feb'y 29th, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of woolens, cloth, fixtures, &c.

CHARLES MALNANOWITZ, Trustee.
EUGENE L. BONDY, Attorney for Trustee, 366 Broadway, New York.
NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
2 Rector St., Referee in Bankruptcy.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.

In the matter of ELITE GAS AND ELECTRIC FIXTURE CO., Bankrupt. Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Feb. 21st, 1912, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 2,893 3rd Ave., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of gas and electric fixtures, chandeliers, fixtures, &c.

EUGENE N. ROBINSON, Receiver.
MORRISON & SCHIFF, Attorneys for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

NOTICE.

Receiver's sale of a large quantity of furs and skins, to be sold at 34 West 25th St., on the 15th of February, 1912, at 10:30 A. M. Property may be inspected on premises on morning of sale. For further particulars apply to Lobel Aple, 34 West 25th St.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of JOSEPH WALIWELSKY and DANIEL WEINSTEIN, individually and as copartners, trading as WALIWELSKY & WEINSTEIN, Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that the personal property of the above-named bankrupts, consisting of ladies' cloaks and suits, machinery, and fixtures, will be sold under the direction of Meyer Levy, Trustee herein, at public auction, by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer, at 142 Division Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 15th day of February, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon.

MEYER LEVY, Trustee.
MORRIS & SAMUEL MEYERS, Attorneys for Trustee, 41 Park Row, New York City, N. Y.
JOHN J. TOWNSEND, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHERN District of New York.—In the matter of G. ZINGALES COMPANY, alleged bankrupt.

It appearing to my satisfaction by the petition of Messrs. Siegel & Siegel, verified the 5th day of February, 1912, that a petition was filed in this court on the 23d day of January, 1912, praying that the above-named G. Zingales Company be adjudged a bankrupt, and that a subpoena directed to said alleged bankrupt corporation was duly issued out of this court to the Marshal of this district, and that the said Marshal has been unable to serve the same, and that the officers of said alleged bankrupt corporation are not now within this district so that personal service may be made upon them, and that diligent efforts have since been made to ascertain the whereabouts of the said officers of the said alleged bankrupt corporation, and that they are not now within the jurisdiction of this court, it is

Now, on motion of Siegel & Siegel, attorneys for the petitioning creditors,

Ordered, That the above-named alleged bankrupt plead, answer, or demur on or before the 26th day of February, 1912, to the petition herein filed in the office of the Clerk of the court on the 23d day of January, 1912, and in case of its failure to plead, answer, or demur thereto adjudication shall be made according to the prayer of said petition, and it is further

Ordered, That this order be published in The New York Times once a week for two successive weeks, said publication to commence not later than the 9th day of February, 1912, and that a copy of this order be mailed to the said alleged bankrupt corporation at its last known residence, No. 319 East 107th Street, Manhattan Borough, New York City, on or before the date of its first publication.

Dated New York, February 6th, 1912.
LEARNED HAND, D. J.

NO. 14,936.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ISIDOR WISHINSKY and MAX M. MARCUS, copartners in trade, doing business under the name of NEWPORT EMBROIDERY WORKS, Bankrupts.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupts of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 17th day of April, A. D. 1911, the said Isidor Wishinsky and Max M. Marcus, copartners in trade, doing business under the name of Newport Embroidery Works, were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, City and County of New York, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 3:30 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupts and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
February 13th, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,199.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FLORENCE I. BURCHARD, doing business under the name of "FLORENCE," Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Florence I. Burchard, doing business under the name of "Florence" of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of February, A. D. 1912, the said Florence I. Burchard, doing business as aforesaid, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 2 Rector Street, City and County of New York, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 14, 1912.

NO. 15,757.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ADOLPH ABRAHAMS, individually and trading as AD. ABRAHAMS & CO., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Adolph Abrahams, individually and trading as Ad. Abrahams & Co., of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 30th day of December, A. D. 1911, the said Adolph Abrahams, individually and trading as aforesaid, was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 2 Rector Street, City and County of New York, on the 27th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 14, 1912.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of LOUIS ROTH and ADOLPH ROTH, individually and as copartners trading as ROTH ORTHOPEDIC INSTITUTE, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Louis Roth and Adolph Roth, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated February 14th, 1912, praying for the confirmation of a composition, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, February 26th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, February 14, 1912.

NO. 16,205.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SIEGFRIED BLUMENKROHN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Siegfried Blumenkrohn of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of February, A. D. 1912, the said Siegfried Blumenkrohn was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William St., City and County of New York, on the 29th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Banukruptcy.
February 15, 1912.

NO. 16,202.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of NATHAN MOSS, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Nathan Moss of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of February, A. D. 1912, the said Nathan Moss was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel S. Smith, Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William St., City and County of New York, on the 28th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 12 o'clock noon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL S. SMITH,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
February 15, 1912.

NO. 14,989.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of CHARLES A. BALDWIN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Charles A. Baldwin of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 25th day of April, A. D. 1911, the said Charles A. Baldwin was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of William Allen, referee in bankruptcy, No. 67 Wall Street, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM ALLEN,
February 13th, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of MOE BROZEN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Moe Brozen, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated January 17th, 1912, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, March 18th, 1912, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
Dated New York, February 13, 1912.

NO. 15,979.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE A. SCHEYER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 5th day of January, A. D. 1912, the said George A. Scheyer was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned referee in bankruptcy, No. 82 Beaver Street, City and County of New York, on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 11:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS,
Feb. 14, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

IN THE FOURTH AVENUE BUILDING
27th St. & 4th Ave.
750 sq. ft. desirable office space to sublet from now or May 1st, $1,025 yearly.
Apply to ALBERT B. ASHFORTH
NO. 10 E. 33D ST.

CHOICE SUITE FOR JEWELER or diamond dealer; north light,
No. 7 MAIDEN LANE,
CLOSE TO BROADWAY.
Also single office fronting on Maiden Lane. RENT $600 EACH.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

33 Water Street
Near Broad Street
Entire building to let, five-story and cellar; size 30x80; rent low; POSSESSION AT ONCE.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

MODERN NEW BUILDING, 25x100; Light and airy; ready for occupancy.
STORE & LOFTS
17 E. 17th ST. Bet. B'way & 5th Av.
Suitable showroom or light mfg., low rent. All improvements, elevator, steam, elect. lights. Inquire Damsey, 27 W. 114th, or your broker.

25 West Broadway
Headquarters of the crockery industry. All large, light offices, especially constructed for the display of china, glassware and crockery; steam heat, electric light, elevator; rents low.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Broadway & 39th St. Bldg
SMALL AND LARGE LIGHT OFFICES, $20 to $50.
HARRIS & VAUGHAN, Agts., 1,416 Broadway.

TO rent for a trust for which a lease will be given, a small but desirable building, four stories and cellar, on Beekman St.; suitable for almost any business; rent low.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

Bronx.

One-story building, Bronx, 35x140, suitable for automobile garage, wholesale grocery, wholesale plumbing supply, embroidery factory, or anything similar to same; rent $1,800. Knepper Realty Co., 99 Nassau St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

The Dearborn
350 to 358 W. 55th St.
JUST COMPLETED,
9-STORY FIREPROOF BUILDING,
All Modern Improvements,
Containing Apartments and Studios of
1, 2, 3 and 4 Rooms and Bath,
Kitchenettes and Kitchens. A few non-housekeeping one-room apartments.
Unfurnished,
$25 to $80.
Furnished,
$32.50 to $97.50.
NEW FURNITURE.
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES.
Satisfactory References Absolutely Indispensable.
This building is under the same ownership and management as the Cambria, 347-355 West 55th St.

Big Concessions.
94TH ST.
NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
High Class Elevator Apartments with All Improvements.
315 FRONT APT., 6 ROOMS & BATH, $46-$52.08. REAR APT., 5 ROOMS & BATH, $42.50. 8 ROOM APT., 2 LAVATORIES; $70.
321 4 ROOMS AND BATH AND EXTRA LARGE FOYER, $45 TO $50.
314 7 LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS AND BATH AND EXTRA LAVATORY, $1,000.

WASHINGTON & JEFFERSON,
318-328 WEST 51ST STREET.
Attractive apartments, six and eight large, light rooms, bath, elevator and all modern improvements. Premises or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Ave.

TO SUBLET
7-room apartment to Oct. 1st; regular rent $110; immediate possession, $75; every improvement; modern fireproof building; fashionable neighborhood.
302-306 W. 79TH ST. Bet. West End Ave. and Riverside Drive.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

606 West 137th St.
SUBWAY STATION
ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
Every Modern Improvement
5, 6 and 7 Rooms
$45 to $65 per month.

East Side.

120 EAST 31st ST.
High-class, eight-room, fireproof, elevator apartment; all light rooms; rent $1,500. Hibson Co., Lexington Av., cor. 34th St.

THE CLEVELAND
126-130 East 24th St.
Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

BRONX.

167TH ST., 991 EAST,
Three blocks from Simpson St. Subway station; 7 elegant, large, light rooms; improvements; new houses; 2 families on floor; reduced rents; $33 up.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Furnished.

4-ROOM APARTMENT, furnished or unfurnished, with kitchenette, in the ideally located Apartment-Hotel
SCHUYLER ARMS
Tel. 3964 River. 307 West 98th St.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 15,722.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MAX M. KRASNOFF, SOLOMON L. KRASNOFF, and SAMUEL KRASNOFF, individually and as members of the firm of KRASNOFF BROS. & CO., Bankrupts.

To the creditors of Max M. Krasnoff, Solomon L. Krasnoff, and Samuel Krasnoff, individually and as members of the firm of Krasnoff Bros. & Co., of the City, County, and State of New York and district aforesaid, bankrupts:

Notice is hereby given that on the 12th day of February, A. D. 1912, the said Max M. Krasnoff, Solomon L. Krasnoff, and Samuel Krasnoff were duly adjudicated bankrupts, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at my office, No. 71 Broadway, City and County of New York, N. Y., on the 27th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupts, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

Dated February 13th, 1912.
STANLEY W. DEXTER,
Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 15,717.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORRIS HERMAN, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Morris Herman of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 8th day of December, A. D. 1911, the said Morris Herman was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 29th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Feb. 14, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

NO. 16,197.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of THE J. C. VREELAND BUILDING COMPANY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of The J. C. Vreeland Building Company of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 9th day of February, A. D. 1912, the said The J. C. Vreeland Building Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., referee in bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, City and County of New York, on the 29th day of February, A. D. 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

PETER B. OLNEY,
Feb. 14, 1912. Referee in Bankruptcy.

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

F. and D. Company Takes Title to Madison Square Garden—Robert E. Dowling Buyer of the Del Drago Property—West Eighty-sixth Street Dwelling Brings $95,000.

Apart from the actual transfer of Madison Square Garden, the chief feature of interest amid the sales transactions of the day among a number of minor deals yesterday was the sale of a dwelling in Fifty-sixth Street, near Fifth Avenue, at a trifle under its assessed valuation. The house is a four-story structure, at 19 West Fifty-sixth Street, which was sold by Herbert A. Sherman for the United States Trust Company as trustee for the estate of William A. Eagleston. The buyer was stated as simply an investor. The property covers a plot 25 by 100.5 feet. It is assessed on the tax books at $97,000, but the deal was made a shade under that figure, being a considerable reduction from the existing prices a few years ago. It was held by the estate at $105,000. The buyer, it was stated, will use the house for a residence after making extensive alterations.

The long mooted transfer of the Garden was formally made yesterday, the deeds of conveyance as recorded in the Register's Office showing that the new owners, the F. & D. Company, of which G. Louis Boissevain is President, have given mortgages aggregating $2,850,000. The first mortgage is for $2,300,000 for three years, at 5 per cent., taken in the name of the Title Insurance Company, but which will be transferred to the New York Life Insurance Company, which arranged to loan that amount on the property when it was sold last June. The second mortgage is for $650,000, taken by Thomas W. Joyce of Brooklyn.

Leslie R. Palmer, Secretary of the F. & D. Company, said that the famous amusement structure will be retained intact for at lease a year, the original building plans having been postponed for the present. The price paid for the property, which includes the block bounded by Fourth and Madison Avenues, Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh Streets, was about $3,500,000.

West 86th Street Dwelling Brings $95,000.

The five-story American basement dwelling 48 West Eighty-sixth Street, on a lot 25 by 102.2, has been sold by Sonn Brothers. The buyer, who is reported to have paid $95,000 for the property, will occupy it.

Buyer for West Broadway Corner.

The two four-story buildings at the southwest corner of Duane Street and West Broadway have been sold to an investor by Mary B. Brandegee.

The structures, which occupy a plot 25 by 49.6, are known as 124 West Broadway.

Park Avenue Apartment Sold.

Another important transaction on Upper Park Avenue, where there has been considerable activity during the past week or ten days, was reported yesterday by Leon S. Altmayer, who sold for Anna C. Wiener the five-story double apartment house, with two stores known as 1,050 Park Avenue, on lot 25 by 81, about 125 feet north of Eighty-sixth Street.

The purchaser is E. Murtha. The property has been owned by the Wiener family for about twenty-five years, and adjoins the large holdings of George Ehret on Eighty-sixth Street and Park Avenue. Mr. Altmayer was also the broker in the sale of 72 East Eighty-seventh Street, which adjoins this Park Avenue building on the rear.

Another Madison Avenue Loft.

William A. White & Sons have placed a building and permanent loan for Leo Holstein to erect a twelve-story fireproof mercantile building at 112 and 114 Madison Avenue, on a plot 49.4 by 95. At the present time two private dwellings are located on the premises. These buildings will be demolished and work on the new building started as soon as possible from plans by William H. Birkmire, the architect.

Madison Avenue has been the scene of much activity recently. At the southeast corner of Thirtieth Street a new building is being erected by Dr. Thomas A. Emmet. Its location, between Fifth and Fourth Avenues, makes it desirable for wholesale houses now located in the old dry goods district.

Two West Side Sales.

George Kraus has sold for Henry Koch 451 West Forty-eighth Street, a five-story brownstone flat on a lot 24.6 by 100.5 to a client for investment.

Heil & Stern have sold for Alice Moorehead and others 60 West Thirty-eighth Street, a four-story building 20.10 by 98.9, to Daniel J. Carroll. Tucker, Speyers & Co. represented the seller.

R. E. Dowling Buyer of Del Drago House.

Robert E. Dowling, President of the City Investing Company, is the buyer of the residence of the Princess Josephine Del Drago, at 807 Fifth Avenue. The structure, which is modeled after a French château, occupies a plot 50 by 125 on the south corner of Sixty-second Street.

It has been unoccupied for several years and was on the market at $600,000, subject to a mortgage of $385,000.

Big Cash Deal on Heights.

An all cash investment deal on Washington Heights was reported yesterday by Du Bois & Taylor, who sold for the Placid Realty Company of which John Katzmann is President the two five-story apartment houses known as the Woodstock and the Wallingford at 535 to 541 West 163d Street, between Broadway and St. Nicholas Avenue, on plot 155 by 100.

The houses contain sixty apartments, fully leased, and were built two years ago.

Brooklyn.

William Reitman has sold for Peter Weideg two buildings located northwesterly of Grove Street and Central Avenue, 25 by 100 and 25 by 75, to E. Quigg of Brooklyn; also the southwesterly corner of Sterling Place and Albany Avenue, a four-story double brick building consisting of corner and inside store and seven apartments, for Lucretia Mogguerd of Manhattan, to an investor for $36,000.

Fred Oppenheimer of S. Oppenheimer & Co. has sold the five-story tenement at 84 Hopkins Street, near Marcy Avenue, on a lot 26.8 by 102.2, to an investor.

Bronx.

Clement H. Smith has sold for a client the four-story double flat at 2,250 Bassford Avenue, and also for Mr. Benedict the private house on the northeast corner of Mount Hope Avenue and 175th Street, a plot 39 by 70.

Recent Buyers.

George R. Branson and Edward S. Burtis are the purchasers of the dwelling, 157 East Seventy-fourth Street, sold recently by Mary Goldberg. The buyers also own 155 and 159 adjoining, and now control a frontage of 50.7 feet.

J. Baldwin Hand is the buyer of 55 St. Nicholas Place, a three-story dwelling. Mr. Hand owns and lives in 53, adjoining.

George Tilyou is the buyer of the dwelling, 63 Eighth Avenue, Brooklyn, reported sold recently by Henry Pierson & Co.

Queens Building Record.

Queens building operations during the past week amounted to $210,095. There were 48 applications for new buildings at an estimated cost of $178,490; 17 applications for alterations of an estimated value of $11,300, and 57 applications for plumbing permits at an estimated value of $19,305.

Estates at Auction.

Joseph P. Day will offer at public auction to-day at noon, in the Exchange Salesroom, 14 Vesey Street, a varied list of Manhattan, Brooklyn, and Staten Island parcels, among which are the following: For the estate of L. M. Des Vourney, deceased, two parcels—389 Broome Street, key to Mulberry Street corner, a four-story and basement loft building with salesrooms, on lot 24.9 by 106.3, and 47-49 Greene Street, a six-story and basement brick loft building, 48 by 100. Also at executor's sale for the estate of Heinrich Ruckelshausen, deceased, the southwest corner of Linden Street and Evergreen Avenue, Brooklyn, three four-story and basement brick tenements, plot 101 by 84.10. For the estate of James Elgar, deceased, 331 to 337 West Twenty-fourth Street, three four-story and basement brick buildings. At Supreme Court partition sale—215 East Fifty-ninth Street, a four-story and basement brick tenement, on lot 25 by 100.4; 41 West Forty-seventh Street, a four-story and basement brick and brownstone private dwelling, on lot 25 by 100.5; 9-11 West One Hundredth Street, a three-story and basement brick garage, with L extension in rear, 50 by 100.11 by 100 by 11.11 by irregular: 347 to 359 Southern Boulevard, seven brick tenements, near the "L" station, on plot 140 by 100; 340-342 East 134th Street, near Alexander Avenue, two four-story and basement brick tenements, on plot 42 by 100; the southeast corner of Madison Avenue and 124th Street, a three-story and basement brick and brownstone private dwelling on lot 20.6 by 80; 175 Avenue C, key to Eleventh Street corner, a five-story and basement brick tenement on lot 23.8 by 65; 74-76 Eldridge Street, two five-story brick tenements, with four stores and basements, on plot 50 by 87.6; 261 West Sixteenth Street, a four-story and basement brick apartment house on lot 23 by 106.3; 2,316-2,318 Third Avenue, near 126th Street, two three-story and basement brick tenements on plot 50 by 90, and to close the estate of Mary Frances McKeon, deceased, a farm of 54 acres with a two and a half story frame dwelling at Westfield, (Pleasant Plains,) Staten Island, and 334 and 338 West Eighteenth Street, two five-story and basement apartment houses on plot 60 by 92.

Church Extension as Memorial.

Plans have been filed for building an extension three stories high in the front of St. Matthew's Church on the north side of 148th Street, 175 feet west of Amsterdam Avenue. The extension will have a frontage of 50 feet, and a depth of 27.9 feet, and is to be used for the rectory, and will be known as the Gallaudet Memorial. The facade will be of limestone and brick in the Gothic style of architecture. Satterlee & Boyd, the architects, estimate the cost at $20,000.

Leases.

Cross & Brown Co. has leased for the Constantinople Hotel Company a store at 17 East Twenty-fourth Street to Theodore Grebe for a term of years.

Everett M. Seixas & Co. have leased for the 507 Fifth Avenue Company a suite of offices in the Columbia Bank Building to the Emile Bachelet Company.

Pease & Elliman have leased for a term of years to Louis Riccitelli for the United Merchants' Realty and Improvement Company, the store at 1 Park Place, and to Edward Weck a store in the Liberty Tower Building, known as 45 Nassau Street.

William H. Whiting & Co. have leased the store at 535 Pearl Street to H. C. Hansen Type Foundry, and the store at 40 Fulton Street to Samuel Dauer.

Henry R. Dwight has leased for Henry Harper Benedict the six-story building at 186 Greenwich Street, between Fulton and Dey Streets, to the Fisher-Mitchell Company, brush manufacturers, for a term of years.

H. C. Senior & Co. have leased for Harriet Cameron the four-story dwelling at 230 West Forty-sixth Street to Ernest Dessau, and for Susie Scott Hall the three-story dwelling at 128 West Sixty-fifth Street to Mary McCall.

Samuel H. Martin has leased in conjunction with Huberth & Gabel for William Randolph Hearst offices on the second floor in the American Building at Columbus Circle to the Gwilliam Company.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

St. Nicholas Av, 880, e s, opposite 154th St, 90.1x117.5x irregular, six-story Hearncliff apartment house; executors' sale; bid in at $164,750.

Convent Av, 426 to 436, n w corner of 150th St, 108.11x25x99.11x68.5, five-story Kenway apartment house; executors' sale; to Henry Diehl, $66,800.

By Joseph P. Day.

66th St, 233 West, n s, 475 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 25x100.5, five-story tenement; foreclosure, adjourned to Feb. 28.

47th St, 449 West, n s, 262.6 ft e of 10th Av, 18.9x100.5, five-story tenement; foreclosure, adjourned to Feb. 21.

115th St, 73 East, n s, 115 ft w of Park Av, 25x100.5, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Betty Davidson, $17,400.

75th St, 436 East, s s, 175 ft w of Avenue A, 25x102.2, six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, to the defendant, I. D. Levy, $21,100.

By Daniel Greenwald.

48th St, 229 East, n s, 300 ft w of 2d Av, 12.6x100.5, three-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, Hanchen Strauss, $5,000.

AT 3.156 THIRD AV.

By Joseph P. Day.

Concord Av, 349, w s, 60 ft s of 142d St, 20x100, three-story dwelling; foreclosure, to the plaintiff, N. L. Archer, $4,000.

Jackson Av, 840 and 842, n e corner of 160th St, 48.8x79, five-story tenement and stores; foreclosure, to Ella Kullman, $48,400.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

Blackwell's Island, e s, opposite 68th St; for a two-story bone grinding and rendering plant, 20x30; City, owner; S. A. Taggart, architect; cost, $5,000.

59th St, s s, 200 ft w of 6th Av; for a nine-story store and studio, 25x80.4; Dr. J. Sachs, 60 Wall St, owner; H. M. Baer, architect; cost, $50,000.

147th St, 514 and 516 West; for a seven-story garage, store rooms, and shop, 50x99.11; United Electric Light and Power Co., 1,170 Broadway, owner; W. E. McCoy, architect; cost, $130,000.

Broadway, 1,437 and 143 and 145 West 40th St; for a three and six story store and loft, 24.6 on Broadway by 50 on 40th St; estate of Francis F. Kinney, 22 William St, owner; Childs Co., lessee; J. C. Westervelt, architect; cost, $90,000.

Decatur Av, s e corner of 194th St, for a one-story frame store, 99.10½x23.7; Katherine E. Olhusen, Harrison, N. Y., owner; George P. Crosier, architect; cost, $2,000.

225th St, s s, 236.30 ft w of Paulding Av, for four two-story frame dwellings, 21x46 each; Charles Ringelstein, 847 East 222d St, owner; Henry Nordheim, architect; cost, $13,000.

165th St, s w corner of Morris Av, for two five-story and one four-story brick tenements, sizes irregular; Mitchell & McDermott, 1,094 Southern Boulevard, owner; Kreymborg Architectural Co., architect; cost, $81,000.

Alterations.

Items under $5,000 omitted.

148th St, n s, 175 ft w of Amsterdam Av, to a one-story church; St. Matthew's Church, premises, owner; Satterle & Boyd, architects; cost, $20,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, FEB. 14.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted, address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

ATTORNEY ST, 33, w s, 25x100; Gusta Levy to Harris Schwartz, 951 Avenue St. John, (mtg $29,750,) Feb. 13; attorneys, Manheim & M., 302 Broadway....$100

AUDUBON AV, n w corner of 179th St, 50x100; Queen Mab Co. to Alexander McDowell, 63 Morningside Av, East, (mtg $67,500,) Feb. 13; attorneys, Pressinger & N., 60 Wall St..$1

BROOME ST, n s, 127 ft e of Hudson St, 25.6x84.3; Lilian Begley and others, children of John M. Willis, to John M. Willis, their father, 582 Broome St, (mtg $7,000 and all liens,) Feb. 7; attorney, H. M. Gescheidt, 309 Broadway....$1

HOUSTON ST, 301 East, s w s, 18x52; Leopold Zimmermann to John H. Bodine, 1,427 Madison Av, Feb. 5; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St....$11,275

JANE ST, 37, n s, 20.8x87.10; Cornelia J. Budd to Martha A. Gaines, 150 West 59th St, Feb. 14; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

LEXINGTON AV, w s, 40.11 ft s of 120th St, 20x64.10; Jennie Kuretsky to Maurice Cohen, Yonkers, N. Y., Jan. 16; attorney, Edward A. Isaacs, 27 William St....$100

MADISON and 4TH AVS, 26th and 27th Sts, the block; Madison Square Garden Co. to F. & D. Co., 68 William St, Feb. 5; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway....$1,000

MADISON ST, 352, s s, 23.3x95; Samuel Birnbaum to Mary Birnbaum, 415 East 75th St, all liens, July 21, 1911; attorneys, Cary & Carroll, 59 Wall St....$1

SAME PROPERTY, Mary Birnbaum to Joseph F. Dempsey, 275 Macon St, Brooklyn, all liens, Feb. 13; attorneys, same....$1

PARK AV, 1,503, e s, 26.11x80; Agnes Riehl to Christian S. Schunke, 300 East 82d St, or 1,503 Park Av, (mtg $11,200,) Jan. 24....$100

2D AV, 2,405, w s, 25.3x90; David Goldfarb to Morris Tartikoff, 1,234 44th St, Brooklyn, (mtg $14,000,) Oct. 27, 1911; attorney, Oscar Bellick, 93 Nassau St....$1

24TH ST, 119 to 125 West, n s, 100x irregular; Joseph L. Graf and others to Graf Realty Holding Co., 312 Broadway, (mtg $135,000,) Feb. 6; attorney, Hy. Meyer, 302 Broadway....$100

43D ST, 325 West, 25x100.5; Annie Roberts to 48th Street Company, 27 William St, Feb. 8; attorney, Edward A. Isaacs, 27 William St....$100

43D ST, 330 West, 25x100.5; Millie Claman to 48th Street Company, 27 William St, Feb. 7; attorney, Edward A. Isaacs, 27 William St....$100

60TH ST, 123 West, n s, 16.10x100.5; Richard Wightman to Elizabeth Wightman 2d, his daughter, 605 West End Av, (mtg $10,000,) Jan. 23; attorney, J. Bottomley, 27 William St....Gift

74TH ST, s s, 139 ft w of Columbus Av, 19x102.2; Adelaide V. Adams to N. Taylor Phillips, 250 West 75th St, Feb. 14, (mtg $21,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway....$1

92D ST, 143 West, 20x100.8; Dennis F. O'Brien to Jessie A. McClelland, 800 West 106th St, Feb. 14, (mtg $16,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway....$100

98TH ST, 105 West, n s, 25x100.11; Hyman Spektorsky, executor, &c., to Frank Canovatchel, 105 West 98th St, (mtg $15,000,) Feb. 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$22,000

SAME PROPERTY; Julie Samuels and others to same, quitclaim, Feb. 5; same attorney..$1

115TH ST, 71 East, 25x100.10; Anna Lieb to Harry Michaels, 283 1st Av, Feb. 14, (mtg $22,000;) attorney, Samuel S. Isaacs, 149 Broadway....$100

132D ST, 159 West, n s, 20x99.11; Andrew M. Battle to the Baptist Temple, 445 Lenox Av, (mtg $8,500 and all liens,) Jan. 20; attorney, E. A. Johnson, 154 Nassau St....$1

144TH ST, n s, 199.6 ft w of 8th Av, 26x99.11; Jennie Kuretsky to Rose S. Freidus and another, 745 Jennings St, June 22, 1910; attorney, Edward A. Isaacs, 27 William St....$100

150TH ST, 305 and 307 West, n e corner of Bradhurst Av, 112.6x99.11; Herman F. Bindseil to Eugenie Schildnecht, 293 Broadway, Borough of Queens, (mtg $120,000,) Feb. 1; attorney, Lawyers Title and Insurance Co., 160 Broadway....$100

163D ST, 446 West, s s, 37.6x112.6; Jennie Kinetsky to Rose S. Freidus, 745 Jennings St; Maurice Cohen, Pennsylvania Av, Crestwood, Yonkers, and Morris Steinberg, 531 West 151st St, all liens, Dec. 11; attorney, Edward A. Isaacs, 27 William St....$100

163D ST, s s, 1,626 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 37.6x112.6; Jennie Kinetsky to Rose S. Freidus, 745 Jennings St; Maurice Cohen, Pennsylvania Av, Crestwood, Yonkers, and Morris Steinberg, 531 West 151st St, all liens, Oct. 13, 1911; attorney, same....$100

177TH ST, n s, 100 ft w of Audubon Av, 150x94.11; James Murray to McAfee Building Co., n w corner of 143d St and Southern Boulevard, quitclaim, (mtg $30,000 and all liens,) Feb. 13; attorneys, Pressinger & N., 60 Wall St....$1

183D ST, s s, 100 ft e of St. Nicholas Av, 75x104.11; Edgar V. Baker to Denis F. and Mary R. O'Brien, 125 Alta Av, Yonkers, N. Y., (mtg $111,000,) Feb. 14; Denis F. O'Brien, 1,480 Broadway....$100

184TH ST, s s, 300 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 70 ft to e s of Audubon Av x 79.3x70x81.8; Queen Mab Co. to Alexander McDowell, 63 Morningside Av, East, (mtg $30,000,) Feb. 13; attorneys, Pressinger & N., 60 Wall St..$1

Bronx.

AVENUE C, n e corner of 12th St, 33x105, Unionport; Edw. A. Schill to Leopold Vath, 2,844 Coddington Av, Oct. 11, 1911, (mtg $12,000;) attorney, Francis X. Kelly, 500 Willis Av....$100

BECK ST, s s, 272.6 ft e of Avenue St. John, 162.6x125; Morris Osmansky to Osban Realty Co., 27 Walker St, Nov. 30, 1911, (mtg $22,500;) address, 27 Walker St....$1

BOSCOBEL AV, e s, 72.11 ft s of Plympton St, 26x95.6; Daniel Cunningham to John Bernett, 440 West 22d St, (mtg $5,000,) Jan. 31; attorney, S. A. Langfur, 280 Broadway....$1

BRIGGS AV, w s, 140 ft n of 196th St, 20x92.4; Frederick A. Wurzbach to National Holding Co., 149th St. and 3d Av, Feb. 13; attorney, Robert H. Bergman, 3,219 3d Av....$100

BROOK AV, 1,474, e s, 25x100.7; Jonah Cohen to Joseph Cohen, 229 West 111th St, Jan. 23; address, 229 West 111th St....$100

BROOK AV, 420, e s, 25x100; Elvira Kadane to Abraham Blumberg and another, 410 West 148th St, 107-400 parts, Feb. 7; attorney, H. C. Gordon, 320 Broadway....$1,100

DECATUR AV, w s, 75 ft s of 209th St, 25x100; Mary Kane to Coster Realty Co, 882 East 169th St, (mtg $7,000,) Dec. 11, 1911; attorney, F. C. Kirleman, 391 East 149th St....$1

LOT 215, map of Section 4, St. Raymond Park; Frederick James to Eugenie Govry, 250 East 32d St, Feb. 9; attorney, George A. Hefter, 2,164 Westchester Av....$100

MORRIS PARK AV, n s, 240 ft e of White Plains Road, 25x95; Joseph Gamache to Charlotte Doerr, 297 1st Av, Feb. 6, (mtg $13,500;) attorney, A. H. Vitale, 61 Park Row....$100

PLOT begins 840 ft e of White Plains Road and point 75 ft n of Morris Park Av, 25x100; Vincent Boscarelli to Marianna Boscarelli, 1,921 Barnes Av, (mtg $3,000,) Feb. 10; attorney, W. Celia, 220 Broadway....$100

TINTON AV, w s, 308.9 ft n of 161st St, 41.3x135; John Retz to Rosie Ruff, 425 East 162d St, (mtg $41,000,) Feb. 13; attorney, F. Weber, 391 East 149th St....$100

229TH ST, s s, Lot 876, map of Wakefield, 100x114; G. & S. Realty Co. to Gennaro Fico, 566 East 187th St, Feb. 14, (mtg $3,600;) attorneys, Frankenthaler & K., 35 Nassau St....$1

233D ST, s s, 155 ft e of 5th Av, 50x114; Charles A. Curtin, referee, to William A. Cameron, 50 East 196th St, Feb. 14; attorney, William D. Cameron, 154 Nassau St....$100

239TH ST, s s, 429.1 ft e of Katonah Av, 29.1x100; Fairmount Realty Co to Adelaide M. Boyce, 829 Willis Av, (mtg $4,000,) Feb. 8; attorney, C. J. Nehrbas, Hall of Records....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With names and addresses of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BRADHURST AV, n e corner of 150th St, 305 and 307 West, 99.11x112.6; Eugenie Schildknecht to Herman F. Bindseil, 2,158 Aqueduct Av., Feb. 1, 5 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers' Title Insurance & Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$55,000

HOUSTON ST, 301 East, s w s, 18x52; John H. Bodine to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St, Feb. 8; 3 years; attorneys, Bowers & Bonds, 31 Nassau St....$8,000

MADISON AV, n e corner of 26th St, 197.6 to 27th St, x 425 to 4th Av; F. & D. Co. to Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway, Feb. 5, 3 years; address, 135 Broadway..$2,300,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Thomas W. Joyce, 663 Willoughby Av, Brooklyn, N. Y.; prior mtg. $2,300,000; Feb. 5, due &c, as per bond; attorneys, Alexander & G., 165 Broadway....$650,000

MERCER ST, 83, w s, 25x100; Powhatan Realty Co to American Mortgage Co, 31 Nassau St, Feb. 14, 3 years; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St....$24,000

PEARL ST, 477; Ernst A. W. Wilkens to Emigrant Ind Sav Bank, 51 Chambers St, Feb. 14, 3 years; attorney, M. J. Scanlon, 31 Chambers St....$25,000

8D AV, 2,031, e s, 25x100; Anna Levy and others to Henry Wollman, 1 West 70th St, Feb. 13, 6 years; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$30,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Myer Lichtenstein, 105 West 129th St, Feb. 13, prior mtg $30,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, M. V. Rosenberg, 132 Nassau St....$2,000

8D AV, 581, e s, 18.5x75; Samuel Fleischmann and another, executors, to Blanche F. Rosenthal, 48 West 96th St, Feb. 14, prior mtg $10,000, due as per bond; attorneys, Fleischmann & Fox, 32 Liberty St....$2,000

15TH ST, s s, 68.3 ft w of 2d Av, 25.9x103.3; Mary J. Schieffelin to Rachel Forunto, individual and administratrix, 312 East 106th St, Feb. 10, due July 1, 1912; attorneys, Taft & Sherman, 15 William St....$2,000

21ST ST, 357 West, —x—; William J. Stevens to Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, Jan. 24, due as per bond; address 176 Broadway....$3,000

44TH ST, 155 West, 21x100.5; 45th St, 156 West, 20x100.5; May Irwin Eisfeldt to Hudson City Savings Institution, 560 Warren St, Hudson, N. Y., 5 years 4½ p. c., Feb. 5; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$80,000

57TH ST, 47 East, 20x80; Anna S. Elliott to Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway, Feb. 14, due as per bond; address 176 Broadway....$50,000

70TH ST, 334 East, s s, 27.6x100.4; Solomon L. Davidsohn to Sarah and Frances Davidsohn, 334 East 70th, Jan. 9, due Feb. 1, 1915, 6 p. c.; address, 334 East 70th St....$1,000

107TH ST, 213 East, 25x100.11; Rebecca Isear to 3d Av Bldg Co, 465 East 174th St, prior mtg $12,000, Feb. 13, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Morrison & S., 320 Broadway....$2,000

123D ST, s s, 87 ft e of Lenox Av, 13x90.10; Sarah L. Mellor to East River Savings Institution, 291 Broadway, Feb. 14, 5 years; attorney, O. Hubbard, 56 Pine St....$9,500

Bronx.

BOYD AV, 4,130, e s, 25x100; Charles E. Porteous and another to Carlos A. Cooke and another, 122 West Fordham Road, executors, Feb. 13, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway....$2,700

BROOK AV, e s, part of Lot 166, map of Morrisania, 22x100; Luigi Franco to Raffaele Franco, 538 West 132d St, Feb. 14, 3 years; attorneys, Slade & S., 200 Broadway..$4,200

BRYANT AV, e s, 150 ft n of 172d St, 75x100; Waner Realty Corporation to Concourse Improvement Co., 1,150 Clay Av, Feb. 13, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorney, E. J. Krug, Jr., 150 Nassau St....$44,000

EAGLE AV, 681, w s, 19.11x99.5; Margaretha Hanfman to Patrick J. Owens, 887 Trinity Av, prior mtg $5,500, Feb. 9, 4 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, John J. O'Brien, 320 Broadway....$1,200

LOT 5, map of Clasons Point, contains 1 50-100 acres; Henry Baumann and another to George F. Droste, 1,812 Madison Av, due May 16, 1915, Feb. 14; attorney, George H. Hyde, 41 Park Row....$1,500

WASHINGTON AV, e s, 50 ft s of 164th St, 50x101; Duminuco Construction Co. to Rockland Realty Co., 2,808 3d Av, Feb. 14, prior mtg $35,000, 1 year, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St....$5,000

WENDOVER AV, n w corner of Washington Av, 45x99.6; Abraham Siegel to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Feb. 14, 5 years; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway....$53,000

WESTCHESTER AV, w s, 246.1 ft s of 160th St, 200x—; Wolf Burland to David Schwartz, 107 6th Av, Feb. 13, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Heyman & H., 35 Nassau St..$25,000

WESTCHESTER AV, n w s, 246.9 ft s w of 160th St, 200x—; Wolf Burland to William Condit, Hoboken, N. J., Feb. 13, 5 years; attorneys, James, S. & E., 170 Broadway....$205,000

229TH ST, s s, Lot 876, map of Wakefield, 100x114; Gennaro Fico to G. & S. Realty Co., 409 East 149th St, Feb. 14, 2 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Frankenthaler & K., 35 Nassau St....$1,600

SAME PROPERTY; G. & S. Realty Co. to Alfred Frankenthaler, 1,215 Madison Av, Feb. 8, due June 1, 1912, 6 p. c.; attorney, same....$425

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

AMSTERDAM AV, 1,474, store and part cellar; John F. Morris to Margaret A. Guilfoyle, 1,240 3d Av, 10 years from Feb. 1, 1912; attorney, W. H. Stewart, 1,639 3d Av..$1,800

BROADWAY, 2,602 and 2,604, store and basements; T. J. McLaughlin Sons to Georges Constantin, 611 West 112th St, 10 years from May 1, 1912; address, 3,458 Broadway....$4,400

COLUMBUS AV, 822, store and part cellar; Louise M. Hebermann and others, to Sobel Brothers, 5 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, Mayer & K., 256 Broadway....$1,900

NORTH MOORE ST, 61 and 63, n s of the land Protestant Episcopal Society for Promoting Religion and Learning, in State of N. Y., to Denison P. Chesebro and another, New Rochelle, N. Y., 21 years from May 1, 1912; attorneys, Gannon, S. & R., 2 Rector St....$1,330

NORTH MOORE ST, 65 and 67, n s of the land; same to same; 21 years from May 1, 1912; attorneys, same....$2,000

WESTCHESTER AV, 718, store and part; Samuel E. Jacobs to Michael F. O'Connell, 601 Jackson Av, 10 years from Nov. 1, 1911; attorney, William H. Stewart, 1,639 3d Av....$2,400

1ST AV, 1,944, all; Sadie Paskowitz to Antonio Ausalone and another, 213 East 107th St, 3 3-12 years from July 1, 1911; attorney, Antonio Ansalone, 126 East 108th St....$3,360

2D AV, 2,238, store and basement, &c; Michele Farina to Mary Costa, 320 East 113th St, 3 years from Feb. 1, 1912; attorney, H. Koehler & Co., 501 1st Av....$1,080

3D AV, 3,052, store floor and bakeshop; Adam Stein to Charles Hecker, 3,052 3d Av, 3 years from May 1, 1912; attorney, O. A. Deffaas, 3,013 3d Av....$960

3D AV, 105, store and basement; Jonas Kind and others to John H. Kracke, 3 years from May 1, 1914; attorney, W. H. Stewart, 1,639 3d Av....$2,400

3D AV, 105, store and basement; Jonas Kind and others, to Patrick J. Bryan, 5 years from May 1, 1909; attorney, W. H. Stewart, 1,639 3d Av....$2,400

3D AV, 344, store and bsaement; Marshall L. Warren and another, to Samuel G. Goldberg, Jr., 344 3d Av, 5 3-12 years from Feb. 1, 1912; address, 344 3d Av....$1,500

8TH AV, 558, store; Melvin L. Morris and others, trustees, to Benjamin Lavietas and another, 588 8th Av, 2 years from Dec. 1, 1911; address, 588 8th Av....$1,320

13TH ST, 14 East, store and part basement; William Elfers to Jacob Kolbeck, 114 West 16th St, 5 years from Feb. 1, 1912; attorney, W. H. Stewart, 1,639 3d Av....$1,500

19TH ST, 435 and 437 West, all; Elizabeth A. Halligan to Autocar Sales Co., 428 West 19th St., 3 2-12 years from Oct. 1, 1911; attorney, William Henkel, Jr., 64 William St....$10,000

88TH ST, 204 and 206 West, all; Howard Menn to Joseph Morrell, Passaic, N. J., 3 years from Feb. 1, 1912; attorney, Goodwin & G., 260 Lenox Av....$7,200

128TH ST, 124 East, all; Albert E. Hankinson to David W. King, 157 7th Av, 1 3-12 years from March 1, 1912; attorney, Samuel S. Lobenthal, 51 St. Nicholas Av....$420

141ST ST, 561 West, corner store and basement; Broadway, 3,464, room in basement; Walter S. Mack and others, to G. Construction Co., 611 West 112th St, 5 1-12 years from July 1, 1910; address, 3,458 Broadway....$2,100

148TH ST, 510 to 524 West, four buildings; Edward J. Samuels to Morris Insel, 699 East 6th St, 3 years from March 1, 1912; attorney, Solomon H. Eisler, 261 Broadway....$15,300

MECHANICS' LIENS.

BRYANT AV, 1,352; Tremont Iron Works against William Shapiro, contractor; Eli Beline, owner....$56

FULTON AV, 1,465 to 1,469; Lockwood Co. against Bethal Construction Co., owner and contractor....$430

HAVEN AV, s e corner of 180th St, 100x147; William McPherson & Co. against Plaun Construction Co., owner; Conforti Excavating and Foundation Co., contractors....$83

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, n e corner of 151st St, 145x99.11x irregular; Anton Larsen & Son against Sillon Construction Co., owner, (renewal)....$593

VARICK ST, 105; Joseph Schurman against Franklin Partridge, owner and contractor.$100

7TH AV, s w corner of 136th St, 25x100; Abraham Getzoff against Mary W. Dunlap, owner and contractor....$84

11TH AV, 635; Empire City Iron Works against Obermeyer & Liebman, owner; John Langley Co., contractor....$174

83D ST, s s, 225 ft e of Columbus Av, 100x102.2; Kertscher & Co. against Hennessy Realty Co., owner and contractor....$2,500

171ST ST, n s, 100.2 ft e of 3d Av, 50x120; Sun Fireproof Sash and Door Co. against Charles Bjorkegren, Inc., owner and contractor....$103

230TH ST, s s, 305 ft e of Barnes Av, 50x114; Schneider Tile Co. against same....$62

230TH ST, s s, 305 ft e of Barnes Av, 50x114; I. Rosario Lo Bue against Vincenzo Avarello, owner and contractor....$218

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

HOFFMAN ST, 2,501 to 2,509; Meyer Gruzenskie against Pinnicle Realty Co. and others, Feb. 7, 1912, (by bond)....$760

SAME PROPERTY; Brand & Silverstein Iron Works against same, Jan. 9, 1912, (by bond)....$858

TAYLOR AV, 1,718; Joseph Greenbaum against Ide Redbord and others, Nov. 21, 1911, (canceled)....$31

6TH AV, 388 and 390; National Bridge Works against Mary A. Gordon and others, Jan. 18, 1912....$557

42D ST, 23 West; J. Odell Whitenack against Charles F. Hoffman and others, Jan. 30, 1911....$1,227

LIS PENDENS.

CHARLES ST, n e corner of Greenwich St, 45.9x58.1x irregular; Daniel E. Seybel and others against Mary C. Mead and others, (partition;) attorney, J. Fettretch.

LAFAYETTE ST, 184; Michaelis H. Ziegel against Michael Brigante Company and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Elsman, Levy, Corn & Lewine.

LEXINGTON AV, w s, 49.5 ft s of 87th St, 24.6x84; Annie Bergin against Mary A. Doris and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. J. Kean.

MAIN ST, w s, 50 ft s of Beach St, 225x31x irregular; Annie C. King against Martin J. Earley and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, J. E. Miller.

MADISON AV, w s, 182.7 ft s of 130th St, 16.5x75; Irving Smith against Elizabeth Smith and others, (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, W. A. Kirk.

WEST END AV, 171; Giovanni Saverese against Saverio Aeillo and others, (action to set aside deed;) attorneys, M. & B. Jaffe.

WEST BROADWAY, 219; William Wray against John S. Norris and others, (partition;) attorneys, Fuller & Prest.

83D ST, 227 and 229 East, (two actions;) Josephine E. Daly against Mollie Miller, (foreclosure of two mortgages;) attorney, G. B. Hayes.

89TH ST, 72 West; Carrie Kauffman and others against Ruth Rosenberg and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, E. Jacobs.

197TH ST, n s, Lots 3, 4, and 5, and part of Lots 3, 6, and 7, map of property of Metropolitan Real Estate Association, Bronx; Virginia Anderson against Amalia Pirk and others, (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, S. Williamson.

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SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—Gavegan, J. 3657—Jonas v. Lurie. 3662—Whalen v. Shancoff. 3357—Martens v. Reinhardt. 3698—Snyder v. City of N Y. 3714—Lyons v. T. J. Reilly Co. 3723—Lawler v. Pitkin & Holdsworth Worsted Co. 3358—Shlom v. Met Opera Co. 3471—Lansky v. Tepfer. 3688—Dunsmore v. Greenstein. 3509—Swartz v. City of N Y. 3696—Coffee v. Woolley. 3713—Futia v. N Y Transp Co. 3260—Burke v. Robinson. 3729—Ward v. Hegeman & Co. 6671—Guilford v. George Backer Const Co. 6682—Cassano v. Brown. 3243—Greenwald v. City of N Y. 3160—Bobis v. Warhelt Pub Co. 3541—Chapman v. Courtney. 3177—Economopulos v. N Y Transp Co. 3426—Calhoun v. Wesselhoff. 2826—Duckett v. Hofferberth. 3737—Laocella v. Kelly. 3666—Sullivan v. City of N Y. 3743—Houck v. City of N Y. 3747—Kinsley v. United Elec L & P Co. 3751—Sherman v. W B Riker & Son Co. 3752—Kammerer v. Liberty Brew Co. 3754—Kluft v. Parkway Amuse Co. 3755—Scott v. Wilkins. 3756—Harms v. Levy. 3757—Same v. same. 3760—Berkofsky v. City of N Y. 6032—Bingham v. Crowley. 3414—Resnik v. Central Taxi Car Co. 3588—Smith v. Rubel. 3610, 3611—Blank v. Jorgensen. 1420—Applegate v. Wanamaker. 4485—Roach v. Miller. 3671—Painter v. Kelly. 3678—Causa v. Roosevelt. 3731—Strauss v. Shlachtezki. 624—Draisin v. Brinn. 3505—Toole v. N Y Livery and Auto Co. 2745—Haskamp v. N Y Taxicab Co. Case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Terms—Part IV., case on; Part V., case on; Part VI., clear; Part VII., case on; Part IX., case on; Part X., case on; Part XI., case on.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part XIV., Bischoff, J. Inquest, 3191—Gaudy v. Brady. 2128—Little v. Martin. 3969—Elmohar Co v. People's Surety Co. 3965—Grotheer v. Schierenbeck. 3862—Kline Bros & Co v. Potomac Ins Co. 3863—Same v. Mount Royal Assur Co. 3859—Same v. Ontario Fire Ins Co. 3860—Same v. Montreal-Canada Fire Ins Co. 3867—Same v. Anglo-Am Fire Ins Co. 3761—Sandlass v. Mustacchi. 4103—Uvalde Asphalt Paving Co v. City of N. Y. 4144—Marchesini v. Alessandria. 4167—Ure v. Bronder. 4109—Dana v. Green. 3808—Greenberg v. Levy. 3906—Messmer v. Boettger Silk Finishing Co. 4153—Quinlan v. City of N. Y. 3984—Railway Elec Power Co v. Westinghouse Mach Co. 4072—Am Pianograph Co v. Smith. 4017—Jacobs v. Bernstein. 4319—Coakley v. City of N. Y. 1673—Riemer v. Shapiro & Co. 4104—Schwartz v. Klar. 4173—Citizens' Central Nat Bank v. Rothschild. 4309—Mandel v. Hopkins. 3961—Warren v. Const Ins Co. 3749—M. Morganthau, Jr. Co v. Friedlander. 3219—European-Am Bank v. McCaffrey Water Motor, &c, Co. 5672—City of N Y v. Cont Asphalt Paving Co. 5940—Same v. Boyce. 5966—Same v. Fillman. 5896—City of N Y v. Hardware Pub Co. 4087—McCarty v. City of N. Y. 4179—Dey v. Tilley. 4039—Arezzo v. Sorrentino. 3591—Baar v. Swartwout. 2786—Kingsbury v. Jackson Bros Brew Co. 2884—Nugent v. Gerten. 3678—Kean v. Magnus. 3924—Shapiro v. Beard. 4285—Reading Metal Body Co v. Palmer & Singer Mfg Co. 4231—Johnston v. Alabama Sec Co. 3139—Lowenstein v. Mills. 3055—Conway, Jr. v. Mac Rae. Clear.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Terms—Part XII., case on; Part XIII., case on; Part XV., case on; Part XVII., case on; Part XVIII., clear.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S.—Wills for probate: Johannes Muller, Henry R Hendren, John G Waterman, John Whitbeck, Anna E Auger, Louis P Cloner, Ella V Delvalle, Daniel Krauss, Edward Carter, Anna M Bronny, Patrick Carroll, Morris Klumberg, Peter Catella, Margaret L Moore, Rosetta Woolf, Simon A Lauer, Joseph H Hulme.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Fowler, S.—Contested wills: Oscar E Schmidt, Sarah Roth, Sem Schmelzer, John J Dempsey, Anna Spielman, estate James Foster, estate John Faherty.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., McAvoy, J., clear; Part III., Finelite, J., clear; Part IV., Schmuck, J., clear; Part V., Green, J., case on; Part VI., Smith, J., case on; Part VII., O'Dwyer, C. J., case on; Part VIII., Lynch, J., clear. Calendar called in Trial Term, Part I. Room, at 9:45 A. M. 5407—Lang v. Smith Cont Co. 5826—Eisenberg v. Share. 5313—Cohen v. Cohen. 5761—Gilpin v. Lincoln Square Garage Co. 4889—Weintraub v. Int R T Co. 5232—Silverstein v. Goldstone. 5833—Valensi v. De Caro. 5845—Samuels v. Seligmann. 5853—Weil v. Lapinsky. 5376—Prunety v. Joline. 3522—N Y C & H R R R v. United Surety Co. 649—Bernhardt v. N Y C & H R R R. 5066—Heiliger v. Ritter. 5302—Herbst v. Stern. 5760—Mahoney v. Davis. 5791—Hano v. Rothman Co. 5774—Goldman v. Black. 5813—Brackett v. Mason-Seamon Transp Co. 5864—Strever v. Peoples Vaudeville Co. 5865—Hyman v. Stoneham. 5866—Molineaux v. Joline. 5867—McGinley v. Knick Stable Co. 5867½—Brewster v. Int R T Co. 5868—Hills v. B & O R R. 5875—Pelton Water Wheel Co v. Carter. 5882—Walker v. Mitral Realty & Const Co. 5884—Limsky v. Joline. 5885—Tesman v. Rauft. 5886—Uman v. Edelstein. 5886½—Guinane v. Bookman. 5888—Grady v. Joline. 5890—Van Praag v. C R R of N J. 5900—Shapiro v. Joline. 5901—Friedenberg v. Consol, &c, Co. 5902—Murphy v. Polzillo. 5903—Michaels v. Kennedy. 5904—Goldberger v. Int R T Co. 5905—Miller v. Carlin Const Co. 5906—Gathelf v. Anthony Const Co. 5907—Voska, Foelsch & Sidlo v. Levin. 5908—Wilson v. Joline. 5909—Bauling v. Lesser. 5912—Cook v. Krause. 5913—Bamable v. Park. 5914—Gilfoy v. Buehler. 5922—Scavone v. N Y C & H R R R. 5923—Gigan v. same.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part II., La Fetra, J. 4012—Goldstein v. Daxe Varnish Co. 3968—Donnell v. Acme, &c, Co. 3936—Hagen v. Potter. 3951—Moore v. Bergen. 3954—Eob v. Jacobson. 4002—Bloomingdale v. Penfield. 3973—Van Horn v. Graham. 4007—McCormick v. Hazard. 4006—Brower v. Bottsford-Dickinson Co. 3978—Adler v. Jetter Brew Co. 3996—Ciavanni v. Tolosi. 4025—Bloom v. Reisman. 3843—Smith v. Ettenberg. 3844—Same v. Stamford Lunch. 3991—Beglikter v. Ratkowsky. 4008—Rockaway Rolling Mill v. Ross. 3958—Bennet v. Warren. 3999—Kron v. Stern. 4003—Spink v. Bodensick. 4004—Schwartzkopf v. Wick. 4009—Leggett v. Lubin. 4027—Karp v. Mass Bonding, &c, Co. 4029—Nat Printing, &c, Co v. Sire. 4030—Casey v. St. Joseph's Home. 4032—General Roofing, &c, Co v. Davis. 4038—Greenberg v. Solomon. Case on.

Referees Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Platzek, J. Rabinowitz v. Greenspan—Walter R. Herrick.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J. Heidleburger v. Schreiner—James H. Foley.

Receiver Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Gerard, J. Josephine E. Daly v. Maller Miller (2)—Thomas D. McCarthy.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Blackmar, J.; Part II., Stapleton, J.; Part III., Van Siclen, J.; Part IV., Clark, J.; Part V., Jaycox, J.; Part VI., Kelby, J.; Part VII., Maddox, J. 3231—Gorman v. B H R R. 1350—Mueller v. City of N Y. 6503—Downer v. Mendlowitz. 3374—Wardell v. Bklyn E D Terminal Co. 3381—Stover v. B H R R. 3382—Byrnes v. same. 1943, 3116—Murray v. Baracco. 3389—Stephenson v. City of N Y. 3390—Degenito v. Dunn. 3392—Utz v. B H R R. 3399—Feeley v. B H R R. 5930—Rex v. L I R R. 3201, 3202—Audette v. B H R R. 5954—Jacobs v. Koehler Sporting Goods Co. 6782—Wertiska v. Wertiska. 2387—Carlson v. McLeer Mfg Co. 3402—Leighton v. John H. Robins Co. 3407—Pedersin v. Iversen et al. 3418—Reichard v. B H R R. 3419—King v. Kofod & Hissberg Mfg Co. 3424—Kogonovitz v. B H R R. 3426—Leggett v. Nassau R R. 3050—Dahlgren v. Chambers. 2801—Lippman v. B H R R. 3270—Ritchie v. C I & B R R. 3287—Terry v. City of N Y. 6433—Shedlow v. Kahan. 1136, 1137, 1138—Meanley v. L I R R. 2852—Manahan et al v. Teale, adm. 1208—Stulgatt v. Int Cork Co. 3427—Di Petro, Jr. v. B H R R. 3428—La Rose, Jr. v. B H R R. 3430—Stiansen v. Modern Pavement Co. 3432—Goldstein v. Joline et al. 3434—Stumpf v. Waterbury Co. 3442—Colligan v. Rini. The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call. 3443—Hutter v. Samuels et al. 3446—Carbone v. Mooney. 6422—Kelly, Jr. v. R C Church Guardian Angel. 3024—Richards v. Church Charity Foundation. 1021—Depola v. Daniel. 3297 to 3299—Higgins v. Nassau R R et al. 2768, 2849—Low v. Westheim et al. 5243—Farley v. Bankers Surety Co. 1256—Travis v. Callahan. 2688—Frazer v. Obermeyer & Liebman. 6783—Mras v. Mras. 3447—Kruh v. Gillespie Co. 3450—Billi v. Harris. 3453—Luthringer v. Fleer et al. 3454—Jandrusak v. Coller. 3455—Meigel v. City of New York. 3458—Genco v. Streep. 3460—Vaughan v. Ames et al. 6322—Oxx v. Fullum. 1476—Geisler v. Leary et al. 1453—Catania v. Nassau R R. 1611—Burnside v. Robbins et al. 1399—Tenney v. Acme Building Co. 2986—Elkins v. Ardenter Mustard and Spice Co. 1511—Wallis v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 6196—Faren v. Schablowsky. 3461—McCarthy v. Hollbrook, Cabot & Rollins Co. 3462—Reichard v. Smith. 3463—Smith v. McKee Refrigerator Co. 3464—Wood v. Leddy, Jr. 3468—O'Neill v. Guerrero et al. 3469—Stamm v. Moe. 3470—Friedland v. Lieberman. 3472—Perratino v. B H R R et al. 3474—Berk v. Nassau R R. 3475—Sully v. Coney I & B R R. 3476—Lewis v. Coney I & B R R. 3477—Ross v. Meyerowitz. 3478—Kolber v. Mann Clothing Co. 3479—Lessen v. B'klyn Union El R R. 3480—Labretta v. Sea Beach R R. Highest number reached on regular call, 3,480.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Putnam, J. 1327—Doogan v. May. 1757—Bayne v. Johnson. 1699—Holzinger v. Aronson Realty Co. 1912—Middleton v. Vernes. 1808—McKee v. Bakelaer. 117—Krupp v. Glickman. 999—Shields v. Shields. 741—Hartwigson v. Harder. 744—Latterlee v. Latterlee. The balance of the cases marked ready on the previous call will be added to this calendar from time to time, as these cases are disposed of. Highest number reached on the regular call, 1586.

COUNTY COURT—Civil Calendar—Part III., Sweetland, J. 1138—Kesselman, (inquest,) v. Annenberg. 1707—Linder, (inquest,) v. Follett. 1430—Clark, (inquest,) v. Ingalls. 1533—Palley v. Parshelsky. 1630—Kilroe v. McMahon. 1689—Hamilton v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 1594—Morris v. B H R R Co. 566—Koeppe v. Nassau Electric R R Co. 625—Benson v. B H R R Co. 1688—Kappers v. Hunter. 1720—Grossman v. B H R R Co. 1220—Zolotorofe v. Marcus Iron Works. The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day: 951—Gilmour v. Lawrence Realty Co. 1025—Borough Bank v. Cantor. 1565—Braune v. Sculz. 1566—Ballay v. Mason. 1164, 1165—Paolillo v. Killgast.

Queens.

COUNTY COURT—Criminal Term—Humphrey, J.—3426—People v. Andello. 3427—Same v. Reban. 3428—Same v. Neff. 3432—Same v. Donnolly. 3449—Same v. Bretingiere. 3441—Same v. Dougherty. 3441—Same v. Sullivan. 3454—Same v. Buckley. 3454—Same v. O'Connor. 3455—Same v. Buckley.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Kapper, J.; Part II., Aspinall, J.—658—McLaughlin v. City of New York. 560—Kronman v. B H R R Co. 575—Oliwesky v. Nat Bridge Works. 580—Meguin v. Buchler. 583—Materowski v. L I R R Co. 590A—O'Neil v. Schlessinger. 595—Woodruff & Son v. Jamaica Post Office Building. 597—Koeller v. Transit Development Co. 598—Bonny, an infant, v. City of New York. 157—Matthews v. B H R R Co. 225—Guecca v. Pederson. 553—Wright v. Rickert-Finlay Co. 345—Kieley v. Rosenthal. 887—Kelly v. Gillen. 470—Rosch v. Platt. 510—Henderson v. same. No reserve calendar. Highest number reached on calendar, 607.

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REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—ETHEL TURNBULL, plaintiff, against MORRIS FOGEL and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 30th day of January, 1912, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 29th day of February, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

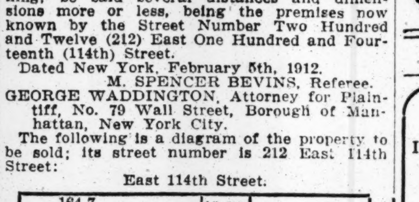
Beginning at a point on the southerly line of One Hundred and Fourteenth (114th) Street distant one hundred and sixty-four feet and seven (7) inches easterly from the southeasterly corner of Third Avenue and One Hundred and Fourteenth (114th) Street; running thence southerly and parallel with Third Avenue and part of the way through a party wall one hundred (100) feet eleven (11) inches to the centre line of the block between One Hundred and Thirteenth and One Hundred and Fourteenth Streets; thence easterly along said centre line eighteen (18) feet one-half (½) inch; thence northerly, again parallel with Third Avenue, and part of the way through a party wall one hundred (100) feet eleven (11) inches to the southerly side of One Hundred and Fourteenth (114th) Street, and thence westerly along said southerly side of One Hundred and Fourteenth Street, eighteen (18) feet one-half (½) inch to the point or place of beginning, be said several distances and dimensions more or less, being the premises now known by the Street Number Two Hundred and Twelve (212) East One Hundred and Fourteenth (114th) Street.

Dated New York, February 5th, 1912.

M. SPENCER BEVINS, Referee.

GEORGE WADDINGTON, Attorney for Plaintiff, No. 79 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold; its street number is 212 East 114th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is seven thousand four hundred and thirty-seven dollars and thirty-four cents ($7,437.34,) with interest thereon from the 20th day of January, 1912, together with costs and allowance amounting to three hundred and ninety-two dollars and eighteen cents, ($392.18,) with interest from 30th January, 1912, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is one hundred and sixty-four dollars and 02-100 and interest. The above premises will be sold subject to covenant against nuisances and in respect to buildings contained in deed recorded Liber 1610, Page 140, and condition of things shown on survey dated 19th November, 1907, by F. W. Fords Sons.

Dated New York, February 5th, 1912.

M. SPENCER BEVINS, Referee.

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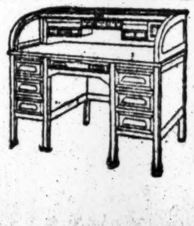

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TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.—Take notice that my wife, Alma Patterson, having left my bed and board without just cause, I will not be responsible for debts contracted by her. S. F. PATTERSON, Roanoke Rapids, N. C., IRVING E. BURDICK, Attorney, 74 Broadway, New York. Feb. 14. 1912.

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Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
St. Louis........Feb. 17 | New York.......Mar. 2
St. Paul.........Feb. 24 | †Oceanic...Mar. 9, noon
†White Star Line Steamer, Pier 59.
ATLANTIC TRANSPORT
New York—London Direct, Pier 58, N. R.
Minnetonka..Feb. 17, 10 AM | Minnewaska..Mar. 2
Minnehaha.Feb.24,10:30 AM. | Minneapolis..Mar. 9
RED STAR Pier 61, N. R. 10 A. M.
London—Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Zeeland..........Feb. 21 | Kroonland......Mar. 2
Lapland (new) Feb. 24 | Finland ....Mar. 9
WHITE STAR Pier 59 & 60, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
*St. Louis.Feb. 17,9:30 AM | *Philadelphia...Feb. 24
Olympic (nw)..Feb.21,n'n | *New York.....Mar. 2
*American Line Steamer, Pier 62.
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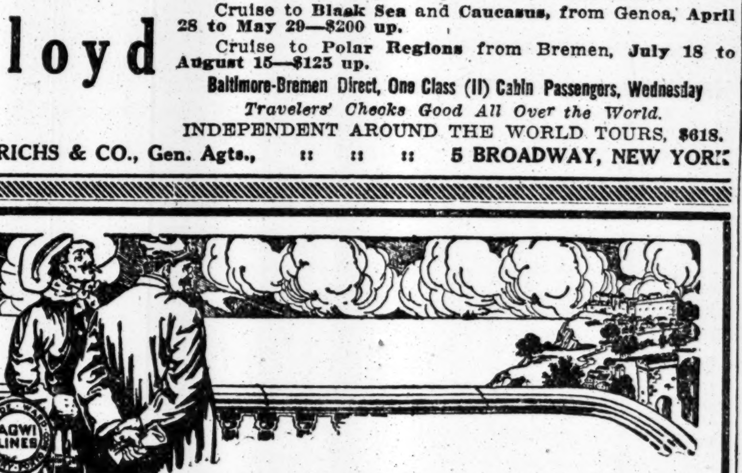
LUSITANIA FEB. 28, 1 A. M. MAR. 20, 1A.M. MAURETANIA MAR. 13, 1 A. M. APR. 3, 1 A. M.
CAMPANIA MAR. 6, 1 AM. MAR. 27, 1 AM. APR. 17, 1 AM. MAY 15, 1 AM. CARONIA May 4, 10 A. M.
Commencing February 28th, the "Lusitania," "Mauretania," and "Campania" will sail from New York at 1 A. M. Wednesdays, subject to the discretion of the Commander, instead of 9 A. M. Passengers served cold buffet supper between 9 P. M. and midnight Tuesday.
LIVERPOOL, LONDON, PARIS, BERLIN, VIENNA
VIA QUEENSTOWN AND FISHGUARD.
Mauretania and Lusitania do not stop at Queenstown, east-bound
CRUISES to EGYPT
CALLING AT MADEIRA, GIBRALTAR, ALGIERS, VILLEFRANCHE or GENOA, NAPLES, TRIESTE, FIUME, ALEXANDRIA
Write for itinerary. Sailing hour noon.
b CARONIA....Feb. 20 b CARMANIA...Mar. 2
c IVERNIA..Mar. 28 d CARPATHIA...April 11 f SAXONIA..April 25
b Omits Trieste and Fiume. c Omits Algiers and Alexandria. d Omits Madeira, Algiers, Villefranche, Alexandria. f Omits Algiers, Villefranche, Alexandria.
A la carte service without extra charge. Stopovers permitted.
Special through rates to Egypt, Far East, South Africa, and South America.
PIERS FOOT W. 14TH ST., NORTH RIVER. OFFICES 24 STATE ST., OPPOSITE BATTERY.

North German Lloyd
George Washington, Sat., Feb. 24
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm - - Thursday, Mar. 7
Kronprinz Wilhelm - - - - Tuesday, Mar. 12
LONDON—PARIS—BREMEN
Special Sailing of the Prinzess Irene
MARCH 16
For Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
Connections from Genoa or Naples for EGYPT, INDIA, CHINA, JAPAN, AUSTRALIA and the PHILIPPINES by North German Lloyd Imperial Mail Steamers.
Cruise to Black Sea and Caucasus, from Genoa, April 28 to May 29—$200 up.
Cruise to Polar Regions from Bremen, July 18 to August 15—$125 up.
Baltimore-Bremen Direct, One Class (II) Cabin Passengers, Wednesday
Travelers' Checks Good All Over the World.
INDEPENDENT AROUND THE WORLD TOURS, $618.
OELRICHS & CO., Gen. Agts., :: :: :: 5 BROADWAY, NEW YORK



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You will enjoy this wonderful trip over summer seas to the "Island of Enchantment." One of our big, swift, steamers, equipped with every ocean comfort, leaves New York each Saturday for SAN JUAN.
See Morro Castle and quaint San Cristobal. Motor over the famous military road to Ponce. Enjoy the matchless climate of this thriving new American possession.
Send for illustrated booklets and further details.
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General Office, 11 Broadway, New York

Go This Winter to Havana
Cuba's capital and chief city is a place every American should see. The hotels are the best and offer a wide choice. Our 10-day cruise from New York gives you six days' ocean voyage and four days ashore. Sailings every Thursday and Saturday.
Write for descriptive booklets.
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General Office, Pier 14, East River, N. Y.

CITY TICKET OFFICE, AGWI LINES, 290 BROADWAY, NEW YORK

Go To Bermuda
BY FASTEST STEAMER
Record Trip 39 hours 35 minutes.
BY NEWEST STEAMER (Built 1904)
By only Steamer Landing Passengers and Baggage Directly on the Dock in Hamilton Without Transfer.
S. S. BERMUDIAN
SAILS EVERY WEDNESDAY 11 A. M.
Twin Screw, 10,518 tons displacement, Bilge Keels, Double Bottom, Wireless Telegraph. No steerage. Suites de Luxe, with Private Bath. Orchestra. Tickets by Bermudian and Arcadian are interchangeable.
WEST INDIES
New S. S. "Guiana" sails March 2d, and other steamers fortnightly for St. Thomas, St. Croix, St. Kitts, Antigua, Guadaloupe, Dominica, Martinique, St. Lucia, Barbadoes, and Demerara.
For illustrated pamphlet apply to A. E. OUTERBRIDGE & CO., Agents Quebec S. S. Co., Ltd., 29 Broadway, New York; THOS. COOK & SON, 245 and 2389 Broadway; 264 and 553 5th Av., N. Y., or any Ticket Agent.

THE
Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.'s
LUXURIOUS Largest and Finest Steamer in the Service
Registered Tonnage 8,938 Disple'nt Tonnage 14,120 "ARCADIAN"
Sailing Every Saturday at noon to
BERMUDA More Beautiful than Italy
Exclusively First Class Round Trip $30 up
Bedsteads and full-length mirrors in every room and many other splendid features contained in no other steamship.
Tickets by ARCADIAN and BERMUDIAN are interchangeable.
SANDERSON & SON, Gen. Agt., 22 State St., N.Y.
Thos. Cook & Son, 245 and 2389 Broadway, 264 and 553 Fifth Avenue.
Raymond & Whitcomb, 225 Fifth Avenue, OR ANY STEAMSHIP AGENT.

*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA †LA VELOCE. ¶ITALIA Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
ITALIAN LINES 21-24 State St., N. Y.
To Naples & Genoa Direct.
†Oceania..Mar. 2, 11 AM
*D. D'Aosta.Mar. 13,11 AM
¶Ancona..Mar. 20, 11 AM
†Europa..Mar. 26, 11 AM
New, large, Twin Screw Steamers, all outside rooms.
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., General Agents.

ANCHOR LINE
GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
Caledonia..Mar. 2, 9 AM | Columbia..Mar. 16, 9 AM
Cameronia..Mar. 9, noon | California.Mar. 23, 10 AM
FIRST CABIN, $70 and $75.
SECOND CABIN, $50.
THIRD CLASS, $32.50.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

OLD DOMINION LINE
DAILY SERVICE.
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M. W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

SAVANNAH LINE Low rates to Savannah and Jacksonville. Write for Folder D. 501 5th Av. or Pier 35 North River.

E. H. LOW AGENT ALL LINES REGULAR RATES. 1123 B'WAY, N.Y. TEL. 1308 MAD. SQ.

UNITED FRUIT COMPANY STEAMSHIP SERVICE
New Magnificent Passenger and Freight Steamers sail every Wednesday and Saturday, 12 noon, Pier 16, East River (foot of Fulton St.)
JAMAICA—PANAMA—COLOMBIA.
Sailings every Wednesday at 12 noon.
JAMAICA—PANAMA—COSTA RICA.
Sailings every Saturday at 12 noon.
Connecting at Port Limon, Costa Rica, for San Jose and intermediate points on the Northern Railway; also at Colon for Panama City and West Coast ports of Central America, Mexico and South America. Booklet.
17 BATTERY PLACE, N. Y. Tel. 1025 Rector.
Additional weekly sailings from Boston, Philadelphia, Baltimore, New Orleans.

S.S. NEW AMSTERDAM
SAILING FEBRUARY 27, 10 A. M.
S.S. ROTTERDAM 24,170 Tons.
SAILING MARCH 19, 10 A. M.
PARIS — LONDON — ROTTERDAM
via Plymouth and Boulogne s|M.
Marvels of Luxury, Comfort, Steadiness.
HOLLAND AMERICA LINE
Twin-Screw Sailings Tues., 10 AM
†New Amsterdam........Feb. 27
*Noordam...............Mar. 5
*Ryndam................Mar. 12
†Rotterdam.............Mar. 19
*VIA BOULOGNE s|M.
†PLYMOUTH & BOULOGNE.
Office 39 B'way, N. Y.

FRENCH LINE
Compagnie Generale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France.)
Sailing Every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Provence......Feb. 15 | *La Savoie.....March 7
*Espagne..........Feb. 22 | *La Provence....March 14
*La Touraine......Feb. 29 | *Espagne ......March 21
*Twin Screw Steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING 3 P. M.
One-class Cabin (II) and Third-class Passengers Only.
*Chicago ....Feb. 24
General Agency, 19 State St., N. Y.

BUENOS AYRES LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
SHOW PLACE OF SOUTH AMERICA
BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO AND ROSARIO.
By the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
From New York 5th and 20th of each Month.
For rates, etc., apply local ticket Agents, or BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents, 301 Produce Exchange, New York.

RUSSIAN - AMERICA LINE
ROTTERDAM—LONDON PARIS—BERLIN VIENNA—LIBAU St. Petersburg—Moscow
SUMMER SAILINGS
Russia (new) May 18
Czar (maiden trip) June 1
Kursk (new) June 15
Russia (new) June 29
Regular Fortnightly Service
New, Fast Twin-Screw Passenger Steamers
Lituania Feb. 24
Birma March 9
FIRST CABIN $65 up
SECOND CABIN $48 up
A. E. JOHNSON & CO., Gen. Pass. Agt., 27 B'way, N.Y.

FABRE LINE TO THE RIVIERA
AZORES LISBON NAPLES NICE MARSEILLES
Weekly Sailings (approx.) Special Winter Voyages.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., G. A., 17 State St., N. Y.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..6:55|Sun sets..5:34|Moon rises..5:37

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	5:28	6:24	12:12	....
Governors Island	6:19	7:04	12:16	1:01
Hell Gate	8:09	8:54	1:51	2:36

Arrived—Wednesday, Feb. 14.

SS President Grant, Hamburg, Feb. 3.
SS Pennsylvania, (Dan.,) Christiansand.
SS Rotterdam, Amsterdam, Feb. 1.
SS Mayaro, Grenada, Feb. 7.
SS Oruba, Antilla, Feb. 10.
SS Prinz Sigismund, Jamaica, Feb. 8.
SS Algonquin, Turks Island, Feb. 9.
SS Santurde, Porto Rico, Feb. 8.
SS J. M. Guffey, Port Arthur, Tex., Feb. 6.
SS El Norte, Galveston, Feb. 8.
SS Concho, Key West, Feb. 10.
SS Mohawk, Jacksonville, Feb. 11.
SS Winber, Jobos, Feb. 5.

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TO-DAY.		
Provence, Havre	7:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Baltic, Liverpool	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Esperanza, Havana	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Oceana, Bermuda	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Uller, St. Kitts	9:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Woglinde, Pernambuco	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
C. F. Tietgen, Christiansand	———	2:00 P.M.
City of St. Louis, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Rio Grande, Brunswick	———	1:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Colon, Cristobal	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Santiago, Tampico	———	12:00 M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Altai, Inagua	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
SAIL SATURDAY.		
St. Louis, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	9:30 A.M.
Stephano, Newfoundland	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.
Carolina, San Juan	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Arcadian, Bermuda	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Carrillo, Jamaica	9:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
Havana, Havana	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Bantu, Argentina	10:00 A.M.	12:00 M.
Oruba, Jamaica	10:30 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
San Jacinto, Bahamas	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Prinz Sigismund, Inagua	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Korona, St. Thomas	11:30 A.M.	2:00 P.M.
Minnetonka, London	———	10:00 A.M.
Pathfinder, Mayaguez	———	12:00 M.
S. V. Luckenbach, San Juan	———	12:00 M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	———	3:00 P.M.
Concho, Tampa	———	1:00 P.M.
Iroquois, Jacksonville	———	1:00 P.M.
Proteus, New Orleans	———	12:00 M.
El Norte, Galveston	———	12:00 M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Invergyle	Huelva	Jan. 29
Luzon	Palermo	Jan. 27
Ardoyne	Shields	Jan. 27
Arimatea	Algiers	Jan. 29
Francesca Ciampa	Seville	Jan. 29
Adriatic	Naples	Feb. 3
Breslau	Bremen	Feb. 3
Caronia	Naples	Feb. 4
Iroquois	London	Feb. 1
Cuthbert	Para	Feb. 2
Tripoli	Barbados	Feb. 6
Titian	Barbados	Feb. 7
Hamburg	Algiers	Feb. 5
Caroline	Havre	Feb. 3
Arcadian	Bermuda	Feb. 13
Santa Marta	Colon	Feb. 8
Antilles	New Orleans	Feb. 10
Iroquois	Jacksonville	Feb. 12
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Neckar	Bremen	Feb. 4
Kentra	Liverpool	Feb. 2
Mira	Shields	Jan. 31
Morro Castle	Havana	Feb. 13
Zulia	Maracaibo	Feb. 7
El Rio	Galveston	Feb. 10
City of Atlanta	Savannah	Feb. 13
Manuel Calvo	Cadiz	Jan. 30
Advance	Cristobal	Feb. 9
DUE SATURDAY.		
Espagne	Havre	Feb. 10
Apache	Jacksonville	Feb. 14
Verdi	Barbados	Feb. 10
Alamo	Galveston	Feb. 10

By Wireless.

SANDY HOOK, N. J., FEB. 14, (MARCONI.)
SS Carmania, Liverpool to New York, 1,940 miles E. at 9:50 A. M.; due 19th, 8:30 A. M. Cunard Line.
SS Espagne, Havre to New York, 1,425 miles E. at 10 A. M.; due 17th, 8:30 P. M. French Line.
SS Caronia, Naples to New York, 650 miles E. at 1:30 A. M.; due 15th, 4 P. M. Cunard Line.

SCOTLAND LIGHTSHIP, (UNITED.)
SS Alamo, Galveston to New York, 708 miles S. at 7 P. M. Mallory Line.
SS Apache, Jacksonville to New York, 749 miles S. at 7 P. M. Clyde Line.
SS Herman Frasch, Sabine to New York, 815 miles S. at 7 P. M.
SS Lucy Neff, Savannah to New York, anchored in St. Catherine's Sound, (heavy weather,) at 7 P. M.
SS San Marcos, Brunswick to New York, 630 miles S. at 7 P. M. Mallory Line.
SS Comal, Mobile to New York, 70 miles W. of Egmont Key at 7 P. M. Mallory Line.
SS Zulia, Curacao to New York, 713 miles S. at 8 P. M. Red D Line.
SS Iroquois, Jacksonville to New York, 230 miles S. at 7 P. M. Clyde Line.
SS City of Atlanta, Savannah to New York, 390 miles S. at 6:30 P. M. Savannah Line.
SS Antilles, New Orleans to New York, 150 miles S. at 7 P. M. Morgan Line.
SS Arcadian, Bermuda to New York, 485 miles S. at 2:50 A. M. Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.
SS Curityba, Kingston to New York, 170 miles S. at 10 A. M.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS Bordeaux, at Havre, Feb. 12.
SS Corfe Castle, at Delagoa Bay, Feb. 12.
SS Cranley, at Port Natal, Feb. 13.
SS Bluecher, at Buenos Aires, Feb. 11.
SS Principe di Piemonte, at Genoa, Feb. 12.
SS Rochambeau, at Havre, Feb. 12.
SS Mombassa, at Swatow, Feb. 12.
SS Ucayali, at Para, Feb. 12.
SS Lackawanna, at Manchester, Feb. 13.
SS Netherly Hall, at Port Said, Feb. 14.
SS Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm, at Cherbourg, Feb. 14.
SS Jeseric, at Hiogo, Feb. 14.
SS Teresa, at St. Michaels, Feb. 14.
SS Queen Helena, at Corral, Feb. 14.
SS Sant' Anna, at Naples, Feb. 14.
SS Copac, at Coronel, Feb. 14.

Sailed.

SS Clearfield, from Venice, Feb. 9.
SS Mongibello, from Palermo, Feb. 9.
SS Chariton Hall, from St. Lucia, Feb. 10.
SS Tomoana, from Barry, Feb. 13.
SS Eastern Prince, from Rio Janeiro, Feb. 13.
SS Guiana, from St. Thomas, Feb. 13.
SS Geo. Washington, from Cherbourg, Feb. 14.
SS Philadelphia, from Cherbourg, Feb. 14.
SS Magdalena, from Southampton, Feb. 14.

Passed.

SS Potomac, New York for Avonmouth, passed Brow Head.
SS Mesaba, New York for London, passed Brow Head.
SS Louisiana, New York for Copenhagen, passed Butt of Lewis.
SS Bloemfontein, for New York from Calcutta, passed Gibraltar.
SS Muncaster Castle, New York for Penang, passed Gibraltar.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—Korea	Feb. 15	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Fiji Islands, Samoan Islands, New Zealand, and Australia (via Vancouver)—Marama	Feb. 16	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Seattle)—Titan	Feb. 16	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Honolulan	Feb. 16	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)	Feb. 23	6:30 P.M.
Guam and Philippine Islands (via San Francisco)—U. S. Transport	Feb. 29	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas, New Zealand, and Australia (via Vancouver)—Aorangi	Mar. 1	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China, and Philippine Islands (via Vancouver)—Empress of India	Mar. 1	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti and Marquesas (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	Mar. 4	6:30 P.M.

For Latest Shipping News See Page 1.

Finding Employment.

It is easy to find employment if advantage is taken of the opportunities offered from day to day in the Help Wanted columns of The New York Times.

Offers of employment which appear in The New York Times are those of high class, reliable firms seeking competent helpers.

Read the Help Wanted columns to-day; the position long sought may be open and advertised in The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The Southern storm has moved eastward, the centre Wednesday night being off the Georgia Coast. The area of precipitation has extended over the Southeastern States and across North Carolina. In other sections of the country east of the Rocky Mountains very little precipitation has occurred.

The temperature has continued to rise in northern, western, and central districts, and there is now no marked cold weather in any portion of the country.

The Southern storm will probably continue its movement into the ocean north of east, and the area of precipitation may reach to the Delaware capes. In the West the conditions will again become unsettled, as a disturbance develops and moves eastward.

Temperature changes will not be important in any part of the country.

Winds along the New England Coast will be moderate variable; Middle Atlantic Coast, northeast, becoming high in south portion; South Atlantic Coast, high northwest.

Steamships departing Thursday for European ports will have moderate south, shifting to northeast winds and increasing with rain or snow to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair Thursday and probably Friday, becoming unsettled in the extreme south portion; moderate variable winds.

New Jersey—Mostly cloudy Thursday and Friday; unsettled in south portion Thursday, northeast winds increasing on south coast.

Southern New England—Fair Thursday, probably becoming unsettled at night or Friday, not much change in temperature; moderate variable winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Thursday, probably becoming unsettled at night or Friday, not much change in temperature; moderate variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1911.	1912.		1911.	1912.
3 A. M.	38	16	4 P. M.	32	30
6 A. M.	36	17	6 P. M.	31	30
9 A. M.	34	20	9 P. M.	29	28
12 M.	33	25	12 P. M.	26	27

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 24; for the corresponding date last year it was 34; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 30.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 20; at 8 P. M. it was 28. Maximum temperature, 31 degrees at 4:10 P. M.; minimum, 16 degrees at 3 A. M. Humidity, 72 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 52 per cent. at 8 P. M.

FIRE RECORD.

A. M. Loss.

12:15—827 1st Av.; Joseph Cooper........$200
2:25—215 E. 11th St.; Joseph Green.......$100
6:45—110 W. 64th St.; unknown..........None
9:30—44 Rutgers St.; Mrs. Duconsky......$50
10:20—329 E. 52d St.; J. Block..........$20
10:30—111 E. 145th St.; Julius Shellberg.... Trifling
10:40—649 Water St.; Solomon Girker....None
10:55—633 E. 169th St.; Theodore Run....$700
11:00—52 E. 103d St.; Jacob Nevin.....Trifling
11:10—578 and 575 Broadway; Kahn & Frank........$200
11:30—418 Columbus Av.; unknown.........None
11:45—91 Henry St.; Samuel Kaufman..Trifling

P. M.

12:55—1,217 Simpson St.; Benjamin Jackson. None
1:00—317 E. 100th St.; Jacob Barunorer.Slight
1:05—115 W. 60th St.; Theodore Cranker....$50
1:05—176th St. and Boston Road; unknown. Trifling
2:10—616 W. 184th St.; David Construction Co.........Trifling
2:20—2,080 Amsterdam Av.; J. Doorley.. Trifling
2:30—164 Allen St.; B. Beerman..........$300
2:40—28 Bond St.; I. Rosenblatt....Unknown
3:00—238 E. 121st St.; L. Gooendy...Trifling
3:50—17 E. 5th St.; J. Weiss.........Trifling
3:55—1,563 1st Av.; S. Wollhen.......Trifling
4:00—160 William St.; Inland Pipe Foundry Co.........$300
4:30—624 W. 55th St.; McDougal & Cotter.........Trifling
4:40—428 Lenox Av.; J. Steiner......Trifling
4:45—547 W. 49th St.; J. McGowan........$25
5:30—42d St. and B'way; I. H. Hoadley..$100
5:30—Lenox Av. and 144th St.; J. Harvey.. Trifling
6:05—747 So. Boulevard; L. Wattell.......$15
6:35—19 Rutgers St.; A. M. Salamy..Trifling
6:55—112 E. 128th St.; Mrs. Dumphy...Trifling
8:15—362 West 15th St.; Roy Macomber..$100
9:10—232 Monroe St.; Max Burkow.....Trifling
9:20—327 East 117th St.; Morris Steiner..$200
9:30—65 East 102d St.; Frank Selzer......$25
9:35—4,281 Broadway; S. Wirsky & Brothers.........$1,500
9:45—62d St. and Central Park West; New York Central Railroad.........Trifling
11:05—37 East 9th St.; C. Goldberg..Unknown
11:15—705 Elton Av.; Mary Capinus........$50

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

JOSEPH KEMPER died Dec. 31; left $3,000 personalty to his daughter, Eliza J. Gasnier.

CHRISTIAN YOUNG died Jan. 28; left $10,000 personalty, $500 each to Ottilie and Carrie Young, $700 to Nellie Young, $800 to Clara Young, $25 each to Louise E. and Mrs. Clara B. Young, and his residuary estate to Hiram G. Young.

JOSEPH ALIANO died Oct. 14; left $500 personalty, $400 to Teresina Aliano and $100 to Tony Aliano.

LESLIE HOWARD LORD died Dec. 19, 1911; left $28,100 realty and personalty; to his brother, Anson M. Lord, $10,000; to Lola Evelyn Lord of Los Angeles, his wife, all the residue.

EDWIN H. WEATHERBEE died Feb. 11; realty more than $10,000, personalty more than $10,000; left legacies of unestimated value to his wife, his two daughters, and his son.

MARY LUDLOW STREIT died Jan. 11, 1912; left personalty less than $8,000; all to Samuel F. Streit, her husband.

IDA F. SOLOMON died Jan. 12; left $4,000 personalty, to Abraham and Samuel Frank $1,000 each; to her son and daughter the residue.

CHRISTIAN RATZER died Nov. 29, 1911; realty, $6,300, and personalty, $2,000; all to her three children.

SELIM E. WORSTER died Jan. 3; personalty, $2,500; all to his wife and daughter.

HENRY W. RISING died Feb. 3; left $305 personalty to his wife and four daughters.

MARGARET MOORE died Jan. 30, left realty, $63,000, and personalty, $80,000; to Margaret Moore Riker, her granddaughter, $60,000, and the residuary estate; Garetta M. Dickinson, $500; Maria M. Perry, $500; Charlotte L. Riker, $500; Mary Anna Riker, $500; John Riker, $500; Andrew Riker, $500; John Dickinson, $500; Walter Dickinson, $500; Philemon Dickinson, $500; Lynford Dickinson, $500; Sackett Dickinson, $500; John Moore Perry, $500; Oliver Perry, Jr., $500; Franklyn Perry, $500; Frances Dickinson, $500; W. M. D. de Peyster, $500; Mary Dickinson, $500; Corrine Dickinson, $500; Jennie Dickinson, $500; Hugh McEwan, $500; Annie Michaels, $500; Mary Lenang, $500.

LEWIS PIERRE CLOVER, died Feb. 11, left more than $5,000 personalty; all to his wife.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

Deputy State Controller Wallace S. Fraser transmitted the following appraisals, under the inheritance tax law, yesterday to Anthony J. Barrett, Chief Clerk of the transfer tax office of the Surrogate's Court:

Estate of SARAH M. GILMAN, died July 7, 1910; net personalty, $10,222.38.

Estate of CASIMIR IGNACE MANKOWSKI, died June 2, 1911; net personalty, $72,226.03.

Estate of CONRAD HOTTES, died Aug. 24, 1910; net personalty, $48,171.53.

Estate of MARY McNAMARA, died Feb. 19, 1911; net personalty, $1,194.40.

Estate of LAURA HALL, died May 20, 1911; net personalty, $1,333.16.

Estate of MARGARET CAMPBELL, died March 19, 1910; realty, undivided half interest in 401 East 118th Street, valued at $13,125, less $8,500 mortgage; her share, $2,812.50; net estate, with personalty, $3,849.

Estate of LILIAN W. OSBORNE, died July 14, 1911; net personalty, $6,780.50.

Estate of SARAH NORTON, died Jan. 1911; net personalty, $2,237.

Estate of CHARLOTTE O. DICKERSON, died Feb. 23, 1911; net personalty, $8,764.22.

Estate of LOUISA F. MIDDLETON, died Feb. 25, 1911; net personalty, $17,345.68.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

The request of the Interborough Association of Women Teachers that the by-laws be amended so as to provide that no group of schools shall contain more than one school having more than seventeen classes was again laid over at the meeting of the Board of Education yesterday.

The salary of Arthur E. Rosenthal, a first-grade clerk in the Bureau of Audit and Accounts was increased by the Board of Education yesterday from $400 to $540 a year.

The Board of Education yesterday disapproved Assembly Bill 240, providing for compulsory drills for pupils 12 years old and over in the elementary schools.

Associate City Supt. E. B. Shallow said yesterday that his attendance officers have located forty of the Lawrence (Mass.) children who have been brought here, and that he expected the rest of them would be located today. He said that he does not purpose having them on the streets during school hours. At other hours the Compulsory Education Bureau, of which Mr. Shallow is in charge, has no jurisdiction over them.

William N. Johnson of 3,160 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, and Edward A. Marum of 779 East 176th Street, the Bronx, were appointed by the Board of Education yesterday as attendance officers, at a salary of $900 a year each.

The following evening high school and evening school appointments were made by the Board of Education yesterday:

New York Evening High School for Men—Jacob C. Tressler, English.

East Side Evening High School for Men—Thomas F. Healy, bookkeeping; Conrad J. Saphier, stenography and typewriting.

East Side Evening High School for Women—Ella A. Holmes, bookkeeping; Ethel L. Ellison, stenography and typewriting.

South Brooklyn Evening High School for Men—Norman G. Van de Water, bookkeeping.

Curtis Evening High School—Archibald A. Dodds, stenography and typewriting.

Evening School 1, Richmond—James H. Tate, English, to foreigners.

Evening School 39, Queens—Winifred L. Davenport, English, to foreigners.

Appropriate resolutions were adopted by the Board of Education yesterday relative to the recent death of William F. O'Callaghan, Principal of Public School 58, Manhattan.

POLICE AND FIRE NEWS.

Police Department.

Promotion—Patrolman to Sergeant, assigned as indicated: August J. Feigel, 15th Precinct.

Transfers—Captains Donald Grant, 143d Precinct, to 17th Inspection District, as Acting Inspector; Frederick G. Carson, 33d to 155th Precinct; Alfred W. Thor, 155th to School for Recruits; Matthew McKeon, School for Recruits to 33d Precinct; Sylvester D. Baldwin, 14th to 143d Precinct; George H. Wakefield, 77th to 14th Precinct. Patrolmen J. McLaughlin, 8th Precinct, and J. Michaelson, 36th, to C. O. Squad. Detective Bureau to precincts indicated and designation as Acting Sergeants, revoked: N. Fishel, 6th; A. Nelson, 40th; C. J. Mancini, 18th; M. B. Redmond, 40th. Precincts indicated to Detective Bureau and designated as Acting Sergeants: S. W. Birmingham, 6th; A. J. Benfer, 40th; J. J. Kelly, 18th. Probationary Patrolman W. H. Randolph, 40th Precinct.

Mutual Transfers—Patrolmen W. P. Meaney, 31st to 32d Precinct, and F. Schaefer, 32d to 31st Precinct; C. C. Mason 23d to 146th Precinct, and J. J. Hines, 146th to 23d.

Temporary Assignment—Capt. John O'Brien Traffic C, to command 14th Inspection District, in addition during absence of Inspector for ten days.

Suspended—Patrolmen William J. Hayes, 10th Precinct; Alexander V. Matier, 21st Precinct.

Dismissed from the Force—Patrolmen Charles J. Reilly, 16th Precinct; Charles Plunkitt, 61st Precinct.

Fire Department.

Detail—Fireman Lewis F. McCall, Engine 71 to Engine 57, fireboat New Yorker, for watch duty.

CHANGES OF NAME.

CHEIM MARKOVITZ, a salesman, of 93 Suffolk Street, to CHARLES CHARLES. Name is frequently misspelled and mispronounced. City Court Judge Lynch.

JULIUS WROCLAWSKY of 35 East 152d Street, the Bronx, to JULIUS LOWE. Has been known by the name of Lowe by his associates for a number of years. City Court Judge O'Dwyer.

MORRIS RABINOVITZ of 1,420 Madison Avenue to MORRIS ROBINSON. Known socially by the name of Robinson for three years. City Court Judge McAvoy.

THE CIVIL SERVICE.

City.

The Municipal Civil Service Commission has authorized Coroner Schwannecke of the Borough of the Bronx to employ Giuseppe Baldo as interpreter at the rate of $5 per case.

The commission has approved the employment by the Commissioner of Correction of Stephen F. Roberts of 323 East Eleventh Street, Manhattan, as keeper of the City Prison, Brooklyn, at $800 a year.

The commission has approved the action of Police Commissioner Waldo in granting full pay to Patrolmen Frederick W. Wurst and Andrew Norwig for time during which they were on the sick list as the result of injuries sustained in the course of duty. The respective amounts allowed are $151.33 and $66.04.

The commission has authorized the appointment in the Department of Health of Bertha Warren, Eugenie Valentine, and Anna Van Sann as laboratory assistants.

The commission has approved the request of the Commissioner of Bridges for the employment of Frank J. Heimle of 190 Montague Street, Brooklyn, as architect on the proposed shop buildings, boiler house, storage building, and other structures under the approach of the Brooklyn Bridge in Brooklyn. The total estimated amount of the contract will be about $10,000.

United States.

An examination for the position of Assistant Superintendent of the Arlington Experimental Farm, Bureau of Plant Industry, Department of Agriculture, will be held by the United States Civil Service Commission at the New York Custom House on March 2. The salary ranges from $1,400 to $1,600 a year. The appointee will be stationed at the Arlington Experimental Farm, about three miles from Washington, D. C., and the duties will consist of carrying out the co-operative experimental work of twenty or more co-operators, representing an equal number of distinct lines of scientific work in the Bureau of Plant Industry. No investigations are conducted along animal husbandry lines, the experimental work on the farm dealing only with plants. Such duties will include managing the workmen and teams on the farm and keeping general oversight of the time and equipment of the force. There will, however, be no opportunity for the Assistant Superintendent to conduct individual investigations or experimental work which may be of interest only to himself. The subject of the examination will be: General education, practical experience in and fitness for meeting scientific men, and taking directions from them regarding the conduct of work on an experimental farm, practical farm problems, and a plan for recording and reporting labor employed on the various plots of an experimental farm. In view of the large number of co-operators conducting experiments on the plans of the Arlington Experimental Farm it is necessary for the laborers to be shifted frequently, often several times a day. It being important to determine the cost of a particular project the matter of maintaining a careful and accurate check upon the labor employed is quite essential. An educational training equivalent to a four years' high school course is a prerequisite for consideration for this position. Some training at an agricultural college would be particularly desirable. It is desired to obtain a man who has demonstrated his ability as a farm foreman and has proved his capacity for handling men and co-operating with men doing scientific work. The age limit is 25 years or over on the date of the examination.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—First Lieut. E. F. Slater, Medical Reserves, report to the Adjutant General for temporary duty.

Major J. M. Williams, Coast Artillery, placed on the list of detached officers and the name of Major Edwin Landon, Coast Artillery, removed therefrom.

Capt. C. B. Smith, Coast Artillery, placed on list of detached officers and Capt. C. C. Carter, Coast Artillery, removed therefrom.

Capt. J. O. Steger, Coast Artillery, relieved at Fort Monroe, Va., and assigned to the Twelfth Company.

Capt. F. T. Hines, Coast Artillery, detailed to fill vacancy in the Quartermaster's Department.

Capt. B. H. Kerfoot, Coast Artillery, detailed to fill vacancy in the Quartermaster's Department.

First Lieut. C. L. Felton, Coast Artillery, relieved from duty; attached to the 128th Company.

Lieut. Col. E. T. Wilson, Coast Artillery, placed on list of detached officers and Lieut. Col. J. D. Barrette is removed therefrom.

Major G. H. McManus, Coast Artillery, placed on detached list.

Capt. C. C. Carter, Coast Artillery, relieved as a member of the General Staff and assigned to the 159th Company.

Capt. H. B. Clark, Quartermaster, relieved in Quartermaster's Department.

Capt. J. P. Hopkins, Coast Artillery, relieved at the Coast Artillery School, Fort Monroe, Va., to the Seventy-fourth Company.

Capt. E. D. Powers, Coast Artillery, detailed for service to fill vacancy in the Quartermaster's Department.

Capt. E. C. Long, Quartermaster, relieved in that department; to Eighty-sixth Company, Coast Artillery.

Major W. P. Pence, Coast Artillery, relieved at the Coast Artillery School, Fort Monroe, Va.

Major E. Landon, Coast Artillery, relieved from Assistant Coast Defense Officer April 1; to Fort Wadsworth, N. Y., for duty.

Major J. M. Williams, relieved at Fort Hamilton, N. Y.; to Governors Island.

Capt. R. P. C. Kelton, Quartermaster, relieved of detail in the Quartermaster's Department and assigned to the Seventh Company, Coast Artillery.

Capt. H. P. Wilbur, Coast Artillery, transferred to the Thirty-eighth Company, Coast Artillery.

Lieut. Col. H. L. Hawthorne, Coast Artillery, report to commanding officer, Artillery District of Manila Bay, for duty.

Lieut. Col. J. D. Barrett, Coast Artillery, relieved as Coast Defense Officer, and will proceed to Fort Howard, Md.

Lieut. Col. R. P. Davis, Coast Artillery, to Fort H. G. Wright, N. Y.

Major G. Blakely, Coast Artillery, to Fort Rosecrans, Cal.

Major G. H. McManus, Coast Artillery, will report to the commanding General, Western Division, for duty.

The following promotions of officers of the Coast Artillery are announced: Lieut. Col. T. Ridgway to Colonel, Jan. 17, to Sixty-second Company; Major M. K. Barroll to Lieutenant Colonel, Jan. 17, to Sixty-second Company; Capt. G. A. Nugent to Major, Jan. 17, to Sixty-second Company; First Lieut. H. L. Morse to Captain, Jan. 17, to Sixty-second Company; Second Lieut. Thomas J. Cecil to First Lieutenant, Jan. 17, to Sixty-second Company.

Col. Ridgway will remain on duty at his present station.

Major E. W. Evans, Paymaster, repair to this city and report to the Paymaster General.

Leave for ten days granted Capt. W. C. Metcalf, Coast Artillery.

Leave granted Lieut. C. E. Swartz, Tenth Infantry.

Capt. D. G. Merrill, Twenty-eighth Infantry, proceed to Governors Island, N. Y.

Lieut. Col. G. Montgomery, to this city on official business.

Lieut. E. E. Bennett, assigned to the 102d Company.

First Lieut. H. Hossfeldt, First Infantry, proceed to Fort Leavenworth, Kan. for duty.

Capt. R. C. Williams, granted leave for five days.

The Navy.

Lieut. S. B. Smith, detached Navy Yard, Charleston, S. C., March 1.

Lieut. G. D. Johnstone, detached, Marietta, to Salem as navigator.

Lieut. C. K. Jones, orders of Feb. 10 revoked.

Lieut. (junior grade) Bryson Bruce, detached Iowa; to Mississippi.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Vicksburg at Corinto, Rainbow at Shanghai, Neptune at Boston, Lebanon at Guantanamo, Vulcan and Washington at Norfolk.

Sailed—Buffalo from Olongapo for Chefoo.

Lost

LOST—Tuesday evening, Feb. 13, on Broadway or in Subway between Metropolitan Opera House and 113th St., a brown martin fur boa; finder please notify and receive reward. C. Hotchkiss, 502 West 113th St.

LOST—Wednesday, Bowling Green Subway station, lady's black leather handbag, containing gentleman's gold watch, bills, shears. Finder will please communicate with Miss Martha Norton, Lakeville, Conn. Reward.

LOST—String of pearl beads on Monday eve between Boston Road and 166th St. and Aqueduct Av. and 181st St.; valued only as keepsake; reward. Communicate by phone, Audubon 4040, Apartment 206.

LOST—Eastbound Broadway-42d St. car, Sunday afternoon, 5 P. M., package containing about 25 cards, physician's personal record. Finder please return to owner, 700 West 178th St., Apt. 1. Reward.

LOST—Fox muff on 59th St. or Madison Av. car on Tuesday, between 2 and 3 o'clock P. M.; $50 reward and no questions asked for return of same to Rose, 65 Central Park.

LOST—In Riverside Park between 72d and 79th Sts. lady's gold open-faced watch with initials K. R. D.; suitable reward will be paid for its return to 333 West 77th St.

LOST.—72d Elevated station, gold mesh bag, with change; owner's name and address inside of rim; reward. Return to 117 West 74th.

LOST—Mouquin's restaurant, 7:30 P. M., Lincoln's Birthday, new skunk muff; reward. Rundquist, 53 East 58th St.

LOST—In Jersey tube or 9th Av. elevated, a flute in case; $10 reward. Apply 599 9th Av. No questions asked.

LOST—Tuesday, diamond stud valued as keepsake; liberal reward. J. A. Connell, 11 East 17th St.

LOST.—Gold fob, initials "E. S. L.," on black ribbon; reward. Leighton, 435 West 123d St.

LOST—A pearl sunburst with diamond in centre; suitable reward. 406 West 147th St.

LOST—Gold cigarette holder, initials "R. P. S."; reward. 2,553 Poplar St., Bronx.

LOST.—Pearl scarfpin, set with small emeralds; reward. C. M. Cohen, 45 Broadway.

$500 REWARD for the return of a lady's Russian sable fur coat taken from Globe Theatre on Thursday night, Jan. 25, 1912. Reward will be paid upon return of coat to J. W. Dunstan, 24 West 57th St., New York City. No questions asked. Paul A. Sorg.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

LOST—Pointer dog, Monday afternoon; white, with liver markings; name and address owner, License 25,139 on collar; liberal reward; no questions. Brown, 148 West 77th St.

LOST.—Large diamond solitaire earring, on 5th Av., between Brentano's and Tiffany's. Liberal reward. Office of the Metropolitan Opera House.

LOST—Small pomeranian black dog at 101 West 78th St.; no questions asked. $25 reward. Smith, 165 West 58th St.

LOST—Fox terrier, tan and white, name Billie, license 6238; reward. Blackwell, 108 West 85th St.

LOST—Boston terrier, Monday evening; name Reno; reward. 17 West 69th St.

Found

FOUND—Wednesday afternoon, 4:20 P. M., corner of Duane and Lafayette Sts., lady's gold watch. Call Superintendent, 209 East 42d St.

FOUND, Feb. 13.—SECOND AV. ELEVATED: Handbag, purse, gloves, shirts, &c., hose. THIRD AV. ELEVATED: Bracelet, case, beads, purses, books, album, papers, gloves, hat, shoes, overalls, trousers, shirt, curtain, coffee pot, coffee, wind shield, pail, yeast. SIXTH AV. ELEVATED: Pocketbook, purse, gloves, handbag, books, papers, memos., envelopes, shirt front, overalls, earlaps, wax, saw. NINTH AV. ELEVATED: Eyeglasses, pocketbook, photo, rubbers, brush. SUBWAY: Umbrella, purses, handbag, opera bag, money, pin, photos, meal ticket, books, gloves, neckpiece, muff, apron, overshoes, match holder, photos, skates, wrench.

FOUND, Feb. 13—BROOKLYN RAPID TRANSIT. Apply 168 Montague St., Brooklyn: SURFACE AND ELEVATED—Towels, sweater, music stand, trousers, game, school books, baby's shoes, soap, medicine, medical cards, spectacles, books, pocketbooks, cane, photos, muff, level, paint brush, book on auto lamps, handbag, novel, and story book.

FOUND, Feb. 13.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City. Two pair gloves, glove, pocketbook, electric light, breastpin, package, apron, rubbers, collar, shirt, stationery, dish, dry goods, rubbers, satchel, pocketbook, boa, muff, glove, earring, umbrella.

FOUND, Feb. 13—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—HUDSON TUBES. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Brooch, medal, iron bracings, gloves, umbrella, thread, padding, spectacles, picture frame, blueprint.

FOUND, Feb. 13.—N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station. Book, package, pair gloves, veil, knife, eyeglasses, muff.

FOUND, Feb. 13.—NEW PENN. DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av. Package, handbag, lady's muff, coat, pair rubbers.

FOUND, Feb. 13.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City. Watch, muff, 2 packages, box.

FOUND, Feb. 13.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J. Six pocketbooks.

Help Wanted, Female

A SECRETARY required, between 35 and 40 years of age; good health and disposition indispensable; efficient in illness; must be capable and have good memory, and if necessary assist housekeeper; she must write a good hand, and one with a limited knowledge of French would be valuable; best personal references required. Answer A. B., care of Roberts, 1,413 New York Av., Washington, D. C.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young American girl with knowledge of typewriting and general office work in a small specialty women's apparel shop; an excellent chance for advancement. Reply in own handwriting, giving age and salary wanted. C 91 Times.

BUSINESS SECRETARY.—Young woman of good education as assistant to executive; must have knowledge of bookkeeping and stenography and broad commercial experience; state references, experience in detail, and salary expected. Efficient, C 20 Times.

DESIGNER ON DRESSES wanted by progressive, high-class tailor dress shop; lady of ability, good taste, and original ideas only need apply. Write full particulars to C 88 Times.

JOSEPH, 632 5TH AV. REQUIRE WAIST DRAPERS, WAIST FINISHERS, SKIRT DRAPERS, AND SKIRT FINISHERS.

LADY, well educated and of neat appearance, to sell an article of special value in the home; experience unnecessary; an opportunity for lady of refinement to secure permanent position yielding income from $30 to $60 per week. Ryan, 156 5th Av.

SECRETARY TO PHYSICIAN. EXPERIENCED STENOGRAPHER; REPLY IN OWN HANDWRITING. C 21 TIMES.

WANTED—A well-educated business woman, over 30, for outside position requiring more than ordinary tact and ability, but pays accordingly; one who can travel preferred. Room 705, 110 West 34th St.

WANTED young ladies between ages of 20 and 35, of good education, to enter nurses training school. For information, address Superintendent of Nurses, 343 East 116th St.

YOUNG WOMAN of pleasing personality and able to meet business class of people and present attractive proposition; salary and commission. Van Cott, 33 East 17th St.

WANTED—Cook and laundress; also chambermaid and waitress; Southern preferred. Address R 131 Times.

WANTED.—Good cook as general worker. Apply, Apt. 8E., 318 West 100th St.

Help Wanted, Male

ABLE and willing delivery and general utility boy, over 16, living uptown at home; $5 to start; cigarette smokers need not apply. Victor, 100 Times.

AMBITIOUS YOUNG MAN wanted in automobile advertising department; one with experience preferred. Apply Box C 55 Times.

AN old and successful real estate corporation wants additional high class man on its outside force; a good opportunity with support will be given a hustler; previous experience in selling of any kind desirable. Call, between 10 and 3, Manager, 12th floor, Times Building.

BOOKKEEPER.—By manufacturing concern in Northern New Jersey, eighteen miles from New York; one experienced in foundry practice preferred. S 283 Times Downtown.

ESTIMATER wanted, young man to take off quantities accurately from steam and plumbing plans; state age and salary desired. S 287 Times Downtown.

HONEST MEN to sell nursery stock; experience unnecessary; salary or commission weekly. Address Milburn Advertising Agency, Milburn, N. J.

PATENT LAWYER and solicitor as assistant in patent department of industrial corporation; court experience necessary. Address, stating salary expected, Carr, P. O. Box 1,304.

SALESMAN.—Experienced ladies' cloak and suit salesman wanted with city and New England trade for New York salesroom of out-of-town manufacturer; good opportunity for right man; give full particulars and references. S 92 Times.

SALESMAN; best chance of a lifetime for right cloak and suit man, thoroughly acquainted in territory west of Chicago; a long-established trade to be turned over to right party. S 95 Times.

SALESMAN WANTED WHO CONTROLS A LARGE TRADE AND IS ABLE TO SELL SHIRTWAISTS FROM $7.50 TO $18; ONLY A1 MEN NEED APPLY. S 89 TIMES.

SALESMEN.—Two salesmen; those experienced in electric sign advertising preferred; state age, experience, and salary expected. B 170 Times.

SALESMAN.—A1 salesman wanted to handle a good live line of lamps on commission; must have experience. Box 145, 3,013 3d Av., Bronx.

SALESMAN.—Experienced, wanted for Middle West, for cloaks and suits, suits ranging from $14 to $40; best references. C 8 Times.

SALESMAN on medium line of ladies' coats, as a side line, for office trade only; on commission basis; references. S 97 Times.

Help Wanted, Male

SALESMAN, experienced in kimonos. Call on H. & J. Homsy, 61 Washington St.

SKILLED VALET and dresser to James K. Hackett. Inquire at stage door, Montauk Theatre, Brooklyn, for Mr. Muenster, between the hours of 6 and 7 in the evening.

WANTED.—EXPERIENCED GERMAN TRANSLATOR WITH KNOWLEDGE OF FRENCH AND SPANISH; MUST BE ABLE TO USE TYPEWRITER. S 84 TIMES.

WANTED—First-class brass molders and iron floor molders; highest wages paid to first-class men. Apply at once, stating experience and wages expected, Box 66, Station A, Hartford, Conn.

WANTED.—Experienced salesman for Middle West on children's coats, sets, and neckwear. Address with references, S 96 Times.

Help Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

DRAFTSMEN, furnaces, $25; mechanical, $20. STENOGRAPHER, bookkeeper, $16; file clerk, $7.

STENOGRAPHER, female, $9; order clerk, $14; other positions coming in during the day. Employers' Reference Service Agency, 144 West 23d St.

CREDENTIAL EMPLOYMENT CORPORATION, (1904.)—High-grade office, clerical, and executive positions. 253 Broadway, (Agency.)

Agents Wanted

WANTED.—Agents, men or women, to handle good selling novelty article in New York and vicinity; liberal terms. Apply National Products Co., 240 West 23d St.

Situations Wanted, Female

A YOUNG lady going to Norway wishes a position as nursemaid; wish to leave April 1. Miss Hagtbarg Syrstad, Armstead, Mon.

CARETAKER for apartment house; daughter assist telephone; room and salary. Feldscher, 634 West 55th St.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER, makes and remodels; children's a specialty. Juliette, 126 East 12th St.

DRESSMAKING out; perfect fitting; best references. Melrose, care Burns, 161 W. 105d.

DRESSMAKER and REMODELER; $2.50 per day. Riverside 10030.

GOVERNESS, &c.—As nursery governess or mother's helper, by a kindergartner; experience; best references. Address Miss H. Speir, 1,906 Vyse Av., West Farms.

LAUNDRESS.—Private family; best city references; no cards answered. 420 West 51st. Donohue.

OFFICE ASSISTANT.—Bright girl, two years' experience filing; understands bookkeeping; good penman; quick at figures; no agency; $7. S 259 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Best references; 6 years' experience; can take dictation and transcribe rapidly and accurately, operate switchboard, and do general office work. Treager, 1,051 Park Av.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; bright; beginner; moderate salary; not afraid of hard work or long hours. Faithful, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Phone 660 E. N. Y.

STENOGRAPHER.—Exceptional beginner desires position where good work brings advancement; moderate salary. Ellen O'Donnell, 605 Madison Av.; 'phone Plaza 2993.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter; intelligent, energetic young lady; good references; salary reasonable. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience; competent to handle correspondence; references; $15. S 258 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Two years' experience with rubber firm; educated American girl. R. C., S 231 Times Downtown.

TRAINED NURSE, stenographer, typist desires position physician's office. S 43 Times.

VACUUM CLEANING, CARPETS, RUGS, UPholstered furniture, mattresses; 75 cents an hour; best references. Brodnax, 12 West 135th St.; 'phone 3253 Harlem.

Situations Wanted, Male

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER, AND GENERAL OFFICE MAN.—EXPERIENCED IN ALL BRANCHES OF ACCOUNTING AND GENERAL OFFICE MANAGEMENT; SYSTEMATIZER, CORRESPONDENT, AND CREDIT MAN; HAS IDEAS AND EXECUTIVE ABILITY; EXCELLENT REFERENCES FROM LARGE NEW YORK HOUSE. Z 140 TIMES.

ACCOUNTANTS.—Books opened, accounts audited, systems installed, factory cost accounting, financial statements; instruct your bookkeeper; books kept part time; terms moderate. Aetna Audit Co., 302 Broadway. Telephone Worth 2981.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, balanced; systems; arrangements with firms not employing bookkeepers; $2.50 weekly. Accountant, 57 Murray St. Tel. 5988—Barclay.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, adjusts, writes up books; $5 monthly up; financial statements, systems; reasonable. Mitchel, 25 East 14th St. Telephone 1807 Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT and AUDITOR, four years' experience, wishes to connect with a firm of accountants. Y 301 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER, cashier, with proven ability, systematic and thoroughly reliable, is desirous of making connections with a first-class concern. S 94 Times.

BOOKKEEPER; bright young man; knowledge of typewriting; faithful worker. Bookkeeper, 1,731 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Phone 660 E. N. Y.

CHAUFFEUR, 24, single, sober, trustworthy driver and mechanic, able to operate and repair all makes, 5 years' experience on various foreign and American cars, desires position with private family; unquestionable reference. M. L., 2,960 3d Av.

DRIVER.—Delivery; 22; experienced; references; $100 security or bond. Walsh, 3 East 105th St.

EXPERIENCED CORRESPONDENT, FORCEFUL, INTELLIGENT, original; high references. S 288 Times Downtown.

FRENCH VALET wants position; first-class references. Gaby Cavet, 570 Park Av., care Leonard.

HOTEL.—Young man (22) desires to associate himself with first-class hotel company to learn the business; positions leading to this end considered. C 15 Times.

HOTELMAN, steward, club manager, 35; good references; city, country. Rich, 321 St. Nicholas Av.

INVESTIGATOR.—An experienced investigator desires permanent position with bonding, insurance, or casualty company; references first class. Address Square, S 282 Times Downtown.

JANITOR.—Couple; German; no children; handy with tools, steam; references. B., 103 East 114th St.

JEWELRY.—Young man, (22,) six years' experience wholesale house; capable of doing anything. S 280 Times Downtown.

MARRIED MAN desires position as gardener and care of country place; best city references. Box 37, North Side News.

SALESMAN, experience, would like to take out good line on salary and commission; best references. R. L., 71 West 88th St.

SALESMAN traveling Middle West desires fancy goods, jewelry, or leather handbags. C 14 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, SECRETARY, CORRESPONDENT; fully experienced; capable; trustworthy; A1 all respects; $18-$20. C 23 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, experienced, rapid, accurate; reference furnished; eight years last place; salary, $18. B 168 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, expert, thoroughly experienced private secretary, office manager; salary $25. S 274 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced, as secretary; intelligent, rapid, and accurate; desires position. C 25 Times.

USEFUL MAN.—English; could make himself generally useful in private Christian family for good home and small wages; city or country. Address B. Taylor, 353 West 21st St., city.

VACUUM CLEANING, CARPETS, RUGS, UPholstered furniture, mattresses; 75 cents an hour; best references. Brodna, 12 West 135th St.; 'phone 3253 Harlem.

YOUNG MAN (29) of education and refinement seeks responsible position requiring initiative and executive ability; experienced stenographer and correspondent; 12 years' business training; exceptional references. S 262 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 26, possessing good education, thorough business experience, executive ability, desires position in life, fire insurance, or real estate office, where there is opportunity for advancement; best references; will leave city. S 81 Times.

YOUNG MAN, German, desires position as correspondent; speaks French fluently; salary no object if chance for advancement. C 97 Times.

YOUNG MAN desires a position; age 20 years; willing to do anything. Address Sam Goldstein, 888 Union Av., Bronx.

YOUNG MAN, American, 21, bright, quick, desires position in office or outside. S 82 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 24, has experience as an all-around clerical man, desires position. S 93 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, Spanish-American, wishes position. R 320 Times Downtown.

For Sale

25 telephone booths, double sound-proof oak and mahogany; also 3 Directors' tables, several roll-top desks; office partitions. Budd & Co., 73 Spring St., near Subway Station.

Slightly used office furniture, safes, typewriters, adding machines, Multigraphs. Nathan's, West Broadway, corner White St.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Small and medium-sized rooms; gentlemen only; table guests accommodated; references.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large rooms, well heated and furnished, unexcelled board; telephone.

44TH ST., 260 WEST.—Alliance House, "Quiet Place for Quiet People"; single rooms; including board, $9 per week; use of bath; suites, consisting parlor, sleeping apartments, private bathroom, $30 up per week, including board for two; other double rooms; steam heated throughout; elevator service. 'Phone 793—Bryant.

47TH ST., 53 WEST.
Large room, private bath; well heated; exclusive.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house, table strictly first class; references.

49TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large and single rooms; steam heated; baths; telephone; table first-class.

54TH, 54 WEST.
Rooms, table guests, first class.

68TH ST., 67 WEST.—LARGE, SMALL ROOMS; PRIVATE BATHS.

70TH, 151 WEST.—Third-story room, bath adjoining; hot water supply; room telephone; references.

70TH ST., 269 WEST.—Neatly furnished rooms; 'phone; near Subway; board optional.

71ST ST., 115 WEST.—Real home for young man, private family, young people; telephone; reasonable.

72D ST., 122 WEST.—Desirable rooms; private bath; unexpectedly vacated; high-class accommodations; references; telephone.

72D, 159 WEST.—Floor, suite or separately, with board; parlor dining room; references.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Rooms suitable one, two; board optional; 'phone, "L," Subway; reasonable; references.

77TH ST., 104 WEST.—Large room; southern exposure; private bath; also other rooms; telephone; references.

168 WEST 78TH ST.
Large room; private family; excellent table; 'phone; Subway.

79TH ST., 137 WEST.—Pleasant double room, homelike, excellent table; couple, gentlemen; table guests.

80TH ST., 121-123 WEST.—Beautiful furnished rooms with or without bath; refined, homelike surroundings.

80TH ST., 124 WEST.—Open for quick acceptances, charming rooms, beautiful home; exceptional table; references.

50-52 WEST 82D.
Attractive rooms for business people. Schuyler, 8397.

82D, 128 WEST.—Every room steam heat, parquet floors, electric light; catering service; telephone.

87TH ST., 135 WEST.—Beautifully appointed, select home; accommodate gentleman or couple; superior table; reference.

94TH ST., 16 WEST.—Single room with board; homelike; convenient "L." Telephone 7442 Riverside; reference.

95TH, 63, 65 WEST, (Rozelle.)—Handsome rooms; attractive dining; cuisine and service unexceptionable; reference.

95TH ST., 147 WEST.—Small room, $6; dinners, $2.50 per week; unexcelled cuisine; parlor dining.

96TH ST., 42 WEST.—Attractive rooms; suitable married couple; two gentlemen appreciating fine surroundings; references.

96TH ST., 54 WEST, (near Central Park.)—Nice neighborhood; terms moderate.

100TH ST., (828 WEST END AV.)—Attractive small rooms; superior board; table guests.

102D ST., 316 WEST.—Small family owning beautiful home 100 feet from Riverside Drive, no other boarders, will rent second floor suite, with private bath and dressing rooms, electric light, telephone, elaborately furnished; excellent Southern cooking; butler service; those wishing refined, magnificent surroundings will appreciate opportunity.

103D, 252 WEST.—Large, handsomely furnished front rooms; desirable modern house; table guests; references.

104TH ST., 257 WEST, (West End Av.)—Room with private bath; table guests; references.

105TH ST., 237 WEST.—Large, newly furnished, steam-heated front and back parlor; suitable couple, 2 gentlemen; no other roomers; convenient Subway, "L"; home cooking; telephone 41200 Riverside. Smith.

112TH., 523 WEST.—Cozy room or board with Jewish couple; new elevator apartment. Cook.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Small, light, airy room; closet; running water; excellent table; table guests.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway, trolley.

123D ST., 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional, homelike accommodations; wholesome, well-served meals; table guests.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 407.—Nice room, board; facing park; private Jewish family; gentlemen. Sander.

WEST END AV., 764, (97th St.)—Large front room; suitable for two; table board.

WHITESTONE, L. I., 8th Av. and 26th St., Grant Villa; overlooking the Sound; permanent and week-end parties. Telephone 440—L Flushing.

East Side.

58TH ST, 134 EAST.—Large room for two gentlemen or married couple; good German cooking; nice home.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms, private bath, with board; also suite of rooms.

MADISON AV., 69.—Hotel appointments; homelike environments; exceptional single rooms; table choice, abundant; attractive rates.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76.—Best place to board; convenient New York; near subways, ferries; steam-heated rooms; excellent table. Telephone 1159W Main.

Board Wanted

Wanted—Heated room with board, private house or apartment, between 30th and 40th Sts. and Lexington Av. and 5th Av.; gentleman; answer, with full details. Z 141 Times.

TWO GENTLEMEN, brothers, desire board with strictly private family; state particulars. Address M. F., Times, 2 Rector St.

Country Board

Long Island

DOUGLASTON.—Douglas Manor Inn; Winter rates; attractive, homelike; log fires; steam heat; easy commuting.

New Jersey.

Montclair, N. J.—The Oakdale, 271 Claremont Av.; rooms, large, handsomely furnished, steam heated, electric lights, table unsurpassed. 'Phone 2977.

ORANGE, N. J., MOUNTAIN ST.—English couple will board two or three people; private bath; telephone 671R—Orange; electricity; well heated. Irvine, 33 East Clark Place.

East Orange — Large, attractive rooms in choice location; five minutes to Brick Church Station. 31 Prospect St. Tel., 2966—J.

Bayonne, N. J.—Three rooms, en suite or separately; private family; centrally located. S 270 Times Downtown.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

5TH AV., 326.—Rooms, 3 to 5 gentlemen. Wallace.

8TH ST., 8 WEST.—Parlor floor, handsomely furnished, two large rooms, one small room, bath.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Large, elegant front room, with large private bath room; southern exposure; telephone.

22D, 426 WEST.—Attractively furnished, sunny, heated room and dressing room; running water, telephone.

34TH, 253 WEST, (The Willend.)—Refined; steam; $3-$4; men preferred.

37TH ST., 68 WEST.—Large and small rooms; modern conveniences, first-class service; references.

42D, 322 WEST.—Beautifully furnished, heated, clean rooms; tiled bath; $2 upward; men. Hughes.

45TH ST., 244 WEST.—Attractive room, well heated; abundant hot water; quiet house; references.

46TH ST., 28 WEST.—SINGLE FRONT ROOM; GENTLEMAN.

47TH ST., 56 WEST.—Sunny room, with bath; also small; all improvements; under new management.

48TH ST., 107 WEST.—Large, well heated room; running water; suitable gentlemen; married couple; references.

50TH, 51 WEST.—Private family; elegantly furnished, large, sunny room; connecting bath; gentlemen.

52D ST., 200 WEST.—Light, newly furnished suite of two connecting rooms in high-class apartment; refined private family. Apt. 5D.

52D ST., 55 WEST.—Large furnished room; private bath; gentleman only; references.

55TH ST, 258 WEST.—Front, back parlor; back room; private hall; bath; near "L," Subway. Dupre.

59TH ST., 208 WEST.—Furnished rooms; all conveniences; electric light; $3.50 up; facing Central Park; room suitable for studio.

60TH, 22 W. NEW YORK. $25-$60 Monthly. Tel. 5891 Col. $1-$5 Daily. Elegantly kept; private baths; independent residence; meals.

65TH ST., 5 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom, all single; steam, bath; private phone; two in family; references required; Subway, "L," and trolley; ground floor. Hanshe.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

68TH ST., 68 WEST.—Very large, sunny room, alcove; private bath; telephone; near Subway, elevated.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

69TH ST., 65 WEST.—Desirable front rooms; private house; steam heat, electricity, phone, hot water.

69TH, 145, (corner Broadway.)—Furnished room; private family; first-class apartment; gentlemen preferred. Manning.

70TH, 180 WEST.—Second-story front room; private bath; hot water supply; room telephone.

70TH ST., 138 WEST.—Unusually attractive room, private bath; steam heat; private house; gentleman.

106 WEST 71ST ST.
Nicely furnished rooms; board optional.

73D ST., 112 WEST.—Newly, handsomely furnished large rooms, with dressing room; all conveniences; telephone

74TH, 100 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large and small rooms; modern improvements; very reasonable. Dunn.

75TH ST., WEST.—Sunny, southern exposure room in private house; electric light, steam heat; references. Call 116. Telephone 6144 Columbus.

76TH, 37 EAST.—Comfortable rooms; first class; private house; $4.50 up; also skylight room.

77TH ST., 64 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; single, en suite; board optional. Dutton.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Desirable sunny rooms; every convenience; accessible Subway, elevated; telephone; references; moderate.

79TH ST., 169 WEST.—Floor, private house; bath; suitable party refined young men; breakfast optional; references.

80TH, 110 WEST. — Desirable second-story front; private bath; also other rooms; telephone.

82D ST., 110 WEST.—Gentlemen or man and wife will have large and small room; vacant Feb. 25; family table; board optional.

82D ST., 130 WEST.—One comfortable, warm, medium sized room, dressing room; southern exposure; references.

82D ST., 327 WEST.—Private house; large, small; tiled bath, shower; moderate. Telephone 8377 Schuyler.

84TH ST., 29 WEST.—Sunny front room; piano; private; board optional, permanent, reasonable. Ochs.

84TH, 54 WEST.—Attractive large rooms; dressing room; conveniences; a fine, attractive private house; reasonable.

84TH, 66 WEST.—Large front room; exclusive; heat; elevator; bath; phone; terms moderate. McMichael.

84TH ST., 101 WEST.—Two large, sunny parlor rooms, steam heat, all improvements; Subway, L; no objection to children. Sherwood.

88TH, 265 WEST.—Sunny, comfortable room; running water; refined surroundings; private dwelling; near Subway.

91ST ST., 46 WEST.—Newly furnished, large and medium room; private bath; telephone; conveniences; reasonable.

92D ST., 294 WEST.—Attractively furnished room; all conveniences; high-class apartment; for gentlemen. Mrs. Hunt.

93D ST., 27 WEST.—Desirable, large, light room; newly furnished; running water; second floor; telephone.

93D, 31 WEST.—Large, homelike front room; running water; $6; private house; telephone.

94TH, 110 WEST.—Large, connecting rooms, together or single; all conveniences; other rooms; reasonable.

94TH ST., 306 WEST.—Large room, modern apartment; all conveniences; private family; gentlemen. Apartment 19.

98TH ST., 243 WEST.—Handsomely furnished front room; shower; electric light; elevator; Apartment 3B.

105TH, 220 WEST.—Large, airy room, all conveniences; telephone, Subway; private house; reasonable.

107TH ST., 210 WEST.—Outside room; attractive and comfortable; modern elevator apartment; gentlemen; references. White.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive room, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

113TH ST., 502 WEST.—Furnished room; sunny, clean; references required; no other roomers.

113TH, 257 WEST.—Well furnished room; conveniences; breakfast if desired; private house.

118TH ST., 430 WEST.—Rooms for two, sixth floor, outside; furnishings and service unusually good. Call Sundays or evenings, Apartment 3.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Attractive, large, small rooms; southern exposure; homelike; elevator; Subway. Smith.

418 WEST 118TH ST.
Attractive front room; elevator; Subway. Apt. 64.

121ST ST., 145 WEST.—Two large, light rooms, single or en suite; private residence; best block in Harlem; sumptuous bath; telephone.

122D, 520 WEST.—Choice room, newly done in dark blue, for a refined woman; homelike; Circassian walnut; $4.25; elevator, telephone. Tessier.

122D, 540 WEST.—Large, outside, sunny room in modern apartment; warm; reasonable. Apt. 32.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Exceptionally attractive front rooms; kitchen; elevator; references. Apartment 61.

124TH, 510 WEST.—Heated, clean, outside, sunny; independent; elevator; telephone; gentleman; moderate. Apt. 26.

127TH ST., 611 WEST, (between Riverside Drive and Broadway.)—Large outside, elegantly furnished room, adjoining bath; high-class elevator apartment; private family; $30 per month. Morris.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Subway corner; rooms single, en suite; river view. Pierson.

158TH ST, 646 WEST, (near Subway.)—Private house; comfortable rooms; all conveniences; breakfast; gentlemen preferred.

CENTRAL PARK WEST, 410.—Nicely furnished room; married couple or lady; references. Fisher.

LARGE, SUNNY ROOM, with private bath, in high-class apartment; rent $28 per month. 'Phone 3230 Audubon, Apt. 41.

LARGE, LIGHT, AIRY ROOM; all conveniences; close to 140th St., 8th Av. Address A. K., 263 West 125th St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE. — Daintly furnished, choice rooms; $5; business woman; 3753 Morning; 5B.

East Side.

16TH ST., 132 EAST.—Handsomely furnished, steam-heated rooms, adjoining bath; gentlemen; references.

16TH ST., 130 EAST.—Large second-story front; heated; running water; front hall room.

19TH ST., 111 EAST.—Two single rooms, large closets; steam heat, electric light; adjoining bath; remodeled private house; club neighborhood.

21ST ST., 139 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Furnished rooms, without board; all conveniences; steam heat.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Desirable room; private house; all conveniences; telephone; references.

43D ST., 13 EAST.—Large, attractive room, private bath; first sleeping floor; also other rooms.

55TH ST., 106 EAST.—Newly furnished light, warm rooms; large, small; all conveniences; telephone.

87TH ST., 63 EAST.—Choice front room, suitable for two; lavatory; light housekeeping; 'phone.

IRVING PLACE, 14, (corner 15th St., block east of Union Square.)—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

MADISON AV., 348, (near Grand Central.)—Attractive rooms; private baths; Subway; telephone; references.

Hoboken.

HUDSON ST., 534, Hoboken.—Furnished rooms, clean, comfortable, heated; use of bath; good home cooking. Ten minutes from tube. MacGregor.

Unfurnished Rooms

Three unfurnished rooms, bath, $33; refined private house; West 20th St.; couple at business desired; references required. H. P., 182 9th Av.

SEVENTH AV., 45, Near 14th.—Rooms, offices, studios; steam, light, hot water; renovated house.

45TH ST., 46 WEST.—UNFURNISHED ROOMS; GENTLEMEN; REFERENCE.

Situations Wanted

Employment Bureaus.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers. BOOKKEEPERS, Office Service Co., (Agency.) STENOGRAPHERS. 149 Bway. Tel. 3490 Cort.

Domestic.

A. A. HOFMAYER, 320 5th Av. Telephone 4527 Madison Square.—Agency for superior domestic help; also waitresses and cooks for dinners, luncheons.

A.—A.—MRS. MALMBERG'S, 115 East 26th St.; oldest Swedish agency; established 1881; select servants for private families; formerly 352 4th Av.

A. — COLORED HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids, butlers, couples, city, country; investigated references; free to employers. Agency, 124 West 65th; telephone 6389 Col.

BOND $1,000. Old Dominion Agency, 88 West 134th St., guarantees A No. 1 colored help. 1119 Harlem.

COOKS, LAUNDRESSES, CHAMBERMAIDS, waitresses, kitchen maids, and useful maids with good references at Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St.; telephone 2224 Plaza.

COOK, chambermaid, houseworkers, firemen, elevator runners. Porter's Agency, 142 West 133d St. Telephone 94 Morningside.

COOK.—Neat colored girl, cook, general worker; city, country. Instant Relief Agency; Phone 7288 Morningside.

HOUSEWORKERS.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, (thoroughly investigated,) want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 50th. Phone 4786 Columbus. No other branches. Established 1899.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references investigated. Roth's, 172 East 4th St. Orchard—2508.

SELECT COLORED HELP furnished, short notice. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. Harlem 6370.

SHEPHERD EMPLOYMENT.—Help supplied, day, week, month; male, female. 107 West 133d St: 6913 Morningside.

Business Opportunities

ROAD HOUSE AND GARAGE FOR SALE on main road New York to Lake Hopatcong, opposite station; new building; 400 autos pass daily. Reasonable terms. Address

GEORGE R. PEARE.
Tel. 1521 Cortlandt. 170 Broadway.

A member of the bar for twenty years, leaving for his third business trip to Cuba and Mexico, about March 1, returning via Galveston and New Orleans, offers his legal services to merchants having business in these localities, including the adjustment and collection of claims. Mora, Box R 306 Times Downtown.

Controlling interest in large jobbing house, handling crockery, glassware, tin and enamel ware, notions, and department store supplies; located in the largest city in Washington, and established for 30 years; exceptional opportunity; full particulars furnished to principals only. X 2 Times.

BE YOUR OWN BOSS.
If you have money and want a business, should you have a business and need capital, should you have real estate for exchange or sale, write FOLLIETT & McINTYRE, Room 300, 501 5th Av.

Plate and window glass and mirror business for sale; cutting table, racks and necessary tools; wagon and mattress; good location and established business; stock right; small capital required; bargain. Address B. J., 852 Columbus Av.

Mercantile import corporation now organizing, Jersey law, be conducted conservative principles; earn $60,000 annually; excellent opening for gentleman with $10,000 to $15,000, capable act as Treasurer. S 281 Times Downtown.

$10,000.
$10,000 will buy half interest from retiring partner, high-class established importing business; merits investigation; no agents. Address Importer, Z 120 Times.

For Sale or on Royalty—U. S. patent, improved window guard and arm rest combined; something new; can be manufactured very cheaply. Jacob Huberlin, 81-95 University Place, N. Y.

Business man of absolute integrity, with $15,000 or $20,000 to invest, would buy partnership in established conservative business firm. S 285 Times Downtown.

Woman of education, ability, large experience, seeks association with sound firm; investment must be secured; work and income expected. Z 131 Times.

City or out-of-town manufacturers can secure large sale office and stockroom, with financial assistance. National Discount Company, 682 Broadway.

Business Notices

500 Multigraph typewritten letters, $1.50; 1,000, $2; addressing; printing, lowest prices, 1,000 letterheads, envelopes, $1.50. Royal Letter Company, 15 East 14th St.

LIFE INSURANCE.
Declined risks placed; no advance fee; principals preferred direct. Address Z 104 Times.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

West Side.

308 WEST 15TH STREET.
Attractive bachelor apartment; two rooms and bath; $32.00.
Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.

The Kinghaven,
153d St. and St. Nicholas Av.
5-room apartment to sub-let; front; elevator and all modern improvements; with concession.

Six-room elegant modern apartment; ideal location, facing Broadway, in neighborhood of 108th St.; reference required; concessions. Address Muldoon, 140 Nassau.

Broadway corner apartment, seven sunny, outside rooms; high, cool, delightful in Summer; concessions. Sturges, 571 West 139th St.

107th St., 210 West.—7 large, light rooms; fine apartment house; furnished if desired. Inquire Apartment 90.

Extraordinary five-room modern apartment, opposite Central Park North. Apartment 19, 217 West 110th St.

SUBLET—Sunny, elevator, 4-room apartment; all improvements. Apartment 2D. 345 West 70th St.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

High-class elevator apartment; 8 rooms; West end Av., near 79th; newly, beautifully furnished; rent $250 or sell complete. C 18 Times.

ATTRACTIVE SUITE for independent woman or bachelor; close to 72d St. Subway; $50 monthly. 'Phone 7390 Schuyler, Apt. 25.

Four to seven rooms, between 50th and 90th Sts. and 5th and Lexington Avs. B 145 Times.

Pianos and Organs

KNABE mahogany upright piano; beautiful tone; like new; sell at sacrifice. 318 W. 42d.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

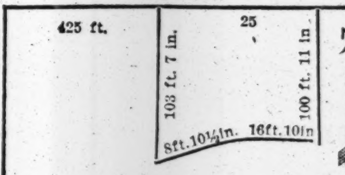
SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW YORK.—ADELE BIERIG and others, plaintiffs, against MOSES R. SPRINGER and others, defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action and bearing date the 18th day of January, 1912, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction, at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 15th day of February, 1912, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by L. J. Phillips & Co., auctioneers, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold and therein described as follows:

All that lot or parcel of land, with the buildings and improvements thereon in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of 116th Street, distant 425 feet easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of 116th Street with the easterly side of Eighth Avenue, and running thence southerly and parallel with Eighth Avenue, and part of the way through a party wall 103 feet seven inches to the line of land now or late of David Wood, running thence in a northeasterly direction along the line of land now or late of David Wood eight (8) feet 10½ inches to a point where said line of land now or late of David Wood intersects the centre line of the block between 115th and 116th Streets; thence easterly along the said centre line of the block and parallel with 116th Street, 16 feet 10 inches; thence northerly and parallel with Eighth Avenue and part of the way through a party wall, 100 feet 11 inches to the said southerly side of 116th Street, and thence westerly along the said southerly side of 116th Street, 25 feet to the point or place of beginning. Said premises being now known as 228 West 116th Street.

Dated New York, January 24th, 1912.
BERNHARD RABBINO, Referee.
FIXMAN, LEWIS & SELIGSBERG, Attorneys for Plaintiffs, Office and P. O. Address, 55 Liberty Street, Manhattan, N. Y. City.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold, its street number is 228 West 116th Street:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is four thousand eight hundred twenty-four and 65-100 ($4,824.65) dollars with interest thereon from the 4th day of January, 1912, together with costs and allowance amounting to two hundred ninety-four and 27-100 ($294.27) dollars, with interest from January 18, 1912, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is sixteen hundred thirty-three 71-100 dollars and interest.

Said premises will be sold subject to a first mortgage for thirty thousand dollars, bearing interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum from November 1, 1911, and to all violations of any Municipal Department of the City of New York, if any.

Dated New York, January 24th, 1912.
BERNHARD RABBINO, Referee.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE DELPARK PRODUCTIONS, a domestic corporation having its principal office in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, State of New York, will apply to the Supreme Court of the State of New York, at a special term thereof, to be held at Part I. thereof, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 12th day of March, 1912, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for an order authorizing said corporation to change its corporate name to DELPARK, Inc.

Dated New York, Feb. 8, 1912.
DELPARK PRODUCTIONS,
By BEDELL PARKER,
President.
LEONIDAS DENNIS, Attorney for Petitioner, 45 Cedar Street, New York City.

Want a Better Room?

If you feel that the room you occupy is not the right one, the one where the surroundings are not congenial and where you are not comfortable, look over the offers of "Furnished Rooms" on the want page of to-day's New York Times.

Every day many desirable rooms are offered through The Times want advertising columns. They are the best in New York, and should be the right ones for you.

When you want a better room always read The Times's "Furnished Rooms" advertisements.

CREHORE WOULD GIVE SECRET OF GRAVITY

Yonkers Scientist's Analysis of Puzzle of Centuries Based on Electro-Physics.

PUPIN PRAISES NEW THEORY

Plausible, Novel, and Suggestive, Says Columbia Expert — Crehore Invented a Printing Telegraph.

Since Sir Isaac Newton announced the law of gravitation no one up to this time has been able to explain the reason for this universal law. Therefore a paper presenting an "Analysis of the Cause of Gravitation," by Dr. Albert C. Crehore, which appears in the current number of The Electrical World, will, in the opinion of highly qualified electrical experts, be received with the keenest interest by physicists and mathematicians throughout the world. W. D. Weaver, editor of The Electrical World, said yesterday of Dr. Crehore's theory:

"There are satisfactory hypotheses as to the nature of light, heat, and electricity, but, as you doubtless know, the nature of gravitation has remained the inscrutable mystery, which has ever defied working hypothesis."

Dr. Crehore's hypothesis is based upon the latest thought in the world of electro-physics. This branch in the last ten years has by its ionic and radio-active theories worked a revolutionary change in former ideas relating to the ultimate consideration of matter and the nature of energy. That each of the atoms which compose the molecules of matter is a world in itself—an electrical positive nucleus, surrounded by a group of planetary electrons, equal and negative—is borne out by mathematical deductions of the atomic weight and kinetic energy of substances.

In the case of the solar system we have planets at unequal distances from the sun, with one exception, where in place of a single planet a ring of asteroids or minor planets swing between the orbits of Mars and Jupiter, all at the same distance from the sun. In the same way the asteroid electrons of the atom revolve about a common centre.

This is the simplest form of planetary motion. Although the orbits of the excessively minute corpuscles are small, their angular velocities are great. The speed of revolution in their orbits, according to Dr. Crehore's calculation, is very nearly the speed of light. Electric flux lines diverge from negative electrons through infinite distances of space and magnetic flux lines circle around them, not in a sphere but in a perpendicular "cobweb plane," and with each revolution of the asteroid in its orbit this plane with flux lines cuts any point in the universe twice.

When this electrical cobweb strikes any other given atom, according to Dr. Crehore's theory, a momentary electric thrust is given to its nucleus, which is urged, like an electrified pithball, along the radial line. At the next half revolution in its orbit of the asteroid electron the "cobweb" strikes the same atom with another momentary impulse in the opposite direction, producing an opposite force. Thus two opposite electric impulses are given at each successive orbitary revolution upon the distant atom in the perpendicular plane of the "cobweb."

A Pull Directly Proportional.

But the impulses are not of exactly equal strength. When the minute planet is on the side of its orbit near to the distant atom, the impulses will be a trifle stronger than the reverse pulls exerted from the opposite side of its orbit. Each of the two nearly opposed forces "acts inversely as the distance," and exerts a resultant attraction acting "inversely as the square of the distance." Since each asteroid of the first rotating system coöperates to deliver its little resultant of attraction, the total effect of the whole system is to exert a pull directly proportional to the mass of the atom, and inversely proportional to the square of the distance. But that is precisely the Newtonian law of gravitation. In his paper Dr. Crehore says:

> The effects of gravitation that we are accustomed to measure are due to multitudes of atoms and molecules. In such collections the planes of the rings of rotating corpuscles are turned at all possible angles, and the effect in this case is the same as if the atom B were always placed at some fixed angle with the plane of the orbit, the angle representing the mean of all possible positions. A constant factor is thus introduced, modifying the actual value of the attraction, but the law of variation directly with the product of the masses and inversely as the square of the distance is not thereby affected.
>
> The speed with which gravitation travels has often been a subject of inquiry. This theory explains the matter. These magnetic planes or revolving corpuscles have been in existence since the atoms were formed, sweeping all space, so that it is impossible for any object anywhere to escape being traversed by them in their universal reach. We can see that the rate of propagation of the magnetic force has nothing to do with the amount of attraction of gravitation. This depends upon the rate at which these planes cut, the body being attracted, and upon the actual strength of the field. Nothing can change either of these effects, unless the rate of revolution of the rings of corpuscles within the atoms be altered.
>
> The formula which gives the value of the magnetic force at any point in the medium surrounding a slowly moving corpuscle was given by Sir J. J. Thomson in The Philosophical Magazine of 1881, and is based upon the electromagnetic theory. This was amplified later by Oliver Heaviside, who gave the more general formula, which is true for great as well as slow velocities. These formulas apply to a charge moving in any curve.

Comments On Crehore Hypothesis.

In its editorial comment upon Dr. Crehore's calculations The Electrical World says:

> The Crehore hypothesis contemplates each and every point of space as receiving alternating currents of enormous frequency from each and every atomic planetary system in the whole universe. The resultant electric or magnetic intensity, due to all such masses combined, is a particular value of the gravitation potential at the point.
>
> An atom of given mass, placed at that point, will have its positive nucleus urged in the direction dictated by the resultant alternating currents. It is a curious corollary of the hypothesis that the instantaneous electro-magnetic influence emanating from any given atomic planetary system is unequal in different directions.

"The hypothesis of Dr. Crehore," Mr. Weaver said yesterday, "will, before acceptance, have to withstand the scrutiny of men like Michaelson, Pupin, and Milliken in this country, and abroad Sir Joseph Thomson, Prof. Schuster, E. Rutherford, H. Poincare, and other founders of the great modern theories of physics and radio-activity."

Prof. Michael I. Pupin of Columbia University, one of the chief authorities in electro-mechanics in this country, on being asked yesterday what he thought of Dr. Crehore's attempt to explain the cause of gravitation, said:

"I think the theory which he has worked out contains novel suggestions which are decidedly worth considering. Hitherto scientific men have been absolutely at fault in their attempts to explain the phenomena of gravitation. This is the first plausible attempt I have ever heard of. Dr. Crehore's theory is defective in some of its fundamental assumptions, but it will certainly start scientific thought in a new direction, toward which there might be some hope of finding ultimately a working theory of gravitation. It is, as I have said, novel and suggestive."

Dr. Albert C. Crehore was from 1894 to 1898 Assistant Professor of Physics and Electrical Engineering at Dartmouth, and is the inventor of a printing telegraph. He has also made improvements in telegraphic transmission. He was born in Cleveland, Ohio, in 1868, and conducts an electrical laboratory in Yonkers, N. Y.

Aid for Young Breadwinners.

THE NEW YORK TIMES has received $2 from "Philchar" for the "Overtaxed Young Breadwinners" for whom the Charity Organization Society appealed.

OUR MARKETS AMUSE SHANK.

Tells Merchants Here How He Cut Prices in Indianapolis.

Hailed as the next Governor of Indiana by Robert Insley, Superintendent of Public Buildings, who introduced him, Mayor Lewis Shank of Indianapolis won the unqualified approval of the Washington Market Merchants' Association last night at the first annual dinner of the association at Healy's Restaurant, Sixty-sixth Street and Columbus Avenue. Mayor Shank declared that the high cost of living was due primarily to the tariff, and, incidentally, to the extortionate greed of the Beef Trust. He asserted that the small merchant was compelled to demand high prices in retail trade because of the unjust exactions of the big packers and wholesalers.

Incidentally he rebuked the policy of the local municipal authorities for the high rents exacted by the city from stallholders in Washington Market, and declared that the refusal of the Board of Aldermen to grant sufficient appropriations to establish hygienic conditions in the great public markets was unjustifiable. He told of his campaign in Indianapolis to bring about a reduction in the cost of food, and asserted that the public market of his city was vastly superior to the public markets in New York today. He invited the association to send a representative back with him to Indianapolis to investigate conditions there and report on the progress which had been made under his administration.

Mayor Shank said that he had so much confidence in the result of such an investigation that he was willing to pay the entire cost of the visit for two weeks, outside of railroad fare. As the result of his challenge, President C. A. Koelsch will accompany him back to Indianapolis next week.

A SPEECHLESS DANCE.

Sphinx Club Dinner Furnishes Silent Amusement to 500 Guests.

A dinner at which there was no dais for distinguished speakers, and no distinguished speakers, or speakers of any other kind, and no toastmaster, or master of ceremonies, was given by the Sphinx Club, composed of advertising managers and writers, in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf-Astoria last night. They decided that they wished to hold a perfectly novel dinner and hit upon that way to do it.

About 500 members of the club and their wives were present, but instead of listening to the oratorically inclined they danced a Sphinx dance and several other dances. The Sphinx dance was one the nature of which had to be guessed by those participating. If, perchance, a man happened to speak to his partner, or vice versa, that was evidence that he or she had guessed wrong, and a committeeman sent the offending couple to their seats.

Two hundred couples started the dance and forty-eight couples finished it with a perfect score for muteness. It was dance to subdued lights, with a spotlight that searched incessantly for giggling or whispering or audibly conversant couples. Besides the Sphinx dance there was a leap year dance, in which the ladies had to choose their partners without outside assistance.

COMMERCE FEAST IN HARLEM

125th Street Illuminated — President Butler of Columbia Speaks.

More than 700 persons, including many men prominent in the civic and professional life of the city, attended the annual dinner of the Harlem Board of Commerce held last night at Pabst's Casino, 256 West 125th Street.

The speakers were President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University, Park Commissioner Charles B. Stover, Water Commissioner Henry S. Thompson, State Senator James B. Newcomb, Judge Alfred R. Page, and the Rev. J. H. Randall.

Ex-Gov. Benjamin B. Odell was expected, and the seating of the diners was held back for him a long time, until word was received that he was unable to be present. In honor of the dinner the south side of 125th Street between Seventh and Eighth Avenues was brilliantly illuminated.

St. Patrick's Alumni Dine.

The annual alumni dinner of St. Patrick's School, in Mulberry Street, was held last night at the Broadway Central Hotel. About two hundred of the old graduates were present, including some who graduated as far back as the class of '68. At the speaker's table were: Mgr. John F. Kearney, Mgr. James H. McGean, Mgr. James N. Connolly, the Rev. Gaetano Arcese, the Rev. Brother Philip, the Rev. Brother Jerome, the Rev. Brother Agatho, the Rev. Brother Cyril, State Senator Timothy D. Sullivan, John J. White, James E. Marsh, Edward F. Reardon, Michael J. Corcoran, George B. McGinniss, John C. Fitzgerald, Edwin J. Bolger, and Michael J. Campbell.

Cathedral School Dinner.

Two hundred alumni of the Cathedral School held their annual dinner last night at Healy's restaurant, Sixty-sixth Street and Columbus Avenue. Every class from 1883 to 1911 was represented. There was much disappointment because of the inability of Cardinal Farley, on account of illness, to attend the dinner. He has been suffering with a severe cold.

DOWLING'S CAFE SOLD.

Goes to O'Donnell of "Andy Horn's" for $200,000 and $25,000 Yearly Rental.

Dowling's café, on the southwest corner of Broadway and Forty-third Street, a place well known to every habitué of Times Square, passed at 7 o'clock last night into the control of James O'Donnell, the late proprietor of Andy Horn's famous all-night saloon in Park Row, just above the Brooklyn Bridge entrance.

Mr. Dowling sold his business and good-will to Mr. O'Donnell for $200,000, in addition to giving the new proprietor a fifteen years' lease at a net rental of $25,000 a year. This is said to be the highest price ever paid for a café of its size in this country.

BEATTY'S FAST FLIGHT HOME

Beats Best Railroad Time to Nassau Boulevard by 24 Minutes.

George W. Beatty, the aviator, flew by air line from Central Park to Nassau Boulevard in twenty-four minutes yesterday, which is an improvement of about twenty minutes upon the best schedule that the commuter can make over the lines of the Pennsylvania Railroad.

Beatty commenced the flight shortly after 9 o'clock A. M., his purpose being merely to regain his home hangar after his visit to the Park on Tuesday afternoon.

Mrs. R. H. Nicholls's Costume Dance.

Mrs. Rhoda Holmes Nicholls gave a small costume dance last night at her studio, 39 West Sixty-seventh Street, for her daughter, Miss Olive Nicholls. Miss Nicholls was dressed as Rosalind and her brother, Arudel Nicholls, as a Roman warrior. About fifty young people were invited.

HAD HANDCUFFS OUT FOR THE TOWN JUDGE

Politico-Judicial Scandal Stirs the Town of Emerson-on-the-Erie (R. R.)

THE RECORDER ARRESTED

The Police Force Went Right Into Council Chamber After Him—A Question of Jurisdiction.

Emerson—named in honor of one of the many great men who never lived there—is in New Jersey. You get there, finally, on the Erie. There are exactly 464,399 railroad ties between Emerson, where the trains don't stop, and Oradell, where they do, and if your legs are as long as a TIMES reporter's were yesterday you can make the journey in exactly 163,111 running jumps.

There's a sign at the station which says "Look out for the Locomotive!" and nearly every one in Emerson does—all the time. It's the finest thing in Emerson, is the locomotive, with the single fault that it doesn't stay there long. Thrice a day it shrieks its lone "Repent ye!" to the dwellers in Emerson, and then, with Erie speed, wheezeth, not whizzeth, away. The good folk down at the not very distant borough of River Edge, which is equally on the Erie, immortalize Emerson in this true, if unneighborly, reminder: "River Edge may be a jumping-off place, but oh, you Emerson!"

Nevertheless, Emerson has a population of 900. One of the 900 is the police force, Marshal J. Vroom Roscoe, and another is the Recorder and Justice of the Peace, Blasius Merindino, who is also an officer of the Merecal Realty Company, whose booklets will prove beyond any doubt that Emerson is a lovely little spot. There, all day yesterday, all the remaining 898 of its population were busily discussing these two, and how, on the preceding night, in full and most tempestuous meeting of the Borough Council, the Police Force arrested the Recorder, after a day of the most strenous and desperate armed sleuthing through the fields and avenues of Emerson and far-off Jersey towns that had ever fallen to the lot of the Police Force.

It seems that on Sunday Recorder Merindino tried the case of one Joseph Bianculo, charged with assault and battery, in that he did assault and batter the eye of one Nick Scocozzo at a wedding feast in Emerson's very appropriately eruptive Hotel Aetna. He fined Bianculo, according to the Police Force, in the sum of $5 and $3.90 costs. The Police Force insisted that a Justice of the Peace had no right to try assault and battery cases or to collect fines and costs in such cases, and even if he had, could exact only $2.20 for costs. He got a letter from Assistant Prosecutor J. B. Zabriskie of Hackensack to that effect. (The Police Force is a Democrat and a member of the Woodrow Wilson Club; the Recorder is a Democrat. Three members of the Emerson Council are Republicans, the remaining three Democrats, and the Mayor, Tugboat Captain Charles Millar, who swings the deciding vote, is also a Democrat. So there is some ardor in politics in Emerson.

A Sensation in Council Chamber.

On receipt of the learned counsel's opinion from Hackensack a public-spirited and Democratic citizen of Emerson, Harry W. Bell, straightway obtained from Justice of the Peace Johnson in Hackensack a warrant for the arrest of Recorder Merindino, charging him with extortion and illegally trying a case.

Thereupon did the Police Force put on his flashing badge, pocket his revolver, and clap into his coat pocket a pair of cruel handcuffs, and repair with Bell to the office of the Merecal Realty Company at 302 Newark Avenue, Jersey City, to arrest Merindino. Merindino "wasn't in," and continued so to be all evening. The Police Force, after waiting all day, repaired home at eventide, and impressed half a dozen impromptu special deputies, including a few small boys, to scour the country and watch both sides of the Erie track on the arrival of any train. But on none was Recorder Merindino.

Late that night Roscoe repaired to the Borough Council meeting in the schoolhouse, and there, after telling of his futile all-day hunt with the warrant for the Recorder, presented a resolution asking the Council to declare said office of Recorder vacant.

"Mr. Merindino has not absconded. He is here," spoke a deep voice, and the Recorder himself, powerful of build and eager for action, stepped into the midst of the Council meeting. The Police Force felt for his revolver, handcuffs, and warrant, and announced that the Recorder was under arrest.

Immediately there was hubbub and disorder in the Council, and in the squabble as to "jurisdiction" and "right of immunity from arrest," gentle epithets that would die in the matrix if they were written for metropolitan print, were liberally exchanged. Not until the Recorder himself volunteered to go with the Police Force to the home of his rival, if brother, Justice of the Peace Peter Grande, and there have his case heard, did the Council meeting grow peaceful, in that it followed the judicial and executive branches of the borough Government to Judge Grande's house. It was then nearly midnight.

There, however, a further difficulty presented itself. Judge Grande, thanks to Recorder Merindino, hadn't had much occasion for trials heretofore, and hadn't procured his seal.

The Court Advised by 'Phone.

"How can I try a case without my seal?" he cried.

A distinguished mugwump member of the Emerson electorate was thereupon dispatched back over the ice-bound avenues of the borough, whereon the first snow of last November still spreads a loving blanket, to the nearest telephone, to inquire of Justice Johnson at Hackensack whether there could be a trial without a seal. The mugwump elector returned with the tidings that there could be.

"Then I hold the defendant in $300 bail for the Grand Jury," announced Judge Grande.

Rocco Alexander, Acting Postmaster of Emerson, furnished the bail, and the Recorder departed, declaring that "despite all the yellow dogs running around the country" he was still out. It was reported yesterday that he was still more out, in that the Democratic majority in the Council, the Mayor voting, had decided to suspend him from the office of Recorder pending the result of his case before the Grand Jury. It is expected that that body will take action as early as April.

Racing Bill Again Appears.

ALBANY, N. Y., Feb. 14.—Assemblyman Cuvillier of New York introduced to-day the Gittins bill of last year, designed to relieve Directors of racing associations for liability for gambling carried on without their knowledge.

SERGT. MURPHY EXONERATED

Police Officer Says His Mind Is Blank Regarding Disturbance He Caused.

Police Sergeant William J. Murphy of Brooklyn Headquarters, who was arrested on Sunday on complaint of several citizens, charged with intoxication and creating a disturbance at 106th Street and Broadway, was discharged yesterday by Magistrate Barlow, in the West Side Court.

None of the complainants appeared against the Police Sergeant, and neither Patrolman Baille nor Lieut. Rheume of the West 100th Street Station, where Murphy was taken under arrest, could swear he was intoxicated. Murphy told the Magistrate that he had no drinks that day that he could remember and that his mind was a blank from 5 o'clock Saturday afternoon, when he left a theatre, until he was taken to the station on Sunday afternoon.

The only explanation Murphy could give of his condition, he said, was that he might have taken some tablets containing morphine by mistake. A physician's certificate corroborated the defendant's statement.

SUFFRAGISTS SELL BUTTER.

And Hold Popularity Contest for a Fine French Doll.

The Country Market of the New York State Woman Suffrage Association, 180 Madison Avenue, just below Thirty-fourth Street, opened yesterday at noon and did a rush business all day. Best up-State butter, 45 cents a pound, and eggs at 45 cents a dozen, were soon disposed of. Homemade jellies, jams, and preserves are to be had at low prices, and the best baked beans ever known are promised to-night in the New England kitchen, with sweet cider and doughnuts.

On the upper floors there is a bazaar. Miss Harriet May Mills, the State President, heads a competition of the most popular suffragists, the prize being a French doll, wearing a fur-trimmed ruby velvet wrap over a gorgeous ball costume. She is supposed to represent the smartness and elegance of up-to-date suffragists.

ANTI-SUFFRAGISTS JOYFUL.

Movement Spreading Like a Prairie Fire, Their President Reports.

The Executive Committee of the National Association Opposed to Women Suffrage met at the residence of Mrs. Arthur M. Hodge, National President, 563 Park Avenue, yesterday, and announced that "anti-suffrage sentiment is spreading like a prairie fire through Connecticut * * * 42 towns are already in line." Mrs. William S. Cowles, sister of Theodore Roosevelt, is Chairman of the Farmington branch, "only about four suffragists lifting their heads where Teddy's sister holds the reins."

A letter was sent to Gov. Woodrow Wilson telling him that "only a small percentage of women in this country are asking for the ballot."

Equitable Fund Now $60,997.

The total of the fund being raised by J. P. Morgan & Co. and Kuhn, Loeb & Co. for the benefit of the families of those who died in the Equitable fire has reached $60,997.95. Since the last announcement of $58,962.95, several large contributions have been received, including one of $1,000 from the Corn Exchange Bank and one of $500 from the American Express Company. Other contributions are: August Zinzer Realty Company, $100; Derby Desk Company, $25; Schulz & Ruchgaber, $50; William P. Bonbright & Co., $100; E. Titus, Jr., $25; William Church Osborn, $100; S. Lichtenstein, $10; Joseph Garneau, $25; O'Gorman, Battle & Marshall, $100.

Institute of Banking Meeting.

The New York Chapter of the American Institute of Banking held a meeting last night at its headquarters, 138 East Thirty-fifth Street. Alvin W. Krech, President of the Equitable Trust Company, addressed the chapter on "Reorganization." Mr. Krech told of reorganizing corporations and financial companies, illustrating his lecture with charts.

FORD ANGRY OVER ARREST.

Back from London, Where He Was Held by Request—Mistaken Identity.

Among the passengers arriving yesterday on the White Star liner Olympic from Southampton was J. Howard Ford, who was arrested at Dover upon his arrival there from Lapland on Dec. 27, and taken to Scotland Yard, London, by request of the New York District Attorney. He had been mistaken for "Doc" Waterbury, a notorious swindler, who occasionally used the name of Ford.

On his arrival in London Mr. Ford sent a messenger to the American Embassy, and he was soon liberated. It was not the fault of the English authorities, he added, as they only acted on instructions cabled from New York. Mr. Ford, who is President of the Meyer Rubber Company, at 42 Broadway, was very indignant at his wrongful arrest, and said that he intended to get legal redress.

OFF FOR EUROPE TO-DAY.

Some of the Passengers Sailing on Two Steamships.

Transatlantic liners sailing to-day, and some of those booked to leave on them are:

BALTIC, (Liverpool)—G. G. Anderson, Miss Anderson, Major Sheearcher, J. H. Balmer, Mr. and Mrs. H. K. G. Bamber, Ion Hamilton Beim, M. P.; W. T. H. Boyd, George Bray, Robert Cathcart, Miss Elsie Clark, G. H. Coates, Miss Ernestine Craig, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Curtiss, Miss Lena R. Curtiss, Miss Mildred Curtiss, Miss L. Augusta Curtiss, Peter Dawson, E. A. Duncan, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Elkan, Dr. Simon and Mrs. Flexner, D. H. Gibbs, Mrs. James Graham, Mrs. T. B. Hartley, William Hawke, Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Holmes, Miss Edith Hopkins, Miss Ethel Hopkins, F. Hornby, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Hulbert, Mrs. T. H. Jopling, Mrs. S. K. Joyce, Louis K. Liggett, Mrs. C. D. Mackintosh, E. L. Peck, Mr. and Mrs. T. L. Powers, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Phipps, Mr. and Mrs. Campbell Reaves, Reginald Rogers, Count de St. George, G. Stein, Mrs. A. R. Strauss, Fennell P. Turner, Philip Webb, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Wiley, and John E. Joring.

PROVENCE, (Havre)—Mr. and Mrs. Paul J. Arpin, W. R. Balsinger, Mrs. V. C. Baird, Miss M. L. Baldwin, Mrs. J. Bonsall, Edward Bell, E. H. Crozier, Edmund Clark, Mrs. H. Clark, H. B. P. Conden, J. L. Duplan, W. H. Flattau, Dr. J. E. Garceau, J. J. Hobbs, Mrs. W. P. Howell, Mr. and Mrs. A. Johnston, Miss Madeline Javelet, John T. Little, T. L. Leeming, R. I. Miller, Mrs. E. H. Mower, W. L. Martin, Hayford Pierce, S. D. Pringle, John J. Parkes, Mr. and Mrs. F. Peters, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Vanier, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Wheelock, Pierre Walter, Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Walter, and Harry L. Wheelock.

ONLY THREE DAYS
remain to take advantage of our remnant sale.
We'll make to measure a stylish Winter overcoat of fine imported material for $20.00 or a suit for $18.00, that formerly sold for $30.00, $40.00 and $50.00.
For style and tailoring they cannot be surpassed.
ARNHEIM, Broadway & 9th St.

TRADE E&W. MARK
and Red-Man Collars
Troy's Best Product
They set and wear as no other collars can. Our shirts are stamped with trade mark and name. We do not use labels.
EARL & WILSON.
Graywood—2 for 25c.

MINER'S 8th AVE. Bargain Matinee Every Day. ZALLAH'S OWN CO. AMATEURS FRIDAY.
BOWERY WILLIAMS' IDEALS. WRESTLING TO-NIGHT
BRONX Tom Miner's Bohemians. AMATEURS TO-NIGHT.
5th AVE. B'way, 28th St. Daily Mat. 25 & 50c. Nora Bayes & Jack Norworth, Florence Nash, Jos. Jefferson "In 1999," others.
MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Evs. 8:15 CLARK'S RUNAWAY GIRLS.

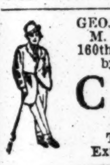
McGibbon & Co.
(Formerly Broadway and 19th St.)
Have removed to
Nos. 1 and 3 West 37th Street
Close to Fifth Avenue.
Interior Furnishings and Decorations
SPECIAL:
Taffeta Curtains in beautiful designs with Bed Spreads, Pillow Covers and Table Covers to match, are now being offered at very Moderate Prices.
Contracts taken for Complete Interior Furnishings and Decorations.

THIS SHIELD OF QUALITY
TRADE MARK
INSURES
Welsbach
GAS MANTLE
SERVICE
The Story of Welsbach Service—
1 Physical Strength
2 Durability
3 Brilliance
4 Maintained Candle-power
5 Sunlight Color Value
6 Gas Economy

Mr. Dooley on The Orange Revolution
A characteristic article by Finley Peter Dunne in the same old happy vein that has won such a large following for this American humorist. Be sure to read it in
Next Sunday's Times
Order it To-day
The Sunday Times is always sold out early.

Decided Final Reduction
Remarkable Values In Fancy Suits
Browning, King & Co
We had not intended to further reduce any of our Clothing, but we find that the assortment of Suits we sold at $14.50, that were formerly $20 and $22, is so broken we are adding to this lot a great many suits that we had reduced to $18.50 from $25.00 to $28.00. We were forced to do this so as to be able to show you a complete assortment of styles and sizes at the exceptionally low price of
$14.50
A SALE OF TROUSERS
$4.00 and $5.00 Trousers, now................$3.50
$6.00 and $7.00 Trousers, now................ 4.50
$7.00, $8.00 and $9.00 Trousers.............. 5.50
One of the most convenient things in a man's wardrobe is an extra pair of trousers, and the variety that we are offering now is exceptionally good. The prices are exceedingly low.
"A NATIONAL INSTITUTION"
Browning, King & Co
Broadway at 32nd Street—Cooper Square at 5th Street—Brooklyn: Fulton at De Kalb

HIPPODROME 6th Ave., 43d-44th. Daily Mats. at 2, Best Seats $1. Evs. 8. Around the World
NEXT SUNDAY EVE. Pop. Prices. Seats Now.
TETRAZZINI assisted by Nahan Franko & Orch. Hardman Piano
39th ST. Thea., 39th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Sat. & Wash. B'day 2:15. A BUTTERFLY ON THE WHEEL
PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'wy. Ph. 2628 Bryant. Evs. 8:10. Mats. 2:10 Bought and Paid For
Matinees This Week: To-day & Sat. Next Week: Wed., Thurs., Fri. & Sat.
William Collier's COMEDY 41 St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:15. $1.50 Matinee To-day 2:15. BUNTY PULLS THE STRINGS
CASINO B'way & 39th. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. Winthrop Ames Presents The Wordless Play, SUMURUN Extra Matinee Feb. 22.
MAXINE ELLIOTT'S Thea., 39th, bet. B'way & 6 Av. Ev. 8:15 Mats. Sat., Wed. & Feb. 22. The play of a Woman's Soul. The Bird of Paradise
DALY'S B'way & 30th. Beginning Next. Mon. Seats To-day. Cyril Scott in THE FATTED CALF An Optimistic Comedy by Arthur Hopkins.
MANHATTAN Op. Ho., 34th & 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Next Mat. Sat. 2:15. Sam Bernard in HE CAME FROM MILWAUKEE. Next Week—LEW DOCKSTADER'S MINSTRELS



GEO. M. COHAN Theatre, B'way & 43 St. Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15 160th TIME. The biggest success scored by an individual star in 50 years.
COHAN and his own Co. in The musical farce triumph, THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE. Extra Mat. Washington's Birthday.
ASTOR B'way, 45th. Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat. & Feb. 22 Wed. Mats. 50c.-$1.50. LAST 13 TIMES. RAYMOND HITCHCOCK and the Musical Laugh, THE RED WIDOW
GRAND Opera Ho., 23d St., 8th Av. Mat. Sat. CHAUNCEY OLCOTT in MACUSHLA.
CENTURY (Formerly New Theatre) 62d and 8th Ave. Phone 8800 Col. THE 8TH WONDER OF THE WORLD. THE GARDEN of ALLAH Evs. 8. Mats. Wed. (Pop.), Sat. & Feb. 22 at 2. SEATS ON SALE UP TO MARCH 30.
WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:20 Mats. Wed., Sat. & Feb. 22. TO-NIGHT 179th TIME ARLISS in DISRAELI
METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE
TO-DAY, Special Mat. at 2—KOENIGSKINDER. Farrar, Wickham, Fornia, Mattfeld; Jadlowker, Goritz, Reiss, Didur, Pini-Corsi. Conductor, Hertz.
TO-NIGHT at 7:45—TRISTAN und ISOLDE. Fremstad, Homer; Burrian, Weil, Witherspoon. Con., Toscanini.
FRI. at 8—GIOCONDA. Destinn, Matzenauer, Wickham; Caruso, Amato, Segurola. Cond., Toscanini.
SAT. MAT. at 2—TANNHAEUSER. Morena, Fremstad; Slezak, Weil, Griswold. Conductor, Hertz.
SAT. at 8:15, Special Perf'ce—TOSCA. Farrar; Martin, Scotti, Pini-Corsi, Rossi. Conductor, Toscanini.
SUN. EVG. CONCERT. Destinn, Mattfeld; Hensel, Didur. Chorus of 150 Voices & Orch. Cond., Setti.
NEXT MON. at 8:15—LA BOHEME. Farrar, Alten; Caruso, Amato, Didur, Segurola. Con., Sturani.
TUES. at 8, PHILA.-CHICAGO OPERA CO.—CINDERELLA. Garden, Teyte, Berat, Dufau; Dufranne, Scott, Daddi, Nicolay. Gen'l Mus. Dir., Campanini.
WED. at 8—OTELLO. Alda, Maubourg; Slezak, Scotti, Segurola, Bada, Audisio. Cond., Toscanini.
THURS. Mat. at 1:30—GOETTERDAEMMERUNG. Fremstad, Homer, Alten, Sparkes; Burrian, Griswold, Weil, Goritz. Conductor, Hertz.
THURS. at 8—AIDA. Destinn, Matzenauer; Caruso, Gilly, Didur. Conductor, Toscanini.
BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. TUES., Feb. 20, 8:15—TOSCA. Fremstad; Martin, Amato, Pini-Corsi, Bada. Conductor, Toscanini. HARDMAN PIANO USED.
PHILHARMONIC —Society of New York— JOSEF STRANSKY, Conductor. Carnegie Hall, To-night and To-morrow Aft. Soloist, ADRIANO ARIANI, pianist. Berlioz, Strauss, Chopin, Chabrier. Dvorak Posthumous Symph., 1st time. 50c. to $2. Mgt. Loudon Charlton. Sunday Aft., Soloist, Katharine Goodson.
Mr. ARNOLD DALY announces a morning performance to-morrow, HOTEL PLAZA, Fri., Feb. 16th, at 11. Chas. J. ROSS & FENTON Mabel CESARE NESI, "East Side Caruso." BALALAIKA ORCHESTRA. Mr. DALY will recite OSCAR WILDE'S "THE BALLAD OF READING GAOL." Seats NOW at Plaza Hotel Newsstand.
Carnegie Hall, Sun. Aft., Feb. 25, 3 P. M. Only Appearance of KUBELIK In conjunction with BACHAUS Mgt. Quinlan Agency. Seats on sale Fri.
CARNEGIE HALL, Sat. Aft., Feb. 17, at 2:30. ZIMBALIST Violin Recital. Seats 75c. to $2, at hall.
BELASCO 44th St., near B'way. Evs. 8:15. Matinees To-day & Sat. 2:15. DAVID BELASCO Presents DAVID WARFIELD in THE RETURN OF PETER GRIMM
REPUBLIC 42d St., nr. B'way. Evs. at 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. & Feb. 22d. DAVID BELASCO presents THE WOMAN
RUSSIAN THEATRE (formerly Garibaldi Theatre,) 31 E. 4th St., 1 block from B'way. Phone 8713 Spring. PAUL NICOLAIVITCH ORLENEFF and his Russian Players in Repertoire. Thursday, Feb. 15, MICHAEL KRAMER; Friday, Feb. 16, CRIME & PUNISHMENT; Saturday, Professional Matinee, Feb. 17, GHOSTS; Saturday evening, Feb. 17, MICHAEL KRAMER.
OPERA TICKETS. Telephone 5938 Bryant. Tickets for Washington's Birthday Mat., all theatres. BROADWAY TICKET CO., 1,440 Broadway, Between 41st and 42d Sts.
OPERA SEATS Phones 4189-0442 Murray Hill. SEATS FOR LA GIOCONDA. CHOICE SEATS FOR KISMET. Normandie Hotel, B'way, Cor. 38
IRVING PL. To-night, Fri. & Sat., Adolf Link & Grete Meyer in "GLAUBE und HEIMATH." Special attraction MELLA MARS. Sat. Mat., ADOLF LINK in "THE MISCHIEF-MAKER."
OLYMPIC East 14th St. Phone 708 Stuyve. AMATEUR NIGHT TO-NIGHT. SEATS, 25c. Mat. To-day, COLUMBIA BURLESQUERS. Extra ARIS MYSTERIE!
KINEMACOLOR THEA., 40th, nr. B'way. 2:30 & 8:30. Pop. Prices CORONATION

WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th St. Phone 411 Columbus MAT. TO-DAY 50c, 75c, And Best Seats $1.00
MIKAIL MORDKIN LOPOUKOWA—PALTZKAIA (Direct from the Metropolitan Opera House) And the Big Musical Entertainment, "VeraVioletta" 8/last. ANNETTE KELLERMANN
SUNDAY NIGHT..................BIG CONCERT
Broadway Thea., B'way & 41st St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Sat., Wed. & Feb. 22. Weber & Fields Jubilee Co. of 100 in "Hokey Pokey" & "Bunty Bulls & Strings."
Lew Fields' Herald Sq. B'way & 35th. Evs. 8:20 Mat. Saturday 2:20. THE MILLION LAST WEEK—LAST MAT. SAT.
BEGINNING NEXT MONDAY, FEB. 19 Everywoman POPULAR MATINEES TUES. & THURS. ENTIRE ORCH. $1.00. ENTIRE BALCONY 50c.
LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Sat., Wed. & Feb. 22. 4TH MONTH LITTLE BOY BLUE Balcony $1.00 Fam. Circle 50c Orch $2. 100th Performance Feb. 20th—Souvenirs.
WEST END, 125th St., W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Next Mat. Sat. 2:15. THE CHOCOLATE SOLDIER Next Week..................THE MILLION
NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.
EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eve. 8:15 Mats. Sat., Wed. & Feb. 22 2:15 DOUBLE BILL ETHEL BARRYMORE presents —AN ALL STAR CAST— in J. M. BARRIE'S Great NOVELTY A SLICE OF LIFE ETHEL BARRYMORE, JOHN BARRYMORE, HATTIE WILLIAMS. preceded by ETHEL BARRYMORE in the delightful comedy, COUSIN KATE.
LYCEUM 45th St. & B'way. Eve. at 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:20. MARGARET ANGLIN —13 Times Only GREEN STOCKINGS.
FULTON 46th St. & B'way. Eve 8:15. Mats. Sat., Wed. & Feb. 22 2:15 —9TH WEEK— ELSIE FERGUSON THE FIRST LADY IN THE LAND.
HARRIS W. 42d Street. Eve. 8:30 Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:20. Every Married Woman Should See THE TALKER
HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Sat. Wed. & Feb. 22 2:15. "REMARKABLE ACTING."—Telegram. MME. SIMONE playing in English "THE RETURN FROM JERUSALEM."
PARK 59th St. B'way, Columbus Circle. Ev. 8:10. Mats. Sat., Wed. & Feb. 22. TO-NIGHT—COLUMBIA COLLEGE NIGHT. The Quaker Girl with CLIFTON CRAWFORD.
CRITERION B'way & 44th St. Eves. 8:15. Mats. Sat., Wed. & Feb. 22. SURPRISE HIT OF THE SEASON. LOUIS MANN "ELEVATING A HUSBAND." 300 SEATS IN FIRST BALCONY $1.00.
KNICKERBOCKER B'way & 38th St. Ev. 8 Sharp. Mat. Sat., Wed. & Feb. 22 at 2. OTIS SKINNER IN AN ARABIAN NIGHT KISMET TICKETS ON SALE TO APRIL 13.
New Amsterdam W. 42 St. Evs. at 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. The Trail of the Lonesome Pine WITH Charlotte Walker Extra Matinee Washington's Birthday.
LIBERTY 42d St., nr. B'way. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Sat., Wed. & Feb. 22. A GENUINE MUSICAL COMEDY HIT. MARIE CAHILL in THE OPERA BALL GREAT COMPANY—MUSIC—CHORUS.
GAIETY B'way, 46 St. Eve. 8:30. Mats. Sat., Wed. & Feb. 22 2:30 Another Cohan & Harris Success, Funniest Cop in the World, OFFICER 666 With Geo. Nash & Wallace Eddinger
GLOBE B'way, 46th St. Eve. 8:20. Mats. Sat., Wed. & Feb. 22. EDDIE FOY in BROADWAY'S BIGGEST LAUGHING SUCCESS. OVER THE RIVER with THE ONLY CABARET ON THE STAGE. MAURICE in NEW DANCES.
NEW YORK Theatre, 44th St. and Broadway. Daily 2:30 & 8:30. OPENS MONDAY EVE. Seats on Sale. DURBAR IN KINEMACOLOR
COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. Festival of Femininity 50 Women Stars 50
ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. "The Antique Girl," Dinkelspiel's Xmas, Cesare Nesi, Lolo, others.
BRONX 3d Ave. 149th St Daily Mat. 25c. "Miss California," Chas. Leonard Fletcher & Co., Raymond & Caverly, oths.
Columbia B'way & 47th. Burlesque Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25c-$1. —ROBINSON S—CRUSOE GIRLS. Smoking Matinee To-day 15c. 25c. & 50c.
HAMMERSTEIN'S 42 St. Evs. 25c to $1. Daily Mat. 25-50-75c Ross & Fenton, Frank Tinney, "My Lady's Fan," Stone & Kaliss, 12 others.
ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 10, 20 and 30c. 'Alias' JIMMY VALENTINE.
BROOKLYN AMUSEMENTS.
ORPHEUM BROOKLYN. Mat. Daily, 25c. ROBERT EDESON & CO., FRANK TINNEY, Little Billy, Jere Grady & Co., Melville & Higgins, others.
LECTURES.
GOING TO EUROPE? Double the value by making six lecture tours through the Metropolitan Museum with Dr. Daniel A. Hueb Mondays, 10:30. Course ticket, $7.50, at 1 40th St. only.